

# PUBLIC ACTS OF THE FORTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS

OF THE

## UNITED STATES,

*Passed at the second session, which was begun and held at the city of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Monday, the first day of December, 1884, and was adjourned without day on Tuesday, the third day of March, 1885.*

CHESTER A. ARTHUR, President; GEORGE F. EDMUNDS, President of the Senate *pro tempore*; JOHN G. CARLISLE, Speaker of the House of Representatives; JOSEPH C. S. BLACKBURN was elected Speaker *pro tempore* on the thirty-first day of January, 1885.

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**CHAP. 1.**—An act to provide statuary and historical tablets for the Saratoga monument.

Dec. 18, 1884.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the sum of forty thousand dollars be, and the same hereby is, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be expended by the Saratoga Monument Association in statuary and historical tablets within and upon the monument now erected at Schuylerville, New York, commemorative of Burgoyne's surrender.

Saratoga monument, Schuylerville, N. Y.  
Statuary and historical tablets for.

SEC. 2. That said money shall be paid by the Secretary of the Treasury to the said association upon the certificate and receipt of the president of the association.

Appropriation.

Approved, December 18th, 1884.

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**CHAP. 2.**—An act authorizing the Secretary of State to procure duplicates of certain French and American medals.

Dec. 18, 1884.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the sum of seventy-five dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to enable the Secretary of State to procure duplicates of certain French and American medals, presented to Congress by George W. Erving, for the use of the National Library, anno Domini eighteen hundred and twenty-two, which being shipwrecked and lost were replaced by Mr. Erving, and which were destroyed by the fire in the Library in eighteen hundred and fifty-one.

French and American medals.  
Appropriation.

Duplication of

Approved, December 18th, 1884.

Dec. 18, 1884.

**CHAP. 3.**—An act to authorize the Hillsborough National Bank to change its name to that of the First National Bank of Hillsborough, Ohio.

Hillsborough National Bank, Hillsborough, Ohio, to change name.

*Proviso.*

Liabilities, etc., not affected.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the name of the Hillsborough National Bank of Hillsborough, Ohio, shall be changed to the First National Bank of Hillsborough, Ohio, whenever the board of directors of said bank shall accept the new name by resolutions of the board, and cause a copy of such resolutions, duly authenticated to be filed with the Comptroller of the Currency: *Provided,* That such acceptance be made within six months after the passage of this act.

**SEC. 2.** That all debts, demands, liabilities, rights, privileges and powers of the Hillsborough National Bank of Hillsborough, Ohio, shall devolve upon and inure to the First National Bank of Hillsborough, Ohio, whenever such change of name is effected.

Approved, December 18th, 1884.

Dec. 20, 1884.

**CHAP. 4.**—An act granting the right of way to the city of Newport, Rhode Island, over the breakwater at Goat Island.

Right of way granted to the city of Newport, R. I., across breakwater at Goat Island, for drainage.  
*Proviso.*

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the city of Newport, Rhode Island, is hereby granted the right to construct and maintain a sewer for drainage purposes through or across the breakwater at Goat Island, subject to such conditions as the Secretary of War may prescribe: *Provided,* That such conditions shall be accepted by the city of Newport before the work herein authorized shall be commenced.

Approved, December twentieth, 1884.

Dec. 27, 1884.

**CHAP. 7.**—An act detaching Grundy County, Tennessee, from the southern division of the district of East Tennessee and attaching it to the middle district of said State, and for other purposes.

Grundy County, Tenn.  
Detached from southern division of District of East Tennessee, and attached to middle district of the State.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That hereafter the County of Grundy, in the State of Tennessee, shall be detached from the southern division of the District of East Tennessee and be attached to the middle district of Tennessee and that all process hereafter issuing except as hereinafter provided against citizens of said county of Grundy from the district or circuit courts of said State shall be returnable before the district or circuit courts for the middle district of Tennessee; and that any case now pending in the district or circuit court of the United States for the southern district of East Tennessee against citizens of said county of Grundy may, at their election, be transferred to the district or circuit court for the middle district of Tennessee at Nashville.

Fentress County, Tenn.  
Detached from middle district of Tennessee, and attached to southern division of District of East Tennessee.

**SEC. 2.** That the county of Fentress in the middle District of Tennessee be detached therefrom and added to the southern division of the District of East Tennessee; and hereafter all process issuing except as hereinafter provided against citizens of the county of Fentress from the District and Circuit Courts of the United States shall be returnable before said court at Chattanooga in said State: *Provided,* That causes now pending in the middle District of Tennessee from Fentress county shall be determined where pending, except in cases where both parties consent to removal: *And provided further,* That all prosecutions for crimes or offenses heretofore committed in either of said counties, shall be commenced and proceeded with as if this act had not been passed.

*Proviso.*

Approved, December twenty seventh, 1884.

**CHAP. 8.**—An act to change the name of the Slater National Bank of North Providence, Rhode Island.

Jan. 8, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the name of the Slater National Bank of North Providence, Rhode Island, be changed to the Slater National Bank of Pawtucket, Rhode Island, whenever the board of directors of said bank shall accept the new name by resolution of the board, confirmed by a vote or the written consent of stockholders holding two-thirds of the stock of the bank, and cause a copy of such action, duly authenticated, to be filed with the Comptroller of the Currency: *Provided,* That such acceptance shall be made within six months after the passage of this act, and that all expenses incident to the proposed change, including engraving, shall be borne and paid by said bank.

Slater National Bank, North Providence, Rhode Island, to change name.

*Provido.*

SEC. 2. That all the debts, demands, liabilities, rights, privileges, and powers of the Slater National Bank of North Providence shall inure to the Slater National Bank of Pawtucket, Rhode Island, whenever such change of name is effected.

Liabilities, etc., not affected.

Approved, January 8th, 1885.

**CHAP. 9.**—An act to authorize the increase of the capital stock of the First National Bank of Omaha, Nebraska.

Jan. 10, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the First National Bank of Omaha, in the State of Nebraska, is hereby authorized to increase its capital stock, in accordance with existing laws, to any sum not exceeding two million dollars, notwithstanding the limit heretofore in its original articles of association, and determined by the Comptroller of the Currency; and the Comptroller of the Currency is hereby authorized to fix the limit of increase of the capital stock of the First National Bank of Omaha, Nebraska, at the amount of two million dollars.

First National Bank of Omaha, Nebr., increase of capital stock authorized.

Approved, January tenth, 1885.

**CHAP. 18.**—An act to issue American papers to the lighter or barge Pirate, now at New York

Jan. 13, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to grant and issue to the lighter or barge Pirate, now lying at New York, an American register or enrollment.

Lighter or barge Pirate at New York. American papers to be issued to.

Approved, January 13th, 1885.

**CHAP. 19.**—An act to provide for the erection of a public building for the use of the United States courts, post-office, and other Government offices in the city of Carson City, in the State of Nevada.

Jan. 13, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed to purchase a site for, and cause to be erected thereon, at the city of Carson City, in the State of Nevada, a suitable building, with a fire-proof vault, for the accommodation of the United States courts, the post-office, and other Government offices in said city, which site shall leave the building unexposed to danger from fire in adjacent buildings by an open space of at least

Carson City, Nev. Public building. Purchase of site for.

Plans.  
Cost.  
Proviso.  
Title.

fifty feet, including streets and alleys; the site, and building thereon, when completed upon plans and specifications to be previously made and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, not to exceed the cost of one hundred thousand dollars: *Provided*, That no money to be appropriated for said building shall be available until a valid title to the site selected is vested in the United States, nor until the State of Nevada shall cede to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over the same, during the time the United States shall be or remain the owner thereof, for all purposes except the administration of the criminal laws of said State and the service of any civil process therein.

Appropriation.

SEC. 2. That the sum of one hundred thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purposes hereinbefore mentioned.

Approved, January 13th, 1885.

Jan. 13, 1885.

CHAP. 20.—An act providing for the erection of a public building at Waco, Texas.

Waco, Tex.  
Public building.  
Purchase of site.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to purchase a site for, and cause to be erected thereon, a suitable building, with fire-proof vaults therein, for the accommodation of the United States courts, post-office, and other Government offices at the city of Waco, Texas. The plans, specifications, and full estimates for said building shall be previously made and approved according to law, and shall not exceed, for the site and building complete, the sum of one hundred thousand dollars, which sum is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated: *Provided*, That the site shall leave the building unexposed to danger from fire in adjacent buildings by an open space of not less than forty feet, including streets and alleys; and no money appropriated for this purpose shall be available until a valid title to the site for said building shall be vested in the United States, nor until the State of Texas shall have ceded to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over the same during the time the United States shall be or remain the owner thereof, for all purposes except the administration of the criminal laws of said State and the service of civil process therein.

Plans.

Appropriation.  
Proviso.

Title.

Approved, January 13th, 1885.

Jan. 17, 1885.

CHAP. 22.—An act for the relief of the metropolitan police force of the District of Columbia.

Metropolitan  
police force of Dis-  
trict of Columbia.  
Relief of.  
Appropriation.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department are hereby directed to allow, and pay out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to each of such persons, or their legal representatives, who were officers, clerks, and employees of the metropolitan police force of the District of Columbia on the twenty-eighth of February, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, a sum equal to twenty per centum on the salary of such persons as fixed by law, for the time stated in said resolution of the twenty-eighth of February, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven.

Approved, January 17th, 1885.

**CHAP. 23.**—An act to provide for the expenses and compensation of Special Messengers to be sent by the Secretary of State to the States respectively of Iowa and Oregon, for the certificates of the electoral vote of eighteen hundred and eighty-four, for President and Vice-President of the United States in pursuance of the provisions of section one hundred and forty-one, of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

Jan. 17, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary be, and the same is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated to pay the compensation, expenses or mileage as the case may be, of two messengers, one to the State of Iowa and one to the State of Oregon; to receive from the United States District Judge in each of said States the certificate of the electoral vote of December, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, for President and Vice-President of the United States deposited with such Judges under the provisions of section one hundred and forty, of the Revised Statutes of the United States and called for by the Secretary of State under the provisions of section one hundred and forty-one, of the Revised Statutes of the United States. The sum hereby appropriated shall be immediately available and shall be disbursed under the direction of the Secretary of State.

Appropriation.  
Expenses.

Messengers sent for certificates of electoral votes of Iowa and Oregon for President and Vice-President of the United States, December, 1884.  
1792, R. S., chap. 1, sec. 140, p. 23.  
1792, R. S., chap. 1, sec. 141, p. 23.

Approved, January 17th, 1885.

**CHAP. 25.**—An act to provide for the ascertainment of claims of American citizens for spoiliations committed by the French prior to the thirty-first day of July, eighteen hundred and one.

Jan. 20, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That such citizens of the United States, or their legal representatives, as had valid claims to indemnity upon the French Government arising out of illegal captures, detentions, seizures, condemnations, and confiscations prior to the ratification of the convention between the United States and the French Republic concluded on the thirtieth day of September, eighteen hundred, the ratifications of which were exchanged on the thirty-first day of July following, may apply by petition to the Court of Claims, within two years from the passage of this act, as hereinafter provided: *Provided,* That the provisions of this act shall not extend to such claims as were embraced in the convention between the United States and the French Republic concluded on the thirtieth day of April, eighteen hundred and three; nor to such claims growing out of the acts of France as were allowed and paid, in whole or in part, under the provisions of the treaty between the United States and Spain concluded on the twenty-second day of February, eighteen hundred and nineteen; nor to such claims as were allowed, in whole or in part, under the provisions of the treaty between the United States and France concluded on the fourth day of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-one.

French spoliation claims.  
Claimants may apply by petition within two years.

*Provido.*  
Certain classes of claims not included.

Court to make needful rules.

**SEC. 2.** That the court is hereby authorized to make all needful rules and regulations, not contravening the laws of the land or the provisions of this act, for executing the provisions hereof.

**SEC. 3.** That the court shall examine and determine the validity and amount of all the claims included within the description above mentioned, together with their present ownership, and, if by assignee, the date of the assignment, with the consideration paid therefor: *Provided,* That in the course of their proceedings they shall receive all suitable testimony on oath or affirmation, and all other proper evidence, historic and documentary, concerning the same; and they shall decide upon the validity of said claims according to the rules of law, municipal and international, and the treaties of the United States applicable to the same, and shall report all such conclusions of fact and law as in their judgment may affect the liability of the United States therefor.

Court to determine as to validity, amount, ownership of claims, etc.  
*Provido* as to testimony and law, and report of conclusions.

Attorney-General of the United States to be notified of all petitions presented, and resist claims by legal defenses.

Secretary of State to procure evidence and documents from abroad.

Record of proceedings and documents to be deposited in State Department.

Court to report to Congress, but finding and report to be taken only as advisory.

Claims barred if not presented in two years.

SEC. 4. That the court shall cause notice of all petitions presented under this act to be served on the Attorney-General of the United States, who shall be authorized, by himself or his assistant, to examine witnesses, to cause testimony to be taken, to have access to all testimony taken under this act, and to be heard by the court. He shall resist all claims presented under this act by all proper legal defenses.

SEC. 5. That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to procure, as soon as possible after the passage of this act, through the American minister at Paris or otherwise, all such evidence and documents relating to the claims above mentioned as can be obtained from abroad; which, together with the like evidence and documents on file in the Department of State, or which may be filed in the Department, may be used before the court by the claimants interested therein, or by the United States, but the same shall not be removed from the files of the court; and after the hearings are closed the record of the proceedings of the court and the documents produced before them shall be deposited in the Department of State.

SEC. 6. That on the first Monday of December in each year the court shall report to Congress, for final action, the facts found by it, and its conclusions in all cases which it has disposed of and not previously reported. Such finding and report of the court shall be taken to be merely advisory as to the law and facts found, and shall not conclude either the claimant or Congress; and all claims not finally presented to said court within the period of two years limited by this act shall be forever barred; and nothing in this act shall be construed as committing the United States to the payment of any such claims.

Approved, January 20th, 1885.

Jan. 20, 1885.

CHAP. 26.—An act granting the right of way to the Fremont, Elk Horn and Missouri Valley Railroad Company across the Fort Robinson Military Reservation, in the State of Nebraska.

Right of way through Fort Robinson Military Reservation, Nebr., granted to Fremont, Elk Horn and Missouri Valley Railroad Company.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Fremont, Elk Horn and Missouri Valley Railroad Company, a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of Nebraska, are hereby granted the right of way, one hundred feet in width, for their said railroad, across and through the Fort Robinson Military Reservation, located in said State of Nebraska, not to interfere with any buildings or improvements thereon, and the location thereof to be subject to the approval of the Secretary of War.

Approved, January 20th, 1885.

Jan. 21, 1885.

CHAP. 29.—An act to authorize the Secretary of War to relinquish and turn over to the Interior Department certain parts of the Camp Douglas Military Reservation, in the Territory of Utah.

Camp Douglas Military Reservation, Utah.

Certain parts restored to public domain.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Secretary of War be, and is hereby, authorized to relinquish and turn over to the Department of the Interior, for restoration to the public domain, such parts of what is known as the Camp Douglas Military Reservation, in the Territory of Utah, as are embraced in the claim of Mr. Charles Popper; the same being in accordance with the recommendations of the board of officers comprised of I. N. Palmer, colonel Second Cavalry, president of the board; F. F. Flint, colonel Fourth Cavalry; and George O. Weber, first lieutenant Fourth Infantry, recorder, constituted for the purpose of examining the claim of the said Charles Popper by order of Brigadier

General Crook, dated, Omaha, Nebraska, May seventh, eighteen hundred and seventy-five, and approved by the Secretary of War, and described as follows, namely: The northwest quarter of the southeast quarter, and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter, and the northwest fractional quarter of the southwest fractional quarter, and the north half of the southeast quarter of the southwest fractional quarter, and the north fractional half of the southwest fractional quarter of the southwest fractional quarter of section thirty-three, township one north, range one east of the Salt Lake meridian, containing in all one hundred and fifty-one and eighty-one hundredths acres, more or less, and all lying within the said Camp Douglas Military Reservation.

SEC. 2. That the Secretary of the Interior, after said restoration, shall, at the expense of said Charles Popper, cause the lands to be surveyed and segregated from the reservation by the surveyor-General of Utah; and that at any time within ninety days after the restoration of the lands the said Charles Popper shall be permitted to make a private entry of the said lands at the rate of one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre; and during the ninety days no other person or persons shall be permitted to make an entry of the same, or to commence any proceedings to obtain title thereto under the home-stead law or any other laws by which the lands of the United States are disposed of.

Approved, January 21st, 1885.

Description.

Secretary of Interior to cause survey to be made.

Charles Popper to have right to entry of same for ninety days after.

CHAP. 30.—An act to authorize the construction of bridges across the Mississippi River, one within the State of Minnesota and one between the States of Minnesota and Wisconsin.

Jan. 21, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Chicago, Saint Paul and Saint Louis Railroad Company, its successors and assigns, be, and they are hereby, authorized to construct and maintain a railroad bridge across the Mississippi River at the most suitable point between the cities of Hastings and Red Wing: *Provided*, That Congress may at any time prescribe such rules and regulations in regard to toll and otherwise as may be deemed reasonable.

Chicago, Saint Paul, and Saint Louis Railroad Company authorized to construct bridge over the Mississippi River between Hastings and Red Wing.

SEC. 2. That any bridge built under this act may, at the option of the company building the same, be built as a pivot-draw bridge or with unbroken or continuous spans: *Provided*, That if made with continuous or unbroken spans it shall not be of less elevation in any case than fifty-five and one-half feet above extreme high-water mark, as understood at the point of location, to the bottom chord of the bridge, nor shall the spans give a clear width of water-way of less than two hundred and fifty feet; and the main span shall be over the main channel of the river, and give a clear width of water-way of not less than three hundred feet: *And provided also*, That any bridge built under this act as a pivot-draw bridge shall have a draw over the main channel at an accessible and navigable point, and with spans giving a clear width of water-way of not less than one hundred and sixty feet on each side of the central or pivot pier of the draw, and the next adjoining span or spans shall give a clear width of water-way of not less than two hundred and fifty feet, and said spans shall not be less than thirty feet above low-water mark and not less than ten feet above extreme high-water mark, measured to the bottom chord of the bridge: *Provided*, That said draw shall always be opened promptly upon reasonable signal; and said company, or its successors and assigns, shall at all proper times keep and maintain such lights as the Light-House Board may direct; and all plans for the construction of said bridge and approaches thereto must first be submitted to the Secretary of War for his approval, and when the same shall be approved by the said Secretary the work thereon may be commenced and prosecuted to completion: *And pro-*

*Proviso.* Bridge to be either pivot-draw or continuous spans.

*Proviso.* Elevation.

Spans.

Water-way.

Draw.

*Proviso.* Signal. Lights.

Plans to be approved by Secretary of War.

To be built at right angles to river current.

Free navigation to be preserved.

Shall be a post-route with no more than usual charges per mile.

Railroad companies entitled to equal rights and privileges.

Secretary of War to decide upon disagreement.  
*Proviso.*

Subject otherwise to limitations and provisions of act for construction of bridge at Clinton.

1872, vol. 17, ch. 281, p. 215.

Secretary of War to require owners to build structures for confining flow of water to permanent channel and aids to navigation, if necessary.

U. S. to have right of way for postal telegraph.

Right to alter, amend, or repeal reserved.

Same company may construct bridge over the Mississippi River between Hastings and Saint Paul, Minn.

*Proviso.*

*vided further*, That as nearly as practicable the said bridge shall be at right angles to and the piers parallel with the current of said river: *And provided further*, That any change in the mode of construction of said bridge shall be first submitted to the said Secretary for his approval, and when approved the said company may then proceed with the construction in accordance with said change: *And provided further*, That if said bridge when constructed shall, in the opinion of the Secretary of War, be a substantial obstruction to the navigation of said river, the said Secretary shall require said company to change the construction thereof so as to avoid any serious and substantial obstruction to the navigation of said river, at the expense of the owners of said bridge.

SEC. 3. That the bridge hereby authorized shall be a lawful structure, and shall be a post-route, upon which no higher charge shall be made for the transportation of the mails of the United States, and the troops and munitions of war, or for passengers or freight passing over said bridge, than the rate per mile paid to railroads and transportation companies leading to said bridge.

SEC. 4. That all railroad companies desiring the use of said bridge shall have and be entitled to equal rights and privileges relative to the passage of railway trains or cars over the same, and over the approaches thereto, upon payment of a reasonable compensation for such use; and in case the owner or owners of said bridge and the several railroad companies, or any one of them, desiring such use shall fail to agree upon the sum or sums to be paid, and upon rules and conditions to which each shall conform in using said bridge, all matters at issue between them shall be decided by the Secretary of War, upon a hearing of the allegations and proofs of the parties: *Provided*, That the provisions of section three in regard to charges for passengers and freight across said bridge shall not govern the Secretary of War in determining any question arising as to the sum or sums to be paid to the owners of said bridge by said companies for the use of said bridge.

SEC. 5. That this act shall be subject, except as above mentioned, to the limitations and provisions of an act entitled "An act to authorize the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi River at or near the town of Clinton, in the State of Iowa, and other bridges across said river, and to establish them as post-roads," approved April first, eighteen hundred and seventy-two.

SEC. 6. That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of War, on satisfactory proof that a necessity exists therefor, to require the company or persons owning said bridge to cause such aids to the passage of said bridge to be constructed, placed, and maintained, at their own cost and expense, in the form of booms, dikes, piers, or other suitable and proper structures for confining the flow of water to a permanent channel and for the guiding of rafts, steamboats, and other water-craft safely through the draw and raft-spans, as shall be specified in his order in that behalf.

SEC. 7. That the United States shall have the right of way for postal telegraph across said bridge.

SEC. 8. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this act is hereby expressly reserved; and the right to require any changes in such structure, or its entire removal, at the expense of the owners thereof, whenever Congress shall decide that the public interest require it is also expressly reserved.

SEC. 9. That said company, its successors and assigns, may construct and maintain a bridge across the Mississippi River at a suitable point between the western limits of Hastings, Minnesota, and the western limits of Saint Paul, Minnesota: *Provided*, That the bridge authorized by this section shall have all the privileges and be subject to all the terms, restrictions, reservations of power, and requirements contained in the foregoing sections of this act.

Approved, January 21st, 1885.

**CHAP. 38.**—An act to authorize the National Bank of Bloomington Illinois, to change its name to the First National Bank of Bloomington. Jan. 27, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the name of the National Bank of Bloomington, located at Bloomington, Illinois, shall be changed to the First National Bank of Bloomington, whenever the board of directors of said bank shall accept the new name by resolutions of the board, and cause a copy of such resolutions, duly authenticated, to be filed with the Comptroller of the Currency: *Provided,* That such acceptance be made within six months after the passage of this act.

National Bank, of Bloomington, Ill., to change name.

*Provido.*

**SEC. 2.** That all debts, demands, liabilities, rights, privileges, and powers of the National Bank of Bloomington, shall devolve upon and inure to the First National Bank of Bloomington whenever such change of name is effected.

Liabilities, etc., not affected.

Approved, January 27th, 1885.

**CHAP. 41.**—An act extending the jurisdiction of justices of the peace in Wyoming Territory. Jan. 28, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That justices of the peace in the Territory of Wyoming shall not have jurisdiction of any matter in controversy where the debt or sum claimed exceeds three hundred dollars.

Jurisdiction of justices of the peace in Wyoming Territory limited.

**SEC. 2.** That all laws and parts of laws in conflict with this enactment be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

All laws conflicting herewith, repealed.

Approved, January 28th, 1885.

**CHAP. 43.**—An act making additional appropriations for the naval service for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, and for other purposes. Jan. 30, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the following sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the naval service of the Government for the six months beginning January first, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, and ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, and for other purposes:

Appropriations. Naval service.

For the pay of the Navy, for the active-list, namely: For one Admiral, one Vice-Admiral, eight rear-admirals, seven Chiefs of Bureaus, twenty-one commodores, forty-five captains, eighty-seven commanders, seventy-eight lieutenant-commanders, two hundred and seventy-two lieutenants, ninety-five junior lieutenants, one hundred and ninety-three ensigns, fourteen medical directors, fifteen medical inspectors, fifty surgeons, seventy-nine passed assistant surgeons, eight assistant surgeons, two assistant surgeons not in the line of promotion (who shall hereafter, after fifteen years' service, be entitled to receive, as annual pay, when at sea, two thousand one hundred dollars, when on shore duty one thousand eight hundred dollars, and when on leave or waiting orders one thousand six hundred dollars), thirteen pay directors, twelve pay-inspectors, forty-nine paymasters, twenty-nine passed assistant paymasters, twenty assistant paymasters, sixty-nine chief engineers, ninety-three passed assistant engineers, seventy-eight assistant engineers, twenty-four chaplains, eleven professors of mathematics, ten naval constructors, nine assistant naval constructors, ten civil engineers, one hundred and eighty-eight warrant officers,

Pay of the Navy active-list officers.

thirty-eight mates, two hundred and ninety-five naval cadets; in all, one million seven hundred and forty-three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

Retired-list officers.

For pay of the retired-list, namely: For forty-three rear-admirals, twenty commodores, eleven captains, twelve commanders, sixteen lieutenant-commanders, twenty-seven lieutenants, seven ensigns, twenty-two medical directors, two medical inspectors, four surgeons, five passed assistant surgeons, seven assistant surgeons, nine pay-directors, two pay-inspectors, four paymasters, two passed assistant paymasters, one assistant paymaster, eleven chief engineers, twenty passed assistant engineers, twenty-six assistant engineers, eight chaplains, six professors of mathematics, one chief constructor, three civil engineers, thirteen boatswains, ten gunners, nine carpenters, and seven sailmakers; in all, three hundred and sixty-one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five dollars.

Petty officers, seamen, etc.

For pay to petty officers, seamen, ordinary seamen, landsmen, and boys, including men in the engineers' force and for the Coast Survey service, not exceeding eight thousand two hundred and fifty in all, one million two hundred and forty-five thousand dollars.

Secretaries, clerks to paymasters, etc.

For two secretaries, one to the Admiral and one to the Vice-Admiral, clerks to paymasters, clerks at inspections, navy-yards, and stations, and extra pay to men enlisted under honorable discharge; commission and interest, transportation of funds, exchange; mileage to officers while travelling under orders in the United States, and for actual personal expenses of officers while travelling abroad under orders, and for travelling expenses of apothecaries, yeomen, and civilian employees, and for actual and necessary travelling expenses of naval cadets while proceeding from their homes to the Naval Academy for examination and appointment as cadets, and for the payment of any such officers as may be in service, either upon the active or retired list, during the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, in excess of the numbers of each class provided for in this act, and for any increase of pay arising from different duty, as the needs of the service may require; for rent and furniture of buildings and offices not in navy-yards; expenses of courts-martial and courts of inquiry, boards of investigation, examining boards, with clerks' and witnesses fees, and travelling expenses and costs; stationery and recording; expenses of purchasing-paymasters' offices at the various cities, including clerks, furniture, fuel, stationery, and incidental expenses; newspapers and advertising; foreign postage; telegraphing, foreign and domestic; telephones; copying; care of library; mail and express wagons, and livery and express fees; costs of suits; commissions, warrants, diplomas, and discharges; relief of vessels in distress, and pilotage; recovery of valuables from shipwrecks; quarantine expenses; care and transportation of the dead; reports, professional investigation, cost of special instruction, and information from abroad, and the collection and classification thereof, one hundred and eighty-seven thousand five hundred dollars.

Contingent expenses.

Extraordinary expenses.

For all emergencies and extraordinary expenses arising at home or abroad, but impossible to be anticipated or classified, exclusive of personal services in the Navy Department or any of its subordinate Bureaus or offices at Washington, District of Columbia, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

#### BUREAU OF NAVIGATION.

Navigation supplies.  
Items.

For foreign and local pilotage and towage of ships of war; services and materials in correcting compasses on board ship, and for adjusting and testing compasses on shore; nautical and astronomical instruments, nautical books, maps, charts, and sailing directions, and repairs of nautical instruments for ships of war; books for libraries of ships of war; naval signals and apparatus, namely, signal-lights, lanterns, rockets, running-lights, drawings, and engravings for signal-books; compass-

fittings, including binnacles, tripods, and other appendages of ships' compasses; logs and other appliances for measuring the ship's ways, and leads and other appliances for sounding; lanterns and lamps, and their appendages, for general use on board ship, including those for the cabin, ward-room, and steerage, for the holds and spirit-rooms, for decks and quartermasters' use; bunting and other materials for flags, and making and repairing flags of all kinds; oil for ships of war, other than that used in the engineer department; candles when used as a substitute for oil in binnacles and running-lights; chimneys and wicks and soap used in the navigation department; stationery for commanders and navigators of vessels of war, and for use of courts-martial; musical instruments and music for vessels of war; steering-signals and indicators, and speaking-tubes and gongs for signal communication on board vessels of war; and for introducing electric lights on board vessels of war, not exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars; in all, thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars.

For the civil establishment at navy-yards and stations, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Civil establishment.

For erection of compass-testing house, seven thousand dollars.

Erection of compass-testing house.  
Contingent expenses.

For contingent expenses of the Bureau of Navigation, namely: For freight and transportation of navigation materials, postage and telegraphing on public business, advertising for proposals, packing-boxes and materials, and all other contingent expenses, one thousand five hundred dollars.

## BUREAU OF ORDNANCE.

For procuring, producing, and preserving ordnance material; for the armament of ships; for fuel, tools, materials, and labor to be used in the general work of the Ordnance Department; for furniture at magazines, at the ordnance dock, New York, and at the naval experimental battery, fifty thousand dollars.

Ordnance stores and supplies.

For necessary repairs to ordnance buildings, magazines, gun-parks, boats, lighters, wharves, machinery, and other objects of the like character, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

Repairs, etc.

For miscellaneous items, namely: For freight to foreign and home stations, advertising and auctioneers' fees, cartage and express charges, repairs to fire-engines, gas and water pipes, gas and water tax at magazines, toll, ferriage, foreign postage, and telegrams to and from the Bureau, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Miscellaneous.

For the civil establishment at navy-yards and stations, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Civil establishment.

For the torpedo corps, namely: For labor, material, freight and express charges; general repairs to grounds, buildings, and wharves; boats; instruction; instruments, tools, furniture, experiments, and general torpedo outfits, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Torpedo corps.

## BUREAU OF EQUIPMENT AND RECRUITING.

For equipment of vessels: For coal for steamers' and ships' use, including expenses of transportation, storage, and handling; hemp, wire, hides, and other materials for the manufacture of rope and cordage; iron for the manufacture of anchors, cables, galleys, and chains; canvas for the manufacture of sails, awnings, bags, and hammocks; heating-apparatus for receiving-ships; and for the purchase of all other articles of equipment at home and abroad, and for the payment of labor in equipping vessels and manufacture of equipment articles in the several navy-yards, three hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Equipment of vessels.

For expenses of recruiting: For expenses of recruiting for the naval service, rent of rendezvous and expenses of maintaining the same, advertising for men and boys, and all other expenses attending the re-

Recruiting.

cruiting for the naval service, and for the transportation of enlisted men and boys at home and abroad, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

**Contingent expenses.** For contingent expenses equipment and recruiting: For extra expenses of training-ships, freight and transportation of equipment stores, printing, advertising, telegraphing, books and models, postage, cartickets, ferriage, ice, apprehension of deserters and stragglers, assistance to vessels in distress, continuous-service certificates and good-conduct badges for enlisted men, school-books for training-ships, medals for boys, and emergencies arising under cognizance of Bureau of Equipment and Recruiting unforeseen and impossible to classify, five thousand dollars.

**Civil establishment.** For the civil establishment at navy-yards and stations, four thousand five hundred dollars.

### BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS.

**Yards and docks. Items.** For general maintenance of yards and docks, namely: For freights and transportation of materials and stores; books, models, maps, and drawings; purchase and repair of fire-engines; machinery; repairs on steam fire-engines, and attendance on the same; purchase and maintenance of oxen and horses, and driving teams, carts, and timber-wheels, and all vehicles for use in the navy-yards, and tools and repairs of the same; dredging; postage on letters and other mailable matter on public service, and telegrams; furniture for Government houses and offices in the navy-yards; coal and other fuel; candles, oil, and gas; cleaning and clearing up yards, and care of public buildings; attendance on fires, lights, fire-engines and apparatus; for clerical and incidental labor at navy-yards; water-tax, and for toll and ferriages; rent of four officers' quarters at League Island; pay of the watchmen in the navy-yards; and for awning and packing-boxes, and advertising for yard and dock purposes, ninety thousand dollars.

**Contingent expenses.** For contingent expenses that may arise at navy-yards and stations, five thousand dollars.

**Civil establishment.** For the civil establishment at navy-yards and stations, twelve thousand dollars.

### BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

**Surgeons, necessities.** For support of the medical department: For surgeons, necessities for vessels in commission, navy-yards, naval stations, Marine Corps, and Coast Survey, twenty thousand dollars.

**Hospital fund.** For the naval-hospital fund, namely: For maintenance of the naval-hospitals at the various navy-yards and stations, fifteen thousand dollars. And if the Secretary of the Navy shall not be able to maintain properly the whole number of naval hospitals now kept open on the amounts hereby appropriated for the maintenance of and civil establishment at naval hospitals, he shall close those which are least necessary to the service, and provide for the patients now cared for therein at such other naval hospitals as may be most convenient.

**Contingent expenses.** For contingent expenses of the Bureau: For freight on medical stores; transportation of insane patients; advertising; telegraphing; purchase of books; expenses attending the medical board of examiners; rent of rooms for naval dispensary; hygienic and sanitary investigation and illustration; purchase and repair of wagons and harness; purchase and feed of horses and cows; trees, garden tools, and seeds, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

**Repairs.** For necessary repairs of naval laboratory, naval hospitals, and appendages, including roads, wharves, out-houses, sidewalks, fences, gardens, farms, and cemeteries, two thousand five hundred dollars.

**Civil establishment.** For the maintenance of the civil establishment at the several naval hospitals, navy-yards, naval laboratory, and Naval Academy, ten thousand dollars.

# BUREAU OF PROVISIONS AND CLOTHING.

For provisions for the seamen and marines; commuted rations for officers, seamen, and marines; expenses of the handling and transportation of provisions; of inspections and storehouses; purchase of water for ships for cooking and drinking purposes; and for provisions and commutation of rations for seven hundred and fifty boys, five hundred and fifty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That all enlisted men and boys in the Navy, attached to any United States vessel or station and doing duty thereon, and naval cadets, shall be allowed a ration, or commutation thereof in money, under such limitations and regulations as the Secretary of the Navy may prescribe.

Provisions and clothing.

*Providso.*

For contingent expenses: For freight on shipments (except provisions); candles, fuel; books and blanks; stationery; advertising and commissions on sales; furniture for inspection and pay offices in navy-yards; foreign postage, telegrams, and express charges; toll, ferriages, cart-tickets; yeoman's stores, iron safes, newspapers, ice, and incidental expenses absolutely necessary, fifteen thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses.

For the civil establishment, three thousand dollars.

Civil establishment.

# BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR.

For preservation and completion of vessels on the stocks and in ordinary; purchase of materials and stores of all kinds; labor in navy-yards and on foreign stations; preservation of materials; purchase of tools; wear, tear, and repair of vessels afloat, and for general care, increase, and protection of the Navy in the line of construction and repair, and incidental expenses, namely, advertising, foreign postage, telegrams, photographing, books, plans, stationery, and instruments for drawing-room, four hundred and fifty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That no part of this sum shall be applied to the repairs of any wooden ship when the estimated cost of such repairs, to be appraised by a competent board of naval officers, shall exceed twenty per centum of the estimated cost, appraised in like manner, of a new ship of the same size and like material: *Provided further*, That nothing herein contained shall deprive the Secretary of the Navy of the authority to order repairs of ships damaged in foreign waters or on the high seas, so far as may be necessary to bring them home.

Preservation, repair, and completion of vessels, etc.

*Providso.*

*Providso.*

For the civil establishment, ten thousand dollars.

Civil establishment.

# BUREAU OF STEAM-ENGINEERING.

For repairs, completion, and preservation of machinery and boilers, including steam-steerers, steam-capstans, steam-windlasses, and so forth, in vessels on the stocks and in ordinary; purchase and preservation of all materials and stores purchase, fitting, and repair of machinery and tools in the navy-yards and stations; wear, tear, and repair of machinery and boilers of naval vessels; incidental expenses, such as foreign postages, telegrams, advertising, freight, photographing, books, stationery, and instruments, two hundred and eighty thousand dollars; and the unexpended balance of the appropriation of one million dollars made by the act approved March third, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, for engines and machinery for the double-turreted iron-clads be, and the same is hereby, reappropriated and made available during the last half of the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, for the purposes enumerated in this paragraph: *Provided*, That no part of said sum shall be applied to the repair of engines and machinery of wooden ships where the estimated costs of such repair shall exceed twenty per centum of the estimated cost of new engines and machinery of the same character and power; but nothing herein contained shall prevent the repair or building of boilers for wooden ships the hulls of which can be fully repaired for twenty per centum of the estimated cost of a new ship of the same size and material.

Steam machinery.

*Providso.*

Contingent expenses.	For contingencies, such as instrument and materials for draughting-room, five hundred dollars.
Civil establishment.	For the civil establishment, five thousand dollars.

### INCREASE OF THE NAVY.

Appropriations for increase of the Navy.	For completing the Mohican at the Mare Island Navy Yard, fifty thousand dollars.
Completion of the Mohican.	For care and safe-keeping of the iron-clad monitors now in the hands of the contractors, when they shall have been turned over to the Government by said contractors, five thousand dollars.
Care of iron-clad monitors.	

### NAVAL ACADEMY.

Naval Academy. Pay of professors and others.	For pay of professors and others: For two professors, namely, one of mathematics, and one of chemistry, at the rate per annum of two thousand five hundred dollars each; three professors (assistants), namely, one of physics, one of Spanish, and one of English studies, history, and law, at the rate per annum of two thousand two hundred dollars each; six assistant professors, namely, four of French, one of English studies, history, and law, and one of drawing, at the rate per annum of one thousand eight hundred dollars each; sword-master, at the rate per annum of one thousand five hundred dollars, and two assistants, at the rate per annum of one thousand dollars each; boxing-master and gymnast, at the rate per annum of one thousand two hundred dollars; assistant librarian, at the rate per annum of one thousand four hundred dollars; Secretary of the Naval Academy, at the rate per annum of one thousand eight hundred dollars; three clerks to superintendent, at the rate per annum of one thousand two hundred dollars, one thousand dollars, and eight hundred dollars, respectively; one clerk to commandant of cadets, at the rate per annum of one thousand two hundred dollars; one clerk to paymaster, at the rate per annum of one thousand dollars; one dentist, at the rate per annum of one thousand six hundred dollars; one baker, at the rate per annum of six hundred dollars; one mechanic in department of physics and chemistry, at the rate per annum of seven hundred and thirty dollars; one cook, at the rate per annum of three hundred and twenty-five dollars and fifty cents; one messenger to superintendent, at the rate per annum of six hundred dollars; one armorer, at the rate per annum of five hundred and twenty-nine dollars and fifty cents; one gunner's mate, at the rate per annum of four hundred and sixty-nine dollars and fifty cents, and one quarter-gunner, at the rate per annum of four hundred and nine dollars and fifty cents; one cockswain, at the rate per annum of four hundred and sixty-nine dollars and fifty cents; one seaman in the department of seamanship, at the rate per annum of three hundred and forty-nine dollars and fifty cents; one attendant in the department of astronomy and one in the department of physics and chemistry, at the rate per annum of three hundred dollars each; six attendants at recitation-rooms, library, store, chapel, and offices, at the rate per annum of two hundred and forty dollars each; one band-master, at the rate per annum of five hundred and twenty-eight dollars; twenty-one first-class musicians, at the rate per annum of three hundred and forty-eight dollars each; seven second-class musicians, at the rate per annum of three hundred dollars each; in all, twenty-six thousand seven hundred and seventy-nine dollars and fifty cents.
Captain of watch and others.	For pay of watchmen and others: For captain of the watch and weigher, at two dollars and fifty cents per day; four watchmen, at two dollars per day each; foreman of the gas and steam-heating works of Academy, at five dollars per day; ten attendants at gas and steam-heating works, one at three dollars, one at two dollars and fifty cents, and eight at two dollars per day each; one steam-pipe fitter, at the rate

per annum of six hundred dollars; one foreman of joiners, one foreman of painters, and one foreman of masons, at three dollars and fifty cents per day each; one mason, at three dollars per day; two joiners and one painter, at two dollars and fifty cents per day each; one tinner, one gas-fitter, and one blacksmith, at two dollars and fifty cents per day each; in all, eleven thousand five hundred and twelve dollars and seventy-five cents.

For pay of mechanics and others: For one mechanic at workshop, at two dollars and twenty-five cents per diem; one master laborer, to keep public grounds in order, at two dollars and twenty-eight cents per diem; fourteen laborers, to assist in same, three at two dollars per diem each and eleven at one dollar and fifty cents per diem each; one laborer, to superintend quarters of cadet-midshipmen and public grounds, at two dollars per diem; twenty servants, to keep in order and attend to quarters of cadet-midshipmen and public buildings, at twenty dollars per month each; in all, seven thousand two hundred and eighty-eight dollars and forty-eight cents.

Mechanics and laborers.

For pay of the employees in the department of steam-engineering, Naval Academy: One master machinist, one boiler-maker, and one pattern maker, at three dollars and fifty cents per day each; two machinists and one blacksmith, at two dollars and fifty cents per day each; four laborers, at one dollar and fifty cents per day each; in all, three thousand eight hundred and thirty-four dollars.

Employees in department of steam-engineering.

For necessary repairs of public buildings, pavements, wharves, and walls inclosing the grounds of the Naval Academy, and for improvements, repairs, and furniture and fixtures, ten thousand five hundred dollars: *Provided*, That no appropriations provided for in this act shall be construed to authorize or be applied to a new building for the use of the superintendent or other officers of the Academy.

Repairs.

For fuel, and for heating and lighting the Academy and school-ships, eight thousand five hundred dollars.

Fuel, lights, etc.

For contingent expenses, Naval Academy: For purchase of books for the library, one thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses.

For stationery, blank-books, models, maps, and for text-books for use of instructors, one thousand dollars.

Stationery, etc.

For expenses of the Board of Visitors to the Naval Academy, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

Board of Visitors.

For purchase of chemicals, apparatus, and instruments in the department of physics and chemistry, and for repairs of the same, one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

Chemicals, etc.

For purchase of gas and steam machinery; steam-pipe and fittings; rent of building for the use of the Academy; freight; cartage; water; music; musical and astronomical instruments; uniforms for the bandmen; telegraphing; for feed and maintenance of teams; for current expenses and repairs of all kinds; and for incidental labor and expenses not applicable to any other appropriation, seventeen thousand three hundred dollars.

Gas and steam machinery, freight, water, music, etc.

For stores in the department of steam-engineery, four hundred dollars.

Stores.

For materials for repairs in steam-machinery, five hundred dollars.

Materials for repairs.

## MARINE CORPS.

For pay of officers on the active-list, as follows: For one colonel commandant, one colonel, two lieutenant-colonels, one adjutant and inspector, one quartermaster, one paymaster, four majors, two assistant quartermasters, one judge-advocate-general United States Navy, nineteen captains, thirty first lieutenants, and twenty-two second lieutenants, ninety-eight thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; and from and after the passage of this act there shall be no appointments, except by promotion, to fill vacancies occurring in the list of commissioned officers of the Marine Corps until the number of such officers shall have been reduced, by casualties or otherwise, below seventy-five as fixed by

Marine Corps. Pay of active-list officers.

Appointments.

1876, vol. 19, ch. 159, p. 71.

the act approved June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-six; and after the number of officers shall be reduced as above provided, the whole number of commissioned officers on the active list in the Marine Corps shall not exceed seventy-five.

**Retired-list officers.**

For pay of officers on the retired-list: For one colonel, three majors, two assistant quartermasters, three captains, two first lieutenants, and three second lieutenants, fourteen thousand eight hundred and nineteen dollars.

**Non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates.**

For pay of non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates: For one sergeant-major, one quartermaster-sergeant, one leader of the band, and one drum-major, fifty first sergeants, one hundred and forty sergeants, one hundred and eighty corporals, thirty musicians, ninety-six drummers and fifers, and one thousand five hundred privates, one hundred and ninety-four thousand five hundred and twenty-six dollars.

**Clerks, messengers, etc.**

For ten clerks and two messengers, eight thousand and seventeen dollars and fifty cents; payments to discharged soldiers for clothing undrawn, ten thousand dollars; transportation of officers travelling under orders without troops, four thousand dollars; commutation of quarters for officers where there are no public buildings, two thousand dollars; in all, twenty-four thousand and seventeen dollars and fifty cents.

**Provisions.**

For provisions for the Marine Corps, and for difference between cost of rations and commutation thereof for detailed men, thirty thousand dollars.

**Clothing.**

For clothing, thirty-eight thousand five hundred dollars.

**Fuel.**

For fuel, nine thousand dollars.

**Military stores.**

For military stores, namely: For pay of one chief armorer, at three dollars per day; three mechanics, at two dollars and fifty cents per day each; purchase of military equipments, such as cartridge-boxes, bayonet-scarbards, haversacks, blanket-bags, canteens, musket-slings, swords, flags, knapsacks, drums, fifes, bugles, and other instruments, two thousand five hundred dollars; purchase of ammunition, five hundred dollars; purchase and repair of instruments for the band and purchase of music, two hundred and fifty dollars; in all, four thousand eight hundred and ninety-three dollars and twenty-five cents.

**Transportation of troops and recruiting.**

For transportation of troops and for expenses of recruiting, five thousand dollars.

**Repairs of barracks, etc.**

For repairs of barracks, and rent of buildings to be used for the manufacture of clothing, stores for supplies, and offices of assistant quartermaster at Philadelphia, and for hire of quarters where there are no public buildings, seven thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

**Forage.**

For forage for four public horses, one for messenger to commandant and staff, Washington, District of Columbia, and three for general use at marine barracks, Mare Island, California, and League Island, Pennsylvania, three hundred and sixty dollars.

**Proviso.**

For the purchase of forage, two thousand three hundred and forty dollars: *Provided*, That no commutation for forage shall be paid.

**Contingencies.**

For contingencies, namely: For freight; ferriage; toll; cartage; funeral expenses of marines; stationery; telegraphing; rent of telephone; apprehension of deserters; per diem to enlisted men employed on constant labor for periods not less than ten days; repair of gas and water fixtures; office and barrack furniture; mess utensils for enlisted men; packing-boxes; wrapping-paper; oil-cloth; crash; rope; twine; carpenter's tools; tools for police purposes; purchase and repair of hose; repairs to public carryall; purchase and repair of harness; repair of fire-extinguishers; purchase and repair of hand-carts and wheelbarrows; purchase and repair of cooking-stoves, ranges, and so forth; stoves where there are no grates; purchase of ice; towels and soap for offices; improving parade-grounds; repair of pumps and wharves laying drain and water pipes; introducing gas; and for other purposes, including gas and oil for marine barracks maintained at the various navy-yards and stations; and water at marine barracks, Boston, Massa-

chusetts; Brooklyn, New York; Annapolis, Maryland, and Mare Island, California; also straw for bedding for enlisted men at the various posts, and furniture for Government houses; in all, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

At the Naval Asylum, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania: For superintendent, at the rate per annum of six hundred dollars; steward, at the rate per annum of four hundred and eighty dollars; matron, at the rate per annum of three hundred and sixty dollars; cook, at the rate per annum of two hundred and forty dollars; two assistant cooks, at the rate per annum of one hundred and sixty-eight dollars each; chief laundress, at the rate per annum of one hundred and ninety-two dollars; six laundresses, at the rate per annum of one hundred and sixty-eight dollars each; nine scrubbers and waiters, at the rate per annum of one hundred and sixty-eight dollars each; six laborers, at the rate per annum of two hundred and forty dollars each; stable-keeper and driver, at the rate per annum of three hundred and sixty dollars; master-at-arms, at the rate per annum of four hundred and eighty dollars; corporal, at the rate per annum of three hundred dollars; barber, at the rate per annum of three hundred and sixty dollars; carpenter, at the rate per annum of eight hundred and forty-five dollars; water-rent and gas, one thousand dollars; ice, one hundred dollars; car-tickets, one hundred and twenty-five dollars; cemetery and burial expenses, and headstones, one hundred and seventy-five dollars; improvement of grounds, two hundred and fifty dollars; repairs to buildings and preservation of all kinds, painting, and for grates, furnaces, ranges, furniture, and repairs of furniture, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; and for support of beneficiaries, twenty-one thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; in all, twenty-nine thousand nine hundred and six dollars and fifty cents, which sum shall be paid out of the income from the naval pension fund.

SEC. 2. That all appropriations made by the act of July seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, making temporary provisions for the naval service for the six months ending December thirty-first, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, or any balances thereof that may be unexpended at that date, be, and they are hereby, reappropriated, continued, and made available for the remainder of the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five.

SEC. 3. That the Secretary of the Navy is hereby directed to report to Congress, at its next and each regular session thereafter, the amount expended during the prior fiscal year, from the appropriations for the pay of the Navy, Bureaus of Navigation, Ordnance, Equipment and Recruiting, Yards and Docks, Medicine and Surgery, Provisions and Clothing, Construction and Repair, and Steam-Engineering, for civilians employed on clerical duty, or in any other capacity than as ordinary mechanics and workmen, and to submit, under the estimates for pay of the Navy and for the respective Bureaus enumerated above, specific estimates for such civilian employees for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, and each fiscal year thereafter.

Approved, January 30th, 1885.

Naval Asylum.

Balances of certain appropriations made available for naval service.

Pamphlet laws, 48th Cong., 1st sess., p. 262.

Secretary of Navy directed to report amount expended during prior fiscal year in payment of civilians employed on clerical duty, and submit estimates for civilian employees for fiscal year 1887 and thereafter.

CHAP. 45.—An act to release the reversionary right of the Government of the United States to certain lands in the city of Detroit and State of Michigan,

Jan. 31, 1885.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any right of reversion or otherwise which the United States may be supposed to have in the space on which the high-school building belonging to the board of education of the city of Detroit is situated being a part of the old town of Detroit, laid out by the governor and judges of the Territory of Michigan under an act of Congress approved April twenty-first, eighteen hundred and six, entitled "An act to provide for the adjustment of the titles of land

Detroit, Mich. Release to board of education of any title of U. S. to certain land.

1806, vol. 4, ch. 43, p. 59.

in the town of Detroit and Territory of Michigan, and for other purposes," be, and the same is hereby, granted and released to the said board of education,

Approved, January 31st, 1885.

Jan. 31, 1885.

**CHAP. 46.**—An act to declare forfeiture of certain lands granted to aid in the construction of a railroad in Oregon.

Lands granted for construction of railroad from Portland to Astoria and McMinnville in Oregon, forfeited and restored to public domain.

1870, vol. 16, ch. 69, p. 94.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That so much of the lands granted by an act of Congress entitled "An act granting land to aid in the construction of a railroad and telegraph line from Portland to Astoria and McMinnville, in the State of Oregon," approved May fourth, eighteen hundred and seventy, as are adjacent to and coterminous with the uncompleted portions of said road, and not embraced within the limits of said grant for the completed portions of said road, be, and the same are hereby, declared to be forfeited to the United States and restored to the public domain, and made subject to disposal under the general land laws of the United States as though said grant had never been made.

Saving rights of actual settlers.

**SEC. 2.** That all persons who at the date of the passage of this act are actual settlers in good faith on any of the lands hereby forfeited, and who are otherwise qualified, on making due claim to such lands under the homestead, pre-emption, or other laws, within six months after the same shall have been declared forfeited, shall be entitled to a preference right to enter the same in accordance with the provisions of this act and of the homestead, pre-emption, or other laws, as the case may be, and shall be regarded as having legally settled upon and occupied said lands under said pre-emption, homestead, or other laws, as the case may be, from the date of such actual settlement or occupation; and in case any such settler may not be entitled to thus enter or acquire such land under existing laws, he shall be permitted, within one year after the passage of this act, to purchase not to exceed one hundred and sixty acres of the same, at the price of one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre; and the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized and directed to make such rules and regulations as will secure to said actual settlers the benefit of these rights: *Provided*, That the price of the even-numbered sections within the limits of said grant and adjacent to and coterminous with the uncompleted portions of said road, and not embraced within the limits of said grant for the completed portions of said road, is hereby reduced to one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre.

*Provided.*

1875, vol. 18, ch. 196, p. 519.

Repealed.

**SEC. 3.** That the act of March third, eighteen hundred and seventy-five, entitled "An act for the relief of settlers within railroad limits," is hereby repealed.

Approved, January 31st, 1885.

Jan. 31, 1885.

**CHAP. 47.**—An act to authorize the appointment of a commission by the President of the United States to run and mark the boundary lines between a portion of the Indian Territory and the State of Texas, in connection with a similar commission to be appointed by the State of Texas.

*Preamble.*

Reciting controversy, under treaty with Spain, between U. S. and Texas, as to point in boundary line.

Whereas, the treaty between the United States and Spain executed February twenty-second, eighteen hundred and nineteen, fixed the boundary-line between the two countries west of the Mississippi River as follows: Beginning on the Gulf of Mexico at the mouth of the Sabine River, in the sea, and continuing north along the western bank of that river to the thirty-second degree of latitude; thence by a line due north to the degree of latitude where it strikes the Rio Roxo of Nachitoches

or Red River; thence following the course of the Rio Roxo westward to the one hundredth degree of longitude west from London and the twenty-third from Washington; thence crossing the said Red River and running thence by a line due north to the river Arkansas; thence following the course of the southern bank of the Arkansas to its source, in latitude forty-two degrees north; and thence by that parallel of latitude to the South Sea; the whole being as laid down in Melish's map of the United States published at Philadelphia, improved to the first of January, eighteen hundred and eighteen; and

Whereas a controversy exists between the United States and Texas as to the point where the one hundredth degree of longitude crosses the Red River, as described in the treaty; and

Whereas the point of crossing has never been ascertained and fixed by any authority competent to bind the United States and Texas; and

Whereas it is desirable that a settlement of this controversy should be had, to the end that the question of boundary, now in dispute because of a difference of opinion as to said crossing, may also be settled: Therefore

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled* That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to detail one or more officers of the Army who, in conjunction with such person or persons as may be appointed by the State of Texas, shall ascertain and mark the point where the one hundredth meridian of longitude crosses Red River, in accordance with the terms of the treaty aforesaid, and the person or persons appointed by virtue of this act shall make report of his or their action in the premises to the Secretary of the Interior, who shall transmit the same to Congress, at the next session thereof after such report may be made, for action by Congress.

President of U. S. authorized to detail one or more Army officers to define the point where the one hundredth meridian of longitude crosses Red River. Report to Secretary of Interior for transmission to Congress.

SEC. 2. That the sum of ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be expended under the direction of the War Department, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to pay the expenses of the United States in carrying out the provisions of this act.

Appropriation.

Approved, January 31st, 1885.

**CHAP. 50.—An act relative to the Inspector-General's Department of the Army.**

Feb. 5, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the Inspector-General's Department of the Army shall hereafter consist of one Inspector-General, with rank, pay, and emoluments of brigadier-general; two inspectors-general, with the rank, pay, and emoluments of colonel; two inspectors-general, with the rank, pay, and emoluments of lieutenant-colonel; and two inspectors-general, with the rank, pay, and emoluments of major: *Provided*, That the offices restored to the Inspector-Generals Department, or added thereto, by this act, shall be filled by promotion of the officers now in that department; and that thereafter appointments to fill vacancies in the Inspector-General's Department, and promotions therein, shall be made in conformity with sections eleven hundred and twenty-nine, eleven hundred and ninety-three, and twelve hundred and four of the Revised Statutes of the United States, and in the same manner as in the other staff departments of the Army. And all laws or parts of laws conflicting with this act are hereby repealed.

Inspector-General's Department of the Army to consist of certain officers.

*proviso as to promotions and appointments.*

R. S. sec. 1129, p. 206.

R. S. sec. 1193, p. 212.

R. S. sec. 1204, p. 213.

Conflicting laws repealed.

Approved, February 5th, 1885.

Feb. 10, 1885.

**CHAP. 52.**—An act to authorize the purchase of additional grounds for the United States court house and post-office building at Springfield, Illinois.

Springfield, Ill.  
Secretary of the  
Treasury author-  
ized to purchase  
ground.

*Proviso.*  
Title.

Appropriation.

Appropriation  
for buildings to be  
removed.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to purchase the ground adjoining the United States court-house and post-office building in the city of Springfield, in the State of Illinois, bounded on the north by Monroe street, on the east by Seventh street, on the west by Sixth street, and on the south by the alley in the middle of the block: *Provided,* That said additional ground can be purchased, and a good and valid title secured to the United States, for not exceeding twenty-six thousand dollars. And there is hereby appropriated for this purpose, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of twenty-six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary. The Secretary is authorized to cause the buildings now on said ground to be removed, and the lot inclosed and improved; and for this purpose he may use the proceeds derived from the sale of the buildings, and in addition the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, which sum is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Approved, February tenth, 1885.

Feb. 11, 1885.

**CHAP. 55.**—An act to amend section forty-four hundred and thirty-four of title fifty-two of the Revised Statutes of the United States, concerning commerce and navigation and the regulation of steam-vessels.

Commerce and  
navigation and  
regulation of  
steam vessels.  
R. S., sec. 4434, p.  
859, amended by  
*proviso* as to thick-  
ness of boiler-  
plates and space  
between flues.

Exception as to  
vessels navigating  
oceans and great  
lakes.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That section forty-four hundred and thirty-four of the Revised Statutes of the United States be amended by adding thereto a proviso, so that the section will read as follows:

"SECTION. 4434. No boiler to which the heat is applied to the outside of the shell thereof shall be constructed of iron or steel plates of more than twenty-six one-hundredths of an inch in thickness, the ends or heads of the boilers only excepted; and every such boiler employed on steam-vessels navigating rivers flowing into the Gulf of Mexico, or their tributaries, shall have not less than three inches space between and around its internal flues: *Provided,* That boilers to which the heat is applied to the outside of the shell thereof, may, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, be authorized and used on steam-vessels navigating the Atlantic or Pacific oceans, or salt-water bays or sounds, or the great lakes, or any of them, and waters flowing to and from the same, or any of them, when constructed of iron or steel plates not exceeding fifty one-hundredths of an inch in thickness".

Approved, February eleventh, 1885.

Feb. 12, 1885.

**CHAP. 56.**—AN act making appropriations for the support of the Military Academy for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, and for other purposes.

Military Acad-  
emy appropria-  
tions.

Pay of profes-  
sors.

Commandant of  
cadets.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the Military Academy for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six:

For pay of eight professors, twenty-five thousand five hundred dol-  
lars.

For one commandant of cadets, in addition to pay of captain in the  
line, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For pay of one instructor of practical military engineering, in addition to pay as first lieutenant, nine hundred dollars.	Instructor of military engineering.
For pay of one instructor of ordnance and science of gunnery, in addition to pay as first lieutenant, nine hundred dollars.	Instructor of ordnance.
For pay of eight assistant professors, in addition to pay as first lieutenants, four thousand dollars.	Assistant professors.
For pay of three instructors of cavalry, artillery, and infantry tactics, in addition to pay as second lieutenants, one thousand five hundred dollars.	Instructors of cavalry, etc.
For pay of four assistant instructors of cavalry, artillery, and infantry tactics, in addition to pay as second lieutenants, two thousand four hundred dollars.	Assistant instructors of cavalry.
For pay of adjutant, in addition to pay as second lieutenant, four hundred dollars: <i>Provided</i> , That the sum paid to said officer shall not exceed one thousand eight hundred dollars per annum.	Pay of adjutant. <i>Proviso.</i>
For pay of treasurer, quartermaster, and commissary of cadets, in addition to pay as captain of infantry, seven hundred dollars.	Treasurer, quartermaster, etc.
For pay of one master of the sword, one thousand five hundred dollars.	Master of sword.
For pay of cadets, one hundred and seventy thousand dollars; and no cadet shall receive more than at the rate of five hundred and forty dollars a year.	Pay of cadets.
For pay of the teacher of music, one thousand and eighty dollars.	Teacher of music.
For pay of the Military Academy band, nine thousand two hundred and forty dollars; which shall be in full for the pay of the said band for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.	Pay of band.
For additional pay of professors and officers on (increased rank) for length of service, nine thousand five hundred and twenty-five dollars.	Longevity pay.
For current expenses, as follows:	Current expenses.
For repairs and improvements, timber, planks, boards, joists, wall-strips, laths, shingles, slate, tin, sheet-lead, zinc, nails, screws, locks, hinges, glass, paints, turpentine, oils, varnish, brushes, stone, brick, flag, lime, cement, plaster, hair, sewer and drain pipe, blasting-powder, fuse, iron, steel, tools, mantels, and other similar materials, and for pay of overseer and master builder and citizen mechanics and labor employed upon repairs and improvements that cannot be done by enlisted men, eleven thousand dollars.	Items.
For fuel and apparatus, coal, wood, stoves, grates, furnaces, ranges and fixtures, fire-bricks, clay, sand, repairs of steam-heating apparatus, grates, stoves, ranges, furnaces, and fixtures, thirteen thousand dollars; one thousand dollars of which sum shall be immediately available.	Fuel, etc.
For gas-pipes, fixtures, lamp-posts, gasometers, and retorts, and annual repairs of the same, nine hundred dollars.	Gas-pipes, etc.
For fuel for cadets' mess-hall, shops, and laundry, three thousand dollars.	
For postage and telegrams, three hundred dollars.	Postage and telegrams.
For stationery, blank-books, paper, envelopes, quills, steel pens, rubbers, erasers, pencils, mucilage, wax, wafers, folders, fasteners, rules, files, ink, inkstands, pen-holders, tape, blotting-pads, and rubber bands, six hundred dollars.	Stationery.
For transportation of materials, discharged cadets, and ferriages, two thousand dollars.	Transportation, etc.
For printing: For type, materials for office, diplomas for graduates, annual registers, blanks, and monthly reports to parents of cadets, one thousand dollars.	Printing.
For clerk to the disbursing officer and quartermaster, one thousand two hundred dollars.	Clerks to disbursing officer, quartermaster, adjutant, and treasurer.
For clerk to adjutant, in charge of cadet records, one thousand two hundred dollars.	
For clerk to treasurer, one thousand two hundred dollars.	

- Department of instruction. For department of instruction in mathematics, namely: For repairs and materials for preservation of models and instruments fifty dollars; text-books, books of reference, binding, and stationery for instructors, one hundred and fifty dollars; one draughtsman, to draw figures, make corrections and copies of subjects rendered necessary by revision of text-books in mathematics now under way, one hundred dollars; in all, three hundred dollars.
- Pay to draughtsman.
- Department of civil and military engineering. For department of civil and military engineering: For models, maps, purchase and repairs of instruments, text-books, books of reference, and stationery for the use of instructors, and contingencies, five hundred dollars; extra pay of enlisted man employed as draughtsman, one hundred dollars; in all, six hundred dollars.
- Department of chemistry and geology. For department of chemistry, mineralogy, and geology: For chemicals, chemical apparatus, glass and porcelain ware, paper, wire, sheet-metal, ores, photographic apparatus and materials, five hundred dollars; rough specimens, fossils, files, alcohol, lamps, blow-pipes, pencils, and paper for practical instruction in mineralogy and geology, and for gradual increase of the cabinet, four hundred dollars; repairs and additions to electric, magnetic, pneumatic, and thermic apparatus, and apparatus illustrating optical properties of substances, seven hundred and fifty dollars; pay of mechanic employed in chemical and geological section-rooms and in lecture-rooms, one thousand dollars; models, maps, and diagrams, text-books, and stationery for the use of instructors, one hundred and eighty dollars; contingencies, one hundred dollars; in all, two thousand nine hundred and thirty dollars.
- Pay of mechanic, etc.
- Stationery, etc.
- Department of modern languages. For department of modern languages: For stationery, text-books, books of reference for the use of instructors, and for printing examination papers, two hundred dollars; furniture for instructors' room in academic building, necessary for the use of instructors, and for the proper protection of the books and apparatus of the department kept in that room, seventy-five dollars; in all, two hundred and seventy-five dollars.
- Department of history, geography, and ethnology.
- Department of history, geography, and ethnology. For department of history, geography, and ethnology: For text-books, maps, books of reference, and stationery for use of instructors, three hundred dollars.
- Department of drawing, etc.
- Department of drawing, etc. For department of drawing: For books of reference, periodicals on art and technology, one hundred dollars; models for topographical, mechanical, architectural, and free-hand drawing, two hundred and fifty dollars; rules and triangles, thirty dollars; repairs to desks, models, racks, stools, stretchers, one hundred dollars; drawing material for use of instructors, card-board, tacks, brushes, sponges, glue, alcohol, transfer-paper, hectograph, cloth for screens, color-diagrams, and contingent expenses, two hundred dollars; stationery, ten dollars; photographic slides for use in lectures, one hundred and seventy-five dollars; continuing the decorated frieze, paneling, and painting wall to correspond to rest of room, two hundred and fifty dollars; in all, one thousand two hundred and thirty-four dollars and fifty cents.
- Department of law.
- Department of law. For department of law: For text-books and stationery, and books of reference for the use of instructors, two hundred and fifty dollars.
- Department of artillery, cavalry, etc.
- Department of artillery, cavalry, etc. For department of artillery, cavalry, and infantry tactics, namely: For tan-bark for riding-hall, three hundred dollars; repairing camp-stools and camp-furniture, one hundred dollars; furniture for offices and reception-room, one hundred dollars; stationery for use of instructor and assistants, one hundred and fifty dollars; books and maps, seventy-five dollars; supply of fixtures for gymnasium, and repairs, two hundred and fifty dollars; foils, fencing-gloves, jackets, gaiters, and repairs, two hundred and fifty dollars; plumes for cadet officers, to be accounted for as other public property, seventy-five dollars; in all, one thousand three hundred dollars.
- Department of ordnance and gunnery.
- Department of ordnance and gunnery. For department of ordnance and gunnery: For addition to models; drawing apparatus illustrating course of instruction; repairs of electro-ballistic machines, galvanic batteries, and models; for addition to firing-

houses and practical instruction-room; for books of reference, text-books, and stationery for instructors, three hundred dollars.

For department of practical military engineering: For purchase and repair of instruments; purchase of tools, implements, and materials, and for extra duty pay of engineer soldiers, as follows, namely: Astronomical and meteorological instruments and lights for use in instructing cadets in practical astronomy; reconnoitering instruments for use in their practical instruction in making reconnaissances; photographic apparatus and material for field photography; drawing instruments and material for plotting reconnaissances; surveying instruments; instruments and material for signaling and field telegraphy; tools and material for the preservation and repair of one wooden ponton and one canvas ponton bridge train; sapping and mining tools and materials; profiling material; rope; cordage; end materials for rafts and for spar and trestle bridges; intrenching tools; tools and material for the repair of Fort Clinton and the batteries at the Academy, and extra-duty pay of engineer soldiers employed upon the same; extra-duty pay of two engineer soldiers, at fifty cents per day each, when performing special skilled mechanical labor in the department of practical military engineering; for models, books of reference, and stationery, one thousand two hundred dollars.

Department of  
practical military  
engineering.  
Items.

Extra-duty pay  
of engineer sol-  
diers.

For department of natural and experimental philosophy: For additions to apparatus to illustrate the laws of acoustics, optics, and mechanics, one thousand dollars; books of reference, text-books, stationery, materials, and repairs, four hundred dollars; for pay of mechanic assistant, one thousand dollars; repairs to the observatory building and the tower clock, four hundred and fifty dollars; in all, two thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars.

Department of  
philosophy.

For expenses of the Board of Visitors, including mileage, three thousand dollars.

Expenses of  
Board of Visitors.

For miscellaneous and incidental expenses: For gas-coal, oil, candles, lanterns, matches, and wicking for lighting the Academy, chapel, library, cadet barracks, mess-hall, shops, hospital, offices, stables and riding-hall, sidewalks, and wharves, three thousand five hundred dollars; water-pipes, plumbing, and repairs, one thousand five hundred dollars; cleaning public buildings (not quarters), six hundred dollars; brooms, brushes, pails, tubs, soap, and cloths, two hundred dollars; chalk, crayons, sponges, slate, and rubbers for recitation-rooms, three hundred dollars; compensation of chapel organist, two hundred dollars; compensation of librarian, one hundred and twenty dollars; pay of engineer of heating and ventilating apparatus for the academic building, the cadet barracks, and office building, chapel, and philosophical building, including the library, one thousand two hundred dollars; pay of assistant engineer of same, one thousand dollars; pay of five firemen, two thousand seven hundred dollars; in all, eleven thousand three hundred and twenty dollars.

Miscellaneous  
and incidental ex-  
penses.  
Items.

For pay of librarian's assistant, one thousand dollars.

Assistant libra-  
rian.  
Library.

For increase and expense of library, namely: For periodicals, binding new books, and scientific, historical, biographical, and general literature, one thousand dollars.

For additional tables and chairs, and repairing same, two hundred dollars.

Furniture.

For furniture for cadet hospital, and repairs of the same, one hundred dollars.

Furniture for  
cadet hospital.

For purchase of bedding and necessary articles for the use of candidates previous to their admission into the Academy, five hundred dollars.

Bedding, &c., for  
candidates for ad-  
mission.

For contingencies for superintendent of the Academy, one thousand dollars.

Contingencies  
for superintendent  
of Academy.

For renewing furniture (desks and benches) in section-rooms, five hundred dollars.

Renewing furni-  
ture.

Buildings and grounds.	For buildings and grounds: For repairing roads and paths, five hundred dollars.
Breast-high wall.	For continuing breast-high wall south toward guardhouse, five hundred dollars.
Cadet barracks.	For cadet barracks: Reflooring certain rooms and halls, painting wood-work and repairing same, door-locks, scraping and kalsomining walls, and repairing piazza, five thousand dollars.
Cadet hospital.	For pointing new cadet hospital, one thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.
Administration building.	For pointing administration building, seven hundred and ninety dollars.
Pointing cadet barracks.	For pointing portion of cadet barracks, three hundred dollars.
Relining parapets of cadet barracks.	For relining parapets of cadet barracks with galvanized iron, five hundred dollars.
Water-works.	For water-works: Renewing of material in filter-beds; improving ventilation of filter-house and water-house; hose for use in cleaning filter-beds and water-house, and for use in fire-service at same; tools, implements, and materials for use of the two keepers and for repairs of siphon-house, filter-house, and of four and one-half miles of supply-pipes; for shed for tools, and storage of fuel for keeper at Round Pond, and for tool-house at filter; for gauges at Round Pond and Delafield Pond, and stairs for access to same, five hundred and twenty dollars.
Additional bath-tubs, etc.	For additional bath-tubs, and repairs to bath-tubs, in cadet barracks: Completion of the setting, casing, partitioning off, and concreting around twenty bath-tubs for use of the cadets, one thousand dollars; which sum shall be immediately available.
Band barracks.	For band barracks, namely: Floor-timbers, flooring and plastering basement of; concreting area; stairs from basement; porches, with stairs to back yard; water and drain pipes, and repairs, three thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven dollars and fourteen cents.
Addition to building containing water-closets.	For addition to the present building containing water-closets for the use of cadets, so as to permit new closets and new urinals to be set up, one thousand two hundred dollars.
Erection of ice-cooler.	For erection of a new ice-cooler, or refrigerator, for the cadet mess, to be immediately available, three hundred dollars.

Approved, February 12th, 1885.

February 13, 1885.

**CHAP. 58.**—An act for the protection of children in the District of Columbia and for other purposes.

Association for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals for District of Columbia—name changed to Washington Humane Society.

Operations extended to protection of children. Its officers and agents may prefer complaints and aid in bringing facts before court.

Commissioners of the District of Columbia to aid in enforcing laws relating to the protection of children, and detail officers or appoint agents to aid in work.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That from and after the passage of this act the Association for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals for the District of Columbia shall be known as the "Washington Humane Society", and shall be authorized to extend its operations under this act to the protection of children as well as animals from cruelty and abuse. In pursuance thereof the said society may cause its proper officers or agents to prefer complaints, before any court in the District of Columbia having jurisdiction, for the violation of any law relating to or affecting the protection of children in said District, and by its proper attorney may aid in bringing the facts before such court in any proceeding taken.

**SEC. 2.** That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia shall, by the police force of said District, aid the said society, its officers and agents, in the enforcement of all laws relating to or affecting the protection of children; and the Commissioners of the said District, and their successors, are authorized, in their discretion, to detail, from time to time, an officer or officers to aid specially in the work of said society, or they may commission any duly appointed agents of said society

special police officers, without compensation; and such agents or officers shall have power to arrest, without warrant, all persons violating in their presence or sight any law relating to or affecting the protection of children, or other parties so offending by virtue of a warrant issued by the police court of the District of Columbia, which offenders shall be taken by such agents or officers before the said police court of the District of Columbia for trial. Said agents or officers are also hereby empowered to bring before the said court any child who is subjected to cruel treatment, willful abuse, or neglect, or any child under sixteen years of age found in a house of ill-fame; and said court may commit such child to an orphan asylum or other public charitable institution in the District of Columbia, with the consent of the constituted authorities of such asylum or institution, or make such other disposition thereof as now is or may hereafter be provided by law in cases of vagrant, destitute, or abandoned children: *Provided*, That any parent, guardian, or near relative who may feel aggrieved by any order of said court in the premises may appeal therefrom to the criminal court of the District of Columbia.

Powers of officers.

Court to commit.

*Proviso.*  
Parent or guardian may appeal.

SEC. 3. That any person in the District of Columbia who shall torture, cruelly beat, abuse, or otherwise willfully maltreat any child under the age of eighteen years; or any person, having the custody and possession of a child under the age of fourteen years, who shall expose, or aid and abet in exposing, such child in any highway, street, field, house, out-house, or other place, with intent to abandon it; or any person, having in his custody or control a child under the age of fourteen years, who shall in any way dispose of it with a view to its being employed as an acrobat, or a gymnast, or a contortionist, or a circus-rider, or a ropewalker, or in any exhibition of like dangerous character, or as a beggar, or mendicant, or pauper, or street-singer, or street-musician; or any person who shall take, receive, hire, employ, use, exhibit, or have in custody any child of the age last named for any of the purposes last enumerated, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and when convicted thereof shall be subject to punishment by a fine of not more than two hundred and fifty dollars, or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years, or both.

Abuse, abandonment, or wrongful employment of a child declared a misdemeanor; punishable by fine and imprisonment.

SEC. 4. That any person who shall entice, decoy, place, take, or receive any female child under the age of eighteen years into any house of ill-fame or disorderly house, for the purpose of prostitution, or any person who, having in his custody or control such child, shall dispose of it to be so received, or to be received in or for any obscene, indecent, or immoral purpose, exhibition, or practice, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and when convicted thereof shall be subject to punishment by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding ten years, or both.

Enticing female child to become prostitute, or using for obscene purposes, punishable by fine and imprisonment.

Approved, February 13th, 1885.

CHAP. 59.—An act to enable the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to maintain public order during the ceremonies of the inauguration of the President and for other purposes.

February 13, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That such sum as may be necessary, one half payable from any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated and one half from the revenues of the District of Columbia not to exceed eight thousand dollars is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated to enable the Commissioners to maintain public order and to protect life and property during the ceremonies of the inauguration of the President from the twentieth day of February to the sixth day of March eighteen hundred and eighty-five inclusive; and the Commissioners of the District

District of Columbia.

Appropriation.

To protect life and maintain order during ceremonies of inauguration of President in 1885.

Commissioners of the District of Columbia are hereby authorized and required to make all reasonable and needful rules and regulations for preserving public order and protecting life and property and for regulating and fixing fares by public conveyances during the aforesaid period any person violating any of such rules and regulations shall be liable to a fine in the police court of the District of Columbia not to exceed twenty-five dollars.

Penalty.

Approved, February 13th, 1885.

February 14, 1885.

**CHAP. 64.**—An act to provide for the erection of a public building in the city of Augusta, Maine.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed to purchase or otherwise provide a suitable site, and cause to be erected thereon, at the city of Augusta, in the State of Maine, a substantial and commodious public building, with fire-proof vaults, for the use and accommodation of the post-office, United States courts, internal-revenue office, pension office, and for other Government uses. The site, and the building thereon, when completed according to plans and specifications to be previously made and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, shall not exceed the cost of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars; and it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury, after the site for said building shall have been purchased, to cause a plan and specifications of said building to be prepared, which plan and specifications shall not involve an expenditure, in the erection and completion of said building and the approaches thereto, exceeding the portion of said one hundred and fifty thousand dollars remaining after the site of said building shall have been paid for; and no plan for said building shall be approved by the Secretary of the Treasury involving an expenditure exceeding the sum so remaining after paying for the site of said building; and the site purchased shall leave the building unexposed to danger from fire in adjacent buildings by an open space of at least fifty feet, including streets and alleys; and for the purposes herein mentioned the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury: *Provided*, That no part of said sum shall be expended until a valid title to the said site shall be vested in the United States, and the State of Maine shall cede to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over the same, during the time the United States shall be or remain the owners thereof, for all purposes except the administration of the criminal laws of said State and the service of any civil process therein.

Approved, February 14th, 1885.

February 14, 1885.

**CHAP. 65.**—An act for the erection of a public building at Troy New York.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to purchase a site for, and cause to be erected thereon, a suitable building, with fire-proof vaults therein, for the accommodation of the Post Office, internal-revenue offices, United States courts, and other Government offices, at the city of Troy, New York. The plans, specifications, and full estimates for said building shall be previously made and approved according to law, and shall not exceed for the site and building and approaches complete the sum of two hundred thousand dollars: *Provided*,

That the site shall leave the building unexposed to danger from fire in adjacent buildings by an open space of not less than forty feet, including streets and alleys; and no money appropriated for this purpose shall be available until a valid title to the site for said building shall be vested in the United States, nor until the State of New York shall have ceded to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over the same, during the time the United States shall be or remain the owners thereof, for all purposes except the administration of the criminal laws of said State and the service of civil process therein,

*Proviso.*

*Title.*

Approved, February fourteenth, 1885.

**CHAP. 66.**—An act to increase the appropriation for the erection of the public building at Pittsburgh Pennsylvania.

February 14, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the amount heretofore fixed as the limit of cost for the erection of a public building by the United States Government at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, be, and the same is hereby, increased to one million five hundred thousand dollars, and that sum is hereby fixed as the limit of cost for the erection of said building.

Pittsburgh, Pa.  
Public building.

Appropriation increased.

**SEC. 2.** That the officers of the United States Government having charge of the erection of public buildings are authorized and required to be governed by the limitation hereby prescribed in making contracts for the erection of said building.

Officers in charge required to be governed by limit of appropriation.

Approved, February 14th, 1885.

**CHAP. 67.**—An act to authorize a retired-list for privates and non-commissioned officers of the United States Army who have served for a period of thirty years or upward.

February 14, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That when an enlisted man has served as such thirty years in the United States Army or Marine Corps, either as a private or as a non-commissioned officer, or both, he shall, by making application to the President, be placed on the retired list hereby created, with the rank held by him at the date of retirement; and he shall thereafter receive seventy-five per centum of the pay and allowances of the rank upon which he was retired.

United States Army or Marine Corps.

Enlisted men having served thirty years may be placed on the retired-list.

Rank and pay.

Approved, February 14th, 1885.

**CHAP. 68.**—An act for the erection of a public building at the city of Tyler, in the State of Texas.

February 14, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to purchase a site for, and cause to be erected thereon, a suitable building, with fire-proof vaults therein, for the accommodation of the United States courts, post-office, and internal-revenue and other Government offices, at the city of Tyler, in the State of Texas. The plans, specifications, and full estimates for said building shall be previously made and approved according to law, and shall not exceed for the site and building complete the sum of fifty thousand dollars: *Provided,* That the site shall leave the building un-

Tyler, Tex.  
Public building.  
Purchase of site.

Plans, cost.

*Proviso.*

## Title.

exposed to danger from fire in adjacent buildings by an open space of not less than forty feet, including streets and alleys; and no money appropriated for this purpose shall be available until a valid title to the site for said building shall be vested in the United States, nor until the State of Texas shall have ceded to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over the same, during the time the United States shall be or remain the owner thereof, for all purposes except the administration of the criminal laws of said State and the service of civil process therein.

Approved, February 14, 1885.

February 16, 1885.

**CHAP. 123.**—An act to provide for the issue of duplicate checks.

Duplicate checks.  
R. S., sec. 3646, p. 717, amended.

Check lost, stolen, or destroyed may be duplicated, but for no sum exceeding \$2,500.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That section thirty-six hundred and forty-six of the Revised Statutes of the United States be amended to read as follows:

"Whenever any original check is lost, stolen, or destroyed, disbursing officers and agents of the United States are authorized, after the expiration of six months, and within three years from the date of such check, to issue a duplicate check; and the Treasurer, assistant treasurers, and designated depositaries of the United States are directed to pay such duplicate checks, upon notice and proof of the loss of the original checks, under such regulations in regard to their issue and payment, and upon the execution of such bonds, with sureties, to indemnify the United States, as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe. This section shall not apply to any check exceeding in amount the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars."

Approved, February 16th, 1885.

February 17, 1885.

**CHAP. 124.**—An act to amend an act entitled "An act to provide a building for the use of the United States circuit and district courts of the United States, the post-office, internal-revenue offices, and other Government offices at Erie, Pennsylvania," and making an additional appropriation therefor.

Erie, Pa.  
Public building.  
1882, vol. 22,  
chap. 239, p. 108,  
sec. 1, amended.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the first section of the act entitled "An act to provide a building for the use of the United States circuit and district courts of the United States, the post-office, internal-revenue offices, and other Government offices at Erie, Pennsylvania," approved July twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, be, and the same is hereby, amended by substituting the words "two hundred and fifty thousand dollars" in place of the words "one hundred and fifty thousand dollars;" so that the said first section of said act, as amended, shall read as follows: "Shall not exceed the cost of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars." And no plan shall be approved which will involve an expenditure for site and building complete greater than the amount hereby fixed as the limit of cost.

Appropriation.

**SEC. 2.** That the sum of one hundred thousand dollars, in addition to the sum heretofore appropriated, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, to be expended and used under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, for the prosecution of the work of construction and furnishing materials therefor.

Approved, February 17th, 1885.

**CHAP. 125.**—An act correcting the military record of Wickliffe Cooper, deceased, late major Seventh Cavalry, brevet colonel United States Army. February 17, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Secretary of War be, and is hereby, authorized and directed to correct so much of the record of the War Department as states that the late Major Wickliffe Cooper, Seventh Cavalry, committed suicide on the eighth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, and to substitute therefor the following words: "Died by hand of person or persons unknown, while in the line of his duty as an officer of the Army".

Maj. Wickliffe Cooper, deceased. Secretary of War authorized to correct record of War Department relating to.

Received by the President, February 5th, 1885.

[NOTE BY THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE.—The foregoing act having been presented to the President of the United States for his approval, and not having been returned by him to the house of Congress in which it originated within the time prescribed by the Constitution of the United States, has become a law without his approval.]

**CHAP. 126.**—An act to authorize suits for damages where death results from the wrongful act or neglect of any person or corporation in the District of Columbia. February 17, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That whenever, by an injury done or happening within the limits of the District of Columbia, the death of a person shall be caused by the wrongful act, neglect, or default of any person or corporation, and the act, neglect, or default is such as would, if death had not ensued, have entitled the party injured, or, if the person injured be a married woman, have entitled her husband, either separately or by joining with the wife, to maintain an action and recover damages, the person who or corporation which would have been liable if death had not ensued shall be liable to an action for damages for such death, notwithstanding the death of the person injured, even though the death shall have been caused under circumstances which constitute a felony: and such damages shall be assessed with reference to the injury resulting from such act, neglect, or default causing such death, to the widow and next of kin of such deceased person. *Provided,* That in no case shall the recovery under this act exceed the sum of ten thousand dollars. *And provided further,* That no action shall be maintained under this act, in any case when the party injured by such wrongful act, neglect, or default, has recovered damages therefor during the life of such party.

District of Columbia.

Person or corporation causing death by wrongful act, neglect, or default, to be liable for damages, notwithstanding death of the person injured.

*Proviso.* Damages in no case to exceed \$10,000.

*Proviso.* No action if damages recovered during life.

SEC. 2. That every such action shall be brought by and in the name of the personal representative of such deceased person, and within one year after the death of the party injured.

Suit to be brought within one year by personal representatives of deceased.

SEC. 3. That the damages recovered in such action shall not be appropriated to the payment of the debts or liabilities of such deceased person, but shall inure to the benefit of his or her family, and be distributed according to the provisions of the statute of distributions in force in the said District of Columbia.

Damages recovered to be for benefit of family.

Approved, February 17th, 1885.

**CHAP. 137.**—An act to authorize the purchase of a wharf for the use of the Government in Wilmington, North Carolina. February 20, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Secretary of the United States Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause an

Wilmington, N. C.

Authorizing Secretary of Treasury to purchase wharf and building for use of Revenue Marine Service, if advantageous and necessary.

*Proviso.*

Cost.

Appropriation.

examination to be made of the wharf in front of the custom-house and other property at the port of Wilmington, North Carolina, offered by E. E. Burriss, president of the First National Bank of Wilmington, namely, the following real estate : One hundred and sixty-six feet front on the Cape Fear River, lying between Market and Princess streets and Water street and the river ; and also the brick fire-proof two-story warehouse, together with the land on which it is situated, adjoining the custom-house on the south, the said warehouse occupying a space of thirty feet front and running east ninety-two feet ; and on inquiry as to their necessity for use for the Revenue Marine Service and other customs purposes at that port, and if it shall be found advantageous and necessary for such purposes, to purchase the same at a reasonable price : *Provided*, That it shall not exceed thirty thousand dollars, which amount shall be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Approved, February 20th, 1885.

February 20, 1885.

**CHAP. 138.**—An act to provide for the purchase of additional land for the uses of the public building in the city of New Bedford, State of Massachusetts.

New Bedford, Mass.

Purchase of additional land for uses of public building.

Appropriation.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the sum of twenty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated for the purchase of land adjoining the lot now occupied by the public building in the city of New Bedford, State of Massachusetts, and used as a custom-house and post-office.

Approved, February 20, 1885.

February 20, 1885.

**CHAP. 139.**—An act to change the name of the Manufacturers' National Bank of New York to the Manufacturers' National Bank of Brooklyn, New York.

Manufacturers' National Bank of New York.

Name changed to Manufacturers' National Bank of Brooklyn, N. Y. 1868, vol. 15, ch. 274, p. 242.

*Proviso.*

Debts, dividends, liabilities, etc., not affected.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the name of the Manufacturers' National Bank of New York, a corporation whose location was changed from the city of New York to the city of Brooklyn, in the State of New York, by an act of Congress approved July twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, shall be changed to the Manufacturers' National Bank of Brooklyn whenever the board of directors of the said bank shall accept the new name by resolution of said board of directors, and cause a copy of said resolution, duly authenticated, to be filed with the Comptroller of the Currency: *Provided*, That such acceptance shall be made within six months after the passage of this act, and that all expenses incident to such change, including engraving, shall be borne and paid by said bank.

SEC. 2. That the debts, dividends, liabilities, rights, privileges, and powers of the said Manufacturers' National Bank of New York shall devolve upon and inure to the said Manufacturers' National Bank of Brooklyn whenever such change of name is effected.

SEC. 3. That nothing in this act contained shall be so construed as in any manner to release the Manufacturers' National Bank of New York from any liability, or affect any action or proceeding in law in which said bank may be or become a party or interested.

Approved, February 20, 1885.

**CHAP. 144.**—An act to authorize the construction of a bridge across the Saint Croix River at the most accessible point between Stillwater and Taylor's Falls Minnesota. February 25, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Minneapolis, Sault Sainte Marie and Atlantic Railway Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Wisconsin, be, and is hereby, authorized to construct and maintain a bridge, and approaches thereto, over the Saint Croix River, between the States of Minnesota and Wisconsin, at the most accessible point between the city of Stillwater and the village of Taylor's Falls, on said river. Said bridge shall be constructed to provide for the passage of railway trains, and, at the option of the corporation by which it may be built, may be used for the passage of wagons and vehicles of all kinds, for the transit of animals, and for foot-passengers, for such reasonable rates of toll as may be approved from time to time by the Secretary of War.

SEC. 2. That any bridge built under this act shall be constructed and built without material interference with the security and convenience of navigation of said river beyond what is necessary to carry into effect the rights and privileges hereby granted; and in order to secure a compliance with these conditions the corporation previous to commencing the construction of the bridge, or of the accessory works designed to secure the best practical channel-way for navigation and confine the flow of the water to a permanent channel at said point, shall submit to the Secretary of War a plan of the bridge and accessory works provided for in this act together with a detailed map of the river at the proposed site of the bridge and for a distance of a mile above and below the site together with all other information touching said bridge and river and accessory works as may be deemed requisite by the Secretary of War to determine whether the said bridge, when built, will conform to the prescribed conditions of this act. That said bridge shall be constructed and built without material interference with the security and convenience of navigation of said river beyond what is necessary to carry into effect the rights and privileges hereby granted: *Provided*, That as to any bridge built under this act, if the said bridge shall be made with unbroken and continuous spans, it shall not be of less elevation in any case than fifty feet above extreme high-water mark, as understood at the point of location, to the bottom chord of the bridge, nor shall the spans of said bridge be less than one hundred and fifty feet in length, and the piers of said bridge shall be parallel with the current of said river, and the main span shall be over the main channel of the river and not less than one hundred and fifty feet in length: *And provided also*, That if any bridge built under this act shall be constructed as a draw-bridge the same shall constructed as a pivot draw bridge, with a draw over the main channel of the river at an accessible and the best navigable point, and with spans of not less than one hundred and ten feet in length in the clear on each side of the central or pivot pier of the draw, *Provided also*, That said draw shall be opened promptly upon reasonable signal for the passing of boats vessels and other water-craft: *Provided, however*, That no bridge shall be built under the provisions of this act except there also be built, at the time of the erection of the piers, proper sheer-booms or other proper protections to safely guide boats, vessels, rafts, and other water-craft through said draw spans, and at the expense of the company or corporation erecting said bridge, and said company or corporation shall maintain, at its own expense, from sunset to sunrise, such lights or other signals on said bridge as the Secretary of War shall prescribe.

SEC. 3. That the Secretary of War is hereby authorized and directed, upon receiving any such plan and map and other information, and upon being satisfied that a bridge built on such plan and with such accessory works and at such locality, will conform to the prescribed conditions of

Minneapolis, Sault Sainte Marie and Atlantic Railway Company to construct a bridge across the Saint Croix River, between Stillwater and Taylor's Falls, Minn.

Passage of railway trains, etc.

Rates of toll.

Not to impede free navigation.

Plans, etc., to be submitted to Secretary of War.

*Proviso.*  
Spans.

*Proviso.*  
Draw.

*Proviso.*  
Signals.  
*Proviso.*

Lights.

Approval of Secretary of War necessary before construction is commenced.

this act, to notify the company that he approves the same; and upon receiving such notification the said company may proceed to an erection of said bridge, conforming strictly to the approved plan and location; but until the Secretary of War approves the plan and location of said bridge and accessory works, and notify the company of the same, the bridge shall not be built; and should any change be made in the plan of the bridge or accessory works, during the progress of the work thereon, such change shall be subject likewise to the approval of the Secretary of War, not, however, to be in any wise inconsistent with the provisions or conditions of this act.

Declared a lawful structure and post-route.

Rates as to United States limited.

Right of way for postal-telegraph and telephone.

Right to amend, repeal, or change reserved.

Special structures as aids to passage of bridge, etc.

Penalty.

Same as sec. 5.

SEC 4. That any bridge and accessory works, when built and constructed under this act and according to the terms and limitations thereof shall be a lawful structure; and said bridge shall be recognized and known as a post route, upon which also no higher charge shall be made for the transmission over the same of the mails, the troops, and the munitions of war of the United States than the rate per mile paid for the transportation over the railroads or public highways leading to said bridge; and said bridge shall enjoy the rights and privileges of the other post-routes in the United States; and Congress reserves the right at any time to regulate by appropriate legislation the charges for freight and passengers over said bridge, and the United States shall have the right of way for postal-telegraph and telephone lines, free of charge, across said bridge.

SEC 5. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this act is hereby expressly reserved; and the right to require any changes in said structure, at the expense of the owners thereof, whenever Congress shall decide that the public interests require it, is also expressly reserved.

SEC. 6. That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of War to require the company or persons owning said bridge to cause such aids to the passage of said bridge authorized by the provisions of this act to be constructed, placed, and maintained, at their own cost and expense, in the form of booms, dikes, piers, or other suitable and proper structures for confining the flow of water to a permanent channel, and for the guiding of rafts, steamboats, and other water-craft safely through the draw and raft-spans, as shall be specified, in his order in that behalf; and on the failure of the company or persons aforesaid to make and establish such additional structures within a reasonable time, the said Secretary shall proceed to cause the same to be built or made at the expense of the United States, and shall refer the matter without delay to the Attorney General of the United States, whose duty it shall be to institute, in the name of the United States, proceedings in any circuit court of the United States in which such bridge or any part thereof, is located, for the recovery of the cost thereof, and all moneys accruing from such proceedings shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States.

SEC. 7. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this act is hereby expressly reserved; and the right to require any changes in said structure, at the expense of the owners thereof, whenever Congress shall decide that the public interests require it, is also expressly reserved.

Approved, February 25, 1885.

February 25, 1885.

CHAP. 145.—An act making appropriations to provide for the expenses of the Government of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, and for other purposes.

District of Columbia.  
Appropriations.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the half of the following sums named, respectively, is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and the other half out of the revenues of the District of Columbia, for the purposes following, being the estimated expenses of the Government of the District of Columbia

for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, namely :

GENERAL EXPENSES.

FOR SALARIES AND CONTINGENT EXPENSES.

For executive office: For two Commissioners, at five thousand dollars each; one Engineer Commissioner, nine hundred and twenty-four dollars (to make salary five thousand dollars); one secretary, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; one clerk, one thousand five hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; one messenger, six hundred dollars; one messenger, four hundred and eighty dollars; one driver, four hundred and eighty dollars; for contingent expenses, including printing, books, stationery, and other necessary items, in the discretion of the Commissioners, two thousand five hundred dollars; in all, twenty-one thousand two hundred and forty-four dollars. And the accounting officers of the Treasury are authorized and directed to credit the accounts of the ex-Commissioners of the District of Columbia accruing since eighteen hundred and seventy-eight with all such disbursements and expenditures, made in good faith, heretofore disallowed in the settlement of the same, wherein it shall satisfactorily appear that the money was paid for goods sold and delivered, work and labor done, materials furnished, or services rendered to the District in accordance with contracts and agreements made in good faith on behalf of the District, and also to adjust and settle equitably said accounts, allowing all payments made for expenses incurred in good faith for the benefit of the District.	Commissioners.  Secretary. Clerks.   Contingent expenses.   Disbursements and expenditures not allowed heretofore, to be credited.
For assessor's office: For one assessor, three thousand dollars; two assistant assessors, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; one clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand dollars; one license clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; one inspector of licenses, one thousand two hundred dollars; one assistant or clerk, nine hundred dollars; one clerk and messenger, nine hundred dollars; for contingent expenses, including printing, books, stationery, detection of frauds on the revenue, and other necessary items, one thousand dollars; in all, thirteen thousand six hundred dollars.	Assessor, assistant assessors, clerks, etc.   Contingent expenses.
For collector's office: For one collector, four thousand dollars; one cashier, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk of special assessments, one thousand seven hundred dollars; one bookkeeper, one thousand six hundred dollars; four clerks, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; one clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; one messenger, six hundred dollars; for contingent expenses, including printing, books, stationery, and other necessary items, eight hundred dollars; in all, seventeen thousand three hundred dollars.	Collector.   Contingent expenses.
For auditor's office: For one auditor, three thousand dollars; one chief clerk, who shall, in the necessary absence or inability from any cause of the auditor, perform his duties, without additional compensation, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one bookkeeper, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand six hundred dollars; two clerks, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; three clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; one messenger, six hundred dollars; for temporary clerk-hire, one thousand dollars; for contingent expenses, including books, stationery, and other necessary items, three hundred dollars; in all, sixteen thousand five hundred dollars.	Auditor, book-keeper, clerks, etc.   Temporary clerks. Contingent expenses.
For attorney's office: For one attorney, four thousand dollars; one assistant attorney, two thousand dollars; one special assistant attorney, nine hundred and sixty dollars; one clerk, nine hundred and sixty dollars; one messenger, one hundred and ninety-two dollars; for rent of office, one hundred dollars; for contingent expenses, including books,	Attorney, assistants, clerks, etc.   Rent; contingent expenses.

stationery, printing, and other necessary items, five hundred dollars; in all, eight thousand seven hundred and twelve dollars.

Sinking-fund office.

For sinking-fund office: For two clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; for contingent expenses, including books, stationery, printing, and miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars; in all, two thousand seven hundred dollars.

Coroner, jurors, etc.

For coroner's office: For one coroner, one thousand eight hundred dollars; for contingent expenses, including jurors' fees, stationery, books, blanks, removal of deceased persons, making autopsies, and holding inquests, seven hundred dollars; in all, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Engineer, chief clerk, clerks, etc.

For engineer's office: One chief clerk, one thousand nine hundred dollars; three clerks, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; one clerk, at one thousand four hundred dollars; four clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; three clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; one computing engineer, two thousand four hundred dollars; one inspector of buildings, two thousand four hundred dollars; one assistant inspector of buildings, one thousand two hundred dollars; one inspector of asphalt and cement, two thousand four hundred dollars; one inspector of gas and meters, who shall pay into the Treasury, to the credit of the United States and the District of Columbia in equal parts, all fees collected by him, two thousand dollars; one superintendent of streets, two thousand dollars; one superintendent of roads, one thousand four hundred dollars; one inspector of plumbing, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one assistant inspector of plumbing, one thousand dollars; one superintendent of lamps, nine hundred dollars; superintendent of parking, one thousand two hundred dollars; one assistant superintendent of parking, seven hundred dollars; one assistant engineer, one thousand six hundred dollars; two assistant engineers, at one thousand five hundred dollars each; one draughtsman, one thousand two hundred dollars; three rodmen, at seven hundred and eighty dollars each; three axmen, at six hundred and fifty dollars each; three inspectors of streets, sewers, and buildings, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; three market-masters, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; one market-master, at nine hundred dollars; one harbor-master, at one thousand two hundred dollars: *Provided*, That the fees

*Proviso as to fees of harbor-master.*

collected by said harbor-master shall be paid into the Treasury of the United States, to the credit of the United States and District of Columbia in equal parts; one janitor, seven hundred dollars; two messenger clerks, at six hundred dollars each; three messengers, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; three watchmen, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; two laborers, at three hundred and sixty dollars each; contingent expenses, including rent of property-yards, books, stationery, binding and preservation of records in the engineer's and surveyor's offices, printing, transportation (vehicles, animals, care of same, saddlery, forage, and repairs), and other necessary items and services, in all not to exceed five thousand dollars; for necessary expenses of office of inspector of gas and meters, for maintaining and keeping in good order and repair the laboratory and apparatus, eight hundred dollars; in all, sixty-five thousand six hundred and ninety dollars: *Provided*, That overseers or inspectors temporarily required in connection

*Proviso as to temporary inspectors.*

with sewer, street, or road work, or the construction or repair of buildings, done under contracts authorized by appropriations, shall be paid out of the sums appropriated for the work, and for the time actually engaged thereon; and the Commissioners of the District, in their annual report to Congress, shall report the number of such overseers and inspectors, and their work, and the sums paid to each, and out of what appropriation: *Provided further*, That the records of the surveyor of the District of Columbia shall be a part of the public property of the District of Columbia.

*Proviso.*  
Surveyors' records to be public property.

Miscellaneous.

*Proviso.*

For fuel, ice, gas, repairs, insurance, and general necessary expenses of District offices and markets, five thousand dollars: *Provided*, That

hereafter property belonging to the District of Columbia may be insured in advance for periods of five years or less.

For the purpose of defraying the expenses of the assessment of the real property of the District of Columbia, as provided by the act of March third, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, fifteen thousand dollars.

Insurance.

Defraying expenses of assessment of real property of District of Columbia.  
1883, ch. 137, vol. 22, p. 568.

#### FOR IMPROVEMENTS AND REPAIRS, AND FOR CARE AND REPAIR OF BRIDGES.

For repairs to concrete pavements, fifty thousand dollars; for materials for permit work, fifty thousand dollars; and the Commissioners of the District are authorized, in their discretion, to apply such material to the improvement and repair of alleys and sidewalks when, in their opinion, such course is necessary for the public health and comfort: *Provided*, That the costs of labor shall be charged against and become a lien on the abutting property, and its collection shall be enforced in the same manner as the collection of general taxes; for continuation of surveys of the District of Columbia with reference to the extension of various avenues to the District line, five thousand dollars; for lateral sewers, twenty-five thousand dollars; for work on sundry avenues and streets, and replacement of pavements named in Appendix Gg, annexed to the estimates of the Commissioners of the District for eighteen hundred and eighty-six, two hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars; in all, three hundred and ninety-five thousand dollars: *Provided*, That all moneys which have been or may hereafter be legally retained from contractors shall be invested in bonds of the United States or the District of Columbia and held by the Treasurer of the United States, and any sum which has been or shall be realized from such investments in excess of the amounts due to contractors, shall be deposited in the Treasury, to the credit of the United States and of the District of Columbia in equal parts.

Repairs of pavements, etc.

Materials

*Proviso.*

*Proviso.*  
Moneys retained from contractors.

For ordinary care of Benning's, Anacostia, and Chain Bridges, including fuel, oil, lamps, and matches, two thousand dollars; for draw-keeper at Anacostia Bridge, seven hundred and twenty dollars; for one bridge-keeper at Chain Bridge, six hundred and sixty dollars; and for repairing and maintaining bridges under the control of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, six thousand dollars; in all, nine thousand three hundred and eighty dollars.

Benning's, Anacostia, and Chain bridges.

#### WASHINGTON AQUEDUCT.

For engineering, maintenance, and general repairs, twenty thousand dollars.

Washington aqueduct.

General repairs.

For the redemption of four certificates of indebtedness issued by authority of section seven of the act of the legislative assembly approved June twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and seventy-three, dated July first, eighteen hundred and seventy-three, of the denomination of fifty dollars each, with interest, payable semi-annually, at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, numbered eight thousand five hundred and twenty-four, eight thousand five hundred and twenty-six, eight thousand five hundred and twenty-seven, and eight thousand five hundred and twenty-eight, payable July first, eighteen hundred and seventy-eight, three hundred and sixty-six dollars and ninety-six cents.

Redemption of certificates of indebtedness.

#### FOR MAINTAINING INSTITUTIONS OF CHARITY, REFORMATORIES, AND PRISONS.

For Washington Asylum: For one commissioner and intendant, one thousand two hundred dollars; one matron, six hundred dollars; one visiting physician, one thousand and eighty dollars; one resident physician, four hundred and eighty dollars; one clerk, six hundred dollars; one baker, four hundred and twenty dollars; one overseer, eight hun-

Washington Asylum.

dred dollars; five overseers, at six hundred dollars each; one engineer, six hundred dollars; one assistant engineer, three hundred dollars; four watchmen, at three hundred and sixty-five dollars each; one blacksmith, two hundred and forty dollars; one hostler, one hundred and twenty dollars; one ambulance driver, one hundred and twenty dollars; one cook, at one hundred and twenty dollars; two cooks, at sixty dollars each; four nurses, at sixty dollars each; one nurse, one hundred and eighty dollars; for contingent expenses, including improvements, provisions, fuel, forage, lumber, shoes, clothing, hardware, dry-goods, medicines, and other necessary items, thirty-eight thousand dollars; for conversion of magazine number one into a workhouse for females, twenty thousand dollars; in all, sixty-nine thousand six hundred and eighty dollars.

**Reform school.**

For Reform School: For one superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; assistant superintendent, nine hundred dollars; teachers and assistant teachers, three thousand dollars; matron of school, six hundred dollars; two assistant matrons of families, at one hundred and eighty dollars each; farmer, four hundred and eighty dollars; superintendent of chair-shop, seven hundred and twenty dollars; engineer, three hundred and thirty-six dollars; baker, cook, shoemaker, and tailor, at three hundred dollars each; two dining-room servants, seamstress, chambermaid, and laundress, at one hundred and forty-four dollars each; florist, two hundred and forty dollars; watchmen, not exceeding four in number, nine hundred and sixty dollars; secretary and treasurer, six hundred dollars; in all, eleven thousand six hundred and sixteen dollars.

**Support of inmates.**

For support of inmates, including groceries, flour, meats, dry-goods, leather and shoes, gas, fuel, hardware, table-ware, furniture, farm implements and seeds, harness and repairs to same, fertilizers, stationery and books, plumbing, painting and glazing, medicines and medical attendance, stock, fencing, and other necessary items, including compensation not exceeding six hundred dollars for additional labor or services, all in the discretion of the Commissioners of the District, twenty-five thousand dollars; and the proper accounting officers of the Treasury are hereby authorized to close the accounts of the Reform School for the fiscal years eighteen hundred and eighty-three and eighteen hundred and eighty-four, if the same can be done without the payment of any money from the Treasury; and hereafter all the revenues derived from the labor of the inmates and from the products of the farm shall be paid into the Treasury of the United States, to the credit of the United States and the District of Columbia in equal parts.

**Accounts ordered closed.**

Revenues to be paid into the Treasury of the United States.

**Georgetown Almshouse.**

For the Georgetown Almshouse: For the support of inmates, one thousand eight hundred dollars.

**Indigent insane.**

R. S. sec. 4844, p. 939.

R. S. sec. 4850, p. 940.

For support of the indigent insane of the District of Columbia in the Government Hospital for the Insane in said District, as provided in sections forty-eight hundred and forty-four and forty-eight hundred and fifty of the Revised Statutes, fifty-three thousand four hundred and sixty-two dollars.

**Transportation of paupers and prisoners to workhouse.**

For transportation of paupers and conveying prisoners to the workhouse, four thousand dollars.

**Charities.**

For the following charities, namely:

For the relief of the poor, fifteen thousand dollars. And hereafter the compensation of the physicians to the poor shall not exceed forty dollars per month each.

For the support and maintenance of the Columbia Hospital for Women and Lying-in Asylum, fifteen thousand dollars.

For the Women's Christian Association, five thousand dollars.

For the National Association for Destitute Colored Women and Children, six thousand five hundred dollars.

For the Children's Hospital, five thousand dollars.

For Saint Ann's Infant Asylum, five thousand dollars.

For maintenance of the Church Orphanage of the District of Columbia, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Church Orphanage.

For the purchase or construction of a building for the National Homeopathic Hospital Association of Washington, District of Columbia, fifteen thousand dollars, to be immediately available.

National Homeopathic Hospital.

For the construction of an additional building for the National Association for Destitute Colored Women and Children, eighteen thousand dollars, to be immediately available.

Building for National Association for Destitute Colored Women and Children.

For the Industrial School Home: For maintenance of inmates and salaries of superintendent and employees, the promotion of industries, construction of a stable and laundry, with appurtenances, and for fences and general repairs, and other necessary expenses, all in the discretion of the Commissioners, twelve thousand dollars; and hereafter all the revenues derived from the labor of the inmates shall be paid into the Treasury of the United States, to the credit of the United States and the District of Columbia in equal parts.

Industrial School Home.

Revenues to be paid into the Treasury of the United States.

### FOR STREETS.

For sweeping, cleaning, and sprinkling streets and avenues, forty-five thousand dollars; cleaning alleys, ten thousand dollars; for current work of repairs of streets, avenues, and alleys, twenty-five thousand dollars; current work on county roads and suburban streets, forty thousand dollars; cleaning and repairing lateral sewers and basins, twenty thousand dollars; cleaning tidal sewers and Rock Creek Basin, five thousand dollars; purchase of and repairs to pumps, three thousand dollars; in all, one hundred and forty-eight thousand dollars.

Streets; sweeping, etc.

For the parking commission: For contingent expenses, including laborers, cart-hire, trees, tree-boxes, tree-stakes, tree-straps, planting and care of trees, whitewashing, care of parks, and miscellaneous items, eighteen thousand dollars.

Parking.

For street-lamps: For illuminating material and lighting, extinguishing, repairing, and cleaning lamps on avenues, streets, and alleys, and for purchasing and erecting new lamp-posts, and to replace such as are old, damaged, and unfit for use, one hundred thousand dollars: *Provided*, That no more than twenty-two dollars per annum for each street-lamp shall be paid for gas, lighting, extinguishing, repairing, and cleaning, under any expenditure provided for in this act; and said lamps shall burn not less than two thousand six hundred hours per annum; and the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized to substitute other illuminating material for the same or less price, and to use so much of the sum hereby appropriated as may be necessary for that purpose: *Provided further*, That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia shall not be authorized to make any contract for gas or other illuminating material, in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph, for any longer period than one year.

Lamps.

*Proviso.*

Substituting other illuminating material.  
*Proviso.*

### FOR METROPOLITAN POLICE.

For one major and superintendent, two thousand six hundred dollars; one captain, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one lieutenant, night inspector, one thousand five hundred dollars; one property clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand five hundred dollars; one clerk, nine hundred dollars; four surgeons for the police and fire departments, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; for additional compensation to privates detailed from time to time for special service in the detection and prevention of crime, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary; nine lieutenants, at one thousand three hundred and twenty dollars each; twenty sergeants, at one thousand one hundred and forty dollars each; ninety-five privates, class one, at nine hundred dol-

Police.

Station-keepers.      lars each; one hundred and forty privates, class two, at one thousand eighty dollars each; seventeen station-keepers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; eight laborers, at four hundred and twenty dollars each; one messenger, seven hundred dollars; one messenger, five hundred dollars; one major and superintendent, mounted, two hundred and forty dollars; one captain, mounted, two hundred and forty dollars; twenty lieutenants, sergeants, and privates, mounted, at two hundred and forty dollars each; one driver, three hundred and sixty dollars; one ambulance driver, four hundred and eighty dollars; one assistant ambulance driver, three hundred dollars; rent of seventh precinct station-houses and substation at Uniontown, and police headquarters, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; for fuel, two thousand dollars; purchase of site and erection of new station in seventh precinct, fifteen thousand dollars; repairs to station-houses, one thousand five hundred dollars; miscellaneous and contingent expenses, including stationery, books, telegraphing, photographs, printing and binding, gas, ice, washing, meals for prisoners, furniture and repairs to same, police equipments and repairs to same, beds and bed-clothing, insignia of office, horses, harness, and forage, repairs to van and ambulance, patrol wagon and pay of driver, and expenses incurred in prevention and detection of crime, and other necessary items, eleven thousand dollars; in all, three hundred and thirty-nine thousand seven hundred and twenty dollars: *Provided*, That hereafter the Commissioners shall deduct one dollar each month from the pay of each policeman, which sum so deducted shall be added to and form a part of the present police fund, to be invested in United States or District bonds by the Treasurer of the United States, and be held by him subject to the drafts of the Commissioners for expenditures made in pursuance of law, and such expenditures shall be accounted for as required by law for other expenditures of the District; and said police fund shall be used for the relief of any policeman who, by injury received or disease contracted in line of duty, or having served not less than fifteen years, shall become so permanently disabled as to be discharged from service therefor; and in case of his death from such injury or disease, leaving a widow or children under sixteen years, for their relief: *Provided further*, That such relief shall not exceed for any one policeman or his family the sum of fifty dollars per month; and a sum not exceeding seventy-five dollars may be allowed from said fund to defray the funeral expenses of any policeman dying in the service of the District.

Contingent expenses.      To purchase for the seventh police precinct ten Gamewell alarm telegraph and telephone police stations, two thousand six hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Police relief fund.      Gamewell alarm telegraph and telephone police stations.

*Provided*.

#### FOR THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Fire department.      For one chief engineer, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one fire marshal, one thousand dollars; one clerk, nine hundred dollars; two foremen acting as assistant chief engineers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; seven foremen, at one thousand dollars each; seven engineers, at one thousand dollars each; seven firemen at eight hundred dollars each; two tillermen, at eight hundred dollars each; nine hostlers, at eight hundred dollars each; sixty privates, at seven hundred and eighty dollars each; three watchmen, at six hundred dollars each; one veterinary surgeon, three hundred dollars; repairs to engine-houses, one thousand dollars; for fuel, two thousand dollars; purchase of horses, two thousand five hundred dollars; forage, five thousand five hundred dollars; hose, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; repairs to apparatus and new appliances, four thousand dollars; contingent expenses, including office-rent, horse-shoeing, furniture, fixtures, washing, oil, medical and stable supplies, harness, blacksmithing, labor, gas, and other necessary items seven thousand five hundred dollars; in all, one hundred and eight thousand one hundred and fifty

dollars: *Provided*, That hereafter the Commissioners shall deduct one dollar each month from the pay of each fireman, which sum so deducted shall be kept as a firemen's relief fund, and be invested in United States or District bonds and held in manner provided in this act for the police fund, and shall be used for the relief of any fireman who, by injury received or disease contracted in line of duty, or having served not less than fifteen years, shall become so permanently disabled as to be discharged from service therefor; and in case of his death from such injury or disease, leaving a widow or children under sixteen years of age, for their relief: *Provided further*, That such relief shall not exceed for any one fireman or his family the sum of fifty dollars per month; and a sum not exceeding seventy-five dollars may be allowed from said fund to defray the funeral expenses of any fireman dying in the service of the District.

*Proviso.*  
Firemen's relief fund.

*Proviso.*

Telegraph and telephone service: For one general superintendent, one thousand six hundred dollars; one electrician, at one thousand two hundred dollars; two telegraph operators, at one thousand dollars each; three telephone operators, at six hundred dollars each; two repair men, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; one laborer, four hundred dollars; general supplies, repairs, new batteries and battery supplies, telephone rental, wire, extension of the telegraph and telephone service, repairs of lines, purchase of poles, insulators, brackets, pins, hardware, cross-arms, gas, fuel, ice, record-books, stationery, printing, office-rent, purchase of horse and harness, washing, blacksmithing, forage, extra labor, and other necessary items, seven thousand dollars; in all, fifteen thousand four hundred and forty dollars.

Telegraph and telephone service.

# COURTS.

For the police court: For one judge, three thousand dollars; one clerk, two thousand dollars; and hereafter the salary of said clerk shall be two thousand dollars per annum; one deputy clerk, one thousand dollars; two bailiffs, at three dollars per day each; one messenger, nine hundred dollars; one doorkeeper, five hundred and forty dollars; United States marshal's fees, one thousand four hundred dollars; contingent expenses, including compensation of a justice of the peace acting as judge of the police court during the absence of said judge, not exceeding three hundred dollars; books, stationery, fuel, ice, gas, witness fees, and other necessary items, three thousand dollars; for judicial expenses, two thousand five hundred dollars; in all, sixteen thousand two hundred and eighteen dollars.

Police court.

United States marshal's fees.  
Contingent expenses.

Judicial expenses.

# PUBLIC SCHOOLS, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Public schools.

For salaries of superintendents, teachers, and janitors, secretary of the board, and clerks, including additional teachers, rents, repairs, fuel, furniture, books, stationery, new school buildings, furniture for new school buildings, and other necessary items, five hundred and fifty-four thousand nine hundred and thirty dollars, namely:

Superintendents, teachers, and others.

For officers: For one superintendent, at two thousand seven hundred dollars; one superintendent, at two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; one clerk to committee on accounts, at three hundred dollars; one clerk to superintendent, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one clerk to superintendent, at eight hundred dollars; in all, seven thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For teachers, to be employed at a rate of compensation not to exceed the rate provided by the present schedule of salaries, and at an average salary not to exceed six hundred and seventy dollars, three hundred and ninety thousand dollars.

For janitors, and care of the several school buildings: For care of the high-school building, one thousand six hundred dollars; of the Jefferson building, one thousand four hundred dollars; of the Franklin build-

Janitors.

ing, one thousand one hundred dollars; of the Force, Seaton, Henry, Webster, Gales, Peabody, Wallach, Garnett, Sumner, Analoetan, and Dennison buildings, at nine hundred dollars each; of the Lincoln, Miner, and Stevens buildings, at eight hundred dollars each; of the Twining, Abbot, John F. Cook, and Randall buildings, at seven hundred dollars each; of the Curtis building, six hundred dollars; of the Cranch, Amidon, Morse, Brent, Bannaker, and two new buildings, five hundred dollars each; for one janitor and messenger to the board and superintendent of the first six divisions, three hundred dollars; for one janitor and messenger to the superintendent of the seventh and eighth divisions, two hundred dollars; for care of smaller buildings and rented rooms, at a rate not to exceed forty-eight dollars per annum for the care of each school-room, six thousand eight hundred and eighty dollars; in all, thirty thousand six hundred and eighty dollars: *Provided*, That hereafter the janitors of the principal school buildings, in addition to their other duties, shall do all minor repairs to buildings and furniture, glazing, fixing seats and desks, and take care of the heating apparatus, and shall be selected with reference to their qualifications to perform this work.

*Proviso.*  
Janitors' duties defined.

Rent of school buildings.  
Fuel, repairs, etc.  
Contingent expenses.

For rent of school buildings, seven thousand dollars; for fuel, twenty thousand dollars; repairs and improvements to school buildings and grounds, twenty thousand dollars; and for contingent expenses, including furniture, books, stationery, printing, insurance, and other necessary items, twenty thousand dollars; in all, sixty-seven thousand dollars.

New school buildings.  
Purchase of sites, etc.  
*Proviso.*  
Plans, etc.

For buildings for schools: For the purchase of sites, when necessary, and the erection and completion of new buildings, and for furniture for new school buildings, sixty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the plans and specifications for each of said buildings, and for all other buildings provided for in this act, shall be prepared by the inspector of buildings of the District of Columbia, and shall be approved by the Architect of the Capitol and the Commissioners of the District, and said buildings shall be constructed by the Commissioners in conformity therewith, and shall be contracted for and finished by the first day of July, eighteen hundred and eighty-six.

Miscellaneous expenses.

#### MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.

Items.

For repairs and replacement of public hay-scales, five hundred dollars; for rent of District offices, three thousand six hundred dollars; for general advertising, four thousand dollars; for books for register of wills, printing, checks, damages, and other necessary items, two thousand five hundred dollars; in all, ten thousand six hundred dollars.

#### HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Health officer, inspectors, and others.

For one health officer, three thousand dollars; six sanitary inspectors, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; two food inspectors, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; one inspector of marine products, one thousand two hundred dollars; for clerks and other assistants to the health officer, seven thousand dollars; one messenger, five hundred and forty dollars; one poundmaster, one thousand two hundred dollars; laborers, at not exceeding thirty dollars per month, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; and for contingent expenses, including books, stationery, fuel, rent, repairs to pound, and wagon for poundmaster, forage, meat for dogs, horseshoeing, maintenance of ambulance service, and other necessary items, four thousand three hundred and fifty dollars; erecting new iron pens for dogs at pound, two hundred dollars; removal of garbage, fifteen thousand dollars; repair of pest hospital, six hundred dollars; in all, forty-four thousand one hundred and thirty dollars.

Contingent expenses.

INTEREST AND SINKING-FUND.

For interest and sinking-fund on the funded debt, exclusive of water-bonds, one million two hundred and thirteen thousand nine hundred and forty-seven dollars and ninety-seven cents.

Funded debt.  
Interest and  
sinking fund.

For general contingent expenses of the District of Columbia, to be expended at the discretion of the Commissioners only in case of emergency, such as riot, pestilence, calamity by flood or fire, and of like character, not otherwise sufficiently provided for, five thousand dollars: *Provided*, That in the purchase of all articles provided for in this act no more than the market price shall be paid for any such articles, and all bids for any of such articles above the market price shall be rejected: *Provided further*, That hereafter all appropriations made for contingent expenses of the District of Columbia shall be expended under the direction and in the sole discretion of the Commissioners; but such expenditures shall be accounted for in the Treasury Department as other expenditures for the District, and a detailed statement of such expenditures shall be reported to Congress in accordance with section one hundred and ninety-three, Revised Statutes of the United States.

General contingent expenses.

*Proviso.*

*Proviso.*

Contingent expenses; how to be expended.

R. S., sec. 193, p. 30.

WATER DEPARTMENT.

The following sums are hereby appropriated to carry on the operations of the water department, to be paid wholly from its revenues unless otherwise provided: For one chief clerk, one thousand five hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; two clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; one clerk, nine hundred dollars; one superintendent, one thousand six hundred dollars; one messenger, six hundred dollars; one inspector, at three dollars per day, nine hundred and thirty-nine dollars; contingent expenses, including books, stationery, forage, advertising, printing, and other necessary items and services, two thousand four hundred dollars; engineers and firemen, coal, material, and for high service in Washington and Georgetown, pipe-distribution to high and low service, including public hydrants, fire-plugs, replacing the nine-inch with ten-inch fire-plugs, material and labor, repairing and laying new mains, and lowering mains, seventy-eight thousand dollars; interest and sinking-fund on water-stock bonds, forty-four thousand six hundred and ten dollars; for interest and sinking-fund on account of increasing the water-supply, as provided in the act of July fifteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, fifty-five thousand and forty-seven dollars and twenty-seven cents; in all, one hundred and eighty-nine thousand three hundred and ninety-six dollars and twenty-seven cents.

Water department.

Salaries.

Contingent expenses.

High service, etc.

Interest and sinking-fund on water-stock bonds.

Interest and sinking-fund on account of increase of water supply. 1882, vol. 22, ch. 294, p. 168.

Potomac water service extended.

And hereafter the supply of Potomac water may be extended to points in the District beyond the limits of Washington and Georgetown upon like terms and conditions as are provided by law for the supply of the same in those cities.

SEC. 2. That said Commissioners shall not make requisitions upon the appropriations from the Treasury of the United States for a larger amount during the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-six than they make on the appropriations arising from the revenues of said District; and the District of Columbia shall be allowed credit, as a part of its revenues, for one-half of all drawback certificates heretofore received or that may hereafter be received for general taxes under acts of June twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and seventy-nine, and July fifth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, less any of said drawback certificates already accredited thereto.

Requisitions on United States Treasury not to exceed those of District revenue.

Credit for half of drawback, under acts.

1879, vol. 21, ch. 41, p. 36.

Acte p. 132.

Approved, February 25, 1885.

February 25, 1885.

**CHAP. 146.**—An act authorizing the Secretary of War to adjust and settle the account for arms between the State of South Carolina and the Government of the United States.

Secretary of War to adjust and settle accounts for arms with the State of South Carolina.

Reducing overcharge in settlements, 1869.

Vol. 4, ch. 159, p. 169.

Amount paid to be in full.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to adjust the account for arms between the State of South Carolina and the Government of the United States, and balance the same by so reducing the overcharge made against said State in anno Domini eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, under the act approved the twenty-third of April, anno Domini eighteen hundred and eight, and the several acts amendatory thereof, as that the amounts paid on said account by said State for the ten years last past be taken in full satisfaction of the same.

Approved, February 25th, 1885.

February 25, 1885.

**CHAP. 147.**—An act for the erection of a public building at Chattanooga, Tennessee.

Chattanooga, Tenn.  
Public building.  
Site.

Plans, estimates, and cost.

*Proviso.*

Title.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to purchase a site for, and cause to be erected thereon, a suitable building, with fire-proof vaults therein, for the accommodation of the customs officers, United States courts, post-office, and other Government offices, at the city of Chattanooga, in the State of Tennessee. The plans, specifications, and full estimates for said building shall be previously made and approved according to law, and shall not exceed for the site and building complete the sum of one hundred thousand dollars: *Provided,* That the site shall leave the building unexposed to danger from fire in adjacent buildings by an open space of not less than forty feet, including streets and alleys; and no money appropriated for this purpose shall be available until a valid title to the site for said building shall be vested in the United States, nor until the State of Tennessee shall have ceded to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over the same, during the time the United States shall be or remain the owner thereof, for all purposes except the administration of the criminal laws of said State and the service of civil process therein.

Approved, February 25th, 1885.

February 25, 1885.

**CHAP. 148.**—An act for the erection of a public building at Keokuk, Iowa.

Keokuk, Iowa.  
Public building.  
Site.

Plans, estimates, and cost.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to purchase a site for, and cause to be erected thereon, a suitable building, with fire-proof vaults therein, for the accommodation of the United States courts, post-office, and other Government offices, in the city of Keokuk, Iowa. The plans, specifications, and full estimates for said building shall be previously made and approved according to law, and shall not exceed for the site and building complete the sum of one hundred thousand dollars. And it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury, after the site for said building shall have been purchased, to cause a plan and specifications of said building to be prepared, which said plan and specifications shall not involve an expenditure in the erection and completion of said building and the approaches thereto exceeding the portion of said one hundred thousand dollars remaining after the site of said building shall have been paid for; and no plan for said building shall be approved by the Secretary of the Treasury involving an ex-

penditure exceeding the sum so remaining after paying for the site of said building: *Provided*, That the site shall leave the building unexposed to danger from fire in adjacent buildings by an open space of not less than forty feet, including streets and alleys; and no money appropriated for this purpose shall be available until a valid title to the site for said building shall be vested in the United States, nor until the State of Iowa shall have ceded to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over the same, during the time the United States shall be or remain the owner thereof, for all purposes except the administration of the criminal laws of the State and the service of the civil process therein.

Approved, February 25, 1885.

**CHAP. 149.**—An act to prevent unlawful occupancy of the public lands.

February 25, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That all inclosures of any public lands in any State or Territory of the United States, heretofore or to be hereafter made, erected, or constructed by any person, party, association, or corporation, to any of which land included within the inclosure the person, party, association, or corporation making or controlling the inclosure had no claim or color of title made or acquired in good faith, or an asserted right thereto by or under claim, made in good faith with a view to entry thereof at the proper land-office under the general laws of the United States at the time any such inclosure was or shall be made, are hereby declared to be unlawful, and the maintenance, erection, construction, or control of any such inclosure is hereby forbidden and prohibited; and the assertion of a right to the exclusive use and occupancy of any part of the public lands of the United States in any State or any of the Territories of the United States, without claim, color of title, or asserted right as above specified as to inclosure, is likewise declared unlawful, and hereby prohibited.

Inclosure of public lands without title declared unlawful.

Maintenance of inclosure forbidden.

Assertion of right without title prohibited.

**SEC. 2.** That it shall be the duty of the district attorney of the United States for the proper district, on affidavit filed with him by any citizen of the United States that section one of this act is being violated showing a description of the land inclosed with reasonable certainty, not necessarily by metes and bounds nor by Governmental sub-divisions of surveyed lands, but only so that the inclosure may be identified, and the persons guilty of the violation as nearly as may be, and by description, if the name cannot on reasonable inquiry be ascertained, to institute a civil suit in the proper United States district or circuit court, or territorial district court, in the name of the United States, and against the parties named or described who shall be in charge of or controlling the inclosure complained of as defendants; and jurisdiction is also hereby conferred on any United States district or circuit court or territorial district court having jurisdiction over the locality where the land inclosed, or any part thereof, shall be situated, to hear and determine proceedings in equity, by writ of injunction, to restrain violations of the provisions of this act; and it shall be sufficient to give the court jurisdiction if service of original process be had in any civil proceeding on any agent or employee having charge or control of the inclosure; and any suit brought under the provisions of this section shall have precedence for hearing and trial over other cases on the civil docket of the court, and shall be tried and determined at the earliest practicable day. In any case if the inclosure shall be found to be unlawful, the court shall make the proper order, judgment, or decree for the destruction of the inclosure, in a summary way, unless the inclosure shall be removed by the defendant within five days after the order of the court.

United States district attorneys on complaints made to institute civil suits.

Jurisdiction of courts.

Such cases to have precedence.

Summary judgments.

Settlements and transit on and over public lands not to be obstructed.

*Proviso.*

Violators of these provisions held guilty of misdemeanor.

Penalty, fine and imprisonment.

President authorized to take necessary measures to remove unlawful inclosures.

No suit for unlawful inclosure of less than 160 acres without authority of Secretary of Interior.

Pending suits not affected.

SEC. 3. That no person, by force, threats, intimidation, or by any fencing or inclosing, or any other unlawful means, shall prevent or obstruct, or shall combine and confederate with others to prevent or obstruct, any person from peaceably entering upon or establishing a settlement or residence on any tract of public land subject to settlement or entry under the public land laws of the United States, or shall prevent or obstruct free passage or transit over or through the public lands: *Provided*, This section shall not be held to affect the right or title of persons, who have gone upon, improved or occupied said lands under the land laws of the United States, claiming title thereto, in good faith.

SEC. 4. That any person violating any of the provisions hereof, whether as owner, part owner, agent, or who shall aid, abet, counsel, advise, or assist in any violation hereof, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and fined in a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars and be imprisoned not exceeding one year for each offence.

SEC. 5. That the President is hereby authorized to take such measures as shall be necessary to remove and destroy any unlawful inclosure of any of said lands, and to employ civil or military force as may be necessary for that purpose.

SEC. 6. That where the alleged unlawful inclosure includes less than one hundred and sixty acres of land, no suit shall be brought under the provisions of this act without authority from the Secretary of the Interior.

SEC. 7. That nothing herein shall affect any pending suits to work their discontinuance, but as to them hereafter they shall be prosecuted and determined under the provisions of this act.

Approved, February 25th, 1885.

February 25, 1885.

**CHAP. 150.**—An act making appropriations for the consular and diplomatic service of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, and for other purposes.

Consular and diplomatic appropriations for the year ending June 30, 1886.

Envoys extraordinary and ministers plenipotentiary.

One envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary for Guatemala, Costa Rica, etc.

Residence.  
Turkey.

United States of Colombia.

Ministers resident.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the following sums be, and they are hereby, severally appropriated for the consular and diplomatic service of the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the objects hereinafter expressed, namely:

For salaries of envoys extraordinary and ministers plenipotentiary to Great Britain, France, Germany, and Russia, at seventeen thousand five hundred dollars each, seventy thousand dollars.

For salaries of envoys extraordinary and ministers plenipotentiary to Japan, China, Spain, Austria, Italy, Brazil, and Mexico, at twelve thousand dollars each, in all eighty-four thousand dollars.

For salaries of envoys extraordinary and ministers plenipotentiary to Chili and Peru, at ten thousand dollars each, twenty thousand dollars.

For salary of envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to be accredited to Guatemala, Costa Rica, Honduras, Salvador, and Nicaragua, and to reside at such place in either of said states as the President may direct, ten thousand dollars.

For salary of envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Turkey, ten thousand dollars.

For salary of envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to the United States of Colombia, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

For salaries of ministers resident in Belgium, Netherlands, Hawaiian Islands, and Sweden and Norway, at seven thousand five hundred dollars each, thirty thousand dollars.

For salaries of ministers resident and consuls-general in Venezuela

and Argentine Republic, at seven thousand five hundred dollars each, fifteen thousand dollars.

For salaries of ministers resident and consuls-general in Liberia, Switzerland, Denmark, Portugal, Siam, Persia, Corea, Hayti, and Bolivia, at five thousand dollars each, forty-five thousand dollars; and the minister resident and consul-general in Hayti shall also be accredited as charge d'affaires to Santo Domingo.

Chargé d'affaires.

For salary of minister resident and consul-general to Roumania, Servia, and Greece, six thousand five hundred dollars.

For salary of agent and consul-general at Cairo, five thousand dollars.

Agent and consul-general at Cairo.

For salary of agent to the States of the Congo Association, five thousand dollars; said agent to be charged with introducing and extending the commerce of the United States in the Congo Valley; and for such purpose the further sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Agent to States of the Congo Association.

For salary of charge d'affaires to Paraguay and Uruguay, five thousand dollars; and section sixteen hundred and eighty-one of the Revised Statutes of the United States is hereby repealed.

Chargé d'affaires. R. S., sec. 1681, p. 294, repealed.

For charges d'affaires ad interim and diplomatic officers abroad, twelve thousand dollars.

Chargé d'affaires ad interim.

For salaries of the secretaries of the legations in London, Paris, Berlin, and Saint Petersburg, at two thousand six hundred and twenty-five dollars each, ten thousand five hundred dollars.

Secretaries of legations.

For salary of the secretaries of legation in China and Japan, at two thousand six hundred and twenty-five dollars each, five thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; and section sixteen hundred and eighty of the Revised Statutes of the United States is hereby repealed.

R. S., sec. 1680, p. 294, repealed.

For salaries of the secretaries of the legations in Spain, Turkey, Austria, Italy, Brazil, and Mexico, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each, in all, ten thousand eight hundred dollars.

For salaries of the secretaries of the legations in Chili and Peru at one thousand five hundred dollars each, three thousand dollars.

For salaries of the second secretaries to the legations at London, Paris, and Berlin, at two thousand dollars each, six thousand dollars.

And hereafter no secretary or second secretary of any legation shall be entitled to or receive any compensation over and above his salary as such secretary for acting as charge d'affaires during the temporary or other absence without leave of the minister to whose duties he may succeed.

Secretary not to receive compensation above salary as secretary, for acting as charge d'affaires.

For salaries of second secretaries of the legations in Japan and China, who shall be American students of the language of the court and country to which they are appointed, respectively, and shall be allowed and required, under the direction of the Secretary of State, to devote their time to the acquisition of such language, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each, three thousand six hundred dollars.

Second secretaries of legations, Japan and China; duties.

For the salaries of interpreters to the legations in China, at three thousand dollars, and in Japan and Turkey, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; in all, eight thousand dollars. But no person drawing the salary of interpreter as above provided shall be allowed any part of the salary appropriated for any secretary of legation or other officer.

Interpreters to legations.

For secretary of legation and consul-general at Bogota, two thousand dollars.

Secretaries of legations.

For secretary of legation in Central American states and consul-general at Guatemala, two thousand dollars.

For salary of interpreter to the legation and consulate-general in Persia, one thousand dollars.

Interpreters to legations.

For salary of interpreter to the legation in Corea, one thousand dollars.

For salary of the clerk to the legation in Spain, one thousand two hundred dollars.

Clerk to legation in Spain.

Contingent expenses.

For the purpose of enabling the President to provide at the public expense all such stationery, blanks, record and other books, seals, presses, flags, and signs as he shall think necessary for the several legations in the transaction of their business, and also for rent, postage, telegrams, furniture, and traveling expenses, including for miscellaneous expenses fifteen thousand dollars, in all, seventy-five thousand dollars.

Miscellaneous.

Actual expenses.

For actual expenses incurred in bringing home from foreign countries persons charged with crime, five thousand dollars.

Loss by exchange in remittance of money.

For loss by exchange in remittances of money to and from legations, two thousand dollars.

To enable Secretary of State to comply with requirements of fourth section act August 3, 1882, vol. 22, ch. 378, p. 215.

To enable the Secretary of State to comply with the requirements of the fourth section of "An act regulating fees and the practice in extradition cases," approved August third, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, to be disbursed by the Secretary of State, five thousand dollars.

Rent of buildings for legation in China.

For rent of buildings for legation and other purposes at Peking, or such other place in China as shall be designated, three thousand one hundred dollars.

Repairing United States legation building at Tangier.

For repairing United States legation buildings at Tangier, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Cape Spartel and Tangier light.

For annual proportion of the expenses of Cape Spartel and Tangier light, on the coast of Morecco, including loss by exchange, three hundred and twenty-five dollars.

Printing and distributing publications by Department of State.  
*Proviso.*

For printing and distributing the publications by the Department of State of the consular and other commercial reports, including circular letters to chambers of commerce, twenty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That no part of such reports discussing partisan political, religious, or moral questions shall be published.

Contribution to maintenance of International Bureau of Weights and Measures ending June 30, 1886.  
1875, vol. 20, p. 709.

For contribution to the maintenance of the International Bureau of Weights and Measures for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, in conformity with the terms of the convention of May twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and seventy-five, the same, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be paid, under the direction of the Secretary of State, to said Bureau on its certificate of apportionment, two thousand two hundred and seventy dollars.

Transportation of the remains of ministers and consuls of United States to their former homes for interment.

For defraying the expenses of transporting the remains of ministers and consuls of the United States to their former homes in this country for interment, where such ministers or consuls have died or who may die abroad while in discharge of their official duties, ten thousand dollars.

#### Schedule B.

#### SCHEDULE B.

Consuls-general.

For salaries of the consuls-general at Constantinople and Rome, at three thousand dollars each, six thousand dollars.

For salaries of the consuls-general at London, Paris, Havana, and Rio de Janeiro, at six thousand dollars each, twenty-four thousand dollars.

For salaries of the consuls-general at Calcutta and Shanghai, at five thousand dollars each, ten thousand dollars.

For salary of the consul-general at Melbourne, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For salaries of the consuls-general at Berlin, Kanagawa, Montreal, Honolulu, and Panama, at four thousand dollars each, twenty thousand dollars.

For salaries of the consuls-general at Saint Petersburg, Frankfort, Halifax, Vienna, and in Ecuador, at three thousand dollars each, fifteen thousand dollars.

For salary of the consul-general at Mexico, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For salary of the consul at Liverpool (Great Britain), six thousand dollars.

For salary of the consul at Hong-Kong (Great Britain), five thousand dollars.

For salaries of thirteen consular clerks, fourteen thousand six hundred dollars. Consular clerks.

For salaries of consuls, vice-consuls, and commercial agents, three hundred and nineteen thousand dollars, namely: Consuls, vice-consuls, and commercial agents.

CLASS II.—At three thousand five hundred dollars per annum: Class two.

#### CHINA.

Foochow; Hankow; Canton; Amoy; Tien-Tsin; Chin-Kiang.

#### PERU.

Callao.

CLASS III.—At three thousand dollars per annum: Class three.

#### GREAT BRITAIN.

Ottawa; Manchester; Glasgow; Bradford; Demerara; Belfast; Singapore.

#### FRENCH DOMINIONS.

Havre.

#### SPANISH DOMINIONS.

Matanzas (Cuba).

#### MEXICO.

Vera Cruz.

#### UNITED STATES OF COLOMBIA.

Colou (Aspinwall).

#### JAPAN.

Nagasaki; Osaka and Hiogo.

#### CHILI.

Valparaiso.

CLASS IV.—At two thousand five hundred dollars per annum: Class four.

#### GREAT BRITAIN.

Tunstall; Birmingham; Sheffield; Dundee; Leith; Nottingham; Victoria (British Columbia).

#### FRENCH DOMINIONS.

Marseilles; Bordeaux; Lyons.

#### ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.

Buenos Ayres.

#### GERMANY.

Hamburg; Bremen; Dresden.

## SPANISH DOMINIONS.

Cienfuegos; Santiago de Cuba.

## BELGIUM.

Brussels; Antwerp.

## DANISH DOMINIONS.

Saint Thomas.

## TURKISH DOMINIONS.

Smyrna.

## GREECE.

Athens.

Class five.

CLASS V.—At two thousand dollars per annum:

## GREAT BRITAIN.

Cork; Dublin; Leeds; Toronto; Hamilton; Saint John (New Brunswick); Kingston (Jamaica); Nassau (New Providence); Cardiff; Port Louis (Mauritius); Sidney (New South Wales).

## VENEZUELA.

Maracaibo.

## TURKISH DOMINIONS.

Beirut; Jerusalem.

## SPANISH DOMINIONS.

San Juan (Porto Rico); Sagua la Grande (Cuba).

## BARBARY STATES.

Tangier.

## DOMINIONS OF THE NETHERLANDS.

Rotterdam.

## RUSSIA.

Odessa.

## GERMANY.

Sonneberg; Nuremberg; Barmen; Cologne; Chemnitz; Leipsic; Crefeld.

## AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

Trieste; Prague.

## SWITZERLAND.

Basle; Zurich.

## ITALY.

Palermo.

## MEXICO.

Acapulco; Matamoras.

**BRAZIL.**

Pernambuco.

**MADAGASCAR.**

Tamative.

**URUGUAY.**

Montevideo.

**HONDURAS.**

Tegucigalpa.

**COSTA RICA.**

San Jose.

**NICARAGUA.**

Managua; San Juan del Norte.

**SAN SALVADOR.**

San Salvador.

**PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.**

Manila.

**CLASS VI.**—At one thousand five hundred dollars per annum:

**Class six.**

**GREAT BRITAIN.**

Bristol; Newcastle; Auckland; Gibraltar; Cape Town; Saint Helena; Charlottetown (Prince Edward Island); Port Stanley (Falkland Islands); Clifton; Pictou; Winnipeg; Mahe; Kingston; Prescott; Port Sarnia; Quebec; Saint John's (Canada); Barbadoes; Bermuda; Fort Erie; Goderich (Canada West); Amherstburg (Canada West); Windsor (Canada West); Southampton; Ceylon; Antigua; Saint Stephen's; Malta.

**FRENCH DOMINIONS.**

Nice; Martinique; Guadeloupe.

**SPANISH DOMINIONS.**

Cadiz; Malaga; Barcelona.

**PORTUGUESE DOMINIONS.**

Fayal (Azores); Funchal.

**BELGIUM.**

Verviers and Liege.

**GERMANY.**

Munich; Stuttgart; Mannheim; Aix la Chapelle.

**DOMINIONS OF THE NETHERLANDS.**

Amsterdam.

**DANISH DOMINIONS.**

Copenhagen.

## FRIENDLY AND NAVIGATOR'S ISLANDS.

Apia.

## SWITZERLAND.

Geneva.

## ITALY.

Genoa; Naples; Milan; Leghorn; Florence; Messina.

## MEXICO.

Tampico; El Paso del Norte.

## VENEZUELA.

Laguayra; Puerto Cabello.

## PARAGUAY.

Ascunsion.

## BRAZIL.

Bahia; Para.

## SAN DOMINGO.

San Domingo.

## TURKISH DOMINIONS.

Sivas.

Schedule C.

## SCHEDULE C.

Class seven.

CLASS VII.—At one thousand dollars per annum:

## GREAT BRITAIN.

Gaspé Basin; Windsor (Nova Scotia); Bombay; Sierra Leone; Turk's Island.

## GERMANY.

Stettin.

## BELGIUM.

Ghent.

## FRENCH DOMINIONS.

Nantes; Algiers.

## ITALY.

Venice.

## HAYTI.

Cape Haytien.

## NETHERLANDS.

Batavia.

## BRAZIL.

Rio Grande del Sul.

HONDURAS.

Ruatan and Truxillo (to reside at Utila).

EASTERN AFRICA.

Mozambique.

MEXICO.

Guaymas; Nuevo Laredo; Piedras Negras.

MUSCAT.

Zanzibar.

PORTUGUESE DOMINIONS.

Santiago (Cape Verde Islands).

SOCIETY ISLANDS.

Tahiti.

SWEDEN AND NORWAY.

Christiana.

CHILI.

Talcahuano.

COMMERCIAL AGENCIES.

SCHEDULE C.

Commercial  
agencies.

Schedule C.

Saint Paul de Loando; Levuka; Gaboon.

And hereafter no consul or consul-general shall be entitled to or allowed any part of any salary appropriated for payment of a secretary or second secretary of legation or an interpreter.

Consuls not to  
be paid as secre-  
taries of legations  
or interpreters.

For allowance for clerks at consulates, forty-eight thousand eight hundred and eighty dollars, as follows:

Clerks at con-  
sulates.

For the consul at Liverpool, a sum not exceeding the rate of two thousand dollars for any one year; and for the consuls-general at London, Paris, Havana, and Rio de Janeiro, each a sum not exceeding the rate of one thousand six hundred dollars for any one year; for the consuls-general at Berlin, Frankfort, Vienna, Shanghai, Montreal, and Kana-gawa, and for the consuls at Hamburg, Bremen, Manchester, Lyons, Hong-Kong, Havre, Crefeld, and Chemnitz, each a sum not exceeding the rate of one thousand two hundred dollars for any one year; and for the consuls at Bradford and Birmingham, each a sum not exceeding the rate of nine hundred and sixty dollars for any one year; for the consuls-general at Calcutta, Port au Prince, Hayti, and Melbourne, and for the consuls at Leipsic, Sheffield, Sonneberg, Dresden, Marseilles, Nurem-berg, Tunstall, Antwerp, Bordeaux, Colon (Aspinwall), Singapore, and Glasgow, each a sum not exceeding the rate of eight hundred dollars for any one year; for the consuls at Belfast, Barmen, Leith, Dundee, Victoria, and Matamoras, and for the consul-general at Halifax, each a sum not exceeding the rate of six hundred and forty dollars for any one year; for the consul-general at Mexico, and for the consuls at Malaga, Naples, Genoa, Stuttgart, Florence, Mannheim, Prague, Zurich, Panama, and Demerara, each a sum not exceeding the rate of four hundred and eighty dollars for any one year.

For an additional allowance for clerks at consulates, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of State, at consulates not herein provided for in respect to clerk-hire, no greater portion of this sum than four hundred dollars to be allowed to any one consulate in any one

Additional com-  
pensation to clerks  
at consulates.

**proviso.**

fiscal year, ten thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the total sum expended in any one year shall not exceed the amount herein appropriated.

Consular officers not citizens of United States. For consular officers not citizens of the United States, six thousand dollars.

Interpreters at consulates in China and Japan. *Provisos.* For salaries of interpreters to be employed at consulates in China and Japan, twelve thousand dollars: *Provided*, That not more than one thousand two hundred dollars shall be expended for interpreting at any one consulate or consulate general: *And provided further*, That no person otherwise receiving a salary in any capacity whatever from the United States shall be entitled to any part of the above sum.

Interpreters, etc., in Turkey.

For interpreters and guards at the consulates at Constantinople, Smyrna, Cairo, Jerusalem, and Beirut, in the Turkish dominions, and at Seoul, in Corea, four thousand dollars.

Marshals of consular courts.

For salaries of seven marshals for the consular courts in Japan, China, and Turkey, seven thousand dollars.

Steam-launch at Constantinople.

For hiring of steam-launch for use of the legation at Constantinople, one thousand dollars.

Boat and crew for consul at Osaka and Hiogo.

For boat for official use of United States consul at Osaka and Hiogo, and for pay of boat's crew, five hundred dollars.

Cost and expense of exchange of money.

For the actual cost and expense of making exchange of money to and from the several consulates and consulates-general, three thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses.

For the expense of providing all such stationery, blanks, record and other books, seals, presses, flags, signs, rent, postage, furniture, statistics, newspapers, freight foreign and domestic, telegrams, advertising, messenger service, including six thousand dollars for other miscellaneous expenses as the President may think necessary for the several consulates and commercial agencies in the transaction of their business, one hundred and ten thousand dollars.

Interpreter to consulate-general in Bangkok.

For the salary of an interpreter to the consulate-general in Bangkok, Siam, five hundred dollars.

Prison and prison-keeper at consulate-general in Bangkok.

For the expense of a prison and prison-keeper at the consulate-general in Bangkok, Siam, one thousand dollars.

Rent of prisons.

For the actual expense of renting a prison at Shanghai for American convicts in China, seven hundred and fifty dollars; and for the wages of a keeper of such prison, eight hundred dollars; in all, one thousand five hundred and fifty dollars.

For the actual expense of renting a prison in Kanagawa for American convicts in Japan, seven hundred and fifty dollars; and for the wages of a keeper of such prison, eight hundred dollars; in all, one thousand five hundred and fifty dollars.

Expense of keeping prisoners. *Provisos.*

For the purpose of paying for the keeping and feeding of prisoners in China, Japan, Siam, and Turkey, nine thousand dollars: *Provided*, That no more than seventy-five cents per day for the keeping and feeding of each prisoner, while actually confined, shall be allowed or paid for any such keeping and feeding: *And provided further*, That no allowance shall be made for the keeping or feeding of any prisoner who is able to pay or does pay the above sum of seventy-five cents per day; and the consular officer shall certify to the fact of inability in every case.

Rent of prison in Turkey.

For rent of prisons for American convicts in Turkey, and for wages of keepers of the same, one thousand dollars.

Relief of American seamen.

For relief and protection of American seamen in foreign countries, fifty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Support of hospital at Panama.

For annual contribution toward the support of the foreign hospital at Panama, three hundred dollars, to be paid by the Secretary of State upon the assurance that suffering seamen and citizens of the United States will be admitted to the privileges of said hospital.

Rescue from shipwreck.

For expenses which may be incurred in the acknowledgment of the

services of masters and crews of foreign vessels in rescuing American seamen or citizens from shipwreck, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For the payment, under the provisions of section seventeen hundred and forty-nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States, of the widows or heirs-at-law of diplomatic or consular officers of the United States dying in foreign countries in the discharge of their duties, five thousand dollars.

To pay the expense of a preliminary search, to be made under the direction of the Department of State, of the records of the French prize courts or other French archives from seventeen hundred and ninety-two to eighteen hundred and one, inclusive, to ascertain whether any evidence or documents relating to the claims of American citizens for spoliations committed by the French prior to the thirty-first of July, eighteen hundred and one, still exist, and, if so, the nature and character thereof, the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, the same to be immediately available.

To enable the President to meet unforeseen emergencies arising in the diplomatic and consular service, and to extend the commercial and other interests of the United States, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Approved, February 25, 1885.

Payment to widows or heirs-at-law of diplomatic or consular officers.  
R. S., sec. 1749, p. 311.

For search for evidence as to French spoliation by Department of State.

To enable the President to meet unforeseen emergencies.

**CHAP. 160.**—An act to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to convey land in Providence, Rhode Island, for highway purposes. February 26, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to convey to the city of Providence, in the State of Rhode Island, for highway purposes, such portion of the old custom-house lot, so called, owned by the United States, situated on the northwesterly corner of South Main street and Custom avenue, in said city, as may be required for the widening of said South Main street, upon the application for such widening now pending in the supreme court of Rhode Island.

**SEC. 2.** That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to agree with the city of Providence upon the amount of compensation to be paid the United States for said land and damages to the building on said lot, and to receive such amount in full payment therefor.

Approved, February 26, 1885.

Providence, R. I.  
Secretary of Treasury to convey certain land to, for widening street.

Secretary to agree with city as to compensation for land and damages.

**CHAP. 161.**—An act for the erection of a public building at Macon, Georgia. February 26, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to purchase a site for, and cause to be erected thereon, a suitable building, with fire-proof vaults therein, for the accommodation of the United States circuit and district courts, post-office, and other Government offices, at the city of Macon, Georgia. The plans, specifications, and full estimates for said building shall be previously made and approved according to law, and shall not exceed for the site and building complete the sum of one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the site shall leave the building unexposed to danger from fire in adjacent buildings by an open space of not less than forty feet, including streets and alleys; and no money appropriated for this purpose shall be available until a valid title to the site for said building shall be vested in the United States, nor until the State of Georgia shall have ceded to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over the same, during the time the United

Macon, Ga.  
Public building.  
Site.

Plans; cost.

*Proviso.*

Title.

States shall be or remain the owner thereof, for all purposes except the administration of the criminal laws of said State and the service of civil process therein.

Approved, February 26, 1885.

February 26, 1885. **CHAP. 162.**—An act to enlarge the United States custom-house at Richmond, Virginia.

Richmond, Va. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the sum of one hundred thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the enlargement of the United States custom-house at Richmond, Virginia.

U. S. custom-house to be enlarged.  
Appropriation.  
Disbursements; how made.

**SEC. 2.** That said sum shall be expended upon the order of the Secretary of the Treasury, and under his direction, upon plans, specifications, and estimates previously made and approved according to law.

Approved, February 26, 1885.

February 26, 1885. **CHAP. 163.**—An act to amend an act entitled "An act to increase the water-supply of the city of Washington, and for other purposes."

Act to increase water supply of the city of Washington, etc.  
1882, vol. 22, ch. 294, p. 168, amended.  
Time for accepting appraised value of lands or suing in Court of Claims extended one year.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the time fixed by the act entitled "An act to increase the water-supply of the city of Washington, and for other purposes," approved July fifteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, within which owners of or parties interested in lands condemned or taken under the provisions of said act may accept the appraised value made or to be hereafter made under said act, or owners or persons interested in such lands who have declined or may hereafter decline to accept the appraised value of such lands, and have elected or may elect to file a petition in the Court of Claims under the provisions of said act, be, and the same is hereby, extended for one year from the passage of this act, notwithstanding the limitation provided by said act.

Approved, February 26, 1885.

February 26, 1885. **CHAP. 164.**—An act to prohibit the importation and migration of foreigners and aliens under contract or agreement to perform labor in the United States, its Territories, and the District of Columbia.

Prepayment for transportation of, or assisting foreign emigrants under contract for labor or service made previous to emigration, unlawful.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That from and after the passage of this act it shall be unlawful for any person, company, partnership, or corporation, in any manner whatsoever, to prepay the transportation, or in any way assist or encourage the importation or migration of any alien or aliens, any foreigner or foreigners, into the United States, its Territories, or the District of Columbia, under contract or agreement, parol or special, express or implied, made previous to the importation or migration of such alien or aliens, foreigner or foreigners, to perform labor or service of any kind in the United States, its Territories, or the District of Columbia.

Such contracts void.

**SEC. 2.** That all contracts or agreements, express or implied, parol or special, which may hereafter be made by and between any person, company, partnership, or corporation, and any foreigner or foreigners, alien or aliens, to perform labor or service or having reference to the performance of labor or service by any person in the United States, its Territories, or the District of Columbia previous to the migration or

importation of the person or persons whose labor or service is contracted for into the United States, shall be utterly void and of no effect,

SEC. 3. That for every violation of any of the provisions of section one of this act the person, partnership, company, or corporation violating the same, by knowingly assisting, encouraging or soliciting the migration or importation of any alien or aliens, foreigner or foreigners, into the United States, its Territories, or the District of Columbia, to perform labor or service of any kind under contract or agreement, express or implied, parol or special, with such alien or aliens, foreigner or foreigners, previous to becoming residents or citizens of the United States, shall forfeit and pay for every such offence the sum of one thousand dollars, which may be sued for and recovered by the United States or by any person who shall first bring his action therefor including any such alien or foreigner who may be a party to any such contract or agreement, as debts of like amount are now recovered in the circuit courts of the United States; the proceeds to be paid into the Treasury of the United States; and separate suits may be brought for each alien or foreigner being a party to such contract or agreement aforesaid. And it shall be the duty of the district attorney of the proper district to prosecute every such suit at the expense of the United States.

Penalty for violation of first section, fine; how recovered.

SEC. 4. That the master of any vessel who shall knowingly bring within the United States on any such vessel, and land, or permit to be landed, from any foreign port or place, any alien laborer, mechanic, or artisan who, previous to embarkation on such vessel, had entered into contract or agreement, parol or special, express or implied, to perform labor or service in the United States, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars for each and every such alien laborer, mechanic or artisan so brought as aforesaid, and may also be imprisoned for a term not exceeding six months.

Master of vessel, knowingly bringing such emigrant laborer, guilty of misdemeanor, punishable by fine or imprisonment.

SEC. 5. That nothing in this act shall be so construed as to prevent any citizen or subject of any foreign country temporarily residing in the United States, either in private or official capacity, from engaging, under contract or otherwise, persons not residents or citizens of the United States to act as private secretaries, servants, or domestics for such foreigner temporarily residing in the United States as aforesaid; nor shall this act be so construed as to prevent any person, or persons, partnership, or corporation from engaging, under contract or agreement, skilled workman in foreign countries to perform labor in the United States in or upon any new industry not at present established in the United States: *Provided*, That skilled labor for that purpose cannot be otherwise obtained; nor shall the provisions of this act apply to professional actors, artists, lecturers, or singers, nor to persons employed strictly as personal or domestic servants: *Provided*, That nothing in this act shall be construed as prohibiting any individual from assisting any member of his family or any relative or personal friend, to migrate from any foreign country to the United States, for the purpose of settlement here.

Foreigners temporarily residing in the United States may engage other foreigners as private secretaries, servants, etc.

Skilled workman in foreign countries may be engaged to perform labor in any new industry not established in the United States.

*Proviso.*

Artists, lecturers, servants, etc., excepted.

*Proviso*, as to assisting relatives and friends.

SEC. 6. That all laws or parts of laws conflicting herewith be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

Laws conflicting herewith, repealed.

Approved, February 26, 1885.

CHAP. 165.—An act to authorize the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi River at Memphis, Tennessee. February 26, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the Tennessee and Arkansas Bridge Company, a corporation organized and created under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Arkansas, and the Tennessee Construction and Contracting Company, a corporation organized and created under and by virtue of the laws of Tennessee, be, and the same

Bridge across Mississippi River at Memphis Tenn., may be constructed by the Tennessee and Arkansas

Bridge Company, and the Tennessee Construction and Contracting Company.

Passage of railway trains, etc.

Toll.

Declared a post-route and lawful structure.

Spans.

Free navigation to be preserved.

Proviso.

Railroad companies to have equal rights, for compensation; Secretary of War to decide in case of failure of companies to agree.

Proviso, as to, sec. 2.

Secretary of War to prescribe regulations for security of navigation.

Maps, plans, etc., to be submitted to the Secretary of War for approval.

are hereby, jointly authorized and empowered to erect, construct, and maintain a bridge over the Mississippi River from or near Memphis, in the State of Tennessee, to or near the town of Hopefield, in the State of Arkansas. Said bridge shall be constructed to provide for the passage of railway trains, and, at the option of the corporations by which it may be built, may be used for the passage of wagons and vehicles of all kinds, for the transit of animals, and for foot passengers, for such reasonable rates of toll as may be approved from time to time by the Secretary of War.

SEC. 2. That any bridge built under this act and subject to its limitations shall be a lawful structure, and shall be recognized and known as a post-route, upon which also no higher charge shall be made for the transmission over the same of the mails, the troops, and the munitions of war of the United States, or for passengers or freight passing over said bridge, than the rate per mile paid for the transportation over the railroad or public highways leading to the said bridge; and it shall enjoy the rights and privileges of other post roads in the United States.

SEC. 3. That said bridge shall be made with unbroken and continuous spans; two spans thereof shall not be less than five hundred and fifty feet in length in the clear, and no span shall be less than three hundred feet in the clear. The lowest part of the superstructure of said bridge shall be at least sixty-five feet above extreme high-water mark, as understood at the point of location, and the bridge shall be at right angles to and its piers parallel with the current of the river. No bridge shall be erected or maintained under the authority of this act which shall at any time substantially or materially obstruct the free navigation of said river; and if any bridge erected under such authority shall, in the opinion of the Secretary of War, obstruct such navigation, he is hereby authorized to cause such change or alteration of said bridge to be made as will effectually obviate such obstruction; and all such alterations shall be made and all such obstructions be removed at the expense of the owner or owners of said bridge. And in case of any litigation arising from any obstruction or alleged obstruction to the free navigation of said river, caused or alleged to be caused by said bridge, the case may be brought in the circuit court of the United States in which any portion of said obstruction or bridge may be located: *Provided further*, That nothing in this act shall be so construed as to repeal or modify any of the provisions of law now existing in reference to the protection of the navigation of rivers, or to exempt this bridge from the operation of the same.

SEC. 4. That all railroad companies desiring the use of said bridge shall have and be entitled to equal rights and privileges relative to the passage of railway trains or cars over the same, and over the approaches thereto, upon payment of a reasonable compensation for such use; and in case the owner or owners of said bridge and the several railroad companies, or any one of them, desiring such use shall fail to agree upon the sum or sums to be paid, and upon rules and conditions to which each shall conform in using said bridge, all matters at issue between them shall be decided by the Secretary of War, upon a hearing of the allegations and proofs of the parties: *Provided*, That the provisions of section two in regard to charges for passengers and freight across said bridge shall not govern the Secretary of War in determining any question arising as to the sum or sums to be paid to the owners of said bridge by said railroad companies for the use of said bridge.

SEC. 5. That any bridge authorized to be constructed under this act shall be built and located under and subject to such regulations for the security of navigation of said river as the Secretary of War shall prescribe; and to secure that object the said companies or corporations shall submit to the Secretary of War, for his examination and approval, a design and drawings of the bridge, and a map of the location, giving, for the space of two miles above and two miles below the proposed location, the topography of the banks of the river, the shore-lines at extreme

high and low water, the direction and strength of the currents at all stages, and the soundings, accurately showing the bed of the stream, the location of any other bridge or bridges, and shall furnish such other information as may be required for a full and satisfactory understanding of the subject; and until the said plan and location of the bridge are approved by the Secretary of War the bridge shall not be built; and should any change be made in the plan of said bridge during the progress of construction, such change shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of War.

SEC. 6. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this act is hereby expressly reserved; and the right to require any changes in said structure, or its entire removal, at the expense of the owners thereof, whenever Congress shall decide that the public interests require it, is also expressly reserved.

Specified rights of the United States reserved.

SEC. 7. That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of War, on satisfactory proof that a necessity exists therefor, to require the companies or persons owning said bridge to cause such aids to the passage of said bridge to be constructed, placed, and maintained at their own cost and expense, in the form of booms, dikes, piers, or other suitable and proper structures for the guiding of rafts, steamboats, and other water-craft safely through the passage-way, as shall be specified in his order in that behalf; and on failure of the company or persons aforesaid to make and establish such additional structures within a reasonable time, the said Secretary shall proceed to cause the same to be built or made at the expense of the United States, and shall refer the matter without delay to the Attorney-General of the United States, whose duty it shall be to institute, in the name of the United States, proceedings in any circuit court of the United States in which such bridge or any part thereof, is located for the recovery of the cost thereof; and all moneys accruing from such proceedings shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States.

Special structures as aids to passage of bridge, etc.

Penalty.

Approved, February 26, 1885.

**CHAP. 166.**—An act authorizing the printing of two thousand five hundred extra copies of the Annual Report of the Health Officer of the District of Columbia. February 26, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Public Printer be, and he is hereby, authorized to print two thousand five hundred extra copies of the Annual Report of the Health Officer of the District of Columbia; one hundred for the use of the Senate, three hundred and fifty for the use of the House of Representatives, and two thousand and fifty for the use of the said Health Officer of the District of Columbia

Annual Report of the Health Officer of the District of Columbia. Printing extra copies.

Approved, February 26, 1885.

**CHAP. 260.**—An act for the erection of a public building at La Crosse, Wisconsin. February 28, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to purchase a site for, and cause to be erected thereon, a suitable building, with fire-proof vaults therein, for the accommodation of the United States district and circuit courts, internal-revenue office, post-office, and other Government offices, at the city of La Crosse, Wisconsin. The plans, specifications, and full estimates for said building shall be previously made and approved according to law, and shall not exceed for the site and building complete the sum of one hundred thousand dollars; and it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury, after the site for said building

La Crosse, Wis. Public building. Purchase of site.

Plans; cost.

shall have been purchased to cause plans and specifications of said building to be prepared, which said plans and specifications shall not involve an expenditure in the erection and completion of said building exceeding the portion of one hundred thousand dollars remaining after the site of said building shall have been paid for. No plan shall be approved by the Secretary of the Treasury involving an expenditure exceeding the sum which remains after paying for the site of said building: *Provided*, That the site shall leave the building unexposed to danger from fire in adjacent buildings by an open space of not less than fifty feet, including streets and alleys; and that no money appropriated for this purpose shall be available until a valid title to the site for said building shall be vested in the United States, nor until the State of Wisconsin shall have ceded to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over the same, during the time the United States shall be or remain the owners thereof, for all purposes except the administration of the criminal laws of said State and the service of civil process therein.

**Proviso.** SEC. 2. That the sum of one hundred thousand dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this act.

**Title.**

**Appropriation.**

Approved, February 28, 1885.

February 28, 1885. **CHAP. 261**—An act to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to erect a public building in the city of Key West, Florida.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to select, of the lands owned by the United States in the city of Key West, Florida, a suitable building site, and to cause to be erected thereon a suitable brick or stone building for the use and accommodation of the United States district and circuit courts, custom-house, post-office, and other Government offices in that city, at a cost not exceeding one hundred thousand dollars; and the building hereby authorized shall be so erected as to afford an open space of not less than forty feet between it and any other building; and the sum of one hundred thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose herein mentioned: *Provided*, That no money appropriated for said building and land shall be available until a valid title to the site selected is vested in the United States, nor until the State of Florida shall cede to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over the same, during the time the United States shall be or remain the owner thereof, for all purposes except the administration of the criminal laws of said State and the service of any civil process therein.

**Key West, Fla.**  
**Public building.**  
**Site.**

**Cost.**

**Appropriation.**  
**Proviso.**  
**Title.**

Approved, February 28, 1885.

February 28, 1885. **CHAP. 262**—An act for the erection of a public building at Sacramento, California.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to purchase a site for, and cause to be erected thereon, a suitable building, with fire-proof vaults therein, for the accommodation of the post-office, land-office, internal-revenue office, signal-office, and other Government offices, at the city of Sacramento, California. The plans, specifications, and full estimates for said building shall be previously made and approved ac-

**Sacramento, Cal.**  
**Public building.**  
**Site.**

**Plans, cost, etc.**

cording to law, and shall not exceed for the site and building complete the sum of one hundred thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the site shall leave the building unexposed to danger from fire in adjacent buildings by an open space of not less than forty feet, including streets and alleys; and no money appropriated for this purpose shall be available until a valid title to the site for said building shall be vested in the United States, nor until the State of California shall have ceded to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over the same, during the time the United States shall be or remain the owner thereof, for all purposes except the administration of the criminal laws of said State and the service of civil process therein.

*Provided.*

*Title.*

Approved, February 28, 1885.

**CHAP. 263.**—An act to amend chapter four hundred and sixty-four of the acts of the first session of the Forty-seventh Congress, entitled "An act to provide for a public building at the city of Fort Wayne, in the State of Indiana." February 28, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That in the fifteenth line of the first section of the above-recited act the same be, and is hereby, amended to read "one hundred and seventy-five" instead of "one hundred," so that the limitation therein contained will be in the sum of one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars instead of the sum of one hundred thousand dollars.

Fort Wayne, Ind.  
Public building.  
1882, vol. 22, ch.  
464, p. 369, amend-  
ed.

**SEC. 2.** That it being necessary in order to secure the proper commencement and construction of a building adapted to the varied uses for which the structure therein contemplated is required, the sum of of fifty thousand dollars is hereby appropriated therefor out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury.

Increased appro-  
priation.

Approved, February 28, 1885.

**CHAP. 264.**—An act to authorize the increase of the capital stock of the Commercial National Bank of Chicago. February 28, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the Commercial National Bank of Chicago, in the State of Illinois, is hereby authorized to increase its capital stock, in accordance with existing laws, to any sum not exceeding two millions of dollars, notwithstanding the limit heretofore fixed in its original articles of association and determined by the Comptroller of the Currency; and the Comptroller of the Currency is hereby authorized to fix the limit of the increase of the capital stock of the Commercial National Bank of Chicago at the amount of two millions of dollars: *Provided*, That two-thirds of the stockholders shall consent thereto.

Commercial National Bank of Chicago.  
Increase of capital stock.

Limit of increase.  
*Provide.*

Approved, February 28, 1885.

**CHAP. 265.**—An act to declare a forfeiture of lands granted to the Texas Pacific Railroad Company, and for other purposes. February 28, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That all lands granted to the Texas Pacific Railroad Company under the act of Congress entitled "An act to incorporate the Texas Pacific Railroad Company and to aid

Forfeiture of lands granted to the Texas Pacific Railroad Company under act.

1871, vol. 16, ch.  
122, p. 573.

*Proviso.*

1875, vol. 18, ch.  
196, p. 519, re-  
pealed.

in the construction of its road, and for other purposes," approved March third, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, and acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto, be, and they are hereby, declared forfeited, and the whole of said lands restored to the public domain and made subject to disposal under the general laws of the United States, as though said grant had never been made: *Provided*, That the price of the lands so forfeited and restored shall be the same as heretofore fixed for the even sections within said grant

SEC 2. That the act of March third, eighteen hundred and seventy-five, entitled "An act for the relief of settlers within railroad limits," is hereby repealed.

Approved, February 28, 1885.

March 2, 1885.

**CHAP. 314.**—An act to provide for the purchase of a site and the erection of a public building thereon at Detroit, Michigan.

Detroit, Mich.  
Public building.  
Purchase of site.

Plans; cost.

*Proviso.*

Title.

*Proviso.*  
Secretary of  
Treasury to select  
site.

*Proviso.*

Cost limited.

Plan for build-  
ing to be rejected  
if the cost exceed  
the sum remaining  
after paying for  
site.

Conditional sale  
of United States  
property.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to purchase a suitable lot of land in the city of Detroit, county of Wayne, and State of Michigan, and cause to be erected on the ground so purchased a building suitable for the accommodation of the courts of the United States, of the custom-house, post-office, pension office, and other Government offices in that city. The plans, specifications, and full estimates for said building shall be previously made and approved according to law, and shall not exceed for the site and building complete the sum of nine hundred thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the site shall leave the building unexposed to danger from fire in adjacent buildings by an open space of not less than forty feet, including streets and alleys; and no money appropriated for this purpose shall be available until a valid title to the site for said building shall be vested in the United States, nor until the State of Michigan shall have ceded to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over the same, during the time the United States shall be or remain the owner thereof, for all purposes except the administration of the criminal laws of said State and the service of civil process therein: *Provided*, That if the Secretary of the Treasury shall deem it advisable to use for said purpose the site now owned by the United States, upon part of which the post-office and custom-house building now stands, he may do so; and should he further deem said site insufficient, he may enlarge the same by the purchase of additional adjoining ground: *Provided, however*, That if a new site shall be purchased for said building as hereinbefore authorized it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury, after the site for said building shall have been purchased, to cause a plan and specifications of said building to be prepared, which said plan and specifications shall not involve an expenditure in the erection and completion of said building and the approaches thereto exceeding the portion of said nine hundred thousand dollars remaining after the site of said building shall have been paid for; and no plan for said building shall be approved by the Secretary of the Treasury involving an expenditure exceeding the sum so remaining after paying for the site of said building: *And provided further*, That nothing herein contained shall be construed in any event to increase the cost of the site and building including approaches, when completed, beyond the sum of nine hundred thousand dollars as provided in this section.

SEC. 2. That the Secretary of the Treasury, in the event of the selection and purchase under this act of a site other than that now owned and occupied by the United States within said city of Detroit, be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to sell at public auction, for cash, after thirty days' advertisement of the time, place, and terms of sale, the property in the city of Detroit purchased by him for the erection of a

public building under and by virtue of an act of Congress approved May twenty-fifth, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, entitled "An act to provide for the erection of a public building at Detroit, Michigan;" and the moneys received from such sale shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States.

1882, vol. 22, ch. 187, p. 96.

SEC. 3. That in the event of the purchase and use of an entire new site, then, after the erection of the building provided for in the first section of this act, or at such a time as the exigencies and needs of the public business may render such action prudent and desirable, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to sell, at public auction, for cash, and after thirty days' advertisement of the time, place, and terms of sale, the property or site now owned and occupied by the United States as a post-office, custom-house, and for other offices of the United States; and the moneys received from such sale shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States: *Provided*, That the Secretary of the Treasury may, in his discretion, delay the sale of the property referred to in the second section of this act, and offer the same for sale jointly with the property referred to in this section of this act, and in like manner and terms: *Provided further*, That the Secretary of the Treasury, in any and every case of an attempted sale, shall be authorized and empowered to reject any bid which in his opinion shall be less than the value of the property or part thereof offered for sale under the provisions of this act, and reoffer the same for sale in the manner above provided until the said property shall bring a fair price.

*proviso.*

Sale of property delayed at the discretion of Secretary of Treasury.

*proviso.*

Bid to be rejected if property is undervalued.

SEC. 4. That an act entitled "An act to provide for the erection of a public building at Detroit, Michigan," approved May twenty-fifth, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, being chapter one hundred and eighty-seven of volume twenty-two of the Statutes of the United States, is hereby repealed: *Provided*, That nothing herein contained shall be construed as in any manner affecting the appropriation so far made for the purpose contemplated in that act, but that the same shall be available to be applied in effecting the objects sought under the provisions of this act.

1882, vol. 22, ch. 187, p. 96, repealed.

*proviso.*

Approved, March 2nd, 1885.

CHAP. 315.—An act providing for the erection of a building to contain the records, library, and museum of the Medical Department, United States Army.

March 2, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That a brick and metal fire-proof building, to be used for the safe-keeping of the records, library, and museum of the Surgeon-General's Office of the United States Army, is hereby authorized to be constructed upon the Government reservation in the city of Washington, in the vicinity of the National Museum and the Smithsonian Institution, on a site to be selected by a commission composed of the Secretary of War, the Architect of the Capitol, and the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, and in accordance with plans and specifications submitted by the Surgeon-General of the Army and approved by said commission, the cost of the building, when completed, not to exceed the sum of two hundred thousand dollars; the building to be erected and the money expended under the direction and superintendence of the Secretary of War.

Washington, D. C.

Erection of building to contain records, library, and museum of the Medical Department, United States Army.

Site.

Plans; cost.

SEC. 2. That the sum of two hundred thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the commencement and completion of said building.

Appropriation

Approved, March 2, 1885.

March 2, 1885.

**CHAP. 316.**—An act to protect the fish in the Potomac River in the District of Columbia, and to provide a spawning-ground for shad and herring in the said Potomac River.

Protection of fish in District of Columbia.

Use of nets and other contrivances in waters of Potomac unlawful.

Any offense against this act a misdemeanor.

Punishment.

Proceeds of fines and seizures to be paid into United States Treasury.

*Proviso.*

Angling and taking of fish for propagation and scientific purposes excepted.

Depositing, or allowing flow of tar, oil, or other waste product into Potomac River or tributaries within the District of Columbia, a misdemeanor.

Punishment.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That from and after date of passage of this act, for a term of five years, it shall not be lawful to fish with fyke-net, pound-net, stake-net, weir, float-net, gill-net, haul-seine, or any other contrivance, stationary or floating, in the waters of the Potomac River within the District of Columbia.

**SEC. 2.** That any person who shall offend against any of the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon sufficient proof thereof in the police court or other court of the District of Columbia, shall be punished by a fine of not less than ten dollars no more than one hundred dollars for each and every such offense and shall forfeit to the District his nets, boats, and all other apparatus and appliances used in violation of law, which shall be sold; and the proceeds of such sales, and all fines accruing under this act, shall be paid into the Treasury: *Provided,* That nothing in this act shall be construed to prohibit angling or fishing with the outline or to prevent the United States Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries, or his agents, from taking from said waters of the Potomac River in the District of Columbia, in any manner desired, fish of any kind for scientific purposes or for the purposes of propagation.

**SEC. 3.** That from and after three months from the date of the passage of this act it shall be unlawful to allow any tar, oil, ammoniacal liquor or other waste products of any gas-works or of works engaged in using such products or any waste product whatever of any mechanical, chemical, manufacturing or refining establishment to flow into or be deposited in Rock Creek or the Potomac River or any of its tributaries within the District of Columbia or into any pipe or conduit leading to the same; and any one guilty of violating this section shall on conviction as provided in Section two of this act, be fined not less than ten dollars nor more than one hundred dollars for each and every day during which said violation shall continue, to be prosecuted for and recovered as provided in the preceding section.

Approved, March 2, 1885.

March 3, 1885.

**CHAP. 318.**—An act authorizing the President of the United States to appoint one passed assistant engineer, now on the retired-list of the Navy, a chief engineer on the retired-list of the Navy.

President authorized to promote one passed assistant engineer on the retired-list of the Navy.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the President of the United States be, and is hereby, authorized to nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint one passed assistant engineer, now on the retired-list of the Navy, a chief engineer on the retired-list of the Navy, with the highest retired pay of that grade.

Approved, March 3d, 1885.

March 3, 1885.

**CHAP. 319.**—An act providing for allotment of lands in severalty to the Indians residing upon the Umatilla Reservation, in the State of Oregon, and granting patents therefor, and for other purposes.

Allotments of lands to certain Indians.

Preamble.

Whereas the confederated bands of Cayuse, Walla-Walla, and Umatilla Indians, residing upon the Umatilla Reservation, in the State of Oregon, have expressed a willingness to settle upon lands in severalty on their said reservation, and to have the residue of their lands not needed for such allotment sold for their benefit: Therefore,

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the President of the United States cause lands to be allotted to the confederated bands of Cayuse, Walla-Walla, and Umatilla Indians, residing upon the Umatilla Reservation, in the State of Oregon, as follows, of agricultural lands:

To each head of a family, one hundred and sixty acres; to each single person over the age of eighteen years, eighty acres; to each orphan child being under eighteen years of age, eighty acres; and to each child under eighteen years of age not otherwise provided for, forty acres.

Allotments to heads of families and to children under eighteen years of age belonging to families shall be made upon the selections made by the head of the family; allotments to persons over eighteen years of age not classed as heads of families shall be made upon the selection of such persons; and allotments to orphans shall be made upon selections made by the agent in charge, or other person duly authorized by the Department. In addition to the allotments of agricultural lands to said Indians in severalty as herein provided, there shall be reserved a reasonable amount of pasture and timber lands for their use, to be used by said Indians in common, and there shall also be selected and set apart for an industrial farm and school six hundred and forty acres of agricultural lands. Before any allotments are made, a commission of three disinterested persons to be appointed by the President shall go upon said reservation and ascertain as near as may be the number of Indians who will remain on said reservation, and who shall be entitled to take lands in severalty thereon, and the amount of land required to make the allotments; and thereupon said commission shall determine and set apart so much of said reservation as shall be necessary to supply agricultural lands for allotments in severalty, together with sufficient pasture and timber lands for their use, and six hundred and forty acres for an industrial farm and school, not exceeding one hundred and twenty thousand acres in the aggregate for all purposes; and the same shall be in as compact a form as possible. Said commission shall report to the Secretary of the Interior the number and classes of persons entitled to allotments, as near as they may be able to, the metes and bounds of the tract by them selected for said Indians, and designate the particular tract selected for an industrial farm and school; and if the same shall be approved by the Secretary of the Interior the said tract shall thereafter constitute the reservation for said Indians, and within which the allotments herein provided for shall be made. The said tract shall be surveyed, or so much thereof as shall be required for allotments, and as soon as such surveys are approved the selections and allotments shall be made. The President shall cause patents to issue to all persons to whom allotments of lands shall be made under the provisions of this act, which shall be of the legal effect, and declare that the United States does and will hold the land thus allotted, for the period of twenty-five years, in trust for the sole use and benefit of the Indian to whom such allotment shall have been made, or in case of his decease, of his heirs according to the laws of the State of Oregon, and that at the expiration of said period the United States will convey the same by patent to said Indian, or his heirs as aforesaid, in fee, discharged of said trust and free of all charge or incumbrance whatsoever: *Provided*, That the law of alienation and descent in force in the State of Oregon shall apply thereto after patents have been executed, except as hereinotherwise provided: *Provided further*, That any Indian or Indians residing upon said reservation hereafter provided for them who may desire to remove to or settle upon any other reservation shall be permitted to do so, and shall retain their right to share their equal proportion of benefits to be derived from any fund that may arise from the sale of any of the lands of said Umatilla Reservation, and in addition the equitable value of the right to take lands in severalty on said reservation, to be determined by the Secretary of the Interior and taken

President to allot agricultural lands to the confederated bands of Cayuse, Walla-Walla, and Umatilla Indians in Oregon.

Persons entitled to allotments.

Allotments; how made.

Industrial farm and school.  
Appointment of commission.  
Duties defined.

Commission to report to Secretary of Interior.

If selected tract be approved by Secretary of the Interior, it shall constitute the reservation of said Indians.

Survey and patents.

United States to hold land in trust for a period of twenty-five years.

*Proviso.*  
Law of alienation and descent in Oregon to apply after execution of patents.

*Proviso*, as to removal to other reservations.

out of said fund; and the same shall be expended from time to time for their benefit in establishing them in their new homes in such manner as the Department shall direct.

Lands not included in new reservations to be resurveyed, appraised, and classified.

Improvements to be separately appraised.

No appraisement less than \$1.25 per acre.

Sale of lands.

Condition of sale.

Purchase of lands to be for use and occupation of purchaser.

Any conveyance, contract or lien, made before patent is issued to be void.

Conditions for issuing patents.

*Proviso.*

Persons having settled upon, or acquired title under pre-emption or homestead laws to fractional subdivisions of adjacent lands, to have prior right to purchase.

SEC. 2. That as soon as the report of said commission in respect to the new boundaries of said reservation shall be approved, the residue of said reservation lands not included in said new lines shall be surveyed, if not already surveyed, or if the stakes and monuments, if surveyed, have become so obliterated that the lines cannot be ascertained, and the same shall be appraised and classified into timbered and untimbered lands; and in case where improvements have been made by any Indian or for the United States upon such lands, such improvements shall be separately appraised, and if the same belong to an Indian, such Indian shall be reimbursed the value of such improvements, in money; but no lands shall be appraised at less than one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre. The said lands, when surveyed and appraised, shall be sold at the proper land-office of the United States, by the register thereof, at public sale, to the highest bidder, at a price not less than the appraised value thereof, such sale to be advertised in such manner as the Secretary of the Interior shall direct. Each purchaser of any of said lands at such sale shall be entitled to purchase one hundred and sixty acres of untimbered lands and an additional tract of forty acres of timbered lands, and no more. He shall pay one-third of the purchase-price of untimbered lands at the time of purchase, one-third in one year, and one-third in two years, with interest on the deferred payments at the rate of five per centum per annum, and shall pay the full purchase-price of timbered lands at the time of purchase. And where there are improvements upon the lands purchased which shall have been separately appraised, the purchaser shall pay the appraised value of such improvements at the time of purchase, in addition to the amounts hereinbefore required to be paid.

Each purchaser shall, at the time of making his purchase, make and subscribe an oath or affirmation that he is purchasing said lands for his own use and occupation, and not for or on account of or at the solicitation of any other, and that he has made no contract whereby the title thereto shall, directly or indirectly, inure to the benefit of another. And if any conveyance is made of the lands set apart and allotted as herein provided, or any contract made touching the same, or any lien thereon created before the issuing of the patent herein provided, such conveyance, contract, or lien shall be absolutely null and void. And before a patent shall issue for untimbered lands the purchaser shall make satisfactory proof that he has resided upon the lands purchased at least one year and has reduced at least twenty-five acres to cultivation. No patent shall issue until all payment shall have been made; and on the failure of any purchaser to make any payment when the same becomes due, the Secretary of the Interior shall cause said land to be again offered at public or private sale, after notice to the delinquent; and if said land shall sell for more than the balance due thereon, the surplus, after deducting expenses, shall be paid over to the first purchaser: *Provided*, That persons who settled upon or acquired title under the pre-emption or homestead laws of the United States to fractional subdivisions of lands adjacent to the lines of said reservation, as now and heretofore existing, and at the time of the sale herein provided for are residing on such fractions, and have been unable to secure the full benefit of such laws by reason that the lands settled upon were made fractional by the boundary-line of said reservation crossing such subdivision, shall have a right, at any time after advertisement and before sale at public auction, to purchase, at their appraised value, so much of said lands as shall, with the fractional lands already settled upon, make in the aggregate one hundred and sixty acres; and no additional residence shall be required of such settler, but he shall take and subscribe the oath required of other purchasers at the time of purchase. All controversies between settlers and purchasers in respect to settle-

ment and the right of purchase shall be heard and determined, upon their priorities and equities, by the like officers and in the same manner as like contests are heard and determined under existing pre-emption laws: *Provided also*, That the State of Oregon shall be entitled to select from the public lands of the United States in said State lands in lieu of the sixteenth and thirty-sixth sections contained in said Umatilla Reservation as now set apart and established: *Provided further*, That the water right across a portion of said reservation from the town of Pendleton granted by the Interior Department July seventh, eighteen hundred and seventy on the application of George A. La Dow, Lot Livermore and other citizens of Pendleton for manufacturing, irrigating and other purposes be confirmed and continued to W. S. Byers and Company their successors: *Provided*, That this act shall in no way impair or affect any existing right to a reasonable use of the water of said stream for agricultural purposes, nor shall confirm or grant any right to use the water thereof in any manner nor to any extent beyond or different from that to which it has been heretofore appropriated.

*Proviso.*  
State of Oregon entitled to select U. S. public lands, in exchange.

*Proviso.*  
Water right granted July 17, 1870, to be continued.

*Proviso.*

SEC. 3. That the funds arising from the sale of said reservation lands, after paying the expenses of survey, appraisement, and sale, and reimbursing any Indian or Indians for the value of any improvements belonging to such Indian or Indians, and the equitable share of any Indian to the funds arising from the sale of said reservation lands as herein provided, and reimbursing the United States for improvements made by the Government and under the provisions herein, shall be placed in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of said Indians, and the same shall draw such rate of interest as is now or may be hereafter provided by law. Twenty per centum of the principal of said funds may be used, under the direction of the President, in assisting said Indians to establish themselves upon their several allotments, in such manner as he shall direct, and twenty thousand dollars of the residue thereof shall be devoted to the establishment and support of an industrial farm and school for the training and education of the children of said Indians in the arts and methods of civilized life, and the increase from the funds thereafter to be devoted to the support of said industrial farm and school, and to such other beneficial purposes as in the judgment of the Secretary of the Interior may be for the best interest of said Indians: *Provided*, That the said Indians shall pledge themselves to compel their children, male and female, between the ages of seven and fifteen years, to attend said school.

Funds to be deposited at interest in United States Treasury.

Twenty per cent. to be used for assisting establishment of Indians; and \$20,000 for industrial farm and school.

*Proviso.*  
Indians to pledge themselves that children shall attend school.

Appropriation for carrying act into effect.

SEC. 4. That for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of this act the sum of thirty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, which said sum shall be reimbursed to the Treasury out of the sales of said lands; and ten thousand dollars of said sum so appropriated shall be expended toward establishing said industrial farm and school herein provided for.

SEC. 5. That before this act shall be executed in any part, the consent of said Indians shall be obtained to the disposition of their lands as provided herein, which consent shall be expressed in writing and signed by a majority of the male adults upon said reservation, and by a majority of their chiefs in council assembled for that purpose, and shall be filed with the Secretary of the Interior.

Consent of majority of Indians to be obtained.

SEC. 6. That the Secretary of the Interior shall have power to make needful rules and regulations to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and shall have power to determine all disputes and questions arising between Indians respecting their allotments, and shall fix the compensation to be allowed to the commissioners provided for in section two.

Secretary of Interior to make rules, determine disputes between Indians, and fix compensation of commissioners.

Approved, March 3, 1885.

March 3, 1885.

**CHAP. 320.**—An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to ascertain the amounts due to citizens of the United States for supplies furnished to the Sioux or Dakota Indians of Minnesota subsequent to June first, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, and prior to the massacre of August, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, and providing for the payment thereof.

Settlement of claims of Indian traders.

Secretary of Interior to investigate and determine claims of licensed Indian traders under contracts, or accounts, for supplies to Sioux and Dakota Indians in 1861 and 1862.

Extension of act of 1863, vol. 12, ch. 37, p. 652.

Appropriation.

*Provided.*

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Secretary of the Interior be, and is hereby, authorized and directed to investigate and determine the amounts due licensed traders, citizens of the United States, for supplies furnished, in the course of trade and business, to the Sioux or Dakota Indians of Minnesota subsequent to June first, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, and prior to the outbreak and massacre by said Indians in August, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, and for which damages were not awarded by the commissioners appointed under the act entitled "An act for the relief of persons for damages sustained by reason of depredations and injuries by certain bands of Sioux Indians", approved February sixteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, for the reason that said act limited the action of said commissioners to claims arising from depredations, and did not authorize them to act upon claims arising upon contract or upon accounts for supplies furnished; and the said claims, when ascertained, shall be paid by the Secretary of the Interior out of the money hereby appropriated.

**SEC. 2.** That for the purpose of enabling the Secretary of the Interior to carry out the provisions of the foregoing section the sum of one hundred thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated: *Provided, however,* That said sum shall be charged to the unpaid annuities stipulated to be paid to the said Sioux Indians under treaties, but abrogated and annulled by the act approved February sixteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-three.

Approved, March 3, 1885.

March 3, 1885.

**CHAP. 321.**—An act to authorize the printing of the eulogies delivered in Congress upon the late Henry B. Anthony.

Eulogies upon Henry B. Anthony, deceased; printed with portrait, etc.

Appropriation.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That there be printed of the eulogies delivered in Congress upon the late Henry B. Anthony, a Senator from Rhode Island, with an account of his funeral, prepared under the direction of the Joint Committee on Public Printing, twelve thousand copies, of which four thousand shall be for the use of the Senate and eight thousand for the use of the House of Representatives; and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby directed to have printed a portrait of said Henry B. Anthony, to accompany said eulogies; and for engraving and printing said portrait the sum of five hundred dollars, or so much as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Approved, March 3d, 1885.

March 3, 1885.

**CHAP. 322.**—An act to provide for the printing of the report and proceedings of the Commission to provide suitable ceremonies for the dedication of the Washington Monument.

Printing of report and proceedings of the "Commission to provide suitable ceremonies for the dedica-

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the report and proceedings of the commission to provide suitable ceremonies for the dedication of the Washington Monument, together with the engraved card attached thereto, be printed, under the direction of the Joint Committee on Printing, and that twenty-six thousand five hundred additional copies be

printed, eight thousand copies of the same for the use of the Senate, sixteen thousand copies for the use of the House of Representatives, five hundred copies for distribution by Lieut Gen. P. H. Sheridan, U. S. A., to the civil and military organizations which participated in the procession, five hundred copies for the Washington National Monument Association for distribution among its members, five hundred copies for distribution by Col. Thomas L. Casey, Engineer, among the mechanics and workmen employed in the erection of the monument, five hundred copies for the Hon. Robert C. Winthrop, and five hundred copies to the Hon. John W. Daniel; and for the purpose of defraying the expense of printing the said attached card, the sum of two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

tion of the Washington Monument." Engraved card to be attached.

Distribution.

Appropriation.

Approved, March 3d, 1885.

**CHAP. 323.**—An act for the completion of a public building at Council Bluffs, Iowa.

March 3, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the additional sum of one hundred thousand dollars is hereby appropriated to erect a post-office, court-room, and internal-revenue building at Council Bluffs, Iowa, to be expended by the Secretary of the Treasury, subject to the requirements of an act for that purpose approved May twenty-fifth, eighteen hundred and eighty-two. The limit of cost prescribed in said act is hereby extended. And no plan shall be approved which will involve an expenditure for site and building complete, including approaches, greater than the limit herein fixed.

Public building, Council Bluffs, Iowa.

Appropriation. 1882, vol. 22, ch. 186, p. 95.

Limit of cost extended.

Cost not to exceed appropriation.

Approved, March 3, 1885.

**CHAP. 324.**—An act to donate a cemetery site on the public lands to the city of Kirwin, in the State of Kansas.

March 3, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section twenty-nine, township four south, of range sixteen west of the sixth principal meridian, in the State of Kansas, now occupied by the city of Kirwin for cemetery purposes, be, and the same is hereby, donated to the said city of Kirwin for the use of a public cemetery.

Kirwin, Kans. Cemetery site donated to.

Approved, March 3, 1885.

**CHAP. 325.**—An act to provide for the erection of a public building at Aberdeen, Mississippi, for use as a post-office, United States court, and for United States internal-revenue officials, and for other Government purposes,

March 3, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause to be erected a suitable fire-proof building at Aberdeen, in the State of Mississippi, for the accommodation of the United States district court, post office, internal-revenue officials, and for other Government purposes; and there is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars; but it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury, after the site for said building shall have been purchased, to cause a plan and specifications to be prepared, which said plan and specifications

Aberdeen, Miss. Public building.

Appropriation.

Site. Plans, cost, etc.

shall not involve an expenditure in the erection and completion of said building and the approaches thereto exceeding the portion of said seventy-five thousand dollars remaining after the site of said building shall have been paid for; and no plan shall be approved by the Secretary of the Treasury involving an expenditure exceeding the sum so remaining after paying for the site of said building, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury in the purchase of a site and the erection of a suitable building, for which he shall cause proper plans and estimates to be made, so that no expenditure shall be made or authorized for the purchase of said site and the completion of said building exceeding the sum of one hundred thousand dollars: *Provided*, That no part of the said sum of one hundred thousand dollars shall be used until the State of Mississippi shall release and relinquish to the United States the right to tax or in any way assess said site, and the property of the United States that may be thereon, during the time that the United States shall be the owner thereof,

Approved, March 3, 1885.

March 3, 1885.

**CHAP. 326.**—An act for the erection of a public building at Reading, Pennsylvania.

Reading, Pa.  
Public building.  
Site.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to purchase a site for, and cause to be erected thereon, a suitable building, with fire-proof vaults therein, for the accommodation of the post-office, internal-revenue offices, and other government offices, at the city of Reading, in the State of Pennsylvania. The plans, specifications, and full estimates for said building shall be previously made and approved according to law, and shall not exceed for the site and building complete the sum of eighty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the site shall leave the building unexposed to danger from fire in adjacent buildings by an open space of not less than forty feet, including streets and alleys; and no money appropriated for this purpose shall be available until a valid title to the site for said building shall be vested in the United States, nor until the State of Pennsylvania shall have ceded to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over the same, during the time the United States shall be or remain the owners thereof, for all purposes except the administration of the criminal laws of said State and the service of civil process therein.

Plans, cost, etc.

*Proviso.*

Title.

Approved, March 3, 1885.

March 3, 1885.

**CHAP. 327.**—An act to provide for the construction of a court-house and post-office at Clarksburg, West Virginia.

Clarksburg, W. Va.  
Public building.  
Site.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed to purchase a suitable site, and cause to be erected thereon, at Clarksburg, in the State of West Virginia, a substantial and commodious public building, with fire-proof vaults, for the use and accommodation of the United States courts and post-office and for other Government uses. The site, and the building thereon, when completed according to plans and specifications to be previously made and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, shall not exceed the cost of fifty thousand dollars; and for the purposes herein mentioned the sum of fifty thousand dollars is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury: *Provided*, That no part of said sum shall be expended until a valid title to the said

Plans, cost, etc.

Appropriation.

*Proviso.*  
Title.

site shall be vested in the United States, and the State of West Virginia shall cede to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over the same, during the time the United States shall be the owner thereof, for all purposes except the administration of the criminal laws of said State and the service of any civil process therein: *Provided*, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury after the site for said building shall have been purchased to cause a plan and specifications of said building to be prepared which said plan and specifications shall not involve an expenditure in the erection and completion of said building and the approaches thereto exceeding the portion of said fifty thousand dollars remaining after the site of said building shall have been paid for, and no plan shall be approved by the Secretary of the Treasury involving an expenditure exceeding the sum so remaining after paying for the site of said building.

*Proviso.*

Approved, March 3, 1885.

**CHAP. 328.**—An act for the erection of a public building at Wichita, Kansas.

March 3, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and is hereby, authorized and directed to purchase a site for, and cause to be erected thereon, a suitable building, with fire-proof vaults therein, for the accommodation of the post office, United States courts and other Government offices, at the city of Wichita, State of Kansas. The plans, specifications, and full estimates for said building shall be previously made and approved according to law, and shall not exceed for the site and building complete the sum of fifty thousand dollars. And it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury, after the site for said building shall have been purchased, to cause a plan and specifications of said building to be prepared, which said plan and specifications shall not involve an expenditure in the erection and completion of said building and the approaches thereto exceeding the portion of said fifty thousand dollars remaining after the site of said building shall have been paid for; and no plan for said building shall be approved by the Secretary of the Treasury involving an expenditure exceeding the sum so remaining after paying for the site of said building: *Provided*, That the site shall leave the building unexposed to danger from fire in adjacent buildings by an open space of not less than forty feet, including streets and alleys; and no money appropriated for this purpose shall be available until a valid title to the site for said building shall be invested in the United States, nor until the State of Kansas shall have ceded to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over the same, during the time the United States shall be or remain the owner thereof, for all purposes except the administration of the criminal laws of said States and the service of civil process therein.

Wichita, Kans.  
Public building.  
Site.

Plans, cost, etc.

*Proviso.*

Title.

Approved, March 3, 1885.

**CHAP. 329.**—An act for the erection of a public building at Port Townsend Washington Territory,

March 3, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to purchase a site for, and cause to be erected thereon, a suitable building, with fire-proof vaults therein for the accommodation of the custom-house, bonded warehouse, post-office, and other Government offices, at the city of Port Townsend, Washington Territory. The plans, specifications, and full

Port Townsend,  
Wash. Ter.  
Public building.  
Site.

Plans, cost, etc.

Appropriation  
Proviso.

Title.

estimates for said building shall be previously made and approved according to law, and shall not exceed for the site and building complete the sum of seventy thousand dollars, which sum is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated: *Provided*, That the site shall leave the building unexposed to danger from fire in adjacent buildings by an open space of not less than forty feet including street and alleys; and no money appropriated for this purpose shall be available until a valid title to the site for said building shall be vested in the United States,

Approved, March 3, 1885.

March 3, 1885.

**CHAP. 330.**—An act to amend section eighteen hundred and eighty-nine of chapter one, title twenty-three, of the Revised Statutes of the United States, relative to general incorporation acts of Territories.

Powers of Territorial legislatures. R. S., sec. 1889, p. 363, amended.

Legislatures of Territories not to grant private charters, but may pass general incorporation acts.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That section eighteen hundred and eighty-nine of chapter one, title twenty-three, of the Revised Statutes of the United States be amended so as to read as follows:

"SEC. 1889. The legislative assemblies of the several Territories shall not grant private charters or special privileges, but they may, by general incorporation acts, permit persons to associate themselves together as bodies corporate for mining, banking, manufacturing, or other industrial pursuits, or the construction and operation of railroads, wagon-roads, canals, or irrigating-ditches, and the colonization and improvement of lands in connection therewith, or for colleges, seminaries, churches, libraries, or any benevolent, charitable, or scientific association".

Approved, March 3d, 1885.

March 3, 1885.

**CHAP. 331.**—An act for the erection of a public building in the city of Auburn, New York.

Auburn, N. Y.  
Public building.

Site.

Plans, cost, etc.

Appropriation.

Proviso.  
Title.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and hereby is, authorized and directed to purchase or otherwise provide a suitable site, and cause to be erected thereon, at the city of Auburn, in the State of New York, a substantial and commodious public building, with fire-proof vaults, for the use and accommodation of the post-office and United States courts, and for other Government uses. The site and the buildings thereon, when completed according to plans and specifications to be previously made and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, shall not exceed the cost of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars; and the site purchased shall leave the building unexposed to danger from fire in adjacent buildings by an open space of at least forty feet, including streets and alleys; and for the purposes herein mentioned the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury: *Provided*, That no part of said sum shall be expended until a valid title to said site shall be vested in the United States, and the State of New York shall cede to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over the same, during the time the United States shall be or remain the owner thereof, for all purposes except the administration of the criminal laws of said State and the service of any civil process therein.

Approved, March 3, 1885.

**CHAP. 332.**—An act for the erection of a public building at Chicago, Illinois.

March 3, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and hereby is, authorized and directed to cause the erection of a substantial and commodious building, upon ground owned by the United States on the corner of Fifth avenue and Polk street, and known as the "old bridewell and dock property", in the city of Chicago, Illinois, for the use of the United States local appraiser and other Government uses; the building when completed upon plans and specifications to be previously made and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, not to exceed the cost of fifty thousand dollars.

SEC. 2. That the sum of fifty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be used and expended in the erection of said building.

Approved, March 3, 1885.

Chicago, Ill.  
Public building.

Site.

Plans; cost.

Appropriation.

**CHAP. 333.**—An act to change the limit of appropriation for the public building at Louisville, Kentucky.

March 3, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the act entitled "An act for the erection of a public building at Louisville, Kentucky," approved May twenty-fifth, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, be amended by making the limit for said building one million dollars, and that sum is hereby fixed as the limit of cost thereof.

SECTION 2. That the Supervising Architect and the officers of the United States Government having charge of the erection of public buildings are authorized and required to be governed by the limitation hereby prescribed in making contracts for the erection of said building,

Approved, March 3, 1885.

Louisville, Ky.  
Public building.  
1882, vol. 22, ch.  
182, p. 94.  
Amended.

Appropriation  
limited to \$1,-  
000,000.

**CHAP. 334.**—An act to incorporate the Luther Statue Association, to erect and maintain a monument or statue in memory of Martin Luther in the District of Columbia.

March 3, 1885.

*Be it enacted in the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That John G. Morris and Gustavus A. Dobler, of the State of Maryland; Arnold J. D. Wedemyer, Charles A. Schieren, and Augustus Kountze, of the State of New York; John W. B. Dobler, of the State of New Jersey; Daniel M. Fox, of the State of Pennsylvania, and George Ryneal, junior, and John G. Butler, of the District of Columbia, be, and are hereby, created and made a body politic and corporate by the name, style, and title of the Luther Statue Association; and said persons, or their successors, shall constitute a board of trustees, nine in number, of said association, to be maintained in perpetual succession, and shall have all the powers of a body corporate necessary and proper to carry out the purposes of said association, namely, to erect and maintain in the District of Columbia a statue or monument in memory of Martin Luther.

SEC. 2. That said board of trustees shall have power to make all necessary and proper by-laws, and to alter or repeal the same at pleasure, and to fill, by election, all vacancies which shall occur in their body, so that the number of nine trustees shall always be preserved.

SEC. 3. That said board of trustees shall have power to acquire, by purchase or otherwise, and to hold in and by said corporate name of the Luther Statue Association, and for the purposes thereof, property, real, personal, and mixed, and to convey and transfer the same at pleasure:

District of Co-  
lumbia.  
Incorporation of  
the Luther Statue  
Association.

Power of board  
of trustees to  
make by-laws and  
fill vacancies.

To acquire and  
transfer property.

*Proviso.*

*Provided however,* That the lands of said body corporate shall be located in the District of Columbia, and shall not exceed five thousand square feet.

Exemption from taxation.

SEC. 4. That the lands acquired and held by said body corporate, and the statue erected thereon, and all the improvements and appurtenances thereto, shall be entirely exempt from taxation, and shall not be chargeable or assessed for any purpose whatever: *Provided,* That this act may be modified, repealed or amended, whenever Congress may see fit to do so.

*Proviso.*

Approved, March 3, 1885.

March 3, 1885.

CHAP. 335.—An act to provide for the settlement of the claims of officers and enlisted men of the Army for loss of private property destroyed in the military service of the United States.

Accounting officers to settle claims of officers and men in military service for property lost or destroyed.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the proper accounting officers of the Treasury be, and they are hereby, authorized and directed to examine into, ascertain, and determine the value of the private property belonging to officers and enlisted men in the military service of the United States which has been, or may hereafter be, lost or destroyed in the military service, under the following circumstances:

When loss or destruction was without fault or negligence.

First. When such loss or destruction was without fault or negligence on the part of the claimant.

When shipped by order on unseaworthy vessel.

Second. Where the private property so lost or destroyed was shipped on board an unseaworthy vessel by order of any officer authorized to give such order or direct such shipment.

When lost in saving property of United States.

Third. Where it appears that the loss or destruction of the private property of the claimant was in consequence of his having given his attention to the saving of the property belonging to the United States which was in danger at the same time and under similar circumstances.

Payment out of the Treasury.

And the amount of such loss so ascertained and determined shall be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and shall be in full for all such loss or damage: *Provided,* That any claim which shall be presented and acted on under authority of this act shall be held as finally determined, and shall never thereafter be reopened or considered: *And provided further,* That this act shall not apply to losses sustained in time of war or hostilities with Indians: *And provided further,* That the liability of the Government under this act shall be limited to such articles of personal property as the Secretary of War, in his discretion shall decide to be reasonable, useful, necessary, and proper for such officer or soldier while in quarters, engaged in the public service, in the line of duty: *And provided further,* That all claims now existing shall be presented within two years and not after from the passage of this act; and all such claims hereafter arising be presented within two years from the occurrence of the loss or destruction.

*Proviso.*

Claims to be presented in two years.

Approved, March 3rd, 1885.

March 3, 1885.

CHAP. 336.—An act to authorize the increase of the capital stock of the First National Bank of Larned, Kansas, not to exceed two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

First National Bank of Larned, Kana., to increase capital stock.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the First National Bank of Larned, located in the city of Larned, in the State of Kansas, is hereby authorized to increase its capital stock, in accordance with existing laws, to any sum not exceeding two hundred and fifty thousand dollars,

notwithstanding the limit heretofore fixed in its original articles of association and determined by the Comptroller of the Currency; and the Comptroller of the Currency is hereby authorized to fix the limit of increase of the capital stock of the First National Bank of Larned, Kansas, at the amount of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Limit of increase.

Approved, March 3, 1885.

**CHAP. 337.**—An act to provide for the sale of the Sac and Fox and Iowa Indian Reservations, in the States of Nebraska and Kansas, and for other purposes."

March 3, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That with the consent of a majority of the chiefs, headmen, and male adults of the Sac and Fox (of the Missouri) tribe of Indians and the Iowa tribe of Indians, expressed in open council by each tribe, the Secretary of the Interior be, and he hereby is, authorized to cause to be surveyed, if necessary, and sold the remainder of the reservations of the Sac and Fox and Iowa Indians, lying in the States of Nebraska and Kansas. The said lands shall be appraised, in tracts of forty acres each, by three competent commissioners, one of whom shall be selected by the Sac and Fox and Iowa tribes of Indians and the other two shall be appointed by the Secretary of the Interior.

Sale of Sac and Fox and Iowa Indian Reservations in Nebraska and Kansas.

Secretary of Interior to survey and sell said lands with consent of majority of chiefs, headmen, and male adults.

Appraisal in tracts of forty acres.

Sales to be through public-land offices.

**SEC. 2.** That after the survey and appraisement of said lands the Secretary of the Interior shall be, and hereby is, authorized to offer the same, through the United States public-land office at Beatrice or Lincoln, Nebraska, at public sale, to the highest bidder. In cases where improvements have been made by any Indian or for the United States upon such lands, such improvements shall be separately appraised: *Provided*, That no portion of such land shall be sold at less than the appraised value thereof, and in no case for less than eight dollars per acre, and to none except such as purchase the same for actual occupation and settlement, and who have made and subscribed on oath, before the register of said land-office, and filed the same with said officer of the land-office at Beatrice or Lincoln Nebraska, that it is his good-faith intention to settle upon and occupy the land which he seeks to purchase, and improve the same for a home; and, except in case of the death of the purchaser, unless said party shall have executed his declared intention by making improvements and being in actual occupation of said land, by actual residence thereon, at the time for making the second payment, he shall forfeit the payment already made, and the land shall be subject to resale as hereinafter provided. Each purchaser of said lands at such sale shall be entitled to purchase one hundred and sixty acres of land, and no more, except in cases where a tract contains a fractional excess over one hundred and sixty acres. If the excess is less than forty acres, is contiguous, and results from inability in the survey to make township and section lines conform to the boundaries of the reservation, and no other objection exists, the purchase of such excess shall be allowed. Such purchaser shall pay one-fourth of the purchase-price at the time said land is bid off, one-fourth in one year, one-fourth in two years, and one-fourth in three years, with interest on the deferred payments at the rate of six per centum per annum; and where there are improvements upon the lands purchased which shall have been separately appraised, the purchaser shall pay the appraised value of such improvements at the time of purchase, in addition to the amounts hereinbefore required to be paid. No patents shall issue until all payments shall have been made; and on the failure of any purchaser to make payment as required by this act he shall forfeit the lands purchased, and the same shall be subject to entry and sale, at the appraised value thereof, or shall be again offered at public sale, as the Secretary of the Interior may determine.

Indian improvements separately appraised.

*proviso.* Price not less than \$8 per acre, and sales only to actual settlers in good faith.

Purchase limited: to 160 acres, except in case of a fractional excess.

Payments and interest.

Patents when all payments are made.

Forfeiture on failure to pay.

Allotments to Indians choosing to remain.

Trust certificates for 25 years.

Patents then to issue.

Conveyances or contracts, before 25 years expire, void.

Free from taxation, etc.

Proceeds of Indians' improvement paid to them.

Proceeds of United States improvements paid into Treasury.

Proceeds of lands deposited in Treasury in trust for Indians with interest.

Secretary of Interior may, with consent of Indians, secure for them other reservations.

Patents for reservations that may be selected.

Patents for lands to be in trust.

Allotments to be for—

A head of a family, 160 acres.  
Single person, over 21, 80 acres.  
Minor, 40 acres.

Certificates for allotments.

SEC. 3. That if any member of said Sac and Fox or Iowa tribe of Indians residing at the date of the passage of this act upon any of the lands authorized to be sold by the second section of this act, and who has improvements thereon, shall elect to remain on the lands occupied by him, such lands shall be withheld from sale as provided for herein; and the Secretary of the Interior shall cause a certificate to issue to the person so electing as follows: If he be the head of a family, to one hundred and sixty acres of land, and if a single man, to eighty acres of land, the land so selected to include his improvements, and to be accepted in full satisfaction of his interest in and to the said reservation, and of the moneys or fund realized from the sale thereof. The certificate provided for herein shall be of the legal effect, and declare that the United States does and will hold the land thus certified, for the period of twenty-five years, in trust for the sole use and benefit of the allottee, or in case of his decease, of his heirs according to the laws of the State in which said land is situated, and that at the expiration of said period the United States will convey the same by patent to said Indian, or his heirs, as aforesaid, in fee, discharged of said trust and free of all charge or incumbrance whatsoever; and if any conveyance shall be made of the lands thus allotted, or any contract made touching the same, before the expiration of the time above mentioned, such conveyance or contract shall be absolutely null and void; and such lands during such time shall not be subject to taxation, alienation, or forced sale under execution or otherwise.

SEC. 4. That the proceeds of the sale of any improvements belonging to individual Indians shall be paid to the Indians to whom such improvements belonged. The proceeds of the sale of any improvements belonging to the United States shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States and the proceeds of the sale of said lands, first deducting therefrom the cost of the survey, appraisalment, and sale, and the expense of removing the Indians as hereinafter provided, shall be placed to the credit of the said Sac and Fox and Iowa Indians, according to the interest of said tribes in said reservations, in the Treasury of the United States, and shall bear interest at the rate of four per centum per annum, which income shall be annually expended for the benefit of said Indians, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior.

SEC. 5. That the Secretary of the Interior may, with the consent of the Indians expressed in open council, as aforesaid, secure other reservation lands upon which to locate said Indians, cause their removal thereto, and expend such sum as may be necessary for their comfort and advancement in civilization.

SEC. 6. That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause patents to be issued to the Sac and Fox (of the Missouri) tribe of Indians and the said Iowa tribe for the reservations that may be selected for them under the provisions of the preceding section.

SEC. 7. That the patent authorized by the preceding section to be issued to said Sac and Fox and Iowa tribes of Indians shall be of the legal effect, and declare that the United States does and will hold the land therein described in trust for the sole use and benefit of said Sac and Fox and Iowa tribes of Indians, respectively.

SEC. 8. That whenever the Indians who may be properly residing upon the said reservations referred to in the last preceding sections shall desire allotments of lands in severalty, the Secretary of the Interior shall cause allotments to be made to such Indians in quantity as follows:

To each head of a family, one hundred and sixty acres.

To each single person over the age of twenty-one years, eighty acres.

To each minor, forty acres.

SEC. 9. That upon the approval of the allotments provided for in the preceding section by the Secretary of the Interior, the President shall

cause certificates to issue therefor in the name of the allottees, which certificates shall be of the legal effect, and declare that the United States does and will hold the fee of the land thus allotted, for the period of twenty-five years, in trust for the sole use and benefit of the Indian to whom such allotment shall have been made, or in case of his decease, of his heirs, and that at the expiration of said period the United States will convey the same by patent to the said Indian, or his heirs, in fee, discharged of said trust and free of all charge or incumbrance whatsoever; and if any conveyance shall be made of the lands set apart and allotted as herein provided, or any contract made touching the same, before the expiration of the time above mentioned, such conveyance or contract shall be absolutely null and void.

Same as section 3.

SEC. 10. That the Secretary of the Interior may, with the consent of the Indians expressed in open Council, as provided in section one, cause the removal of that portion of the Sac and Fox and Iowa tribes residing upon said Sac and Fox and Iowa Reservations, in Nebraska and Kansas, to the reservation or reservations that may be secured for them, and expend such sums as may be rendered necessary by such removal, and for the comfort and advancement in civilization of said Indians; and the sum of ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of such expenses and for the expenses of the survey, appraisalment, and sale of said Sac and Fox and Iowa lands; and the amount so expended shall be reimbursed to the United States out of the first proceeds of the sales of said lands by said tribes respectively.

Removal of Indians to reservations secured for them.

Appropriation.

Approved, March 3, 1885.

CHAP. 338.—An act making an appropriation for the Agricultural Department for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, and for other purposes.

March 3, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the following sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, in full compensation for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, for the purposes and objects hereinafter expressed, namely:

Appropriation for the Agricultural Department.

## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

### OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER.

For compensation of Commissioner of Agriculture, four thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk in said Department, who shall be superintendent of the Department buildings, two thousand five hundred dollars; chief of division of accounts and disbursing officer, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one assistant disbursing officer, who shall act as property clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; one clerk to disbursing officer, one thousand dollars; one stenographer, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one engraver, two thousand dollars; one microscopist, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one botanist, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one assistant botanist, one thousand two hundred dollars; two clerks of class four, three thousand six hundred dollars; two clerks of class three, three thousand two hundred dollars; four clerks of class two, five thousand six hundred dollars; seven clerks of class one, eight thousand four hundred dollars; eight clerks, at one thousand dollars each; six clerks, at eight hundred and forty dollars each; one librarian, one thousand four hundred dollars; one engineer, one thousand four hundred dollars; two firemen, at seven

Compensation of Commissioner of Agriculture, clerks, etc.

hundred and twenty dollars each ; superintendent of folding-room, one thousand two hundred dollars ; two assistants in folding-room, at six hundred dollars each ; messengers, carpenters, watchmen, and laborers, ten thousand dollars ; in all, seventy-thousand two hundred and eighty dollars.

#### CHEMICAL DIVISION.

Chemists and assistants.

For compensation of chief chemist, two thousand five hundred dollars ; one assistant chemist, one thousand six hundred dollars ; one assistant chemist, one thousand four hundred dollars ; employment of additional assistance, when necessary, in the chemical division, six thousand dollars ; in all, eleven thousand five hundred dollars.

#### ENTOMOLOGICAL DIVISION.

Entomologist and assistant.

Additional assistants.

Miscellaneous.

For compensation of entomologist, two thousand five hundred dollars ; one assistant entomologist, one thousand four hundred dollars ; assistants in the entomological division, when necessary, four thousand dollars ; for investigating the history and habits of insects injurious to agriculture and horticulture, experiments in ascertaining the best means of destroying them, and for the promotion of economic ornithology, or the study of the interrelation of birds and agriculture, an investigation of the food, habits, and migration of birds in relation to both insects and plants, and publishing report thereon, for drawings, and for chemicals and travelling and other expenses on the practical work of the entomological division, twenty-five thousand dollars ; in all, thirty-two thousand nine hundred dollars.

#### GARDENS AND GROUNDS.

Superintendent of grounds.  
Contingent expenses.

For compensation of superintendent of gardens and grounds, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars ; labor, purchase and repair of tools, wagon and carts, manure, and purchase of trees, six thousand dollars ; repairing and resurfacing concrete roads, two thousand dollars ; labor in experimental garden, five thousand dollars ; flower-pots, two hundred and fifty dollars ; painting greenhouses, six hundred dollars ; repairing greenhouses, wood-work, and glazing, one thousand dollars ; purchase of economic seeds and plants, six hundred dollars ; repairs of heating apparatus, including one new boiler, six hundred and fifty dollars ; purchase of soil, sand, charcoal, and so forth, for potting plants, one hundred dollars ; in all, eighteen thousand four hundred and fifty dollars.

#### MUSEUM.

Curator, attendant, and watchman.

Fruits, vegetables.  
Specimens.

For compensation of curator of museum, one thousand four hundred dollars ; one attendant in museum, one thousand dollars ; one night watchman for museum building, who shall also act as night watchman for seed building, seven hundred and twenty dollars ; collecting and modeling specimens of fruits and vegetables, and collecting and preparing specimens for the museum and herbarium, one thousand dollars ; in all, four thousand one hundred and twenty dollars.

#### LABORATORY.

Laboratory.

For chemicals and apparatus for the use of the chemists and microscopists, and for the necessary expenses in conducting experiments, including experiments in the manufacture of sugar from sorghum and other vegetable plants, forty thousand dollars.

#### SEED DIVISION.

Chief of seed division and superintendent.  
Clerks.

For compensation of chief of seed division, one thousand eight hundred dollars ; one superintendent of seed room, one thousand six hundred dollars ; four clerks, at one thousand dollars each ; one clerk, at

eight hundred and forty dollars; for the purchase and propagation, and distribution, as required by law, of seeds, trees, shrubs, vines, cuttings, and plants, and expenses of putting up the same, to be distributed in localities adapted to their culture, one hundred thousand dollars; in all, one hundred and eight thousand two hundred and forty dollars. An equal proportion of two-thirds of all plants, seeds, trees, cuttings, vines, and shrubs shall, upon their request, be supplied to Senators, Representatives, and Delegates in Congress for distribution among their constituents, or shall, by their direction, be sent to their constituents; and the persons receiving such seeds shall inform the Department of the results of the experiments therewith: *Provided*, That all seeds, plants, and cuttings herein allotted to Senators, Representatives, and Delegates in Congress for distribution remaining uncalled for at the end of the fiscal year shall be distributed by the Commissioner of Agriculture: *And provided also*, That the Commissioner shall report, as provided in this act, the place, quantity, and price of seeds purchased, from whom purchased, and the date of purchase. But nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to prevent the Commissioner of Agriculture from sending flower, garden, and other seeds to those who apply for the same. And the amount herein appropriated shall not be diverted or used for any other purpose but for the purchase, propagation, and distribution of improved and valuable seeds, plants, cuttings, and vines: *But provided, however*, That the Commissioner shall not distribute to any Senator, Representative, or Delegate seeds entirely unfit for the climate and locality he represents, but shall distribute the same so that each member may have seeds of equal value, as near as may be, and the best adapted to the locality he represents.

Purchase, propagation, and distribution of seeds, etc.

*Proviso.*

*Proviso.*

#### DIVISION OF AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.

For compensation of one statistician, two thousand five hundred dollars; two clerks of class four, three thousand six hundred dollars; three clerks of class three, four thousand eight hundred dollars; four clerks of class two, five thousand six hundred dollars; five clerks of class one, six thousand dollars; seven clerks, at one thousand dollars each; four clerks, at eight hundred and forty dollars each; two clerks, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; for collecting foreign and domestic agricultural statistics, and compiling, writing, and illustrating matter for monthly, annual, and special reports, seventy-five thousand dollars; in all, one hundred and nine thousand three hundred dollars.

Statistician.  
Clerks.

Collection of agricultural statistics.  
Reports.

#### FURNITURE, CASES, AND REPAIRS.

For repairing buildings, heating apparatus, furniture, carpeting, matting, water and gas pipes, and other necessary articles, and painting Department building and annex, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

Furniture, repairs, etc.

#### LIBRARY.

For entomological and botanical works of reference, works on chemistry and mineralogy, charts, current agricultural works for library, miscellaneous agricultural periodicals, and the completion of imperfect series, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Library.

#### BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY.

For carrying out the provisions of the act of May twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, establishing the bureau of animal industry, one hundred thousand dollars; and the Commissioner of Agriculture is hereby authorized to use any part of this sum he may deem necessary or expedient, and in such manner as he may think best, to prevent the spread of pleuro-pneumonia, not to conflict with existing law.

Bureau of Animal Industry.  
To carry out act of May 29, 1884.  
Ante p. 31.

Prevents spread of pleuro-pneumonia.  
Appropriation.

## QUARANTINE STATIONS FOR NEAT CATTLE.

**Quarantine stations.** To establish and maintain quarantine stations, and to provide proper shelter for and care of neat cattle imported, at such ports as may be deemed necessary thirty thousand dollars.

## FORESTRY.

**Forestry.** For the purpose of enabling the Commissioner of Agriculture to experiment and to continue an investigation and report upon the subject of forestry, and the collection and distribution of valuable economic forest-tree seeds, ten thousand dollars.

## TEA CULTURE.

**Cultivation and distribution of tea plants on Government tea farm.** For the cultivation and distribution of the tea plants on the Government tea farm, three thousand dollars; of which sum not more than two thousand dollars shall be expended for salaries and wages of labor.

## SILK CULTURE.

**Culture of raw silk.** For the encouragement and development of the culture and raising of raw silk, fifteen thousand dollars.

## POSTAGE.

**Postage.** For postage on return letters, circulars, and miscellaneous articles for correspondents and foreign mail, four thousand dollars.

## CONTINGENT EXPENSES.

**Stationery, etc.** For stationery, freight, express charges, fuel, lights, subsistence and care of horses, repairs of harness, paper, twine, and gum for folding-room, and for miscellaneous items, namely, for advertising, telegraphing, dry-goods, soap, brushes, brooms, mats, oils, paints, glass, lumber, hardware, ice, purchasing supplies, and necessary items, including actual travelling expenses while on the business of the Department, fifteen thousand dollars.

**Commissioner of Agriculture to report to Congress detailed statement of expenditures.** SEC. 2. That no part of the money herein or hereafter appropriated for the Department of Agriculture shall be paid to any person, as additional salary or compensation, receiving at the same time other compensation as an officer or employee of the Government; and in addition to the proper vouchers and accounts for the sums appropriated for the said Department to be furnished to the accounting officers of the Treasury, the Commissioner of Agriculture shall, at the commencement of each regular session, present to Congress a detailed statement of the expenditure of all appropriations for said Department for the last preceding fiscal year.

Approved, March 3, 1885.

March 3, 1885.

**CHAP. 339.**—An act making appropriations for the support of the Army for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, and for other purposes.

**Army appropriations for the year ending June 30, 1886.** *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the Army for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, as follows:

**Commanding General's Office.** For expenses of the Commanding General's Office, one thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For expenses of recruiting and transportation of recruits from rendezvous to depot, one hundred and seven thousand three hundred and two dollars and fifty cents. And no money appropriated by this act shall be paid for recruiting the Army beyond the number of twenty-five thousand enlisted men, including Indian scouts and hospital-stewards; and thereafter there shall be no more than twenty-five thousand enlisted men in the Army at any one time, unless otherwise authorized by law.

Recruiting.

No payment to be made for recruiting the Army beyond, etc.

For contingent expenses of the Adjutant-General's Department at the headquarters of military divisions and departments, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Contingent; Adjutant-General's Department.

For expenses of the Signal Service of the Army: Purchase, equipment, and repair of field electric telegraphs; signal equipments and stores; binocular glasses, telescopes, heliostats, and other necessary instruments, including absolutely necessary meteorological instruments for use on target-ranges; telephone apparatus and maintenance of same, including the use of the Aqueduct Bridge for the suspension and permanent location thereon of the telegraph-wires forming the Signal Service lines between the office of the Chief Signal Officer and the post of Fort Myer, Virginia, five thousand five hundred dollars. And there shall not hereafter be expended out of appropriations made for the support of the Army any money for the support of the Signal Service or Corps, or for any purpose connected therewith, other than the pay of such commissioned officers as may be detailed by the Secretary of War for service therein, except such sums as may be specifically appropriated therefor.

Signal Service; Army.

Appropriation for Army not to be used for Signal Service, except for pay of officers detailed by Secretary of War, and sums specifically appropriated.

Pay of the Army.

**PAY DEPARTMENT.**—For pay of the Army: For one Lieutenant-General; three major-generals; fifteen brigadier-generals; twenty-three aides-de-camp, in addition to pay in the line; one military secretary, in addition to pay in the line; sixty-seven colonels; eighty-nine lieutenant-colonels; two hundred and thirty-four majors; three hundred and sixteen captains (mounted); three hundred and one captains (not mounted); thirty-four chaplains; thirteen storekeepers; forty adjutants; forty regimental quartermasters; adjutant and quartermaster of Engineer Battalion, in addition to pay in the line; two hundred and thirteen first lieutenants (mounted); three hundred and fifty first lieutenants (not mounted); one hundred and forty-five second lieutenants (mounted); three hundred second lieutenants (not mounted); one hundred and sixty acting commissaries of subsistence, in addition to pay in the line; additional pay to officer in charge of public buildings and grounds in Washington; additional pay to officer in command of the military prison at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, one thousand dollars; additional pay to officers of foot regiments while on duty which requires them to be mounted; additional pay to officers for length of service, to be paid with their current monthly pay; retired officers; for the payment of any such officers as may be in service, either upon the active or retired list, during the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, in excess of the numbers for each class provided for in this act; enlisted men of all grades, not exceeding twenty-five thousand men; pay to enlisted men for length of service, payable with their current monthly pay; the allowances for travel, retained pay, clothing not drawn, and for interest on deposits payable to enlisted men on discharge; two retired ordnance-sergeants; for mileage of officers of the Army for travel, over shortest usually travelled routes, not to exceed one hundred and sixty thousand dollars; for miscellaneous expenses, to wit: Hire of not exceeding seventy-five contract surgeons and one hundred and sixty hospital-matrons; extra-duty pay to enlisted men for service in hospitals, and for general-service clerks and messengers at Army, division, department, and district headquarters, and at the headquarters of the general recruiting service, also at recruiting depots and at West Point, New York; pay of forty-nine paymaster's clerks, at the rate of one thousand four hundred dollars each per annum, and fourteen veterinary

surgeons; hire of paymasters' messengers, not to exceed fifteen thousand dollars; eighty post quartermaster-sergeants; cost of telegrams on official business received and sent by officers of the Army; compensation of citizen clerks and witnesses attending upon courts-martial, military commissions, and courts of inquiry; for reimbursement of traveling expenses of paymasters' clerks actually paid by them; and for commutation of quarters to commissioned officers on duty without troops at places where there are no public quarters; in all, twelve million two hundred and five thousand dollars.

#### Subsistence.

**SUBSISTENCE OF THE ARMY.**—For rations for twenty-five thousand enlisted men, one thousand civil employees, seventy-five contract surgeons, one hundred and sixty hospital-matrons, two hundred and seventy-five military convicts, seven hundred and fifty prisoners of war (including such Indian prisoners as are captured but whose subsistence is not otherwise appropriated for by Congress), and for additional half-rations for one hundred and twenty sergeants and corporals of ordnance, a total of not exceeding nine million nine hundred and seventy-one thousand eight hundred rations, estimated at twenty cents each; for difference between the cost of the ration and commutation thereof, at rates prescribed by the Secretary of War, for the following enlisted men, namely: Those detailed for clerical and messenger duty at headquarters of the Army, and at headquarters of divisions, departments, districts, and general recruiting service, and for various duties at military posts and stations, those travelling on detached duty where it is impracticable to carry cooked or travel rations, and those ordered to participate in department, division, and Army rifle competition; for difference between the cost of the ration and the cost of cooked rations for enlisted men and recruits at recruiting stations; cost in excess of ordinary rations of hot coffee and canned food, or travel-rations, for troops travelling, when it is impracticable to cook rations; for subsistence of Indians visiting military posts and of Indians employed without pay as guides and scouts; in all, one million eight hundred thousand dollars; of which amount three hundred thousand dollars shall be available from and after the passage of this act for the purchase of stores necessary to be transported to distant posts in advance of the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and eighty-five. And not more than one hundred and five thousand dollars of the money appropriated by this paragraph shall be applied to the payment of civilian employees in the Subsistence Department of the Army.

Amount available from passage of act.

#### Quartermaster's supplies.

**QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT.**—For the regular supplies of the Quartermaster's Department, consisting of stoves and heating apparatus, and repair and maintenance of the same, for heating barracks and quarters; of ranges and stoves for cooking; of fuel and lights for enlisted men, guards, hospitals, storehouses, and offices, and for sale to officers; of forage in kind for the horses, mules, and oxen of the Quartermaster's Department at the several posts and stations and with the armies in the field, including its care and protection; for the horses of the several regiments of cavalry, the batteries of artillery, and such companies of infantry and scouts as may be mounted, and for the authorized number of officers' horses, including bedding for the animals; of straw for soldiers' bedding; and of stationery, including blank-books for the Quartermaster's Department, certificates for discharged soldiers, blank forms for the Pay and Quartermaster's Departments and for printing of division and department orders and reports, two million seven hundred and seventy-one thousand dollars.

Purchase of horses, etc.

For purchase of horses for the cavalry and artillery, and for the Indian scouts, and for such infantry as may be mounted, one hundred and eighty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the number of horses purchased under this appropriation added to the number actually on hand shall not at any time exceed the number of enlisted men and Indian scouts in the mounted service.

*Provided.*

For incidental expenses, to wit: For postage; extra pay to soldiers employed under the direction of the Quartermaster's Department in the erection of barracks, quarters, and storehouses, and as clerks for post quartermasters at military posts; in the construction of roads, and other constant labor, for periods of not less than ten days; expenses of expresses to and from the frontier posts and armies in the field; of escorts to paymasters and other disbursing officers, and to trains where military escorts cannot be furnished; expenses of the interment of officers killed in action, or who die when on duty in the field, or at military posts and on the frontiers, or when travelling under orders, and of non-commissioned officers and soldiers; authorized office furniture; hire of laborers in the Quartermaster's Department, including the hire of interpreters, spies, and guides for the Army; compensation of clerks and other employees to officers of the Quartermaster's Department; compensation of forage and wagon masters authorized by the act of July fifth, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight; for the apprehension, securing, and delivering of deserters, and the expenses incident to their pursuit; and for the following expenditures, required for the several regiments of cavalry, the batteries of light artillery, and such companies of infantry and scouts as may be mounted, and for the trains, to wit: Hire of veterinary surgeons, medicine for horses and mules, picket-ropes, and for shoeing the horses and mules; also, generally, the proper and authorized expenses for the movement and operations of the Army not expressly assigned to any other Department, six hundred and ninety thousand dollars: *Provided*, That two hundred and fifty thousand dollars of the appropriation for incidental expenses, or so much of the same as shall be necessary, shall be set aside for the payment of enlisted men on extra duty, at constant labor of not less than ten days; and such extra-duty pay hereafter shall be at the rate of fifty cents per day for mechanics, artisans, school-teachers, and clerks at Army, division, and department headquarters, and thirty-five cents per day for other clerks, teamsters, laborers, and other enlisted men on extra duty.

Incidental expenses.

1838, vol. 5, p. 257.

*Provided.*

For transportation of the Army, including baggage of the troops, when moving either by land or water; of clothing and camp and garrison equipage from the depots of Philadelphia and Jeffersonville to the several posts and Army depots, and from those depots to the troops in the field; of horse equipments and of subsistence stores from the places of purchase and from the places of delivery, under contract, to such places as the circumstances of the service may require them to be sent; of ordnance, ordnance stores, and small-arms from the foundries and armories to the arsenals, fortifications, frontier posts, and Army depots; freights, wharfage, tolls, and ferriages; the purchase and hire of horses, mules, oxen, and harness, and the purchase and repair of wagons, carts and drays, and of ships and other sea-going vessels and boats required for the transportation of supplies and for garrison purposes; for drayage and cartage at the several posts; hire of teamsters; pay of enlisted men on extra duty driving teams, repairing means of transportation, and employed as train masters, and in opening roads, and building wharves; transportation of funds for the Pay and other disbursing Departments; the expenses of sailing public transports on the various rivers, the Gulf of Mexico, and the Atlantic and Pacific; for procuring water at such posts as, from their situation, require it to be brought from a distance; and for clearing roads, and for removing obstructions from roads, harbors, and rivers, to the extent which may be required for the actual operations of the troops in the field, two million nine hundred thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the whole number of civilian employees, including agents, superintendents, mechanics, packers, teamsters, and train-masters, paid from appropriations for transportation of the Army, shall not at any one time hereafter exceed one thousand, nor shall any of said employees be graded for salary above fourth-class clerks of the Army Regulations; and

Transportation.

Public transports.

Water.

Clearing obstructions from roads, rivers, and harbors.

*Provided.*

the grade of sixth-class clerk in the Quartermaster's Department is hereby abolished

Payment for transportation over land-grant railroads.

For the pay for Army transportation lawfully due such land-grant railroads as have not received aid in Government bonds, to be adjusted by the proper accounting officers in accordance with the decisions of the Supreme Court in cases decided under such land-grant acts, but in no case shall more than fifty per centum of the full amount of the service be paid, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars: *Provided*, That such compensation shall be computed upon the basis of the tariff rates for like transportation performed for the public at large, and shall be accepted as in full for all demands for said services.

*Proviso.*

Quarters.

For barracks and quarters for troops, storehouses for the safe-keeping of military stores, for offices, and for grounds for camp and summer cantonments, and for temporary buildings at frontier stations; for the construction of temporary buildings and stables and for repairing public buildings at established posts, six hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars: *Provided*, That no expenditure exceeding five hundred dollars shall be made upon any building or military post without the approval of the Secretary of War for the same, upon detailed estimates of the Quartermaster's Department; and the erection, construction, and repairs of all buildings and other public structures in the Quartermaster's Department shall, so far as may be practicable, be made by contract, after due legal advertisement: *And provided further*, That not more than one million five hundred thousand dollars of the sums appropriated by this act shall be paid out for the services of civilian employees in the Quartermaster's Department, including those heretofore paid out of the funds appropriated for regular supplies, incidental expenses, barracks and quarters, Army transportation, clothing, and camp and garrison equipage; and that no employee paid therefrom shall receive as salary more than one hundred and fifty dollars per month, unless the same shall be specially fixed by law.

Construction and repairs made by contract.

*Proviso.*

Pay of civilian employés.

Construction and repair of hospitals.

For construction and repair of hospitals, as reported by the Surgeon-General of the Army, including the pay of enlisted men employed on extra duty in the same, one hundred thousand dollars.

Clothing and camp equipage.

For cloth, wooleus, materials, and for the manufacture of clothing for the Army; for issue and for sales at cost-price, according to the Army Regulations; for altering and fitting clothing and washing and cleansing when necessary; for equipage, and for expenses of packing and handling, and similar necessities, one million two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses.

For all contingent expenses of the Army not provided for by other estimates, and embracing all branches of the military service, to be expended under the immediate orders of the Secretary of War, thirty thousand dollars.

Medical and hospital supplies, etc.

**MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.**—For purchase of medical and hospital supplies, expenses of purveying depots, pay of employees, medical care and treatment of officers and enlisted men of the Army on duty at posts and stations for which no other provision is made, advertising, and other miscellaneous expenses of the Medical Department, two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars. And not over thirty-six thousand dollars of the money appropriated by this paragraph shall be applied to the payment of civilian employees in the Medical Department.

Army Medical Museum.

For the Army Medical Museum, including ordinary repairs of the museum hall, preservation of specimens, and the preparation or purchase of new specimens, five thousand dollars; for the library of the Surgeon-General's Office, ten thousand dollars; in all, fifteen thousand dollars.

Engineer depot at Willets Point.

**ENGINEER DEPARTMENT.**—For engineer depot at Willets Point, New York, namely: For purchase of engineering materials to continue the present course of instruction of the Engineer Battalion in their special duties of sappers, miners, and pontoniers, one thousand dollars.

For incidental expenses of the depot, remodeling ponton-trains, re-

pairing instruments, purchasing fuel, forage, stationery, chemicals, professional books for library, extra-duty pay to enlisted men employed as artisans, and ordinary repairs and unforeseen expenses, three thousand dollars.

For repairing surveying and other instruments, accumulated in depot for want of means to repair, two thousand dollars.

**ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.**—For the current expenses of the ordnance service, required to defray the current expenses at the arsenals; of receiving stores and issuing arms and other ordnance supplies; of police and office duties; of rents, tools, fuel, and lights; of stationery and office furniture; of tools and instruments for use; incidental expenses of the ordnance service, and those attending practical trials and tests of ordnance, small-arms, and other ordnance supplies, one hundred thousand dollars.

For manufacture of metallic ammunition for small-arms, one hundred thousand dollars.

For ammunition, tools, and material for target practice, thirty thousand dollars.

For mounting and dismounting guns and removing the armament from forts being modified or repaired, including heavy carriages returned to arsenals for alteration and repairs, and other necessary expenses of the same character, and for repairing ordnance and ordnance stores in the hands of troops and for issue at the arsenals and depots, and for extra-duty pay for enlisted men detailed for ordnance service, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For purchase and manufacture of ordnance stores, to fill requisitions of troops, one hundred and fifteen thousand dollars.

For infantry, cavalry, and artillery equipments, consisting of clothing-bags, haversacks, canteens, and great-coat straps, and repairing horse equipments for cavalry troops, seventy-five thousand dollars.

For horse equipments for cavalry, harness for field and machine guns, and for cavalry forge-carts, forty thousand dollars.

For overhauling, cleaning, and preserving new ordnance stores on hand at the arsenals, twenty thousand dollars.

For the purchase of machine-guns suitable for field service, twenty thousand dollars.

For manufacture of arms at national armories, four hundred thousand dollars: *Provided*, That not more than sixty-five thousand dollars of the money appropriated for the Ordnance Department, in all its branches, shall be applied to the payment of civilian clerks in said Department.

Approved, March 3d, 1885.

**CHAP. 340.**—An act making appropriations for the payment of invalid and other pensions of the United States for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, and for other purposes.

March 3, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of pensions for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, and for other purposes, namely:

For Army and Navy pensions as follows: For invalids, widows, minor children, and dependent relatives, and survivors and widows of the war of eighteen hundred and twelve, fifty-nine million one hundred and seventy-two thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the appropriations aforesaid for Navy pensions shall be paid from the income of the Navy pension fund, so far as the same may be sufficient for that purpose: *And provided further*, That the amount expended under each of the above items shall be accounted for separately.

Ordnance service.

Metallic ammunition for small arms.  
Target practice.

Removal of the armaments from forts, etc.

Purchase and manufacture of ordnance stores.  
Equipments.

Preservation of ordnance stores.

Purchase of machine guns.

Manufacture of arms.  
*Proviso.*

Appropriation for the payment of pensions for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1886.

Army and Navy pensions.

*Proviso.*

Examining surgeons and members of examining board.

*Proviso.*  
Number that may be examined, and fees.

*Proviso.*  
Applicant presumed to have had no disability at time of enlistment.

Agents.

Contingent expenses.

*Proviso.*  
Pay of pension agent not to exceed four thousand dollars per annum.

For fees and expenses of examining surgeons, five hundred thousand dollars. And each member of each examining board shall, as now authorized by law, receive the sum of two dollars for the examination of each applicant whenever five or a less number shall be examined on any one day, and one dollar for the examination of each additional applicant on such day: *Provided*, That if twenty or more applicants appear on one day, no fewer than twenty shall, if practicable, be examined on said day, and that if fewer examinations be then made, twenty or more having appeared, then there shall be paid for the first examinations made on the next examination day the fee of one dollar only until twenty examinations shall have been made: *Provided*, That all applicants for pensions shall be presumed to have had no disability at the time of enlistment; but such presumption may be rebutted.

For the salaries of eighteen agents for the payment of pensions, at four thousand dollars each, seventy-two thousand dollars.

For fees for preparing vouchers, rent, fuel, lights, postage on letters to the Executive Departments and to pensioners, stationery, and other necessary expenses, to be approved by the Secretary of the Interior, two hundred and fifty-six thousand dollars: *Provided*, That from and after June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, the salary and emoluments of agents for the payment of pensions shall be four thousand dollars, and no more, per annum; and of the fees provided by law for vouchers prepared and paid, only so much thereof as may be required for expenses incurred in having said vouchers prepared, as well as the necessary clerical work at the agencies, shall be available.

Approved, March 3d, 1885.

March 3, 1885.

**CHAP. 341.**—An act making appropriations for the current and contingent expenses of the Indian Department, and for fulfilling treaty stipulations with various Indian tribes, for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, and for other purposes.

Indian appropriation for year ending June 30, 1886.

Pay of agents at agencies specified.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the following sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of paying the current and contingent expenses of the Indian Department, and fulfilling treaty stipulations with the various Indian tribes, namely:

For pay of sixty agents of Indian affairs at the following-named agencies, at the rates respectively indicated, namely:

At the Warm Springs agency, at one thousand dollars;  
At the Klamath agency, at one thousand one hundred dollars;  
At the Grand Ronde agency, at one thousand dollars;  
At the Siletz agency, at one thousand two hundred dollars;  
At the Umatilla agency, at one thousand two hundred dollars;  
At the Neah Bay agency, at one thousand dollars;  
At the Yakama agency, at two thousand dollars;  
At the Colville agency, at one thousand five hundred dollars;  
At the Nisqually and S'Kokomish agency, at one thousand two hundred dollars;  
At the Quinalt agency, at one thousand dollars;  
At the Tulalip agency, at one thousand dollars;  
At the Round Valley agency, at one thousand five hundred dollars;  
At the Tule River agency, at one thousand dollars;  
At the Mission agency, at one thousand three hundred dollars;  
At the Nevada agency, at one thousand eight hundred dollars;  
At the Western Shoshone agency, at one thousand eight hundred dollars;

At the Nez Perces agency, at one thousand six hundred dollars;

At the Lemhi agency, at one thousand one hundred dollars;  
 At the Fort Hall agency, at one thousand five hundred dollars;  
 At the Flathead agency, at one thousand five hundred dollars;  
 At the Blackfeet agency, at one thousand eight hundred dollars;  
 At the Crow agency, at two thousand dollars;  
 At the Fort Peck agency, at two thousand dollars;  
 At the Fort Belknap agency, at one thousand dollars;  
 At the Yankton agency, at one thousand six hundred dollars;  
 At the Crow Creek and Lower Brule agency, at one thousand eight hundred dollars;

At the Standing Rock agency, at one thousand seven hundred dollars;  
 At the Cheyenne River agency, at one thousand five hundred dollars;  
 At the Fort Berthold agency, at one thousand five hundred dollars;  
 At the Sisseton agency, at one thousand five hundred dollars;  
 At the Devil's Lake agency, at one thousand two hundred  
 At the Pine Ridge agency, at two thousand two hundred dollars;  
 At the Rosebud agency, at two thousand two hundred dollars;  
 At the Shoshone agency, at one thousand five hundred dollars;  
 At the Uintah agency, at one thousand five hundred dollars;  
 At the Ouray agency, at one thousand five hundred dollars;  
 At the Pueblo agency, at two thousand dollars;  
 At the Navajo agency, at two thousand dollars;  
 At the Mescalero agency, at one thousand eight hundred dollars;  
 At the Southern Ute agency, at one thousand four hundred dollars;  
 At the Omaha and Winnebago agency, at one thousand six hundred dollars;

At the Santee agency, at one thousand two hundred dollars;  
 At the Pottawatomie and Great Nemaha agency, at one thousand dollars;

At the Ponca, Pawnee, Otoe, and Oakland agency, at one thousand five hundred dollars;

At the Sac and Fox agency, Indian Territory, at one thousand two hundred dollars;

At the Quapaw agency, at one thousand five hundred dollars; and not more than one thousand two hundred dollars of any moneys appropriated by this act shall be expended for clerical labor at this agency;

At the Osage agency, at one thousand six hundred dollars;  
 At the Cheyenne and Arapaho agency, at two thousand two hundred dollars;

At the Kiowa, Comanche, and Wichita agency, at two thousand dollars;

At the Union agency, at one thousand eight hundred dollars;  
 At the White Earth agency, at one thousand six hundred dollars;  
 At the Sac and Fox agency, Iowa, at one thousand dollars;  
 At the Green Bay agency, at one thousand five hundred dollars;  
 At the La Pointe agency, at two thousand dollars;  
 At the Mackinac agency, at one thousand dollars;  
 At the New York agency, at one thousand dollars;  
 At the Colorado River agency, at one thousand five hundred dollars;  
 At the Pima agency, at one thousand eight hundred dollars;  
 At the San Carlos agency, at two thousand dollars;

For the Eastern Cherokee Indians, eight hundred dollars; in all, eighty-nine thousand eight hundred dollars; and all provisions of law fixing compensation for Indian agents in excess of that herein provided are hereby repealed.

Eastern Cherokees.

Compensation of agents limited to amounts herein appropriated.

For charge of Indians on Tongue River.

Interpreters.

To enable the Secretary of the Interior to employ some suitable person to take charge of the Indians on Tongue River, at a compensation not exceeding this sum, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For the payment of necessary interpreters, to be distributed in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, twenty-five thousand dollars;

but no person employed by the United States and paid for any other service shall be paid for interpreting.

- Inspectors. For pay of five Indian inspectors, at three thousand dollars per annum each, fifteen thousand dollars.
- Traveling expenses of inspectors. For necessary travelling expenses of five Indian inspectors, including incidental expenses of inspection and investigation, six thousand dollars.
- School superintendent. Pay of one Indian school superintendent, three thousand dollars.
- Traveling expenses, etc. Necessary travelling expenses of one Indian school superintendent, including incidental expenses of inspection and investigation one thousand five hundred dollars.
- Agency buildings and repairs. For buildings and repair of buildings at agencies, and repairs of the same, thirty-five thousand dollars.
- Contingent expenses. For contingencies of the Indian service, including travelling and incidental expenses of Indian agents, and of their offices, and travelling and incidental expenses of five special agents, and for pay of employees not otherwise provided for, and for pay of the five special agents, at two thousand dollars per annum each, forty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That special agents shall be allowed three dollars per diem for travelling and incidental expenses while travelling or actually on duty in the field exclusive of cost of transportation and sleeping-car fare.
- Proviso.* For the expenses of the commission of citizens, serving without compensation, appointed by the President under the provision of the fourth section of the act of April tenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, three thousand dollars.
- Special agents, allowances to.
- Expenses of commission of citizens. 1869, vol. 16, ch. 16, p. 40.

### FULFILLING TREATIES WITH INDIAN TRIBES.

Apaches, Kiowas, and Comanches.

#### APACHES, KIOVAS, AND COMANCHES.

Vol. 15, p. 584.

For eighteenth of thirty instalments, as provided to be expended under the tenth article of treaty of October twenty-first, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, concluded at Medicine Lodge Creek, in Kansas, with the Kiowas and Comanches, and under the third article of treaty of the same date with the Apaches, thirty thousand dollars;

Vol. 15, p. 590.

For purchase of clothing, as provided in the same treaties, twelve thousand dollars;

For pay of carpenter, farmer, blacksmith, miller, and engineer, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For pay of physician and two teachers, two thousand five hundred dollars; in all, forty-nine thousand dollars.

Cheyennes and Arapahoes.

#### CHEYENNES AND ARAPAHOES.

Vol. 15, p. 596.

For eighteenth of thirty instalments, as provided to be expended under the tenth article of treaty of October twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, twenty thousand dollars;

Vol. 15, p. 597.

For purchase of clothing, as per same article, eleven thousand dollars; For pay of physician and teacher, as per thirteenth article of same treaty, two thousand dollars;

For pay of carpenter, farmer, blacksmith, miller, and engineer, as per same article, four thousand five hundred dollars; in all, thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars.

Chickasaws.

#### CHICKASAWS.

Vol. 14, p. 774.

For permanent annuity, in goods, three thousand dollars.

Boise Fort band of Chippewas.

#### BOISE FORTE BAND OF CHIPPEWAS.

For last of twenty instalments, for the support of one blacksmith and assistant, and for tools, iron and steel, and other articles necessary for

the blacksmith shop, as per third article of treaty of April seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, one thousand five hundred dollars;

Vol. 14, p. 766.

For last of twenty instalments, for the support of one school-teacher, and for the necessary books and stationery, as per same article of same treaty, eight hundred dollars;

For last of twenty instalments, for the instruction of Indians in farming, and purchase of seeds, tools, and similar necessities, as per same article of same treaty, eight hundred dollars;

For last of twenty instalments of annuity, in money, to be paid per capita, as per same article of same treaty, three thousand five hundred dollars;

For last of twenty instalments of annuity, in provisions, ammunition, and tobacco, as per same article of same treaty, one thousand dollars;

For last of twenty instalments of annuity, in goods and other articles, as per same article of same treaty, six thousand five hundred dollars; in all, fourteen thousand one hundred dollars.

#### CHIPPEWAS OF THE MISSISSIPPI.

Chippewas of the Mississippi.

For thirty-ninth of forty-six instalments to be paid to the Chippewas of the Mississippi, per third article of treaty of August second, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, and fifth article of treaty of March nineteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, one thousand dollars;

Vol. 9, p. 904.

Vol. 16, p. 720.

For the support of a school or schools upon said reservation, during the pleasure of the President, in accordance with third article of treaty of March nineteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, four thousand dollars; in all, five thousand dollars.

Vol. 16, p. 720.

#### CHIPPEWAS, PILLAGERS, AND LAKE WINNEBAGOSHISH BANDS.

Chippewas, Pillagers, and Lake Winnebagoishish bands.

For thirty-first of forty instalments of annuity, in money, per third article of treaty of February twenty-second, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, and third article of treaty of May seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, ten thousand six hundred and sixty-six dollars and sixty-six cents;

Vol. 10, p. 1168.

Vol. 13, p. 694.

For thirty-first of forty instalments of annuity, in goods, per same articles of same treaties, eight thousand dollars;

Vol. 10, p. 1168.

For thirty-first of forty instalments, for purposes of utility, per same articles of same treaties, four thousand dollars; in all, twenty-two thousand six hundred and sixty-six dollars and sixty-six cents.

#### CHOCTAWS.

Choctaws. Permanent annuities.

For permanent annuity, per second article of treaty of November sixteenth, eighteen hundred and five, and thirteenth article of treaty of June twenty-second eighteen hundred and fifty-five, three thousand dollars;

Vol. 7, p. 99.

Vol. 11, p. 614.

For permanent annuity, for support of light horsemen, per thirteenth article of treaty of October eighteenth, eighteen hundred and twenty, and thirteenth article of treaty of June twenty-second, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, six hundred dollars;

Vol. 7, p. 213.

Vol. 11, p. 614.

For permanent annuity, for support of blacksmith, per sixth article of treaty of October eighteenth, eighteen hundred and twenty, ninth article of treaty of January twentieth, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, and thirteenth article of treaty of June twenty-second, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, six hundred dollars;

Vol. 7, p. 212.

Vol. 7, p. 236.

Vol. 11, p. 614.

For permanent annuity, for education, per second and thirteenth article of last two treaties named above, six thousand dollars;

For permanent annuity, for iron and steel, per ninth article of treaty of January twentieth, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, and thirteenth article of treaty of June twenty-second, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, three hundred and twenty dollars;

Vol. 7, p. 236.

Vol. 11, p. 614.

Interest.	For interest on three hundred and ninety thousand two hundred and fifty-seven dollars and ninety-two cents, at five per centum per annum, for education, support of the government, and other beneficial purposes, under the direction of the general council of the Choctaws, in conformity with the provisions contained in the ninth and thirteenth articles of treaty of January twentieth, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, and treaty of June twenty-second, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, nineteen thousand five hundred and twelve dollars and eighty-nine cents;
Vol. 7, p. 236. Vol. 11, p. 614.	
Credit of amount due.	For this amount, due the Choctaw Nation, to be placed to the credit of the Choctaws on the books of the United States Treasury, to draw interest at five per centum per annum from the twenty-first day of May, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, the date of the passage of an act by the Choctaw legislature to adopt the Choctaw freedmen as citizens, being three-fourths of the balance of the sum of three hundred thousand dollars stipulated to be paid and to draw interest under the third and forty-sixth articles of the treaty between the United States and the Choctaws and Chickasaws dated April twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, less such sums, at the rate of one hundred dollars per capita, as shall be sufficient to pay such persons of African descent belonging to said nation who shall elect to remove and actually remove from the said nation, fifty-two thousand one hundred and twenty-five dollars; in all, eighty-two thousand one hundred and fifty-seven dollars and eighty-nine cents.
Vol. 14, p. 769. Vol. 14, p. 780.	

## Columbias and Colvilles.

## COLUMBIAS AND COLVILLES.

Pamphlet laws, 48th Cong., 1st sess., p. 79. Chief Moses. Chief Tonasket.	For annuity for Chief Moses, as per agreement of July seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, ratified by act approved July fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, one thousand dollars.
	For annuity for Chief Tonasket, as per same agreement ratified by act of July fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, one hundred dollars;
Employés.	For employees, as provided in said agreement ratified by act of July fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, six thousand dollars; in all, seven thousand one hundred dollars.
Captain Baldwin.	To enable the Secretary of the Interior to reimburse Captain F. D. Baldwin for expenses incurred in the settlement of the disputes and the negotiation of the agreement of July seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, with the Columbias and Colvilles, four hundred and forty-four dollars and seventy cents, to be immediately available.

## Creeks.

## CREEKS.

Permanent annuities. Vol. 7, p. 36. Vol. 11, p. 700.	For permanent annuity, in money, per fourth article of treaty of August seventh, seventeen hundred and ninety, and fifth article of treaty of August seventh, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, one thousand five hundred dollars;
Vol. 7, p. 69. Vol. 11, p. 700.	For permanent annuity, in money, per second article of treaty of June sixteenth, eighteen hundred and two, and fifth article of treaty of August seventh, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, three thousand dollars;
Vol. 7, p. 287. Vol. 11, p. 700.	For permanent annuity, in money, per fourth article of treaty of January twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, and fifth article of treaty of August seventh, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, twenty thousand dollars;
Vol. 7, p. 287. Vol. 11, p. 700.	For permanent annuity, for blacksmith and assistant, and for shop and tools, per eighth article of treaty of January twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, and fifth article of treaty of August seventh, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, eight hundred and forty dollars;
	For permanent annuity, for iron and steel for shop, per same articles and treaties, two hundred and seventy dollars;
	For permanent annuity, for the pay of a wheelwright, per same articles of same treaties, six hundred dollars;

For five per centum interest on two hundred thousand dollars, for purposes of education, per sixth article of treaty of August seventh, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, ten thousand dollars;

Vol. 11, p. 701.

For interest on six hundred and seventy-five thousand one hundred and sixty-eight dollars, at the rate of five per centum per annum, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, under provisions of third article of treaty of June fourteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, thirty-three thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight dollars and forty cents;

Interest.

Vol. 14, p. 786.

For interest, at five per centum per annum, on the sum of forty-five thousand five hundred and sixty-one dollars, being an additional amount appropriated for cession of land under the third article of their treaty dated June fourteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, by act approved July seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, from July nineteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, the date of ratification of the treaty, to July nineteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, the date said principal was placed to the credit of the nation, eighteen years, forty-one thousand and four dollars and ninety cents: *Provided, however,* That no part of the above sum shall be paid unless the Creek Nation shall, within twelve months, and in pursuance of a resolution of its national council first had and obtained, make and file in the office of the Secretary of State an acceptance and ratification of the survey made and approved by the Department under the treaty of June fourteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six; and the additional lands acquired by the United States by the survey shall be held by the United States under the provisions of the treaty of June fourteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six; in all, one hundred and ten thousand nine hundred and seventy-three dollars and thirty cents.

Vol. 14, p. 786.

*Proviso.*

That the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States pay to the treasurer of that part of the Cherokees known and denominated "Old Settlers or Western Cherokees," the sum of six hundred and sixty dollars and eighty cents, together with five per cent. interest from the thirtieth day of September eighteen hundred and fifty-one it being the amount due and unpaid and including the balance now in the Treasury of the appropriation of eight hundred and eighty-seven thousand four hundred and eighty dollars and fifteen cents made to them by act of Congress, September thirtieth, eighteen hundred and fifty.

Vol. 9, p. 556.

"Old Settlers."

#### CROWS.

Crows.

For fourth of twenty-five instalments, as provided in agreement with the Crows dated June twelfth, eighteen hundred and eighty, to be used by the Secretary of the Interior in such manner as the President may direct, thirty thousand dollars;

Vol. 22, p. 42.

For seventeenth of thirty instalments, to supply male persons, six hundred in number, over fourteen years of age, with a suit of good substantial woolen clothing, consisting of a coat, hat, pantaloons, flannel shirt, and woolen socks, as per ninth article of treaty of May seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, six thousand dollars;

Vol. 15, p. 651.

For seventeenth of thirty instalments, to supply each female, seven hundred in number, over twelve years of age, with a flannel skirt, or the goods necessary to make the same, a pair of woolen hose, twelve yards of calico, and twelve yards of cotton domestic, as per same article, four thousand dollars;

For seventeenth of thirty instalments, to supply three hundred and fifty boys and three hundred and fifty girls, under the ages named, such flannel and cotton goods as may be needed to make each a suit as aforesaid, together with a pair of woolen hose for each, per same article, five thousand dollars;

Vol. 15, p. 652.

For pay of a physician, per tenth article of same treaty, one thousand two hundred dollars;

Vol. 15, p. 651.

For sixteenth of twenty instalments, for pay of teacher and furnish-

ing necessary books and stationery, under seventh article of same treaty, one thousand five hundred dollars;

Vol. 15, p. 652.

For pay of carpenter, miller, engineer, farmer, and blacksmith, under tenth article of same treaty, three thousand three hundred dollars;

Vol. 15, p. 651.

For pay of second blacksmith, and iron and steel, as per eighth article of same treaty, one thousand five hundred dollars;

For this amount, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to furnish such articles of food as from time to time the condition and necessities of the Indians may require, eighty thousand dollars; in all, one hundred and thirty-two thousand five hundred dollars.

Iowas.

IOWAS.

For interest, in lieu of investment, on fifty-seven thousand five hundred dollars, balance of one hundred and fifty-seven thousand five hundred dollars, to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, at five per centum per annum, for education or other beneficial purposes, under the direction of the President, per ninth article of treaty of May seventeenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, two thousand eight hundred and seventy-five dollars.

Vol. 10, p. 1071.

Kansas.

KANSAS.

Interest.

For interest, in lieu of investment, on two hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum per annum, per second article of treaty of January fourteenth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, ten thousand dollars.

Vol. 9, p. 842.

Proceeds of sale of lands to be applied to payment of present indebtedness.

That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to apply the net proceeds arising from the sales of Kansas Indian lands, in the State of Kansas, now in the Treasury, and such as shall from time to time be in the Treasury to the credit of the Kansas tribe of Indians, to the payment of all of the present indebtedness of said tribe, principal and interest, represented by the certificates issued in the years eighteen hundred and sixty-two and eighteen hundred and sixty-three, and known as Kaw or Kansas Indian scrip; said payment to be made as follows: He shall, ninety days after the approval of this act, apply sixty-seven thousand three hundred and eighty-six dollars and eighty-nine cents, being the net proceeds on hand March twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, together with such sum as may have accrued since said date, in pro rata payment, principal and interest, of all such scrip certificates aforesaid as shall be filed in the Department of the Interior on or before the said ninetieth day after the approval of this act, and of the genuineness of which he shall be satisfied; and thereafter whenever the proceeds, after the deduction of the expenses of the sale of said lands, shall equal the sum of ten thousand dollars, the Secretary of the Interior shall pay said sum, together with any excess thereof, upon such certificates as aforesaid as shall be on file at the Department of the Interior on the date of such payment and for thirty days thereto preceding, and shall continue so to pay until the indebtedness of said tribe represented by said scrip certificates, with the interest thereon, shall be fully liquidated, or until the entire net proceeds of the sale of said lands that are now on hand or that may hereafter be acquired shall be exhausted: *Provided*, That not exceeding five per cent interest per annum shall be allowed on any of such scrip.

Payment; how made.

*Proriso.*

Kickapoos.

KICKAPOOS.

Interest.

For interest on eighty-nine thousand eight hundred and sixty-four dollars and eighty-eight cents, at five per centum per annum, for educational and other beneficial purposes, per treaty of May eighteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, four thousand four hundred and ninety-three dollars and twenty-four cents;

Vol. 10, p. 1079.

Support and civilization.

For support and civilization of Kickapoo Indians in the Indian Territory, five thousand dollars; in all, nine thousand four hundred and ninety-three dollars and twenty-four cents.

KLAMATHS AND MODOCS.

For nineteenth of twenty instalments, for keeping in repair one saw-mill, one flouring-mill, buildings for the blacksmith, carpenter, wagon and plow-maker, the manual-labor school, and hospital, as per fourth article of treaty of October fourteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, one thousand dollars;

Klamaths and Modocs.  
Repair of saw-mill, etc.  
Vol. 16, p. 708.

For last of twenty instalments, for the purchase of tools and material for saw and flour mills, carpenter, blacksmith, wagon and plow maker shops, and books and stationery for the manual-labor school, per same article of same treaty, one thousand five hundred dollars;

Tools and material.  
Vol. 16, p. 709.

For last of twenty instalments, to pay salary and subsistence of one physician, one miller, and two school teachers, as per fifth article of same treaty, three thousand six hundred dollars; in all, six thousand one hundred dollars.

Salary of physician, etc.

MIAMIES OF KANSAS.

For permanent provision for blacksmith and assistant, and iron and steel for shop, per fifth article of treaty of October sixth, eighteen hundred and eighteen, and fourth article of treaty of June fifth, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, four hundred and eleven dollars and forty-three cents;

Miamies of Kansas.  
Blacksmith, etc.  
Vol. 7, p. 191.  
Vol. 10, p. 1095.

For permanent provision for miller, in lieu of gunsmith, per same articles and treaties, and per fifth article of treaty of October twenty-third, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, two hundred and sixty-two dollars and sixty-two cents;

Miller.  
Vol. 7, p. 191.  
Vol. 7, p. 464.

For interest on twenty-one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four dollars and eighty-one cents, at five per centum, for educational purposes, per third article of treaty of June fifth, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand and ninety-four dollars and twenty-four cents; in all, one thousand seven hundred and sixty-eight dollars and twenty-nine cents.

Interest.  
Vol. 10, p. 1094.

MIAMIES OF EEL RIVER.

For permanent annuity, in goods or otherwise, per fourth article of treaty of August third, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, five hundred dollars;

Miamies of Eel River.  
Permanent annuities.  
Vol. 7, p. 51.

For permanent annuity, in goods or otherwise, per articles of treaty of August twenty-first, eighteen hundred and five, two hundred and fifty dollars;

Vol. 7, p. 91.

For permanent annuity, in goods or otherwise, per third and separate articles of treaty of September thirtieth, eighteen hundred and nine, three hundred and fifty dollars; in all, one thousand one hundred dollars.

Vol. 7, p. 114.

MOLELS.

For pay of teachers and for manual-labor schools, and for all necessary materials therefor, and for the subsistence of the pupils, per second article of treaty of December twenty-first, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, three thousand dollars.

Molels.  
Schools.  
Vol. 12, p. 981.

NEZ PERCES.

For salaries of two matrons, to take charge of the boarding-schools, two assistant teachers, one farmer, one carpenter, and two millers, per fifth article of treaty of June ninth, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, three thousand five hundred dollars.

Nez Perces.  
Schools.  
Vol. 14, p. 650.

NORTHERN CHEYENNES AND ARAPAHOES.

For seventh of ten instalments, to be expended by the Secretary of the Interior, for each Indian engaged in agriculture, in the purchase of such articles as from time to time the condition and necessities of the

Northern Cheyennes and Arapahoes.  
Agriculture.

- Vol. 15, p. 657. Indians may indicate to be proper, as per sixth article of treaty of May tenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, and agreement with the Sioux Indians approved February twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and seventy-seven, twenty-five thousand dollars;
- Clothing. For seventeenth of thirty instalments, for purchase of clothing, as per sixth article of treaty of May tenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, twelve thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the amount in this and the preceding paragraph shall be expended pro rata, as near as may be, for the Northern Cheyennes and Arapahoes in Wyoming, and on the Tongue River, in Montana.
- Vol. 15, p. 657. *Physician, etc.* For pay of physician, two teachers, two carpenters, one miller, two farmers, a blacksmith, and engineer, per seventh article of same treaty, nine thousand dollars; in all, forty-six thousand dollars.
- Vol. 15, p. 658. *Amount to be expended pro rata.*

## Omahas.

## OMAHAS.

- Vol. 10, p. 1044. For third of twelve instalments, being last series, in money or otherwise, per fourth article treaty of March sixteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, ten thousand dollars.
- For sale of lands. To enable the Secretary of the Interior to appraise and sell, in accordance with the provisions of an act entitled "An act to provide for the sale of a part of the reservation of the Omaha tribe of Indians, in the State of Nebraska, and for other purposes," approved August seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, that portion of said reservation in township twenty-four, range seven east, remaining unallotted on the first day of June, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, one thousand dollars; said sum to be reimbursed from the fund received from the sale of said lands: *Provided*, That the Secretary of the Interior may, in his discretion, and with the consent of the Indians, extend the time of payment for land as fixed by section two of said act so that one third of the purchase money shall become due and payable in two years from the date when the land shall be or has been thrown open to settlement, together with one year's interest on the amount of the first instalment, to be paid when entry is made; and the second instalment of one third shall become due and payable in one year, and the remaining one third in two years from date of first payment, with interest as provided in said act; and in case of default in either of said payments, or the interest thereon, the person thus defaulting for a period of sixty days shall forfeit absolutely his right to the tract which he has purchased, and any payment or payments he may have made: *Provided further*, That also, with the consent of the Indians, the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to cause to be appraised and sold to the highest bidder, under such regulations and upon such terms as to payment as he may deem to be most advantageous to the said Indians, that part or parcel of said reservation described as follows: All that portion of the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section twenty-seven and the west half of the northwest quarter of section twenty-six, in township twenty-five, range six east, lying east of the Sioux City and Nebraska Railroad, containing about fifty acres, more or less, conditioned, however, that the purchaser thereof shall erect, operate, and maintain a flouring mill thereon.
- Vol. 22, p. 341. *Proviso.*
- Proviso.*

## Osages.

## OSAGES.

- Interest. For interest on sixty-nine thousand one hundred and twenty dollars, at five per centum per annum, being value of fifty-four sections of land set apart by treaty of June second, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, for educational purposes, per Senate resolution of January ninth, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, three thousand four hundred and fifty-six dollars.
- Vol. 7, p. 242. *Reimbursement to Captain & Co., for supplies furnished.* The Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to pay to Captain and Company the sum of one thousand four hundred and sixteen dollars and ten cents, amount due for supplies furnished Osage

Indians in eighteen hundred and seventy-one and eighteen hundred and seventy-two, out of the fund to the credit of said Indians on the books of the Treasury entitled "Interest on Osage fund."

OTOES AND MISSOURIAS.

Otoes and Missourias.

For third of twelve instalments, being the last series, in money or otherwise, per fourth article treaty of March fifteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, five thousand dollars.

Vol. 10, p. 1039.

The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to make such extension of time for the payment of the purchase money under the sale made under an act entitled "An act to provide for the sale of the remainder of the reservation of the Confederate Otoe and Missouria tribes of Indians, in the States of Nebraska and Kansas, and for other purposes," as he may deem advantageous to said Indians and settlers: *Provided*, That the interest shall be paid at the rate as now provided by said act; but the time for the payment of the whole of said purchase money shall not be extended more than two years from the time the said purchase money became due according to the original terms of sale under said act.

Time for payment for lands purchased, may be extended.

*Provided.*

PAWNEES.

Pawnees.

For perpetual annuity, at least one-half of which is to be paid in goods and such articles as may be deemed necessary for them, per second article of treaty of September twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, thirty thousand dollars;

Perpetual annuity.

For support of two manual-labor schools, per third article of same treaty, ten thousand dollars;

Vol. 11, p. 729.

For pay of two farmers, two blacksmiths and two apprentices, one miller and apprentice, and two teachers, one shoe-maker, and one carpenter, five thousand four hundred dollars;

Schools.  
Vol. 11, p. 730.

For pay of physician and purchase of medicines, one thousand two hundred dollars;

Farmers, etc.

For purchase of iron and steel, and other necessities for the shops, as per fourth article of treaty of September twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, four hundred dollars;

Physician.

For repairs of grist and saw mills, three hundred dollars; in all, forty-seven thousand three hundred dollars.

Vol. 11, p. 730.

Material and repairs.

PONCAS.

Poncas.

For twelfth of fifteen instalments, last series, to be paid to them or expended for their benefit, per second article of treaty of March twelfth, eighteen hundred and fifty-eight, eight thousand dollars;

Vol. 12, p. 997.

For this amount, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be used at the discretion of the President, to carry on the work of aiding and instructing the Poncas in the arts of civilization, with a view to their self-support, for clothing, and for pay of employees, six thousand dollars;

Civilization.

For this amount, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, for subsistence of the Poncas, twenty thousand dollars; in all, thirty-four thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the foregoing sums shall be divided pro rata among all the members of said tribe in the Indian Territory and in Dakota Territory.

Subsistence.  
*Provided.*

POTTAWATOMIES.

Pottawatomies.

For permanent annuity, in silver, per fourth article of treaty of August third, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, three hundred and fifty-seven dollars and eighty cents;

Permanent annuities.  
Vol. 7, p. 51.

For permanent annuity, in silver, per third article of treaty of September thirtieth, eighteen hundred and nine, one hundred and seventy-eight dollars and ninety cents;

Vol. 7, p. 114.

- Vol. 7, p. 185. For permanent annuity, in silver, per third article of treaty of October second, eighteen hundred and eighteen, eight hundred and ninety-four dollars and fifty cents;
- Vol. 7, p. 317. For permanent annuity, in money, per second article of treaty of September twentieth, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, seven hundred and fifteen dollars and sixty cents;
- Vol. 7, p. 320. For permanent annuity, in specie, per second article of treaty of July twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, and second article of treaty of September twentieth, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, five thousand seven hundred and twenty-four dollars and seventy-seven cents;
- Money in lieu of tobacco, etc. Vol. 7, p. 317. Vol. 9, p. 855. For permanent provision for payment of money, in lieu of tobacco, iron, and steel, per second article of treaty of September twentieth, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, and tenth articles of treaties of June fifth and seventeenth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, one hundred and seven dollars and thirty-four cents;
- Blacksmiths. Vol. 7, p. 296. For permanent provision for three blacksmiths and assistants, and for iron and steel for shops, per third article of treaty of October sixteenth, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, second article of treaty of September twentieth, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, and second article of treaty of July twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, one thousand and eight dollars and ninety-nine cents;
- Salt. Vol. 7, p. 320. For permanent provision for fifty barrels of salt, per second article of treaty of July twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, one hundred and fifty-six dollars and fifty-four cents;
- Interest. Vol. 9, p. 854. For interest on two hundred and thirty thousand and sixty-four dollars and twenty cents, at five per centum, in conformity with provisions of article seventh of treaties of June fifth and seventeenth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, eleven thousand five hundred and three dollars and twenty-one cents; in all, twenty thousand six hundred and forty-seven dollars and sixty-five cents.
- Claim of certain individual members referred to Court of Claims. Vol. 15, p. 533. That the claim of certain individual members of the Pottawatomie Nation of Indians, their heirs or legal representatives for depredations committed by others upon their stock, timber or other property reported to Congress under the tenth article of the treaty of August seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight be and the same are hereby referred to the Court of Claims for adjudication. And said court shall in determining said cause ascertain the amounts due and to whom due by reason of actual damage sustained and said cause shall be tried without delay as hereinbefore provided.

#### Pottawatomies of Huron.

#### POTTAWATOMIES OF HURON.

- Permanent annuity. Vol. 7, p. 106. For permanent annuity, in money or otherwise, per second article of treaty of November seventeenth, eighteen hundred and seven, four hundred dollars.

#### Quapaws.

#### QUAPAWS.

- Education. Vol. 7, p. 425. For education, during the pleasure of the President, per third article of treaty of May thirteenth, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, one thousand dollars;

- Blacksmiths, etc. For blacksmith, and tools, iron, and steel for blacksmith shop, per same article and treaty, five hundred dollars; in all, one thousand five hundred dollars.

#### Sacs and Foxes of the Mississippi.

#### SACS AND FOXES OF THE MISSISSIPPI.

- Permanent annuity. Vol. 7, p. 86. For permanent annuity, in goods or otherwise, per third article of treaty of November third, eighteen hundred and four, one thousand dollars;
- Interest. Vol. 7, p. 540. For interest on two hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, per second article of treaty of October twenty-first, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, ten thousand dollars;

For interest on eight hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, per second article of treaty of October eleventh, eighteen hundred and forty-two, forty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars of this amount shall be used for the pay of a physician and for purchase of medicine; in all, fifty-one thousand dollars: *Provided*, That hereafter the Sacs and Foxes of Iowa shall have apportioned to them, from appropriations for fulfilling the stipulations of said treaties, their per capita proportion of the amount appropriated in this act, subject to provisions of treaties with said tribes; but this shall apply only to the Sacs and Foxes now in Iowa: *And provided further*, That this shall apply only to original Sacs and Foxes now in Iowa, to be ascertained by the Secretary of the Interior.

Vol. 7, p. 596.  
*Proviso.*

*Proviso.*  
Sacs and Foxes  
of Iowa.

*Proviso.*

#### SACS AND FOXES OF THE MISSOURI.

Sacs and Foxes  
of Missouri.

For interest on one hundred and fifty-seven thousand four hundred dollars, at five per centum, under the direction of the President per second article of treaty of October twenty-first, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, seven thousand eight hundred seventy dollars;

Interest.

Vol. 7, p. 543.

For support of a school, per fifth article of treaty of March sixth, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, two hundred dollars; in all, eight thousand and seventy dollars.

School.

Vol. 12, p. 1172.

#### SEMINOLES.

Seminole.

For five per centum interest on two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be paid as annuity, per eighth article of treaty of August seventh, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, twelve thousand five hundred dollars;

Interest.

Vol. 11, p. 702.

For five per centum interest on two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be paid as annuity (they having joined their brethren west), per eighth article of treaty of August seventh, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, twelve thousand five hundred dollars;

For interest on fifty thousand dollars, at the rate of five per centum per annum, to be paid annually, for the support of schools, as per third article of treaty of March twenty-first, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, two thousand five hundred dollars;

Vol. 14, p. 756.

For interest on twenty thousand dollars, at the rate of five per centum per annum, to be paid annually, for the support of the Seminole government, as per same article of same treaty, one thousand dollars; in all, twenty-eight thousand five hundred dollars.

#### SENECAS.

Senecas.

For permanent annuity, in specie, per fourth article of treaty of September twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and seventeen, five hundred dollars;

Permanent an-  
nuities.  
Vol. 7, p. 161.

For permanent annuity, in specie, per fourth article of treaty of September seventeenth, eighteen hundred and eighteen, five hundred dollars;

Vol. 7, p. 179.

For permanent annuity, for blacksmith and miller, per fourth article of treaty of February twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and thirty one, to be annually paid to them as a national fund, to be expended by them for such articles and wants and improvements in agriculture as their chiefs (with the consent of their agent) may designate, as stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of February twenty-third, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, one thousand six hundred and sixty dollars;

Vol. 7, p. 349.

Vol. 15, p. 515.

For permanent annuity, in specie, per fourth article of treaty of September seventeenth, eighteen hundred and eighteen, and fifth article of treaty of February twenty-third, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, five hundred dollars;

Vol. 7, p. 179.

Vol. 15, p. 514.

Blacksmith, etc. For blacksmith and assistant, shops and tools, iron and steel, per fourth article of treaty of July twentieth, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, and fifth article of treaty of February twenty-third, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, five hundred and thirty dollars; in all, three thousand six hundred and ninety dollars.

Vol. 7, p. 352.

Vol. 15, p. 514.

#### Senecas of New York.

#### SENECAS OF NEW YORK.

Permanent annuity. For permanent annuity, in lieu of interest on stock, per act of February nineteenth, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, six thousand dollars;

Vol. 4, p. 442.

Interest. For interest, in lieu of investment, on seventy-five thousand dollars, at five per centum, per act of June twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and forty-six, three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars;

Vol. 9, p. 35.

For interest, at five per centum, on forty-three thousand and fifty dollars, transferred from the Ontario Bank to the United States Treasury, per act of June twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and forty-six, two thousand one hundred and fifty-two dollars and fifty cents; in all, eleven thousand nine hundred and two dollars and fifty cents.

Vol. 9, p. 35.

#### Shawnees.

#### SHAWNEES.

Permanent annuities. For permanent annuity, for educational purposes, per fourth article of treaty of August third, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, and third article of treaty of May tenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand dollars;

Vol. 7, p. 51.

Vol. 10, p. 1056.

For permanent annuity, in specie, for educational purposes, per fourth article of treaty of September twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and seventeen, and third article of treaty of May tenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, two thousand dollars;

Vol. 7, p. 161.

Vol. 10, p. 1056.

Interest. For interest, at five per centum, on forty thousand dollars, for educational purposes, per third article of last named treaty, two thousand dollars; in all, five thousand dollars.

Vol. 10, p. 1056.

#### Eastern Shawnees.

#### EASTERN SHAWNEES.

Permanent annuity. For permanent annuity, in specie, per fourth article of treaty of September seventeenth, eighteen hundred and eighteen, and fifth article of treaty of February twenty-third, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, five hundred dollars;

Vol. 7, p. 179.

Vol. 15, p. 514.

Blacksmith, etc. For blacksmith and assistant, shops and tools, iron and steel, per fourth article of treaty of July twentieth, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, and fifth article of treaty of February twenty-third, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, five hundred and thirty dollars; in all, one thousand and thirty dollars.

Vol. 7, p. 352.

Vol. 15, p. 514.

#### Shoshones and Bannocks.

#### SHOSHONES AND BANNOCKS.

Supplies. Shoshones: For sixteenth of thirty instalments, to purchase suits of clothing for males over fourteen years of age, flannel, hose, calico, and domestics for females over the age of twelve years, and such goods as may be needed to make suits for boys and girls under the ages named, as per ninth article of treaty of July third, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, ten thousand dollars;

Vol. 15, p. 676.

Physician, blacksmith, etc. For pay of physician, teacher, carpenter, miller, engineer, farmer, and blacksmith, as per tenth article of treaty of July third, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, five thousand dollars;

Vol. 15, p. 676.

For pay of second blacksmith, and such iron and steel and other materials as may be required, per article of the same treaty, eight hundred dollars;

Vol. 15, p. 675.

Clothing. Bannocks: For sixteenth of thirty instalments, to purchase suits of clothing for males over fourteen years of age, flannel, hose, calico, and domestics for females over twelve years of age, and such flannel and cotton goods as may be needed to make suits for boys and girls under

Vol. 15, p. 676.

the ages named, as per ninth article of the same treaty, five thousand dollars;

For pay of physician, teacher, carpenter, miller, engineer, farmer, and blacksmith, as per tenth article of treaty of July third, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, five thousand dollars; in all, twenty-five thousand eight hundred dollars.

Physician, etc.  
Vol. 15, p. 676.

SIX NATIONS OF NEW YORK.

For permanent annuity, in clothing and other useful articles, per sixth article of treaty of November seventeenth, seventeen hundred and ninety-four, four thousand five hundred dollars.

Six Nations of New York.  
Clothing, etc.  
Vol. 7, p. 46.

SIoux OF DIFFERENT TRIBES, INCLUDING SANTEE SIOUX OF NEBRASKA.

For sixteenth of thirty instalments, to purchase clothing for males over fourteen years of age, for flannel, hose, and calico, and domestics required for females over twelve years of age, and for such flannel and cotton goods as may be needed to make suits for boys and girls, per tenth article of treaty of April twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, one hundred and thirty thousand dollars;

Sioux of different tribes, including Santee Sioux of Nebraska.  
Clothing and other necessaries.

For sixteenth of thirty instalments, to purchase such articles as may be considered proper by the Secretary of the Interior for persons roaming, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars;

Vol. 15, p. 638.

For sixteenth of thirty instalments, to purchase such articles as may be considered proper by the Secretary of the Interior, at twenty dollars per head, for one thousand four hundred and twenty persons engaged in agriculture, twenty-eight thousand four hundred dollars;

Vol. 15, p. 640.

For pay of physician, five teachers, one carpenter, one miller, one engineer, two farmers, and one blacksmith, per thirteenth article of same treaty, ten thousand four hundred dollars;

Physician, teachers, etc.

For pay of additional employees at the several agencies for the Sioux in Nebraska and Dakota, twenty thousand dollars;

Additional employees, Nebraska and Dakota.  
Industrial schools.

For industrial schools at the Santee Sioux and Crow Creek agencies, six thousand dollars;

For subsistence of the Sioux, and for purposes of their civilization, as per agreement ratified by act of Congress approved February twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and seventy-seven, one million two hundred and fifty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That this sum shall include transportation of supplies from the termination of railroad or steam-boat transportation; and in this service Indians shall be employed wherever practicable.

Vol. 19, p. 254.  
*Proviso.*  
Transportation of supplies included.  
Indians to be employed.  
Matron at Santee Agency.

For pay of matron at Santee agency, five hundred dollars;

For pay of second blacksmith, and furnishing iron, steel, and other material, per eighth article of same treaty, two thousand dollars; in all, one million five hundred and ninety-seven thousand three hundred dollars.

Vol. 15, p. 638.

That so much of the act approved July fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, as makes an appropriation of ten thousand dollars for the Medewakanton band of Sioux Indians be so amended as to allow the Secretary of the Interior to disburse the same to the Medewakanton band of full-blood Indians in Minnesota for agricultural implements, lands, or cash, as in his judgment may seem best for said Indians; and of this amount seven hundred and twenty dollars shall be expended to pay a practical farmer for instructing said Indians in agriculture.

Medewakanton band of Sioux in Minnesota.  
*Ante* p. 87.

SIOUX, YANKTON TRIBE.

The seventh of ten instalments, third series, to be paid to them or expended for their benefit, per fourth article of treaty of April nineteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-eight, twenty-five thousand dollars:

Sioux, Yankton tribe.

Vol. 11, p. 744.

Subsistence and civilization.  
Vol. 19, p. 287.

For subsistence and civilization of and purchase of stock for two thousand Yankton Sioux, heretofore provided for in appropriations under "Fulfilling treaty with Sioux of different tribes," forty thousand dollars; in all, sixty-five thousand dollars.

Confederated bands of Utes.

#### CONFEDERATED BANDS OF UTES.

Carpenters, teachers, supplies, etc.

For pay of two carpenters, two millers, two farmers, and two blacksmiths, as per tenth article of treaty of October seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, and fifteenth article of treaty of March second, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, six thousand seven hundred and twenty dollars;

For pay of two teachers, as per same article of same treaty, one thousand eight hundred dollars;

Vol. 15, p. 621.

For purchase of iron and steel, and the necessary tools for blacksmith shop, per ninth article of same treaty, two hundred and twenty dollars;

Vol. 15, p. 622.

For seventeenth of thirty instalments, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, for clothing, blankets, and such other articles as he may deem proper and necessary, under eleventh article of same treaty, twenty-five thousand dollars;

Vol. 15, p. 622.

For annual amount, for the purchase of beef, mutton, wheat, flour, beans, and potatoes, or other necessary articles of food, as per twelfth article of same treaty, twenty-five thousand dollars;

Employés at Ute agencies.

For pay of employees at the several Ute agencies, five thousand dollars; in all, sixty-three thousand seven hundred and forty dollars.

Winnebagoes.

#### WINNEBAGOES.

Vol. 7, p. 545.

Vol. 12, p. 628.

Support and education.

For interest on eight hundred and four thousand nine hundred and nine dollars and seventeen cents, at five per centum per annum, per fourth article of treaty of November first, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, and joint resolution of July seventeenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, and the Secretary of the Interior is hereby directed to expend said interest for the support, education, and civilization of said Indians, forty thousand two hundred and forty-five dollars and forty-five cents;

Vol. 16, p. 355.

For interest on seventy-eight thousand three hundred and forty dollars and forty-one cents, at five per centum per annum, to be expended, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, for the erection of houses, improvement of their allotments of land, purchase of stock, agricultural implements, seeds, and other beneficial objects, three thousand nine hundred and seventeen dollars and two cents; in all, forty-four thousand one hundred and sixty-two dollars and forty-seven cents.

Improvements and stock.

Utes.

#### UTES.

Rewards for conduct.

For fifth of ten instalments to be distributed, at the discretion of the President, to such Ute Indians as distinguish themselves by good sense, energy, and perseverance in the pursuits of civilized life and in the promotion of a good understanding between the Indians and the Government and people of the United States, four thousand dollars.

Indian depredations.

#### INDIAN DEPREDAATION CLAIMS.

Secretary of Interior to make list of all claims, investigate and report to Congress.

For the investigation of certain Indian depredation claims, ten thousand dollars; and in expending said sum the Secretary of the Interior shall cause a complete list of all claims heretofore filed in the Interior Department and which have been approved in whole or in part and now remain unpaid, and also all such claims as are pending but not yet examined, on behalf of citizens of the United States on account of depredations committed, chargeable against any tribe of Indians by reason of any treaty between such tribe and the United States, including the name

and address of the claimants, the date of the alleged depredations, by what tribe committed, the date of examination and approval, with a reference to the date and clause of the treaty creating the obligation for payment, to be made and presented to Congress at its next regular session; and the Secretary is authorized and empowered, before making such report, to cause such additional investigation to be made and such further testimony to be taken as he may deem necessary to enable him to determine the kind and value of all property damaged or destroyed by reason of the depredations aforesaid, and by what tribe such depredations were committed; and his report shall include his determination upon each claim, together with the names and residences of witnesses and the testimony of each, and also what funds are now existing or to be derived by reason of treaty or other obligation out of which the same should be paid.

# MISCELLANEOUS SUPPORTS.

For subsistence and civilization of the Arapahoes, Cheyennes, Apaches, Kiowas, Comanches, and Wichitas who have been collected upon the reservations set apart for their use and occupation, three hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.

For subsistence and civilization of Arickarees, Gros Ventres, and Mandans: For this amount, to be expended in such goods, provisions, and other articles as the President may, from time to time, determine, in instructing in agricultural and mechanical pursuits, in providing employees, educating children, procuring medicine and medical attendance, care for and support of the aged, sick, and infirm, for the helpless orphans of said Indians, and in any other respect to promote their civilization, comfort, and improvement, forty thousand dollars.

For subsistence and civilization of the Assinaboines in Montana, including pay of employees, thirty thousand dollars.

For support, education, and civilization of the Blackfeet, Bloods, and Piegans, including pay of employees, eighty thousand dollars.

Support of Chippewas of Lake Superior: For support and civilization of the Chippewas of Lake Superior, to be expended for agricultural and educational purposes, pay of clerk and necessary employees, purchase of goods and provisions, and for such other purposes as may be deemed for the best interests of said Indians, ten thousand dollars.

For support and civilization of Chippewas of Red Lake and Pembina tribe of Chippewas, and for pay of employees, ten thousand dollars.

Support of Chippewas on White Earth reservation: For this amount, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, in the care and support of the Otter Tail, Pillager, Pembina, and Mississippi Chippewa Indians on the White Earth reservation, in Minnesota, to assist them in their agricultural operations, and for pay of physician (not to exceed one thousand two hundred dollars), ten thousand dollars.

For support and civilization of Turtle Mountain band of Chippewas, five thousand dollars.

For support and civilization of the confederated tribes and bands in Middle Oregon, and pay of employees, six thousand dollars.

For support and civilization of the D'Wamish and other allied tribes in Washington Territory, including pay of employees, seven thousand dollars.

For support and civilization of Carlos' band of Flathead Indians, including pay of employees, eighteen thousand dollars.

For support and civilization of the Flatheads and other confederated tribes, including pay of employees, eleven thousand dollars.

For support and civilization of the Gros Ventres in Montana, including pay of employees, thirty thousand dollars.

To enable the Secretary of the Interior to purchase subsistence and other necessities for the support of the Hualpais Indians in Arizona,

Miscellaneous supports.

Arapahoes, Cheyennes, Apaches, Kiowas, Comanches, and Wichitas.

Arickarees, Gros Ventres, and Mandans.

Assinaboines in Montana.

Blackfeet, Bloods, and Piegans.

Chippewas of Lake Superior.

Chippewas of Red Lake, etc.

Chippewas on White Earth Reservation.

Turtle Mountain band of Chippewas.

Confederated tribes in Middle Oregon.

D'Wamish and other tribes, Washington Ter.

Carlos' band of Flatheads.

Flatheads.

Gros Ventres in Montana.

Hualpais Indians in Arizona.

Apache and other Indians in Arizona and New Mexico.

Indians at Fort Peck Agency.

Shoshones and Bannocks, and others at Fort Hall Reservation, Idaho Territory.

Shoshones, Bannocks, and Sheep-eaters, and others, Lemhi Agency.

Klamaths and Modocs, and others, Klamath Agency, Oregon.

Kansas Indians.

Makahs.

Menomonee Indians.

Modoc Indians, Indian Territory.

Navajo Indians.

Joseph's band of Nez Perce Indians.

Removal of Nez Perces.

Nez Perce Indians in Idaho.

Qui-nai-elts and Quil-leh-utes.

Shoshone Indians in Wyoming.

Shoshone Indians in Nevada.

Sioux of Lake Traverse.

Sioux of Devil's Lake.

S'Klallam Indians.

Tonkawa Indians.

the unexpended balance of the appropriation for the current year for said purpose be, and the same is hereby, reappropriated.

For this amount, to subsist and properly care for the Apache and other Indians in Arizona and New Mexico who have been or may be collected on reservations in New Mexico or Arizona, two hundred and seventy thousand dollars.

Support of Indians at Fort Peck agency: For this amount, to be expended in such goods, provisions, and other useful articles as the President may, from time to time, determine, in instructing in agricultural and mechanical pursuits, in providing employees, educating children, procuring medicine and medical attendance, care for and support of the aged, sick, and infirm, for the helpless orphans of said Indians, and in any respect to promote their civilization, comfort, and improvement, ninety thousand dollars.

For support, civilization, and instruction of Shoshones and Bannocks, and other Indians of the Fort Hall reservation, in Idaho Territory, including pay of employees, seventeen thousand dollars.

For support, civilization, and instruction of the Shoshones, Bannocks, and Sheep-eaters, and other Indians of the Lemhi agency, in Idaho Territory, including pay of employees, fifteen thousand dollars.

For support, civilization, and instruction of the Klamaths and Modocs, and other Indians of the Klamath agency, in Oregon, including pay of employees, five thousand dollars.

For support and civilization of the Kansas Indians, including agricultural assistance and pay of employees, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For support and civilization of the Makahs, including pay of employees, four thousand dollars.

For support and civilization of the Menomonee Indians, including pay of employees, four thousand dollars.

For support and civilization of the Modoc Indians now residing within the Indian Territory, five thousand dollars.

For instruction, support, and civilization of the Navajo Indians, including the construction of ditches, reservoirs, and wells, the purchase of stock, pay of employees, and purchase of medicines, twenty-five thousand dollars, to be paid from the funds now in the Treasury belonging to said Indians; and not exceeding one thousand two hundred dollars of this amount may be paid for a clerk.

For support and civilization of Joseph's band of Nez Perce Indians, eighteen thousand dollars; and the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to expend of this amount a sufficient sum, which is hereby made immediately available for the purpose, for the removal of the Nez Perce Indians now in the Indian Territory to some other location, if he deems it proper so to do.

For support and civilization of the Nez Perce Indians in Idaho, including pay of employees, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

For support and civilization of the Qui-nai-elts and Quil-leh-utes, including pay of employees, four thousand dollars.

For support and civilization of Shoshone Indians in Wyoming, twelve thousand dollars.

For support and civilization of Shoshone Indians in Nevada, including pay of employees, eight thousand dollars.

For support and civilization of Sioux of Lake Traverse, including pay of employees, eight thousand dollars.

For support and civilization of Sioux of Devil's Lake, including employees, eight thousand dollars.

For support and civilization of the S'Klallam Indians, including pay of employees, four thousand dollars.

For support and civilization of the Tonkawa Indians, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For support and civilization of the Walla-Walla, Cayuse, and Umatilla tribes, including pay of employees, six thousand five hundred dollars.

Walla-Walla, Cayuse, and Umatilla tribes.

For support and civilization of the Yakamas and other Indians at said agency, including pay of employees, fifteen thousand dollars.

Yakamas and others.

To supply food and other necessities of life in cases of distress among the Indians not having treaty funds, arising from emergencies not foreseen or otherwise provided for, to be used at the discretion of the President, fifty thousand dollars; and a report of all expenditures under this provision shall be made to Congress at its next session thereafter.

Food and necessities in cases of distress among Indians not having treaty funds.

## GENERAL INCIDENTAL EXPENSES OF THE INDIAN SERVICE.

Incidental expenses Indian service in—

Incidental expenses of Indian service in Arizona: For general incidental expenses of the Indian service, including travelling expenses of agents, in Arizona, support and civilization of Indians at the Colorado River, Pima, and Maricopa and Moquis Pueblo agencies, twelve thousand dollars; and pay of employees at same agencies, eight thousand dollars; in all, twenty thousand dollars.

Arizona.

Incidental expenses of Indian service in California: For general incidental expenses of the Indian service, including travelling expenses of agents, support and civilization of Indians of the Round Valley, Hoopa Valley, Tule River, and Mission agencies, eighteen thousand dollars; and pay of employees at same agencies, eight thousand dollars; in all, twenty-six thousand dollars.

California.

Incidental expenses of Indian service in Colorado: For general incidental expenses of the Indian service, including travelling expenses of agents, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Colorado.

Incidental expenses of Indian service in Dakota: For general incidental expenses of the Indian service, including travelling expenses of agents at eight agencies for the Sioux, eight thousand dollars.

Dakota.

Incidental expenses of Indian service in Idaho: For general incidental expenses of the Indian service in Idaho, including travelling expenses of agents, one thousand dollars; employees at Lemhi agency, one thousand eight hundred dollars; and additional employees at Fort Hall, Idaho, one thousand dollars; in all, three thousand eight hundred dollars.

Idaho.

Incidental expenses of Indian service in Montana: For general incidental expenses of the Indian service, including pay of employees and travelling expenses of agents, five thousand dollars.

Montana.

Incidental expenses of Indian service in Nevada: For general incidental expenses of the Indian service, including travelling expenses of agents, and support and civilization of Indians located on the Pi-Ute, Walker River, Western Shoshone, and Pyramid Lake reservations, sixteen thousand dollars; and pay of employees at same agencies, six thousand dollars; in all, twenty-two thousand dollars.

Nevada.

Incidental expenses of Indian service in New Mexico: For general incidental expenses of the Indian service, including travelling expenses of agents, support and civilization of Indians at Pueblo Agency, and pay of employees at said agency, five thousand dollars.

New Mexico.

Incidental expenses of Indian service in Oregon: For general incidental expenses of the Indian service, including travelling expenses of agents, in Oregon, support and civilization of Indians at Grand Ronde and Siletz agencies, ten thousand dollars; and pay of employees at the same agencies, six thousand dollars; in all, sixteen thousand dollars.

Oregon.

Incidental expenses of Indian service in Utah: For general incidental expenses of the Indian service, including travelling expenses of agents, support and civilization of Indians at Uintah Valley and Ouray agencies, and pay of employees at said agencies, ten thousand dollars.

Utah.

Incidental expenses of Indian service in Washington Territory: For general incidental expenses of the Indian service, including travelling

Washington Territory.

expenses of agents at seven agencies, and the support and civilization of Indians at Colville and Nisqually agencies, and pay of employees, including a physician, for Cœur d'Alene reservation, sixteen thousand dollars.

**Wyoming.** Incidental expenses of Indian service in Wyoming: For general incidental expenses of the Indian service, including travelling expenses of agents and pay of employees, one thousand dollars.

#### Miscellaneous.

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

**Practical farmers.** To enable the Secretary of the Interior to employ practical farmers, in addition to the agency farmers now employed, at wages not exceeding seventy-five dollars each per month, to superintend and direct farming among such Indians as are making effort for self support, twenty-five thousand dollars.

**Compensation.**

**Indian police.** Pay of Indian police: For the service of not exceeding seven hundred and fifty privates, at eight dollars per month each, and not exceeding seventy-five officers, at ten dollars per month each, of Indian police, to be employed in maintaining order and prohibiting illegal traffic in liquor on the several Indians reservations, and for the purchase of equipments and rations for policemen of non-ration agencies, eighty-three thousand four hundred dollars: *Provided*, That the agent of the Navajo Indians may employ ten Indian policemen, at a rate of compensation not exceeding fifteen dollars per month each.

**Proviso.**

**Vaccination.** For pure vaccine matter and vaccination of Indians, one thousand dollars.

**Indian supplies; telegraphing.** Telegraphing and making purchases of Indian supplies: To pay the expenses of purchasing goods and supplies for the Indian service, including rent of warehouses and pay of necessary employees; advertising, at rates not exceeding regular commercial rates; inspection, and all other expenses connected therewith, including telegraphing, thirty-five thousand dollars.

**Transportation of Indian supplies.** Transportation of Indian supplies: For this amount, for necessary expenses of transportation of such goods, provisions, and other articles for the various tribes of Indians provided for by this act, including pay and expenses of transportation agents, two hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.

To enable Indians to avail themselves of the homestead act. For this amount, to enable Indians to avail themselves of the benefits of the homestead act, five thousand dollars.

**Unexpended balance fiscal year 1884, for paying expenses of delegates of Eastern band of Cherokees while in Washington on tribe business, made available for same purpose for year 1885.** That the balance of the amount of one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars appropriated, in the act making appropriations to supply deficiencies for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four and prior years, to pay the expenses of the delegates representing the Eastern band of Cherokee Indians while in Washington attending to the business of the band or tribe during the year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, and not expended for such purpose, is hereby authorized to be used to pay the expenses of said delegation, including travelling expenses to and from Washington, during the year eighteen hundred and eighty-five.

**Expenses of visit to Washington, D. C., of Turtle Mountain Indians.** To enable the Secretary of the Interior to pay the expenses of a visit to Washington of certain Turtle Mountain Indians, five hundred dollars, to be immediately available.

**Services and expenses of former delegates of Eastern band of Cherokees while at Washington, and debts of the band.** That the sum of four thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury to the credit of the Eastern band of Cherokee Indians, for the purpose of paying the services and expenses of former delegates of said Eastern band of Cherokees who have visited the city of Washington on business of the band, and to pay debts of the band: *Provided*, That no portion of said appropriation shall be paid for the debts of said

*Proviso.*

band, expenses of delegates, until the Commissioner of Indian Affairs and the Secretary of the Interior have approved the same.

That jurisdiction is hereby conferred upon the Court of Claims to hear and determine any claim which may be set up by Belva A. Lockwood against the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians for alleged professional services rendered to said Eastern Band.

Court of Claims to hear and determine claim of Belva A. Lockwood against said tribe.

### FOR SUPPORT OF SCHOOLS.

For support of Indian day and industrial schools, and for other educational purposes not hereinafter provided for, five hundred and thirty thousand dollars; for construction and repair of school buildings, forty thousand dollars; and for purchase of horses, cattle, and sheep, goats, and swine, for schools, twenty-five thousand dollars; in all, five hundred and ninety-five thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the entire cost of any boarding-school building to be built from the moneys appropriated hereby, including furniture, shall not exceed ten thousand dollars; and the entire cost of any day-school building to be so built shall not exceed six hundred dollars: *And provided further*, That the school year of each pupil in the Indian schools herein appropriated for shall be held to include all usual and necessary vacations: *And provided further*, That the Secretary of the Interior shall report annually on or before the first Monday of December of each year in what manner and for what purposes the general educational fund for the preceding fiscal year has been expended and said report shall embrace number and kind of school houses erected and their cost as well as cost of repairs, names of every teacher employed and compensation allowed, the location of each school and the average attendance at each school, and the first of said annual reports shall give a like full and detailed statement of all such expenditures heretofore made.

Support of schools.

Indian day and industrial schools, etc.

Construction and repairs.

Horses, cattle, etc.

*Proviso.*  
Limit of cost of school buildings.

*Proviso.*

*Proviso.*  
Annual reports by Secretary of Interior.

For support and education of Indian pupils of both sexes at industrial schools in Alaska, twenty thousand dollars.

Support and education of Indian pupils in Alaska.

Near Arkansas City.

For support of the industrial school near Arkansas City, thirty thousand six hundred and twenty-five dollars; and said sum shall be disbursed upon the basis of an allowance of one hundred and seventy-five dollars for the support and education of each pupil; for purchase of material and erection of shops, barns, and other necessary out-buildings, and for repairs of same, two thousand dollars; pay of superintendent of said school, one thousand five hundred dollars; in all, thirty-four thousand one hundred and twenty-five dollars; and pupils from any Indian tribe, other than the five civilized tribes of the Indian Territory, may be admitted to this school.

For support of Indian industrial school at Carlisle, Pennsylvania, and for transportation of Indian pupils to and from said school, eighty thousand dollars; and said sum shall be disbursed upon the basis of an allowance not exceeding one hundred and seventy-five dollars, exclusive of transportation, for the support and education of each pupil actually maintained in and support and education at said school, but actual cost of transportation and other expenses of such pupils as are sent out of said school among farmers for support and education may be disbursed from said funds; for annual allowance to Captain R. H. Pratt, in charge of said Indian industrial school, one thousand dollars; in all, eighty-one thousand dollars.

Carlisle, Pa.

Payment to R. H. Pratt.

For support of one hundred and fifty Indian pupils at the Saint Ignatius Mission School, Montana, at one hundred and fifty dollars each, twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars.

Saint Ignatius Mission School, Montana.

For support of the Forest Grove Indian Industrial School, at Forest Grove, or such other place in Oregon as the same may hereafter be located: Two hundred Indian pupils, at one hundred and seventy-five dollars per annum each, thirty-five thousand dollars; pay of superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; completion of school-building and necessary out-buildings, and repairs and fencing, heating apparatus,

Forest Grove, Oreg.

fixtures, and furniture for school buildings, ten thousand dollars; in all, forty-six thousand five hundred dollars.

Genoa, Nebr.

For support of one hundred and fifty Indian pupils, at one hundred and seventy-five dollars per annum each, at the industrial school for Indians at Genoa, Nebraska, twenty-six thousand two hundred and fifty dollars, of which one thousand five hundred dollars shall be immediately available to pay indebtedness for eighteen hundred and eighty-five; pay of superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; purchase of material and erection of necessary out-buildings, and necessary repairs, two thousand dollars; in all, twenty-nine thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars. And pupils from any Indian tribes, except the five civilized tribes in the Indian Territory, may be admitted to this school. And the limitation imposed upon the appropriation for this school for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-five in the act approved July fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, is hereby repealed.

Hampton, Va.

For support and education of one hundred and twenty Indian pupils at the school at Hampton, Virginia, twenty thousand and forty dollars.

Santa Fé, N. Mex.

For the purpose of establishing an industrial school for the education of Indian youths, and the erection of the necessary buildings, at Santa Fe, New Mexico, twenty five thousand dollars.

Erection of school buildings near Grand Junction, Colo.

To enable the Secretary of the the Interior to erect buildings for a school for the Indians near Grand Junction, Colorado, fifteen thousand dollars, to be paid from any money due the confederated bands of Ute Indians; and in addition thereto he is authorized to use the sum of eight thousand dollars out of any money available for that purpose heretofore appropriated: *Provided*, That before such school shall be established there shall be donated to the Government for the purpose of said school not less than one hundred and sixty acres of land, together with a sufficient amount of water for the cultivation thereof, on which land the said school buildings shall be erected; to be immediately available.

*Proviso.*

Support and education of Indian pupils, Lawrence, Kans.

For support and education of three hundred and fifty Indian pupils, at one hundred and seventy-five dollars per annum each, at the Indian school at Lawrence, Kansas, sixty-one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; pay of superintendent of school, two thousand dollars; purchase of material and erection of shops, cottages, out-buildings, and necessary repairs, three thousand dollars; in all, sixty-six thousand two hundred and fifty dollars. And the limitation imposed upon the appropriation for this school for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-five in the act approved July fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, is hereby repealed.

Limitation imposed by act of July 4, 1884, repealed.

*Ante p. 92.*

To support and educate twenty pupils at school on Flathead Reservation in excess of contract.

For payment, out of the unexpended balance of the appropriation for support of schools for the year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, to the Indian Industrial School for Boys on the Flathead Indian Reservation, for clothing, subsisting, maintaining, and educating twenty Indian pupils in excess of the number provided for by contract with the Indian Department, during the twelve months beginning July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-three and ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, two thousand dollars.

Thirty-four more pupils at Lincoln Institute, Philadelphia.

For payment, out of the unexpended balance of the appropriation for support of schools for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, to Lincoln Institution, Philadelphia, for the education, support, and transportation of thirty-four pupils in excess of the number cared for at that institution, under written authority from the Interior Department, during the quarter ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, one thousand dollars.

Two hundred pupils at Lincoln Institute not to exceed \$167 per annum each.

For support and education of two hundred Indian pupils at Lincoln Institution, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, at a rate not to exceed one hundred and sixty-seven dollars per annum for each pupil, thirty-three thousand four hundred dollars.

For care, support, and education of Indian pupils at industrial, agricultural, mechanical, or other schools, other than those herein provided for, in any of the States or Territories of the United States, at a rate not to exceed one hundred and sixty-seven dollars for each pupil, eighty-three thousand five hundred dollars. And wherever the word "children" or "child" occurs in that part of the act making appropriations for the Indian service for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-five, approved July fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, under the heading "Support of schools," it shall be construed to include all Indians of whatever age that may have been or are pupils in any of the institutions therein provided for.

For transportation of pupils to and from Indian schools, and also for the transportation of Indian pupils from all the Indian schools and placing of them, with the consent of their parents, under the care and control of such suitable white families as may in all respects be qualified to give such pupils moral, industrial, and educational training, under arrangements in which their proper care, support, and education shall be in exchange for the labor, twenty-eight thousand dollars.

The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized and directed to report to Congress, on or before December sixth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, the amount if any, due the Miami Indians of Indiana and Kansas for money alleged to have been improperly taken from moneys due to said Indians and paid to other Indians, in violation of the treaties of eighteen hundred and fifty-four and eighteen hundred and fifty-eight, including attorneys' fees necessarily paid by said Indians.

For other schools not provided for in States or Territories.

*Ante p. 91.*

Word "children" or "child" to be construed to include Indians of whatever age.

Transportation of pupils.

Secretary of Interior to report to Congress as to amount alleged to be due to Miami of Indiana and Kansas.

Vol. 10, p. 1093.

Vol. 15, p. 521.

## INTEREST ON TRUST-FUND STOCKS.

SEC. 2. For payment of interest on certain abstracted and non-paying State stocks belonging to the various Indian tribes, and held in trust by the Secretary of the Interior, for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, namely:

For trust-fund interest due Cherokee national fund, twenty-six thousand and sixty dollars;

For trust-fund interest due Cherokee school-fund, two thousand four hundred and ten dollars;

For trust-fund interest due Chickasaw national fund, nineteen thousand eight hundred and twenty dollars;

For trust-fund interest due Choctaw general fund, twenty-seven thousand dollars;

For trust-fund interest due Delaware general fund, eight thousand nine hundred and thirty dollars;

For trust-fund interest due Iowas, three thousand five hundred and twenty dollars;

For trust-fund interest due Kaskaskias, Peorias, Weas, and Piankeshaws, four thousand eight hundred and one dollars;

For trust-fund interest due Kaskaskia, Wea, Peoria, and Piankeshaw school-fund, one thousand four hundred and forty-nine dollars;

For trust-fund interest due Menomonees, nine hundred and fifty dollars;

For trust-fund interest due Ottawas and Chippewas, two hundred and thirty dollars; in all, ninety-five thousand one hundred and seventy dollars.

SEC. 3. That no purchase of supplies for which appropriations are herein made exceeding in the aggregate five hundred dollars in value at any one time shall be made without first giving at least three weeks' public notice by advertisement, except in cases of exigency, when, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, who shall make official record of the facts constituting the exigency and shall report the same to Congress at its next session, he may direct that purchases may be made in open market in amount not exceeding three thousand dollars.

Interest on trust-fund stocks.

Cherokee national fund.

Cherokee school fund.

Chickasaw national fund.

Choctaw general fund.

Delaware general fund.

Iowas.

Kaskaskias, Peorias, Weas, and Piankeshaws.

Menomonees.

Ottawas and Chippewas.

Purchases of supplies to be advertised: exceptions.

Appropriations for goods, etc., immediately available.

Provisions.

Transfer of surplus appropriation for purchase of stock cattle.

Diversion of certain appropriations.

Bids for supplies, etc., may be rejected.

Purchase in open market.

Sale of Government property on Indian reservations; disposal of proceeds.

President to negotiate with Creeks, Seminoles, and Cherokees for purpose of opening to settlement certain lands in Indian Territory.

Vol. II, p. 699.

Vol. 14, p. 755 and 799.

Appropriation. To report to Congress.

SEC. 4. That so much of the appropriations herein made as may be required to pay for goods and supplies, and for transportation of the same, for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, shall be immediately available; but no such goods or supplies shall be distributed or delivered to any of said Indians prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-five; and the Secretary of the Interior, under the direction of the President, may use any surplus that may remain in any of the said appropriations herein made for the purchase of subsistence for the several Indian tribes, to an amount not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars in the aggregate, to supply any subsistence deficiency that may occur: *Provided, however*, That funds appropriated to fulfill treaty obligations shall not be so used: *And provided further*, That any diversions which shall be made under authority of this section shall be reported in detail, and the reasons therefor, to Congress, at the session of Congress next succeeding such diversion: *And provided further*, That the Secretary of the Interior, under the direction of the President, may use any sums appropriated in this act for subsistence, and not absolutely necessary for that purpose, for the purchase of stock cattle for the benefit of the tribe for which such appropriation is made, or for the assistance of such Indians to become farmers, and shall report to Congress, at its next session thereafter, an account of his action under this provision.

SEC. 5. That when not required for the purpose for which appropriated, the funds herein provided for the pay of specified employees at any agency may be used by the Secretary of the Interior for the pay of other employees at such agency, but no deficiency shall be thereby created, and, when necessary, specified employees may be detailed for other service when not required for the duty for which they were engaged; and that the several appropriations herein made for millers, blacksmiths, engineers, carpenters, physicians, and other persons, and for various articles provided for by treaty stipulation for the several Indian tribes, may be diverted to other uses for the benefit of the said tribes, respectively, within the discretion of the President, and with the consent of said tribes, expressed in the usual manner; and that he cause report to be made to Congress, at its next session thereafter, of his action under this provision.

SEC. 6. That whenever, after advertising for bids for supplies in accordance with section three of this act, those received for any article contain conditions detrimental to the interest of the Government, they may be rejected, and the articles specified in such bids purchased in open market, at prices not to exceed those of the lowest bidder, and not to exceed the market price of the same, until such time as satisfactory bids can be obtained, for which immediate advertisement shall be made.

SEC. 7. That at any of the Indian reservations where there is now on hand Government property not required for the use and benefit of the Indians at said reservations, the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to move such property to other Indian reservations where it may be required, or to sell it and apply the proceeds of the same in the purchase of such articles as may be needed for the use of the Indians for whom said property was purchased; and he shall make report of his action hereunder to the next session of Congress thereafter.

SEC. 8. That the President is hereby authorized to open negotiations with the Creeks, Seminoles, and Cherokees for the purpose of opening to settlement under the homestead laws the unassigned lands in said Indian Territory ceded by them respectively to the United States by the several treaties of August eleventh, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, March twenty-first, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, and July nineteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six; and for that purpose the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated; his action hereunder to be reported to Congress.

SEC. 9. That immediately upon and after the date of the passage of this act all Indians, committing against the person or property of another Indian or other person any of the following crimes, namely, murder, manslaughter, rape, assault with intent to kill, arson, burglary, and larceny within any Territory of the United States, and either within or without an Indian reservation, shall be subject therefor to the laws of such Territory relating to said crimes, and shall be tried therefor in the same courts and in the same manner and shall be subject to the same penalties as are all other persons charged with the commission of said crimes, respectively; and the said courts are hereby given jurisdiction in all such cases; and all such Indians committing any of the above crimes against the person or property of another Indian or other person within the boundaries of any State of the United States, and within the limits of any Indian reservation, shall be subject to the same laws, tried in the same courts and in the same manner, and subject to the same penalties as are all other persons committing any of the above crimes within the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States.

Indians committing certain crimes to be subject to laws relating to such crimes.

Courts given jurisdiction in all such cases.

Approved, March 3d, 1885.

CHAP. 342.—An act making appropriations for the service of the Post Office Department for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, and for other purposes.

March 3, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated for the service of the Post-Office Department for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, out of any money in the Treasury arising from the revenues of said Department, in conformity to the act of July second, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, as follows:

Appropriations for service, Post-Office Department.

1836, vol. 5, p. 81.

OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER-GENERAL.—For mail depredations and post-office inspectors, including amounts necessary for fees to United States marshals and attorneys, two hundred thousand dollars; and of this sum three thousand dollars shall be paid the chief post-office inspector; and post-office inspectors shall be allowed four dollars per day, in lieu of the charges now permitted, for personal expenses: and not exceeding five thousand dollars of this amount may be expended for fees to United States attorneys, marshals, clerks of courts, and counsel necessarily employed by post-office inspectors of the Post-Office Department, subject to approval by the Attorney-General.

Items.

For advertising, twenty thousand dollars.

Advertising.

For miscellaneous items in the office of the Postmaster-General, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Miscellaneous.

OFFICE OF THE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.—For compensation to postmasters, twelve million three hundred thousand dollars.

Postmasters.

For compensation to clerks in post-offices, five million one hundred and fifty thousand dollars. And postmasters are authorized, with the approval of the Postmaster-General, to assign at any time any clerk or employé of their respective post-offices to duty in any branch thereof: *Provided always*, That any employé shall be paid from money-order funds for such time as he is engaged in money-order work.

Clerks.

Proviso.

For payment to letter-carriers and the incidental expenses of the free-delivery system, four million four hundred and eighty-five thousand dollars; forty-five thousand dollars of which may be used, in the discretion of the Postmaster-General, for the establishment, under existing law, of the free-delivery system in cities where it is not now established.

Letter-carriers.

Free letter-delivery.

For wrapping-paper, thirty-five thousand dollars.

Wrapping-paper.

For wrapping-twine, eighty-five thousand dollars.

Twine.

Canceling stamps, etc.	For post-marking, canceling, and rating stamps, and ink and pads, twenty thousand dollars.
Balances, weights, and scales.	For letter-balances, test-weights, and scales, twenty thousand dollars.
Rent, light, fuel.	For rent, light, and fuel, four hundred and ninety thousand dollars. That the Postmaster-General may in the disbursement of this appropriation, apply part thereof to the purpose of leasing premises for use for post-offices of the first, second, and third classes at a reasonable annual rental, to be paid quarterly for a term not exceeding five years; and whenever any building or part of a building under lease becomes unfit for use as a post-office, no rent shall be paid until the same shall be put in a satisfactory condition by the owner thereof for occupation as a post-office, or the lease may be canceled, at the option of the Postmaster-General; and a lease shall cease and terminate whenever a post-office can be moved into a Government building
Leasing premises for post-offices of first, second, and third classes.	
Safes; furniture.	For safes and other office furniture, thirty thousand dollars.
Stationery.	For stationery, sixty-five thousand dollars.
Miscellaneous.	For miscellaneous and incidental expenses of post-offices, including repairs, gas-fixtures, and telegrams, eighty thousand dollars.
Inland transportation of mails.	<b>OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.</b> —For inland mail transportation, namely: For transportation on railroad routes, fourteen million and ten thousand dollars; and if any railroad company shall fail or refuse to transport the mails, when required by the Post-Office Department, upon the fastest train or trains run upon said road, said company shall have its pay reduced fifty per centum of the amount provided by law.
Railroads, failure to transport mails; penalty.	
Railway post-office car service.	For railway post-office-car service, one million seven hundred and sixty-five thousand and twenty-six dollars.
Special facilities on trunk lines.	For necessary and special facilities on trunk lines, two hundred and sixty-six thousand seven hundred and sixty-four dollars.
Steamboat.	For inland transportation by steamboat routes, six hundred and fifteen thousand dollars. The Postmaster-General is authorized to contract for inland and foreign steamboat mail service, when it can be combined in one route, where the foreign office or offices are not more than two hundred miles distant from the domestic office, on the same terms and conditions as inland steamboat service, and pay for the same out of the appropriation for inland steamboat service.
Star routes.	For inland transportation by star routes, five million nine hundred thousand dollars.
Railway post-office clerks.	For railway post-office clerks, four million six hundred and eighty-two thousand three hundred dollars.
Mail-messengers.	For mail-messengers, nine hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.
Locks and keys.	For mail locks and keys, twenty thousand dollars.
Mail-bags.	For mail-bags and mail-bag catchers, including full compensation (not exceeding five hundred dollars) for the whole and exclusive right of letters patent numbered two hundred and nine thousand eight hundred and twenty, granted November twelfth, eighteen hundred and seventy-eight, to A. V. Lunger, for a clamp for mail-bag cranes, two hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.
Items.	For miscellaneous items, one thousand dollars.
Third Assistant Postmaster-General.	<b>OFFICE OF THE THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.</b> —For manufacture of adhesive postage stamps and of newspaper and periodical stamps, one hundred and seventy-four thousand dollars. That upon all matter of the first class, as defined by chapter one hundred and eighty of the laws of Congress approved March third, eighteen hundred and seventy-nine, entitled "An act making appropriations for the service of the Post-Office Department for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty, and for other purposes," and by that act declared subject to postage at the rate of three cents for each half-ounce or fraction thereof and reduced by the act of March third,
Stamps.	
1879, vol. 20, ch. 180, p. 357.	
1883, vol. 22, ch. 92, p. 455.	

eighteen hundred and eighty-three, to two cents for each half ounce or fraction thereof, postage shall be charged, on and after the first day of July, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, at the rate of two cents for each ounce or fraction thereof; and drop letters shall be mailed at the rate of two cents per ounce or fraction thereof, including delivery at letter-carrier offices, and one cent for each ounce or fraction thereof where free delivery by carrier is not established. That all publications of the second class, except as provided in section twenty-five of said act, when sent by the publisher thereof, and from the office of publication, including sample copies, or when sent from a news agency to actual subscribers thereto, or to other news agents, shall, on and after July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, be entitled to transmission through the mails at one cent a pound or a fraction thereof, such postage to be prepaid as now provided by law.

And any article or item in any newspaper or other publication may be marked for observation, except by written or printed words, without increase of postage.

For pay of agent and assistants to distribute stamps, and expenses of the agency, eight thousand one hundred dollars.

For manufacture of stamped envelopes and newspaper-wrappers and letter-sheets, seven hundred and forty-five thousand dollars.

For pay of agent and assistants to distribute stamped envelopes, newspaper-wrappers, and letter-sheets, and expenses of agency, sixteen thousand dollars.

For manufacture of postal cards, two hundred and thirty-nine thousand dollars.

For pay of agent and assistants to distribute postal cards, and expenses of agency, seven thousand three hundred dollars.

For registered-package envelopes, locks and seals, and for office envelopes, and for dead-letter envelopes, one hundred and forty thousand dollars.

For ship, steamboat, and way letters, two thousand dollars.

For engraving, printing, and binding drafts and warrants, two thousand dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand dollars.

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF FOREIGN MAILS.—For transportation of foreign mails, including railway transit across the Isthmus of Panama, eight hundred thousand dollars. And the Postmaster-General is hereby authorized to enter into contracts for the transportation of any part of said foreign mails, after legal advertisement with the lowest responsible bidder, at a rate not exceeding fifty cents a nautical mile on the trip each way actually travelled between the terminal points: *Provided*, That the mails so contracted shall be carried on American steamships, and that the aggregate of such contracts shall not exceed one-half of the sum hereby appropriated.

For balances due foreign countries, seventy-five thousand dollars, including the United States' portion of the expenses of the International Bureau of the Universal Postal Union Convention.

SEC. 2. That if the revenues of the Post Office Department shall be insufficient to meet the appropriations made by this act, a sum equal to such deficiency of the revenues of said Department is hereby appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply the said deficiencies in the revenue of the Post Office Department for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six.

SEC. 3. That a special stamp of the face valuation of ten cents may be provided and issued, whenever deemed advisable or expedient, in such form and bearing such device as may meet the approval of the Postmaster-General, which, when attached to a letter, in addition to the lawful postage thereon, the delivery of which is to be at a free delivery

Two cents for half-ounce letters changed to two cents for ounce.

Drop-letters without free delivery, one cent per ounce.

Distributing agents.

Stamped envelopes, newspaper-wrappers, and letter sheets.

Distributing agents.

Postal cards.

Distributing agents.

Registered-package envelopes, etc.

Ship, steamboat, and way letters. Engraving, etc.

Miscellaneous. Foreign mails.

Postmaster-General to contract for transportation of.

*Provided*. To be on American steamships.

Balance due foreign countries.

Appropriation to supply deficiencies in the revenue of Post-Office Department.

Special stamp may be issued.

office, or at any city, town, or village containing a population of four thousand or over, according to the Federal census, shall be regarded as entitling such letter to immediate delivery within the carrier limit of any free delivery office which may be designated by the Postmaster-General as a special delivery office, or within one mile of the post office at any other office coming within the provisions of this section which may in like manner be designated as a special delivery office.

Specially stamped letters to be delivered.

SEC. 4. That such specially stamped letters shall be delivered from seven o'clock ante meridian up to twelve o'clock midnight at offices designated by the Postmaster-General under section three of this act.

Persons may be employed to deliver letters bearing special stamp.

SEC. 5. That to provide for the immediate delivery of letters bearing the special stamp, the postmaster at any office which may come within the provisions of this act may, with the approval of the Postmaster-General, employ such person or persons as may actually be required for such service, who, upon the delivery of such letter, will procure a receipt from the party addressed, or some one authorized to receive it, in a book to be furnished for the purpose, which shall, when not in use, be kept in the post-office, and at all times subject to examination by an inspector of the Department.

Proviso.

SEC. 6. That to provide for the payment of such persons as may be employed for this service, the postmaster at any office designated by section three of this act shall keep a record of the number of letters received at such office bearing such special stamp, which number shall correspond with the number entered in the receipt books heretofore specified; and at the end of each month he may pay to such person or persons employed a sum not exceeding eighty per centum of the face value of all such stamps received and recorded during that month: *Provided*, That in no case shall the compensation so paid to any one person exceed thirty dollars per month: *And provided further*, That nothing in this act shall in any way interfere with the prompt delivery of letters as now provided by law or regulation of the Post Office Department.

Approved, March 3d, 1885.

March 3, 1885.

**CHAP. 343.**—An act making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, and for other purposes.

Legislative, executive, and judicial appropriations for year ending June 30, 1886.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, in full compensation for the service of the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, for the objects hereinafter expressed, namely:

## LEGISLATIVE.

### SENATE.

Compensation of Senators.

For compensation of Senators, three hundred and eighty thousand dollars.

Mileage.

For mileage of Senators, thirty-three thousand dollars.

Compensation of officers, clerks, and others receiving annual salaries in service of Senate.

For compensation of the officers, clerks, messengers, and others in the service of the Senate, three hundred and forty-four thousand one hundred and thirteen dollars and ten cents.

Secretary to Vice-President.

**OFFICE OF THE VICE-PRESIDENT.**—For secretary to the Vice-President, two thousand one hundred and two dollars and forty cents; for messenger, to be appointed by the Vice-President, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; telegraph operator, one thousand two hun-

dred dollars; in all, four thousand seven hundred and forty-two dollars and forty cents.

For Chaplain of the Senate, nine hundred dollars.

Chaplain.  
Secretary of the  
Senate, etc.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.—For secretary of the Senate, four thousand five hundred dollars, including compensation as disbursing officer of the contingent fund of the Senate, and for compensation as disbursing officer of salaries of Senators, three hundred and ninety-six dollars; hire of horse and wagon for the Secretary's office, one thousand two hundred dollars; chief clerk and financial clerk, at three thousand dollars each; principal executive clerk, principal clerk, minute and journal clerk, and enrolling clerk, two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars each; assistant financial clerk, two thousand four hundred dollars; librarian, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; assistant librarian, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; five clerks, at two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars each; five clerks, at two thousand one hundred dollars each; keeper of stationery, two thousand one hundred and two dollars and forty cents; assistant keeper of stationery, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one assistant in the stationery-room, one thousand dollars; two messengers, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; five laborers, seven hundred and twenty dollars each; one page, at two dollars and fifty cents per day; in all, sixty-two thousand four hundred and eighteen dollars and ninety cents.

CLERKS AND MESSENGERS TO COMMITTEES.—For clerk of printing records, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; clerk to the Committee on Appropriations, three thousand dollars; assistant clerk to the Committee on Appropriations, one thousand six hundred dollars; messenger to the Committee on Appropriations, to be appointed by the committee, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; clerk and stenographer to the Committee on Finance, two thousand five hundred dollars; clerk to the Committee on Claims, clerk to the Committee on Commerce, clerk to the Committee on the Judiciary, clerk to the Committee on Private Land Claims, clerk to the Committee on Pensions, clerk to the Committee on Military Affairs, clerk to the Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads, clerk to the Committee on the District of Columbia, clerk to the Committee on Naval Affairs, clerk to the Joint Committee on the Library, clerk to the Committee on the Census, clerk to the Committee on Foreign Relations, clerk to the Committee on Public Lands, clerk to the Committee on Indian Affairs, clerk to the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate, at two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars each; assistant clerk to the Committee on Pensions, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; and seven messengers, at the rate of one thousand four hundred and forty dollars per annum, for the following committees, namely: Finance, Post-Offices and Post Roads, Pensions, Claims, District of Columbia, Judiciary, Engrossed Bills, and Military Affairs; in all, fifty-seven thousand and twenty dollars.

Committee  
clerks, etc.

OFFICE OF SERGEANT-AT-ARMS AND DOORKEEPER.—For Sergeant-at-Arms and Doorkeeper, four thousand three hundred and twenty dollars; for one horse and wagon for his use, six hundred dollars; for clerk to Sergeant-at-Arms, two thousand dollars; assistant doorkeeper, two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars; acting assistant doorkeeper, two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars; three messengers, acting as assistant doorkeepers, one thousand eight hundred dollars each; one assistant messenger on the floor of the Senate, one thousand two hundred dollars; upholsterer and locksmith, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; four riding pages, at nine hundred and twelve dollars and fifty cents each; Postmaster to the Senate, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; assistant postmaster and mail carrier, two thousand and eighty-eight dollars; one clerk in the post-office, one thousand eight hundred dollars; five mail carriers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; superintendent of the document-room (Amzi Smith), two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dol-

Sergeant-at-  
Arms.  
Doorkeeper and  
assistants.

Postmaster, etc.,  
to the Senate.

lars; two assistants in document-room, at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; one clerk to the superintendent of the document-room, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; one page in the document-room, seven hundred and twenty dollars; superintendent of the folding-room, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; one assistant in the folding-room, one thousand two hundred dollars; one clerk in the folding-room, one thousand dollars; one foreman in the folding-room, one thousand two hundred dollars; six folders, at three dollars per day while actually employed, six thousand five hundred and seventy dollars; twenty-seven messengers, at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; messenger in charge of store-room, one thousand two hundred dollars; messenger to the official reporters' room, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; chief engineer, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; three assistant engineers, at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; conductor of elevator, one thousand two hundred dollars; two firemen, at one thousand and ninety-five dollars each; one fireman, at one thousand and eighty dollars; three laborers in the engineer's department, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; one laborer in charge of the private passage, eight hundred and forty dollars; female attendant in charge of ladies' retiring-room, seven hundred and twenty dollars; one telephone operator, seven hundred and twenty dollars; ten skilled laborers, at one thousand dollars each; fourteen laborers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; two janitors, at nine hundred dollars each; twelve laborers, during the session, at the rate of seven hundred and twenty dollars each per annum; for fifteen pages for the Senate Chamber, including one telephone page, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per day each during the session; in all, one hundred and forty seven thousand eight hundred and one dollars and eighty cents.

Clerks to committees.

For twenty-five clerks to committees, at six dollars per day during the session, thirty-one thousand eight hundred dollars.

Clerks to Senators.

For clerks to senators who are not chairmen of committees, at six dollars per day during the session, thirty-nine thousand four hundred and thirty-two dollars.

Contingent expenses.  
Items.

For contingent expenses of the Senate, namely:

For stationery and newspapers, including six thousand dollars for stationery for committees and officers of the Senate, fifteen thousand five hundred dollars.

For postage-stamps for the office of the Secretary of the Senate, one hundred dollars; for the office of the Sergeant-at-arms, one hundred dollars; in all, two hundred dollars.

Horses and mail-wagons.

For expenses of maintaining and equipping horses and mail-wagons for carrying the mails, three thousand five hundred dollars.

Materials for folding.

For materials for folding, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For folding speeches and pamphlets, at a rate not exceeding one dollar per thousand, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Miscellaneous.

For fuel and oil and cotton-waste for the heating apparatus, eight thousand dollars; for furniture and repairs of furniture ten thousand dollars; for packing-boxes, seven hundred and seventy dollars; for miscellaneous items, exclusive of labor, including five thousand dollars for rent of Senate Committee rooms, fifteen thousand dollars; and for expenses of inquiries and investigations ordered by the Senate, including compensation to stenographers to committees, at such rate as may be fixed by the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate, but not exceeding one dollar and fifty cents per printed page, twenty-five thousand dollars; in all, fifty-eight thousand seven hundred and seventy dollars.

For reporting the debates and proceedings of the Senate, twenty-five thousand dollars, payable in equal monthly installments.

CONGRESSIONAL DIRECTORY.

For expenses of compiling and preparing the Congressional Directory, to be expended under the direction of the Joint Committee on Public Printing, one thousand two hundred dollars. Congressional Directory.

CAPITOL POLICE.

For one captain, one thousand six hundred dollars; three lieutenants, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; twenty-two privates, at one thousand one hundred dollars each; and eight watchmen, at nine hundred dollars each; in all, thirty-six thousand six hundred dollars, one-half to be disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate and the other half to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House of Representatives. Pay of officers, privates, and watchmen.

For contingent fund, one hundred dollars. Contingent fund.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

For compensation of Members of the House of Representatives and Delegates from Territories, one million six hundred and ninety-five thousand dollars. Members of House of Representatives and Delegates; compensation.

For mileage, one hundred and ten thousand six hundred and twenty-four dollars. Mileage.

For compensation of the officers, clerks, messengers, and others in the service of the House of Representatives, three hundred and ninety thousand eight hundred and forty-nine dollars and ten cents, namely: Officers, clerks, etc.

**OFFICE OF THE SPEAKER.**—For private secretary to the Speaker, one thousand eight hundred dollars; clerk to the Speaker, one thousand six hundred dollars; clerk to the Speaker's table, one thousand six hundred dollars, and for additional compensation to the clerk at the Speaker's table, two hundred dollars for the present fiscal year; in all, five thousand two hundred dollars. Private secretary and clerk to Speaker.

For Chaplain of the House, nine hundred dollars. Chaplain.

**OFFICE OF THE CLERK.**—For Clerk of the House of Representatives, including compensation as disbursing officer of the contingent fund, four thousand five hundred dollars, and for hire of horses and wagons for the use of the Clerk's office, six hundred dollars; for chief clerk, journal clerk, two reading clerks, and tally clerk, at three thousand dollars each, and for the journal clerk (H. H. Smith) for preparing Digest of the Rules, one thousand dollars per annum; for printing and bill clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; for disbursing clerk, file clerk, and enrolling clerk, at two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars each; for assistant disbursing clerk, assistant enrolling clerk, resolution and petition clerk, newspaper clerk, superintendent of document-room, index clerk, and librarian, at two thousand dollars each; for distributing clerk and stationery clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars each; for document clerk, upholsterer and locksmith, and two assistant librarians, at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; one page, seven hundred and twenty dollars; one assistant journal clerk, at six dollars per day during the session, one thousand two hundred and seventy-two dollars; one assistant index clerk, during the session and three months after its close, at six dollars per day, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four dollars; one book-keeper and four clerks, one thousand six hundred dollars each; the person preparing the general index to the Journals of Congress, under the resolution of June eighteenth, eighteen hundred and seventy-eight, two thousand five hundred dollars; assistant to person preparing the general index to Journals of Congress, under resolution of May twenty-second, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, two thousand dollars; two messengers in the House Library, at one thousand three hundred and fourteen dollars each; one laborer in the bath-room, seven hundred and Clerks, assistants, etc.

Clerk to prepare index to journals of Congress, etc.

Messengers, laborers, etc.

twenty dollars; four laborers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; one telegraph operator, nine hundred dollars; one chief engineer, one thousand seven hundred dollars; two assistant engineers, one thousand two hundred dollars each; two conductors of the elevator, at one thousand one hundred dollars each; one laborer, eight hundred and twenty dollars; five firemen, at nine hundred dollars each; one electrician, one thousand one hundred and fifty dollars; one laborer, eight hundred dollars; services in cleaning Statuary Hall and watching statuary therein, seven hundred and twenty dollars; in all, ninety-one thousand four hundred and forty-four dollars.

Extra clerks, etc.

For the following additional employees in the Clerk's office, who are to be paid from and including March fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, to June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six: Three clerks to index private claims, at one thousand six hundred dollars each per annum; one messenger-boy in chief clerk's room, at three hundred dollars per annum; and two laborers in the Clerk's document-room, at nine hundred dollars per annum each; in all, nine thousand one hundred and sixty-one dollars and sixty-five cents.

Clerks and messengers to committees.

**CLERKS AND MESSENGERS TO COMMITTEES.**—For clerk to the Committee on Ways and Means, two thousand five hundred dollars; assistant clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; messenger, one thousand dollars; clerk to the Committee on Appropriations, three thousand dollars; assistant clerk, one thousand six hundred dollars; messenger, one thousand dollars; clerk to the Committee on the Judiciary, clerk to the Committee on Agriculture, clerk to the Committee on Claims, clerk to the Committee on Public Lands, clerk to the Committee on War Claims, clerk to the Committee on Invalid Pensions, clerk to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, clerk to the Committee on the District of Columbia, clerk to the Committee on Indian Affairs, clerk to the Committee on Commerce, clerk to the Committee on Naval Affairs, clerk to the Committee on Rivers and Harbors, and clerk to the Committee on Military Affairs, at two thousand dollars each; assistant clerk to the Committee on War Claims, one thousand six hundred dollars; in all, thirty-seven thousand nine hundred dollars.

For thirty-one clerks to committees, at six dollars each per day during the session, thirty-nine thousand four hundred and thirty-two dollars.

To pay the six committee clerks now employed by resolution of the House the same compensation and for the same period as is provided for the payment of session clerks employed by the House, one thousand and eighty dollars, to be immediately available.

Sergeant-at-Arms, deputy, etc.

**OFFICE OF SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.**—For Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives, four thousand dollars; for one horse and wagon for his use, five hundred dollars; one deputy to the Sergeant-at-Arms, two thousand dollars; one cashier, three thousand dollars; one paying-teller, two thousand dollars; one bookkeeper, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one messenger, one thousand two hundred dollars; one page, at sixty dollars per month; and one laborer, at six hundred and sixty dollars; in all, fifteen thousand eight hundred and eighty dollars.

Doorkeeper, assistants, etc.

**OFFICE OF DOORKEEPER.**—For Doorkeeper, three thousand dollars; and for hire of horses, five hundred dollars; assistant doorkeeper, two thousand dollars; second assistant doorkeeper (George A. Bacon), to be employed in the document-room, two thousand dollars; clerk for Doorkeeper, one thousand two hundred dollars; janitor, one thousand two hundred dollars; superintendent of the folding-room, two thousand dollars; three clerks in the folding-room, one at one thousand eight hundred dollars and two at one thousand two hundred dollars each; superintendent of the document-room, two thousand dollars; chief assistant in the document-room, at two thousand dollars; document file-clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; assistant document file-clerk, under resolution of December nineteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-one, one thousand three hundred and fourteen dollars; fourteen

messengers on the soldiers' roll, under the control of the Doorkeeper, at one thousand two hundred dollars each, and hereafter messengers on the soldiers' roll shall not be subject to removal except for cause reported to and approved by the House; nine messengers, including messenger to the reporters' gallery, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; nine messengers, at one thousand dollars each; seven laborers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; ten laborers, during the session, at the rate of seven hundred and twenty dollars each per annum; one laborer, at six hundred dollars; for the two laborers now in charge of water-closet, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; six laborers in charge of cleaning the Hall of the House, known as "cloak-room men", at fifty dollars per month during the session; for the two "cloak-room men", one on each side of the hall, now longest in the service of the House, from March fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, to June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, at fifty dollars per month each; and for one female attendant in ladies' retiring-room, six hundred dollars; two messengers, during the session, at the rate of eight hundred dollars per annum each; for one employee (John T. Chancey), one thousand five hundred dollars; one Department messenger (C. W. Coombs), two thousand dollars; for labor in folding books, speeches, and pamphlets: one foreman, one thousand five hundred dollars; one messenger, one thousand two hundred dollars; one folder in the sealing-room, one thousand two hundred dollars; one page, five hundred dollars; one laborer, four hundred dollars; ten folders, at nine hundred dollars each; five folders, at eight hundred and forty dollars each; three folders, during the session, at the rate of eight hundred dollars per annum each; and fifteen folders, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; and for thirty-four pages, during the session, including two riding pages, one telephone page, and one telegraph page, at two dollars and fifty cents per day each; in all, one hundred and twenty-seven thousand six hundred and fifty-seven dollars and forty-five cents.

Folding, etc.

Pages.

For rent of additional folding-room, one thousand dollars; one night watchman, nine hundred dollars; one driver, six hundred dollars; for feed for horses and care and repairs of wagon and harness, six hundred dollars; in all, three thousand one hundred dollars.

Additional folding-room.  
Watchman.  
Horses; repair of wagon, etc.  
Postmaster, assistant, etc.

OFFICE OF POSTMASTER.—For Postmaster, two thousand five hundred dollars; first assistant postmaster, two thousand dollars; ten messengers, including messenger to superintend transportation of mails, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; three messengers, during the session, at eight hundred dollars each; four messengers, at one hundred dollars per month each, during the session; and one laborer, at seven hundred and twenty dollars; in all, twenty-two thousand four hundred and twenty dollars.

For hire of horses and mail-wagone for carrying the mails, five thousand dollars.

Horses and mail-wagons.

For two stenographers to committees, to be appointed by the Speaker on or after December first, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, at four thousand dollars per annum each, four thousand six hundred and seventy-four dollars.

Stenographers for committees.

OFFICIAL REPORTERS.—For one chief official reporter (John J. McElhone), six thousand dollars; and four official reporters of the proceedings and debates of the House, at five thousand dollars each; messenger to the official reporters, one thousand dollars; in all, twenty-seven thousand dollars. And wherever the words "during the session" occur in the foregoing they shall be construed to mean seven months.

Official reporters.

For contingent expenses of the House of Representatives, namely:

Contingent expenses.  
Folding material.  
Fuel and oil.  
Furniture and repairs.

For materials for folding, sixteen thousand dollars.

For fuel and oil for the heating apparatus, seven thousand dollars.

For furniture, and repairs of the same, ten thousand dollars.

Packing-boxes.	For packing-boxes, two thousand nine hundred and eighty-seven dollars.
Cartage.	For cartage, six hundred dollars.
Miscellaneous.	For miscellaneous items and expenses of special and select committees, thirty thousand dollars.
E. J. Babcock.	For pay of E. J. Babcock, secretary of the Commission on the Dedication of the Washington Monument, two hundred dollars, to be paid from the appropriation for the dedication.
Stationery.	For stationery for members of the House of Representatives, officers of the House, and committees of the House, including six thousand dollars for stationery for the use of the committees and officers of the House, forty-seven thousand six hundred and twenty-five dollars.
Postage-stamps.	For postage-stamps for the officers of the House of Representatives; For the Sergeant-at-Arms, fifty dollars; the Clerk, fifty dollars; the Doorkeeper, fifty dollars; and the Postmaster, one hundred dollars; in all, two hundred and fifty dollars.

## PUBLIC PRINTING.

Public Printer and clerks.	For compensation of the Public Printer, four thousand five hundred dollars; for chief clerk, two thousand four hundred dollars; four clerks of class four; one clerk of class one; in all, fifteen thousand three hundred dollars.
Contingent expenses.	For contingent expenses of his office, namely: For stationery, postage, advertising, traveling expenses horses and wagons, and miscellaneous items, three thousand dollars.

## LIBRARY OF CONGRESS.

Pay of Librarian, assistants, etc.	For compensation of the Librarian, four thousand dollars; and for twenty five assistant librarians, two at two thousand five hundred dollars each, two at one thousand eight hundred dollars each, two at one thousand six hundred dollars each, two two at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each, seven at one thousand four hundred dollars each, six at one thousand two hundred dollars each, one at nine hundred and sixty dollars, one at seven hundred and twenty dollars, and two at four hundred and eighty dollars each; in all, thirty-eight thousand three hundred and twenty dollars.
Purchase of books, periodicals, etc., for Library and Supreme Court.	For purchase of books for the Library three thousand dollars; for purchase of law-books for the Library, two thousand dollars; for the purchase, by the Librarian of Congress, of new books of reference for the Supreme Court, to be a part of the Library of Congress, and purchased under the direction of the Chief Justice, one thousand five hundred dollars; for expenses of exchanging public documents for the publications of foreign Governments, one thousand dollars; for purchase of files of periodicals and newspapers, two thousand five hundred dollars; in all, ten thousand five hundred dollars.
Arrangement, for publication, of historical manuscript in Library, collected by Peter Force.	To enable the Librarian of Congress to arrange, select, edit, and prepare for publication the historical manuscripts in the Library of Congress collected by the late Peter Force for the publication known as the fourth and fifth series of the American Archives, not heretofore published, and to incorporate such additional manuscript or rare unpublished materials relating to the period embraced as may be approved by the Joint Committee on the Library, the same to be printed in folio form, at the Government Printing Office, under the supervision of the Librarian of Congress, four thousand dollars.
Incorporation of additional manuscript.	
Purchase of works of art.	For the purchase of works of art, under the direction of the Joint Committee on the Library, five thousand dollars.
Contingent expenses.	For contingent expenses of said Library, one thousand dollars.
Expenses of copyright business.	For expenses of the copyright business, five hundred dollars.

For Botanic Garden: For superintendent, one thousand eight hundred dollars; for assistants and laborers, under the direction of the Library Committee of Congress, nine thousand nine hundred dollars; in all, eleven thousand seven hundred dollars.

Superintendent and assistants of Botanic Garden.

For procuring manure, tools, fuel, purchasing trees and shrubs, and for labor and materials in connection with repairs and improvements to Botanic Garden, under direction of the Joint Library Committee of Congress, five thousand dollars.

Repairs and improvements of Botanic Garden.

### EXECUTIVE

For compensation of the President of the United States, fifty thousand dollars.

Compensation of President of the United States. Vice-President.

For compensation of the Vice-President of the United States, eight thousand dollars.

For compensation to the following in the office of the President of the United States: Private Secretary, three thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; assistant secretary, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; two executive clerks, at two thousand dollars each; stenographer, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk of class four; two clerks of class three; two clerks of class two, one of whom shall be a telegraph operator; one clerk of class one; steward, at one thousand eight hundred dollars; one day-us her, at one thousand four hundred dollars; one day-us her, at one thousand two hundred dollars; five messengers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; two doorkeepers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; one night-us her, one thousand two hundred dollars; one watchman, nine hundred dollars; and one fireman, eight hundred and sixty-four dollars; in all, thirty-six thousand and sixty-four dollars.

Private secretary, assistants, clerks, etc.

For contingent expenses of the Executive Office, including stationery therefor, as well as record-books, telegrams, books for library, miscellaneous items, and furniture and carpets for offices, care of office carriage, horses, and harness, eight thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses.

### CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

For three Commissioners, at three thousand five hundred dollars each; one chief examiner, three thousand dollars; one secretary, two thousand dollars; one clerk of class four, who shall be a stenographer, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk of class two; one clerk of class one; one messenger, eight hundred and forty dollars; and one laborer; in all, twenty-one thousand four hundred dollars.

Commissioners, examiner, secretary, etc.

For necessary traveling expenses, including those of examiners acting under the direction of the Commission, three thousand five hundred dollars.

Traveling expenses.

For furniture and repairs of furniture, file-cases and file-boxes, books, stationery, printing, advertising, telegraphing, telephone service, typewriting, ice, and other absolutely necessary expenses, including heating, lighting, and altering rooms, and care of same, three thousand dollars.

Furniture, stationery, printing, etc.

### DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

For compensation of the Secretary of State, eight thousand dollars; First Assistant Secretary of State four thousand five hundred dollars; two Assistant Secretaries of State, at three thousand five hundred dollars each; for chief clerk, two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; for six Chiefs of Bureau and one translator, at two thousand one hundred dollars each; eleven clerks of class four; stenographer to the Secretary, at one thousand eight hundred dollars; four clerks of class three; seven clerks of class two; fourteen clerks of class one; four clerks, at one thousand dollars each; and ten clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; one messenger; two assistant messengers; one packer, at seven hun-

Pay of Secretary, Assistant Secretaries, clerks, etc.

dred and twenty dollars; ten laborers; in all, one hundred and fourteen thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.

Proof - reading,  
stationery, etc.

For proof-reading the laws of the United States and reports to Congress, including boxes and transportation of the same, one thousand two hundred and eighty dollars, for stationery, furniture, fixtures, and repairs, five thousand dollars; for books and maps, and books for the library, two thousand dollars; in all, eight thousand two hundred and eighty dollars.

Lithographer.

For services of lithographer, and necessary materials for the lithographic press, one thousand two hundred dollars.

Editing and dis-  
tribution of laws.

For expenses of editing and distributing the laws enacted during the second session of the Forty-eighth Congress, three thousand dollars.

Editing and dis-  
tribution of the  
Statutes at Large.

For expenses of editing and distributing the Statutes at Large of the Forty-eighth Congress, one thousand dollars.

Contingent ex-  
penses.

For contingent expenses, namely: For care and subsistence of horses and repairs of wagons and harness, one thousand two hundred dollars; for rent of stable and wagon-shed, six hundred dollars; for care of clock, telegraphic and electric apparatus, and repairs to the same, one thousand dollars; and for miscellaneous items, not included in the foregoing, two thousand dollars; in all, four thousand eight hundred dollars.

### TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Pay of Secretary,  
Assistant Secreta-  
ries, clerks, etc.

**SECRETARY'S OFFICE.**—For compensation of the Secretary of the Treasury, eight thousand dollars; two Assistant Secretaries of the Treasury, at four thousand five hundred dollars each; stenographer to the Secretary, two thousand dollars; two clerks of class four; Government actuary, under the control of the Treasury Department, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; one copyist; five skilled laborers, at five hundred and fifty dollars each; five skilled laborers, at five hundred dollars each; four messengers; one assistant messenger; in all, thirty five thousand and eighty dollars.

Office of chief  
clerk, etc.

**Office of chief clerk and superintendent:** For chief clerk, including three hundred dollars as superintendent of Treasury building, three thousand dollars; one clerk of class four; one clerk of class three; one clerk of class two; two clerks of class one; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; one clerk, at nine hundred dollars; one messenger; one storekeeper, one thousand two hundred dollars; one telegraph operator, one thousand two hundred dollars; three elevator conductors, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; one engineer, one thousand four hundred dollars; one assistant engineer, one thousand dollars; one machinist and gas-fitter, one thousand two hundred dollars; seven firemen; one gardener, eight hundred and forty dollars; one captain of the watch, one thousand four hundred dollars; two lieutenants of the watch, at nine hundred dollars each; fifty-eight watchmen; one foreman of laborers, one thousand dollars; twenty-nine laborers; ten laborers, at five hundred dollars each; three laborers, at three hundred and sixty dollars each; seventy-five charwomen, at one hundred and eighty dollars each; and for the following employees while actually employed: one foreman of cabinet shop, at five dollars per day; one draughtsman, at four dollars per day; one cabinet-maker, at three dollars and fifty cents per day; twelve cabinetmakers, at three dollars per day each; one cabinetmaker, at two dollars per day; in all, one hundred and twenty-eight thousand four hundred and sixty-six dollars and fifty cents.

Division of war-  
rants, estimates,  
and appropri-  
ations.

**Division of warrants, estimates, and appropriations:** For chief of division, two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; assistant chief of division, two thousand four hundred dollars; estimate and digest clerk, two thousand dollars; five clerks of class four; additional to one clerk of class four as bookkeeper, one hundred dollars; three clerks of class three; one clerk of class two; four clerks of class one; six clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; one laborer; and one assistant messenger; in all, thirty-four thousand and thirty dollars. .

Division of customs: For chief of division, two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; assistant chief of division, two thousand dollars; two clerks of class four; three clerks of class three; two clerks of class two; two clerks of class one; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; eight clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; one assistant messenger; and two laborers; in all, twenty-nine thousand five hundred and ninety dollars.

Division of customs.

Division of appointments: For chief of division, two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; assistant chief of division, two thousand dollars; one clerk of class four; two clerks of class three; seven clerks of class two; one clerk, one thousand dollars; two clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; two assistant messengers; in all, twenty-three thousand seven hundred and ninety dollars.

Division of appointments.

Division of public moneys: For chief of division, two thousand five hundred dollars; assistant chief of division, two thousand dollars; four clerks of class four; additional to one clerk of class four as bookkeeper, one hundred dollars; four clerks of class three; three clerks of class two; one clerk of class one; one clerk, one thousand dollars; one messenger; one laborer; in all, twenty-six thousand one hundred dollars.

Division of public moneys.

Division of loans and currency: For chief of division, two thousand five hundred dollars; two assistant chiefs of divisions, at two thousand one hundred dollars each; eight clerks of class four; additional to one clerk of class four as receiving-clerk of bonds, one hundred dollars; two clerks of class three; two clerks of class two; six clerks of class one; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; fourteen clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; one messenger; two assistant messengers; six laborers; superintendent of paper-room, one thousand six hundred dollars; one paper-cutter, at three dollars per day; one paper-counter, seven hundred and twenty dollars; twenty-six paper-counters and laborers, at six hundred and twenty dollars each; in all, seventy-four thousand six hundred and nineteen dollars.

Division of loans and currency.

Division of revenue marine: For chief of division, two thousand five hundred dollars; assistant chief of division, two thousand dollars; one clerk of class four; four clerks of class three; two clerks of class two; two clerks of class one; one clerk, one thousand dollars; three clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; and one laborer; in all, twenty-two thousand two hundred and sixty dollars.

Division of revenue marine.

Division of mercantile marine and internal-revenue: For chief of division, two thousand five hundred dollars; assistant chief of division, two thousand dollars; three clerks of class four; four clerks of class three; three clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; and one laborer; in all, nineteen thousand six hundred and sixty dollars.

Division of mercantile marine and internal revenue.

Division of stationery, printing, and blanks: For chief of division, two thousand five hundred dollars; five clerks of class four; two clerks of class three; two clerks of class two; two clerks of class one; two clerks of class one; two clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; two messengers; two assistant messengers; one foreman of bindery, at five dollars per day; four binders, at four dollars per day each; and one sewer and folder, at two dollars and fifty cents per day; in all, thirty-two thousand one hundred and seventy-five dollars and fifty cents.

Division of stationery, printing, and blanks.

Division of mail and files: For chief of division, two thousand five hundred dollars; one clerk of class three; six clerks of class two; three clerks of class one; four clerks, at one thousand dollars each; eight clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; two assistant messengers; one laborer, at six hundred and sixty dollars; and one laborer, at five hundred dollars; in all, twenty-nine thousand nine hundred dollars.

Division of mail and files.

Division of captured property, claims and lands: For chief of division, two thousand five hundred dollars; one clerk of class four; one clerk of class three; one clerk of class two; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; one clerk, at nine hundred dollars; and one laborer; in all, ten thousand eight hundred and sixty dollars.

Division of captured property, claims, and lands.

Division of public buildings.

Division of public buildings: For assistant superintendent of the Treasury building, two thousand one hundred dollars; three clerks of class four; two clerks of class three; one clerk of class two; two clerks of class one; one clerk, at nine hundred dollars; and one assistant messenger; in all, sixteen thousand one hundred and twenty dollars.

Division of special agents.

Division of special agents: For assistant chief of division, two thousand dollars; one clerk of class four; three clerks of class one; one clerk, one thousand dollars; three clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; and one messenger; in all, eleven thousand nine hundred and forty dollars.

Disbursing clerks.

Offices of disbursing clerks: For two disbursing clerks, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; one clerk of class four; one clerk of class three; and one clerk, one thousand dollars; in all, nine thousand four hundred dollars.

Supervising Architect, assistant, chief clerk, clerks, etc.

**SUPERVISING ARCHITECT.**—In the construction branch of the Treasury: For Supervising Architect, four thousand five hundred dollars; assistant and chief clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; one principal clerk, at two thousand dollars; photographer, two thousand dollars; two clerks of class three; two clerks of class one; one clerk, at nine hundred dollars; and one assistant messenger; in all, eighteen thousand two hundred and twenty dollars.

Additional draughtsman, civil engineers, etc., authorized to be employed.

And the services of skilled draughtsmen, civil engineers, computers, accountants, modelers, assistants to the photographer, copyists, and such other services as the Secretary of the Treasury may deem necessary and specially order, may be employed in the Office of the Supervising Architect to carry into effect the various appropriations for public buildings, to be paid for from such appropriations: *Provided*, That the expenditures on this account for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, shall not exceed one hundred and thirty thousand dollars; and the Secretary of the Treasury shall each year, in the annual estimates, report to Congress the number of persons so employed and the amount paid to each.

*Proviso.*

Report, etc., to be made to Congress.

First Comptroller, deputy, clerks, etc.

**FIRST COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY.**—For First Comptroller of the Treasury, five thousand dollars; deputy comptroller, two thousand seven hundred dollars; four chiefs of division, at two thousand one hundred dollars each; five clerks of class four; eleven clerks of class three; ten clerks of class two; eight clerks of class one; three clerks, at one thousand dollars each; and eleven clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; one messenger; and three laborers; in all, eighty-two thousand and twenty dollars.

Second Comptroller, deputy, clerks, etc.

**SECOND COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY.**—For Second Comptroller of the Treasury, five thousand dollars; deputy comptroller, two thousand seven hundred dollars, five chiefs of division, at two thousand one hundred dollars each; nine clerks of class four; fourteen clerks of class three; fourteen clerks of class two; eleven clerks of class one; three clerks, at one thousand dollars each; nine clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; one messenger; and three laborers; in all, one hundred and three thousand five hundred and twenty dollars.

Additional clerks.

For the additional force in the Second Comptroller's Office rendered necessary by increase of work relating to pensions, namely: Three clerks of class four; three clerks of class three; and two clerks of class one; in all, twelve thousand six hundred dollars.

Continuation of adjustment of accounts of Soldiers' Home.

For continuing the adjustment of the accounts of the Soldiers' Home, under section forty-eight hundred and eighteen of the Revised Statutes, in the Office of the Second Comptroller and in the Office of the Second Auditor, ten thousand dollars.

R. S., sec. 4818, p. 935.

Commissioner of customs, clerks, etc.

**COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS.**—For Commissioner of Customs, four thousand dollars; deputy commissioner, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; two chiefs of division, at two thousand one hundred dollars each; two clerks of class four; five clerks of class three; eleven clerks of class two; eight clerks of class one; one clerk, at one thou-

sand dollars; one assistant messenger; and one laborer; in all, forty-nine thousand four hundred and thirty dollars.

And each of the cities of Tacoma and Seattle, in Washington Territory, shall be, and it is hereby, made a port of delivery; and the deputy collector who shall be stationed at each of them shall receive such compensation, not exceeding twelve hundred dollars per annum, as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe.

Tacoma and Seattle, Washington Territory, made ports of delivery.  
Pay of deputy collector.

**FIRST AUDITOR.**—For the First Auditor of the Treasury, three thousand six hundred dollars; deputy auditor, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; four chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each; seven clerks of class four; ten clerks of class three; eleven clerks of class two; eighteen clerks of class one; three clerks, at one thousand dollars each; four copyists and counters, at nine hundred dollars each; two assistant messengers; and two laborers; in all, eighty-eight thousand eight hundred and ten dollars.

First Auditor, deputy, clerks, etc.

**SECOND AUDITOR.**—For Second Auditor, three thousand six hundred dollars; deputy auditor, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; six chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each; eight clerks of class four; forty clerks of class three; additional to one clerk of class three as disbursing clerk two hundred dollars; fifty-five clerks of class two; forty-eight clerks of class one; eight clerks, at one thousand dollars each; three assistant messengers; and eight laborers; in all, two hundred and forty-six thousand four hundred and ninety dollars.

Second Auditor, deputy, clerks, etc.

For the twenty additional clerks of class one in the Second Auditor's Office rendered necessary by increase of work relating to pensions, twenty-four thousand dollars.

Additional clerks.

**THIRD AUDITOR.**—For Third Auditor, three thousand six hundred dollars; deputy auditor, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; seven chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each; six clerks of class four; sixteen clerks of class three; fifty-six clerks of class two; thirty-nine clerks of class one; six clerks, at one thousand dollars each; eight clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; one assistant messenger; and six laborers; and one female laborer, at four hundred and eighty dollars; in all, one hundred and ninety-nine thousand eight hundred and ten dollars.

Third Auditor, deputy, clerks, etc.

For the additional force in the Third Auditor's Office rendered necessary by increase of work relating to pensions, namely: Five clerks of class three; seven clerks of class two; and eight clerks of class one; in all, twenty-seven thousand four hundred dollars.

Additional clerks.

**FOURTH AUDITOR.**—For the Fourth Auditor, three thousand six hundred dollars; deputy auditor, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; three chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each; two clerks of class four; fourteen clerks of class three; eight clerks of class two; nine clerks of class one; three clerks, at one thousand dollars each; five clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; one assistant messenger; and two laborers; in all, sixty-nine thousand three hundred and ninety dollars.

Fourth Auditor, deputy, clerks, etc.

**FIFTH AUDITOR.**—For the Fifth Auditor, three thousand six hundred dollars; deputy auditor, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; three chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each; four clerks of class four; five clerks of class three; four clerks of class two; six clerks of class one; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; four clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; one messenger; and two laborers; in all, forty-seven thousand six hundred and ten dollars.

Fifth Auditor, deputy, clerks, etc.

**AUDITOR OF THE TREASURY FOR THE POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.**—For the Auditor of the Treasury for the Post-Office Department, three thousand six hundred dollars; deputy auditor, who may be designated to sign, in the name of the said Auditor, such letters and papers as the Auditor may direct, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; ten chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each; eighteen clerks of class four, and additional to one clerk as disbursing clerk, two hundred dollars; sixty-eight clerks of class three; eighty-seven clerks of class two; eighty-one clerks of class one;

Auditor of Treasury for Post-Office Department, deputy, clerks, etc.

fifty-six clerks, at one thousand dollars each; one skilled laborer, one thousand dollars; thirty-one sorters of money-orders, at nine hundred dollars each; six sorters of money-orders at eight hundred and forty dollars each; one messenger; ten sorters of money-orders, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; five assistant messengers; twenty laborers; and ten charwomen, at one hundred and eighty dollars each; in all, five hundred and six thousand and thirty dollars.

Temporary clerks.

For the temporary force to dispose of accumulated money-orders, namely: Three clerks of class one; three clerks, at one thousand dollars each; and four clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; in all, ten thousand two hundred dollars.

Treasurer, assistant treasurer, cashier, assistant cashier, clerks, etc.

**TREASURER.**—For the Treasurer of the United States, six thousand dollars; assistant treasurer, three thousand six hundred dollars; cashier, three thousand six hundred dollars; assistant cashier, three thousand two hundred dollars; chief clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; five chiefs of division, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; one principal bookkeeper, at two thousand five hundred dollars; one assistant bookkeeper, at two thousand four hundred dollars; two tellers, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; two assistant tellers, at two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars each; twenty-six clerks of class four; seventeen clerks of class three; fifteen clerks of class two; one coin clerk, at one thousand four hundred dollars; twenty-three clerks of class one; five clerks, at one thousand dollars each; seventy-four clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; six messengers; six assistant messengers; twenty-six laborers; and seven laborers, at two hundred and forty dollars each; in all, two hundred and sixty-nine thousand six hundred dollars.

Superintendent of redemption of national currency, clerks, etc.

For the force employed in redeeming the national currency (to be reimbursed by the national banks), namely: For superintendent, three thousand five hundred dollars; one principal teller and one principal bookkeeper, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; one assistant bookkeeper, two thousand four hundred dollars; and one assistant teller, at two thousand dollars; two clerks of class four; three clerks of class three; four clerks of class two; twenty clerks of class one; fifteen clerks, at one thousand dollars each; fifteen clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; three assistant messengers; in all, eighty-one thousand five hundred and sixty dollars.

Register of the Treasury, assistant, clerks, etc.

**REGISTER OF THE TREASURY.**—For the Register of the Treasury, four thousand dollars; assistant register, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; five chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each; eighteen clerks of class four; seventeen clerks of class three; twelve clerks of class two; nineteen clerks of class one; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; forty copyists, at nine hundred dollars each; one messenger; four assistant messengers; and eight laborers; in all, one hundred and sixty-two thousand four hundred and fifty dollars.

Comptroller of the Currency, deputy, clerks, etc.

**COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY.**—For Comptroller of the Currency, five thousand dollars; deputy comptroller, two thousand eight hundred dollars; four chiefs of division, at two thousand two hundred dollars each; one stenographer, at one thousand six hundred dollars; eight clerks of class four; additional to bond clerk, two hundred dollars; eleven clerks of class three; eight clerks of class two; eight clerks of class one; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; twenty-five clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; one messenger; two assistant messengers; one engineer, one thousand dollars; one fireman; three laborers; and two night-watchmen; in all, one hundred and three thousand one hundred and twenty dollars.

Special examination of national banks, etc.

For expenses of special examinations of national banks and bank-plates, two thousand dollars.

Superintendent, teller, bookkeeper, etc.

For expenses of the national currency (to be reimbursed by the national banks), namely: One superintendent, at two thousand dollars; one teller and one bookkeeper, at two thousand dollars each; and one

assistant bookkeeper, at two thousand dollars; nine clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; and one assistant messenger; in all, sixteen thousand eight hundred and twenty dollars.

**LIGHT-HOUSE BOARD.**—For chief clerk of the Light House Board, two thousand four hundred dollars; two clerks of class four; two clerks of class three; one clerk of class two; three clerks of class one; one clerk, at nine hundred dollars; one assistant messenger; and one laborer; in all, sixteen thousand four hundred and eighty dollars. Light-House Board, clerks, etc.

For the following additional employees in the Office of the Light-House Board, who shall be paid from the appropriations for the light-house establishment, namely: one clerk of class two; one clerk of class one; ten clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; one assistant messenger; one laborer, six hundred dollars; one assistant civil engineer, two thousand four hundred dollars; one draughtsman, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one draughtsman, one thousand five hundred and sixty dollars; one draughtsman, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; and one draughtsman, one thousand two hundred dollars; in all, twenty-one thousand three hundred and twenty dollars. Additional clerks.

**BUREAU OF STATISTICS.**—For the officer in charge of the Bureau of Statistics, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; four clerks of class four; four clerks of class three; five clerks of class two; nine clerks of class one; three clerks, at one thousand dollars each; five copyists; one messenger; two laborers; one female laborer, at four hundred and eighty dollars; in all, forty-six thousand five hundred and forty dollars. Bureau of Statistics, officers in charge, clerks, etc.

For collecting statistics relating to internal commerce: For the payment of experts, and for other necessary expenditures connected with the collection of facts relative to the internal and foreign commerce of the United States, seven thousand dollars. Pay of experts.

**BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.**—For Chief of Bureau, four thousand five hundred dollars; one assistant, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; accountant, two thousand dollars; one stenographer, one thousand six hundred dollars; one clerk of class three; four clerks of class one; one clerk, one thousand dollars; additional to one clerk as disbursing clerk, two hundred dollars; three copyists, at nine hundred dollars each; two assistant messengers; and four laborers; in all, twenty-four thousand seven hundred and thirty dollars. Bureau of Engraving and Printing, Chief of Bureau, assistant, clerks, etc.

**OFFICE OF LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.**—For General Superintendent of the Life-Saving Service, four thousand dollars; assistant general superintendent of the Life-Saving Service, two thousand five hundred dollars; one topographer and hydrographer, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one civil engineer, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one draughtsman, one thousand five hundred dollars; one principal clerk and accountant, one thousand eight hundred dollars; two clerks of class four; three clerks of class three; two clerks of class two; five clerks of class one; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; five clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; one assistant messenger; and one laborer; in all, thirty-eight thousand four hundred and eighty dollars. General Superintendent of Life-Saving Service, assistant, clerks, etc.

**BUREAU OF NAVIGATION.**—For Commissioner of Navigation, three thousand six hundred dollars; two clerks of class four; additional to one clerk acting as deputy commissioner, two hundred dollars; one clerk of class three; four clerks of class two; three clerks of class one; one clerk, one thousand dollars; ten clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; one assistant messenger; and one laborer; in all, twenty-nine thousand five hundred and eighty dollars. Commissioner of Navigation, clerks, etc.

**SECRET SERVICE DIVISION.**—For one chief, three thousand five hundred dollars; one chief clerk, two thousand dollars; one clerk of class four; two clerks of class two; one clerk of class one; one clerk, at one thousand dollars; and one attendant, at six hundred and eighty dollars; in all, twelve thousand nine hundred and eighty dollars. Secret Service; chief, clerks, etc.

**OFFICE OF SUPERVISING SURGEON-GENERAL MARINE HOSPITAL SERVICE.**—For Supervising Surgeon-General, four thousand dollars; Supervising Surgeon-General Ma-

rine Hospital Service; assistant, clerk, etc.

one surgeon, three thousand dollars; one passed assistant surgeon, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; five clerks at one thousand six hundred dollars each; one clerk one thousand two hundred dollars; one hospital steward (employed as chemist), one thousand two hundred dollars; six copyists; one messenger, at six hundred dollars; one laborer, four hundred and eighty dollars; and one laborer, three hundred and sixty dollars; in all, twenty-seven thousand eight hundred and forty dollars, the same to be paid from the permanent appropriations for the Marine Hospital Service.

Inspector-General Steamboat Inspection Service; clerks, etc.

**OFFICE SUPERVISING INSPECTOR-GENERAL STEAMBOAT INSPECTION SERVICE.**—For Supervising Inspector-General, three thousand five hundred dollars; one chief clerk, not to exceed one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk, not to exceed one thousand six hundred dollars; two clerks, not to exceed one thousand two hundred dollars each; one messenger, not to exceed eight hundred and forty dollars; in all, ten thousand one hundred and forty dollars; the same to be paid from the permanent appropriations for the Steamboat Inspection Service.

Standard weights and measures.

**OFFICE OF CONSTRUCTION OF STANDARD WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.**—For construction and verification of standard weights and measures, including metric standards, for the custom-houses, other offices of the United States, and for the several States, and mural standards of length in Washington, District of Columbia, the following, while actually employed, namely: One adjuster, at five dollars per day; verifier and mechanic, at four dollars per day each; laborer, at one dollar and fifty cents per day; one recorder, at sixty dollars per month; and one watchman; in all, five thousand nine hundred and seventy-eight dollars and fifty cents.

Materials, etc.

For purchase of materials and apparatus, and incidental expenses, one thousand dollars.

American member of International Committee on Weights and Measures.

For expenses of the attendance of the American member of the International Committee on Weights and Measures at the general conference provided for in the convention signed May twentieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-five, the sum of six hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, appropriated by the act of July seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, for this object, for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-five, is hereby reappropriated and made available for like purpose for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six.

*Ante* p. 235, re-appropriation.

Director of the Mint, examiner, computer, assayer, etc.

**OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MINT.**—For Director, four thousand dollars; examiner, two thousand three hundred dollars; computer, two thousand two hundred dollars; assayer, two thousand two hundred dollars; adjuster of accounts, two thousand dollars; two clerks of class three; two clerks of class two, one of whom shall be a stenographer; two clerks of class one; one translator, one thousand two hundred dollars; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; one messenger; two copyists; assistant in laboratory, one thousand dollars; one helper, at five hundred dollars; in all, twenty-eight thousand nine hundred and forty dollars.

Contingent expenses of Bureau of the Mint.

For contingent expenses of the Bureau of the Mint, to be expended under the direction of the Director, namely: For assay-laboratory, chemicals, fuel, materials, and other necessities, one thousand dollars; for examination of mints, expenses in visiting the mints and assay-offices for the purpose of superintending the annual settlements and for special examinations, two thousand five hundred dollars; for books, pamphlets, periodicals, specimens of coins and ores, balances, weights, and incidentals, one thousand dollars; and for the collection of statistics relative to the annual production of the precious metals in the United States, four thousand dollars; in all, eight thousand five hundred dollars.

COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE.—For Commissioner of Internal Revenue, six thousand dollars; one deputy commissioner, three thousand two hundred dollars; two heads of division, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; five heads of division, at two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars each; one superintendent of stamp-vault, two thousand dollars; one stenographer, one thousand eight hundred dollars; twenty-four clerks of class four; twenty-five clerks of class three; thirty-four clerks of class two; twenty-four clerks of class one; fourteen clerks, at one thousand dollars each; sixty-six clerks, at nine hundred dollars each, and hereafter no vacancies shall be filled in the grade of clerks at nine hundred dollars each in this Bureau until the number is reduced to fifty; two messengers; fourteen assistant messengers; and thirteen laborers; in all, two hundred and eighty-two thousand five hundred and forty dollars.

Commissioner of Internal Revenue, deputies, clerks, etc.

For two stamp-agents, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; and two counters, at nine hundred each; in all, five thousand dollars, the same to be reimbursed by the stamp manufacturers.

Stamp - agents, etc.

For contingent expenses of the Treasury Department, namely:

For stationery for the Treasury Department and its several Bureaus, thirty thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses of Treasury Department. Items.

For postage required to prepay matter addressed to Postal Union countries, two thousand dollars.

For postage, five hundred dollars.

For purchase of material for binding canceled marine papers, requisitions, and other important records; newspapers, books, hand-stamps, and repairs of the same (and of the amount appropriated not more than five hundred dollars may be used in the purchase of current publications), two thousand five hundred dollars.

For purchase of law-books and suitable books of reference for the library of the Treasury Department, five hundred dollars.

For investigation of accounts and records, including the necessary traveling expenses, and for other traveling expenses, one thousand dollars.

For freight, expressage, telegrams, and telephone service, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For rent of buildings, eight thousand six hundred and twenty-five dollars, including one thousand two hundred dollars for renting additional rooms for the Second Auditor's Office.

For purchase of horses and subsistence of horses for office and mail wagons, including shoeing, and for wagons, harness, and repairs of the same, five thousand dollars.

For purchase of ice, four thousand dollars.

For purchase of file-holders and file-cases, twelve thousand dollars; and not less than three thousand five hundred dollars of this sum shall be expended for file-boxes, file-cases, shelving, and book-cases for the Office of the Auditor of the Treasury for the Post-Office Department, for filing accounts, books, and vouchers pertaining to postal accounts, the money-order service, and the transportation of the mails.

For purchase of coal, wood, engine oils and grease, engine hose and cotton waste, grates, grate-baskets and fixtures, stoves and fixtures, blowers, coal-hods, pokers, shovels, and tongs, fourteen thousand dollars.

For purchase of gas, brackets, candles, candle-sticks, drop-lights and tubing, gas-burners, gas-torches, globes, lanterns, matches, match-safes, and wicks, fourteen thousand dollars.

For purchase of carpets, oil-cloth, mats, and matting, and repairs, and for cleaning and laying of the same, by contract, eight thousand dollars.

For purchase of boxes, bells and bell-pulls, book-rests, chairs, chair-caning, chair-covers, cases, clocks, cloth for covering desks, cushions, desks, leather for covering sofas, locks, lumber, rugs, screens, shelving for file-rooms, tables, turpentine, varnish, ventilators, wardrobe cabinets, water coolers and stands, window-shades and fixtures, fifteen thousand dollars.

For washing and hemming towels, for the purchase of awnings and fixtures, alcohol, baskets, belting, bellows, bowls, brooms, buckets, brushes, canvas, crash, cloth, chamois-skins, door and window fasteners, dusters, flour, garden and street hose lace-leather, lye, nails, oil, plants, picks, pitchers, powders, stencil-plates, spittoons, soap, sponge, tacks, traps, thermometers, tools, towels, tumblers, wire, and zinc, and for blacksmithing, repairs of machinery, removal of rubbish, sharpening tools, and other absolutely necessary articles, twelve thousand dollars.

#### COLLECTING INTERNAL REVENUE.

**Collectors and deputy collectors of internal revenue.** For salaries and expenses of collectors and deputy collectors, one million eight hundred and fifty thousand dollars: *Provided, however,* That the number of deputy collectors, gaugers, storekeepers, and clerks employed in the collection of internal revenue shall not be increased, nor shall the salary of said officers and employees be increased beyond the salaries paid during the last fiscal year.

**Pay of agents, surveyors, etc.** For salaries and expenses of agents and surveyors, for fees and expenses of gaugers, for salaries of storekeepers, and for miscellaneous expenses, two million one hundred thousand dollars; and hereafter

**Officers in commission not to exceed more than by 15 per cent. the number actually engaged in, and necessary for duty.** storekeepers, or storekeepers and gaugers, who are assigned to distilleries whose registered capacity is twenty bushels or less, shall receive two dollars per day for their services; and no collector in any district shall recommend, nor shall there be appointed or commissioned, more deputy collectors, storekeepers, storekeepers and gaugers, inspectors, or other officers, or allowed to remain in commission more of any of said officers, at any one time, than fifteen per centum in excess of the number actually engaged in performing duty at the time and indispensably necessary for the performance of said duty: *Provided further,* That the compensation of the chief of the internal-revenue agents shall not exceed ten dollars per day, and of the other agents not exceeding seven dollars per day each; and for per diem in lieu of subsistence, while traveling on duty, said agents shall receive at a rate to be fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury, not exceeding three dollars per day.

**Compensation of revenue agents limited.**

#### INDEPENDENT TREASURY.

**Assistant treasurer, Baltimore; clerks, etc.** **OFFICE OF ASSISTANT TREASURER AT BALTIMORE.** For assistant treasurer, four thousand five hundred dollars; for cashier, two thousand five hundred dollars; for three clerks, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; for two clerks, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; for two clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; one clerk, at one thousand dollars; one messenger, eight hundred and forty dollars; three vault watchmen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; in all, twenty-one thousand six hundred dollars.

**Assistant treasurer, Boston; clerks, etc.** **OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT TREASURER AT BOSTON.**—For assistant treasurer, five thousand dollars; for chief clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; paying-teller, two thousand five hundred dollars; assistant paying-teller, two thousand two hundred dollars; vault clerk, two thousand dollars; receiving-teller, two thousand dollars; first bookkeeper, one thousand eight hundred dollars; second bookkeeper, one thousand four hundred dollars; specie clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; assistant specie clerk, one thousand five hundred dollars; money clerk, one thousand five hundred dollars; coupon clerk and redemption clerk, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; receipt clerk and general clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars each; assistant redemption clerk, one thousand one hundred dollars; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; one clerk, eight hundred dollars; messenger and chief watchman, one thousand and sixty dollars; two watchmen, at eight hundred and fifty dollars each; in all, thirty-six thousand and sixty dollars.

**OFFICE OF ASSISTANT TREASURER AT CHICAGO.**—For assistant treasurer, four thousand five hundred dollars; for cashier, two thousand five hundred dollars; for paying teller, one thousand eight hundred dollars; for bookkeeper and receiving-teller, at one thousand five hundred dollars each; two coin, coupon, and currency clerks, at one thousand five hundred dollars each; one assistant bookkeeper and three clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; for one messenger, eight hundred and forty dollars; one janitor, at six hundred dollars; and three watchmen, seven hundred and twenty dollars each; in all, twenty-three thousand two hundred dollars.

Assistant treasurer, Chicago; clerks, etc.

**OFFICE OF ASSISTANT TREASURER AT CINCINNATI.**—For assistant treasurer, four thousand five hundred dollars; for cashier, two thousand dollars; for bookkeeper, one thousand eight hundred dollars; for receiving teller, one thousand five hundred dollars; check clerk and interest clerk, each one thousand two hundred dollars; one clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars; fractional-silver and minor-coin clerk, one thousand dollars; night-watchman, seven hundred and twenty dollars; messenger, six hundred dollars; two watchmen, at one hundred and twenty dollars each; in all, fifteen thousand nine hundred and sixty dollars.

Assistant treasurer, Cincinnati; clerks, etc.

**OFFICE OF ASSISTANT TREASURER AT NEW ORLEANS.**—For assistant treasurer, four thousand dollars; cashier, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; receiving-teller, two thousand dollars; bookkeeper, one thousand five hundred dollars; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; porter, five hundred dollars; one watchman, at seven hundred and twenty dollars; one night-watchman, at seven hundred and twenty dollars; in all, thirteen thousand six hundred and ninety dollars.

Assistant treasurer, New Orleans; clerks, etc.

**OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT TREASURER AT NEW YORK.**—For assistant treasurer, eight thousand dollars; cashier and chief clerk, four thousand dollars; deputy assistant treasurer, three thousand six hundred dollars; chief of coin division, three thousand six hundred dollars; chief of note-paying division, three thousand dollars; chief of note-receiving division, two thousand eight hundred dollars; chief of check-paying division, two thousand eight hundred dollars; chief of registered-interest division, two thousand six hundred dollars; chief of coupon-interest division, two thousand four hundred dollars; chief of minor-coin division, two thousand four hundred dollars; chief of bond division, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; chief of canceled-check division, two thousand dollars; two clerks, at two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars each; six clerks, at two thousand one hundred dollars each; ten clerks, at two thousand dollars each; eleven clerks, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; four clerks, at one thousand seven hundred dollars each; seven clerks, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; four clerks, at one thousand five hundred dollars each; twelve clerks, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; five clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; five messengers, at one thousand three hundred dollars each; one messenger, at one thousand two hundred dollars; keeper of building, one thousand eight hundred dollars; chief detective, one thousand eight hundred dollars; two assistant detectives, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; three hall-men at one thousand dollars each; six watchmen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; one engineer, one thousand dollars; one assistant engineer, seven hundred and twenty dollars; two porters, nine hundred dollars each; in all, one hundred and sixty-eight thousand and ninety dollars;

Assistant treasurer, New York; clerks, etc.

**OFFICE OF ASSISTANT TREASURER AT PHILADELPHIA.**—For assistant treasurer, four thousand five hundred dollars; for cashier and chief clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; bookkeeper, two thousand five hundred dollars; chief interest clerk, one thousand nine hundred dollars; chief registered-interest clerk, one thousand nine hundred dollars; assistant bookkeeper, one thousand eight hundred dollars; coin-teller, one

Assistant treasurer, Philadelphia; clerks, etc.

thousand seven hundred dollars; redemption clerk, one thousand six hundred dollars; assistant coupon clerk, one thousand six hundred dollars; assistant registered-interest clerk, one thousand five hundred dollars; assistant cashier, one thousand four hundred dollars; assistant coin-teller, one thousand four hundred dollars; receiving-teller, one thousand three hundred dollars; assistant receiving teller, one thousand two hundred dollars; superintendent of building, one thousand one hundred dollars; four female counters, at nine hundred dollars each; five watchmen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; in all, thirty-five thousand one hundred dollars.

Assistant treasurer, Saint Louis; clerks, etc.

**OFFICE OF ASSISTANT TREASURER AT SAINT LOUIS.**—For assistant treasurer, four thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk and teller, two thousand five hundred dollars; assistant teller, one thousand eight hundred dollars; bookkeeper, one thousand five hundred dollars; assistant bookkeeper and one clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; messenger, one thousand dollars; four watchmen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; in all, sixteen thousand five hundred and eighty dollars.

Assistant treasurer, San Francisco; clerks, etc.

**OFFICE OF ASSISTANT TREASURER AT SAN FRANCISCO.**—For assistant treasurer, five thousand dollars; cashier, three thousand dollars; bookkeeper, two thousand five hundred dollars; one chief clerk, two thousand four hundred dollars; assistant cashier, two thousand dollars; receiving-teller, two thousand dollars; assistant bookkeeper, two thousand dollars; coin-teller, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; one messenger, eight hundred and forty dollars; and four watchmen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; in all, twenty-seven thousand six hundred and twenty dollars.

Special agents.

For compensation of special agents to examine the books, accounts, and money on hand at the several sub-treasuries and depositories, including national banks acting as depositaries under the requirements of section thirty-six hundred and fifty-three of the Revised Statutes of the United States, four thousand dollars.

Engraving, printing, etc.

For engraving, printing, finishing, and binding interest, transfer, redemption, pension and other checks and drafts, including cost of paper for the same, for the use of the Treasurer of the United States, assistant treasurers, pension agents, disbursing officers, and others, twenty-eight thousand dollars,

#### UNITED STATES MINTS AND ASSAY-OFFICES,

Mint at Philadelphia.

**MINT AT PHILADELPHIA.**—For salary of the superintendent, four thousand five hundred dollars; for the assayer, melter and refiner, coiner, and engraver, four in all, at three thousand dollars each; assistant assayer, assistant melter and refiner, and assistant coiner, at two thousand dollars each; cashier, two thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; bookkeeper two thousand dollars; abstract clerk and weigh clerk, at two thousand dollars each; register of deposits, warrant clerk, and cashiers clerk, at one thousand seven hundred dollars each; assayer's computation clerk and assistant weigh clerk, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; in all, forty-one thousand five hundred and fifty dollars,

Superintendent, officers, clerks, etc.

Workmen and adjusters.

For wages of workmen and adjusters, two hundred and ninety-three thousand dollars,

Contingent expenses.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including new machinery and repairs (and purchases, not exceeding three hundred dollars in value, of specimen coins and ores for the cabinet of the mint), one hundred thousand dollars,

Mint at San Francisco.  
Superintendent, officers, clerks, etc.

**MINT AT SAN FRANCISCO CALIFORNIA.**—For salary of superintendent, four thousand five hundred dollars; assayer, melter and refiner, coiner, at three thousand dollars each; assistant assayer, assistant melter and refiner, and assistant coiner, at two thousand dollars each; chief

clerk and cashier, two thousand five hundred dollars each; bookkeeper, abstract clerk, weigh clerk, and warrant clerk, at two thousand two hundred dollars each; register of deposits two thousand dollars; cashier's clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; assayer's computation clerk, assistant weigh clerk, and superintendent's computation clerk, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; in all, forty-one thousand nine hundred dollars,

For wages of workmen and adjusters, two hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars,

Workmen and adjusters.

For incidental and contingent expenses, fifty thousand dollars,

Contingent expenses.

**MINT AT CARSON, NEVADA.**—For salary of Superintendent, three thousand dollars; for assayer, melter and refiner, and coiner at two thousand five hundred dollars each; assistant assayer, assistant melter and refiner, and assistant coiner, at two thousand dollars each; chief clerk, at two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars, cashier, bookkeeper, and weigh clerk, at two thousand dollars each; abstract clerk and register of deposits, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; assayer's computation clerk at one thousand two hundred dollars; in all, twenty-nine thousand five hundred and fifty dollars

Mint at Carson, Nev.  
Superintendent, officers, clerks, etc.

For wages of workmen and adjusters sixty thousand dollars,

For incidental and contingent expenses, twenty-five thousand dollars,

Contingent expenses.

**MINT AT NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA.**—For salary of the superintendent, three thousand five hundred dollars; for the assayer, melter and refiner, and coiner, three in all, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; assistant assayer, assistant melter and refiner, and assistant coiner, one thousand nine hundred dollars each; cashier and chief clerk, at two thousand dollars each; weigh clerk, abstract clerk, bookkeeper, and assayers computation clerk, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; register of the deposits, warrant clerk, and assistant weigh clerk, at one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars each; cashier's clerk, at one thousand one hundred dollars; in all, thirty one thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars,

Mint at New Orleans.  
Superintendent, officers, clerks, etc.

For wages of workmen and adjusters, seventy-four thousand dollars,

For incidental and contingent expenses, including repairs and new machinery, thirty-five thousand dollars,

Contingent expenses.

**MINT AT DENVER, COLORADO.**—For salary of the assayer in charge, two thousand five hundred dollars; for melter, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; assistant assayer, one thousand four hundred dollars; chief clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk at one thousand six hundred dollars; one clerk, at one thousand four hundred dollars; in all, ten thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars,

Mint at Denver, Colo.  
Superintendent, officers, clerks, etc.

For wages of workmen, fourteen thousand dollars,

For incidental and contingent expenses, six thousand dollars,

Contingent expenses.

**ASSAY-OFFICE AT NEW YORK.**—For salary of Superintendent, four thousand five hundred dollars; for assayer, and for melter and refiner, at three thousand dollars each; assistant melter and refiner, two thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; weighing clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; cashier, two thousand dollars; bookkeeper, two thousand three hundred and fifty dollars; bar clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; warrant clerk, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; abstract clerk and assayer's computation clerk, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; assistant weigh clerk, one thousand six hundred dollars; register of deposits, one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; for assayer's first assistant, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; for assayers second assistant, two thousand one hundred and fifty dollars; for assayers third assistant, two thousand dollars; in all, thirty nine thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

Assay-office, New York.  
Superintendent, officers, clerks, etc.

For wages of workmen, twenty-five thousand dollars,

For incidental and contingent expenses, ten thousand dollars,

Contingent expenses.

Assay-office, Helena, Montana.  
Assayer, melter, clerks, etc.

**ASSAY-OFFICE AT HELENA, MONTANA.**—For salary of assayer in charge, two thousand five hundred dollars; and of melter, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; chief clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; in all, seven thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars,

For wages of workmen, twelve thousand dollars,

Contingent expenses.

For incidental and contingent expenses, eight thousand dollars,

Assay-office, Boise City.

**ASSAY-OFFICE AT BOISE CITY, IDAHO TERRITORY.**—For assayer, who shall also perform the duties of melter, two thousand dollars; one clerk, one thousand dollars; in all, three thousand dollars,

Assayer, melter, clerk.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including labor five thousand dollars,

Contingent expenses.

Assay-office, Charlotte, N. C.

**ASSAY-OFFICE AT CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA.**—For assayer and melter, one thousand five hundred dollars; and assistant assayer, one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; in all two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars

Assayer, assistant, melter.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including labor, two thousand dollars,

Contingent expenses.

Assay-office, Saint Louis.

**ASSAY-OFFICE AT SAINT LOUIS, MISSOURI.**—For assayer in charge, two thousand five hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand dollars; in all, three thousand five hundred dollars,

Assayer and clerk.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including labor, three thousand dollars,

Contingent expenses.

Territorial governments.

#### GOVERNMENT IN THE TERRITORIES,

Alaska.

**TERRITORY OF ALASKA.**—For salary of governor, three thousand dollars; judge, three thousand dollars; attorney, marshal, and clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars each; four commissioners, one thousand dollars each; four deputy marshals, seven hundred and fifty dollars each; in all, twenty thousand five hundred dollars,

Salary of governor, judge, etc.

For the actual and necessary expenses of the judge, marshal, and attorney, when traveling in the discharge of their official duties, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Expenses of judge, marshal, etc.

For rent of office for the marshal, fuel, books, stationery, and other incidental expenses, one thousand dollars,

Contingent expenses.

For incidental and contingent expenses of the Territory, to be expended under the direction of the governor, two thousand dollars,

Arizona.

**TERRITORY OF ARIZONA.**—For salary of governor, two thousand six hundred dollars; chief justice and two associate judges, at three thousand dollars each; secretary one thousand eight hundred dollars; interpreter and translator in the executive office, five hundred dollars; in all, thirteen thousand nine hundred dollars,

Salary of governor, chief justice, etc.

For legislative expenses, namely: For rent, hire of porter and messenger for secretary's office; and incidental expenses for secretary's office, two thousand dollars.

Legislative expenses.

For contingent expenses of the Territory, to be expended by the governor five hundred dollars.

Contingent expenses.

Dakota.

**TERRITORY OF DAKOTA.**—For salary of governor, two thousand six hundred dollars; chief justice and five associate judges, at three thousand dollars each; and secretary, at one thousand eight hundred dollars, twenty two thousand four hundred dollars.

Salary of governor, chief justice, etc.

For legislative expenses, namely: For postage; stationery and blanks; light, oil, and candles; messenger and porter; labor and care of Government property; clerk in secretary's office; and incidental expenses, two thousand dollars, And the legislature of Dakota may divide said Territory into as many council and representative districts as they desire, which districts shall be as nearly equal as practicable taking into consideration population, (except Indians not taxed): *Provided*, That the number of council districts shall not exceed twenty-four, and the number of representative districts shall not exceed forty-eight.

Legislative expenses.

*Proviso.*

For contingent expenses to be expended by the governor, five hundred dollars,

Contingent expenses.

TERRITORY OF IDAHO,—For salary of governor, two thousand six hundred dollars; chief justice and two associate judges, at three thousand dollars each; and secretary, at one thousand eight hundred dollars, thirteen thousand four hundred dollars

Idaho.  
Salary of governor, chief justice, etc.

For legislative expenses, namely: For official printing; stationery; fuel, lamps, oils, and candles; broom and dusters; rent of secretary's office, library rooms, and storage rooms for government property; furniture for secretary's office; postage and seals; ice; messenger and porter, and incidental expenses for secretary's office two thousand dollars,

Legislative expenses.

For contingent expenses, to be expended by the governor, five hundred dollars,

Contingent expenses.

TERRITORY OF MONTANA,—For salary of governor two thousand six hundred dollars; chief justice and two associate judges, at three thousand dollars each; and secretary, at one thousand eight hundred dollars, thirteen thousand four hundred dollars,

Montana.  
Salary of governor, chief justice, etc.

For legislative expenses, namely; For rent of secretary's office and storage room for Government property; porter and messenger for secretary's office; postage; stationery and printing; fuel and lights; furniture and repairs on furniture; clerk in secretary's office; and telegraphing, two thousand dollars,

Legislative expenses.

For contingent expenses of the Territory, to be expended by the Governor, five hundred dollars,

Contingent expenses.

TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO,—For salary of governor, two thousand six hundred dollars; chief justice and two associate judges, at three thousand dollars each; secretary, at one thousand eight hundred dollars; and interpreter and translator in the executive office, at five hundred dollars, thirteen thousand nine hundred dollars,

New Mexico.  
Salary of governor, chief justice, etc.

For legislative expenses, namely; For rent, light, fuel; casing for filing records; carpets and furniture; stationery and record-books; postage; incidentals; and pay of messenger and porter, one thousand five hundred dollars,

Legislative expenses.

For contingent expenses of the Territory, to be expended by the governor, five hundred dollars,

Contingent expenses.

TERRITORY OF UTAH,—For salary of governor, two thousand six hundred dollars; chief justice and two associate judges at three thousand dollars each; and secretary, at one thousand eight hundred dollars, thirteen thousand four hundred dollars,

Utah.  
Salary of governor, chief justice, etc.

For legislative expenses, namely: For per diem of members and officers of the legislative assembly; mileage of members; stationery; rent of halls and committee rooms; gas and other miscellaneous expenses; printing bills, laws, journals; current and contingent expenses of the secretary's office, twenty-two thousand dollars,

Legislative expenses.

For contingent expenses of the Territory, to be expended by the governor, five hundred dollars,

Contingent expenses.

For the salaries of the commissioners appointed under an act entitled, "An act to amend section fifty-three hundred and fifty-two of the Revised Statutes of the United States, in reference to bigamy, and for other purposes," approved March twenty-second, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, twenty-five thousand dollars,

Salaries of commissioners appointed under act to amend sec. 5352, R. S., p. 1039.  
1882, vol. 22, ch. 47, p. 30.

For expenses of the commission, for printing, stationery, clerk-hire, office rent, fifteen thousand dollars; *Provided*, That out of this sum the commission is hereby authorized to pay the secretary of the Territory, who is its secretary and disbursing agent, a reasonable sum for such service, not exceeding six hundred dollars, for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty six,

Expenses of commission, for printing, stationery, etc.

For compensation of officers of election, including contingent expenses, twenty-five thousand dollars,

Pay of officers of election, etc.

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON,—For salary of governor, two thou-

Washington.

Salary of governor, chief justice, etc. sand six hundred dollars; chief justice and three associate judges at three thousand dollars each; and secretary, at one thousand eight hundred dollars, sixteen thousand four hundred dollars,

Legislative expenses. For legislative expenses namely: For per diem of officers and members of the legislative assembly; mileage of members; repairing capitol building, legislative hall, and council chamber; repairing furniture, carpets, and matting; and for lights, fuel, and stationery for officers and members of legislative assembly, and for other incidental expenses of the legislature; rent of secretary's office; hire of messenger; light, fuel, stationery, postage, office furniture, repairs, and other incidentals, twenty-two thousand dollars,

Contingent expenses. For contingent expenses of the Territory, to be expended by the governor, five hundred dollars,

Wyoming. TERRITORY OF WYOMING,—For salary of governor, two thousand dollars; chief justice and two associate judges, at three thousand dollars each; and secretary, at one thousand eight hundred dollars, thirteen thousand four hundred dollars,

Legislative expenses. For legislative expenses, namely: For per diem of officers and members of the legislative assembly; rent of two halls and committee-rooms for legislature; fitting up halls; removing furniture; new carpets, stoves, furniture, and repairing old; fuel, lights, and incidentals; stationery; record-books; printing laws, journals, bills; fuel, rent, light, furniture, stationery, postage, messenger, and incidentals of secretary's office, twenty-two thousand dollars;

Contingent expenses. For contingent expenses of the Territory, to be expended by the governor, five hundred dollars,

### WAR DEPARTMENT,

Compensation of Secretary of War, clerks, etc. For compensation of the Secretary of War, eight thousand dollars; one chief clerk, at two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; one disbursing clerk, at two thousand dollars; one stenographer, at one thousand eight hundred dollars; three chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each; five clerks of class four; seven clerks of class three; nine clerks of class two; twenty-eight clerks of class one; seven clerks, at one thousand dollars each; four messengers; seven assistant messengers; eight laborers; carpenter, one thousand dollars; foreman of laborers, one thousand dollars; one hostler, six hundred dollars; two hostlers, at five hundred and forty dollars each; and one watchman at five hundred and forty dollars; in all, one hundred and eleven thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars,

Office of Adjutant-General. Clerks, etc. IN THE OFFICE OF THE ADJUTANT-GENERAL,—One chief clerk, at two thousand dollars; twenty-four clerks of class four; thirty-five clerks of class three; sixty-seven clerks of class two; three hundred and fifty-three clerks of class one; sixteen clerks, at one thousand dollars each; five messengers; fifty-one assistant messengers; twenty watchmen; three laborers; in all, six hundred and ninety-one thousand nine hundred dollars, And not less than two hundred of the clerks in the office of the Adjutant General shall be exclusively engaged in preparing and making reports to expedite the settlement of pension applications and soldiers' claims,

Additional clerks. For the following additional clerks in the Office of the Adjutant-General, for the sole purpose of completing, with the necessary detail from the existing force, the regimental registers of the volunteer forces of the several States during the late war, namely: One clerk of class four; two clerks of class two; and six clerks of class one; in all, eleven thousand eight hundred dollars,

Office of Inspector-General. Clerks and messengers. IN THE OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL,—For one clerk of class four; one clerk of class one; one assistant messenger; in all, three thousand seven hundred and twenty dollars,

Bureau of Military Justice. BUREAU OF MILITARY JUSTICE,—One chief clerk, at one thousand eight hundred dollars; two clerks of class three; four clerks of class

one; one clerk at one thousand dollars; one copyist; one messenger; and one assistant messenger; in all thirteen thousand two hundred and sixty dollars,

Chief clerk,  
clerks, etc.

IN THE SIGNAL OFFICE,—Two clerks of class four; three clerks of class one; one clerk at one thousand dollars; one messenger; one assistant messenger; one messenger, at four hundred and eighty dollars; and one laborer, at four hundred and twenty dollars; in all, ten thousand six hundred and sixty dollars. And for the services of scientific experts, clerks, draughtsmen copyists, messengers, mechanics, laborers, and such other services as the Secretary of War may deem necessary, in the Office of the Chief Signal Officer, to carry into effect the appropriations for observation and report of storms, and for the construction, maintenance, and repairs of military telegraph lines, forty thousand dollars; *Provided*, That the Secretary of War shall each year, in annual estimates, report to Congress the number of persons so employed, and the amount paid to each,

Signal Office.  
Clerks, messen-  
gers, etc.

*Proviso.*

IN THE OFFICE OF THE QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL,—One chief clerk, at two thousand dollars; nine clerks of class four; eleven clerks of class three; twenty-three clerks of class two; forty clerks of class one; ten clerks at one thousand dollars each; fifteen copyists, at nine hundred dollars each; one female messenger, at forty dollars per month; four messengers; six assistant messengers; superintendent of building, two hundred and fifty dollars; two laborers, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; one laborer, two hundred and twenty-five dollars; two charwomen, at one hundred and eighty dollars each; one engineer, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one fireman, five watchmen; one draughtsman, at one thousand eight hundred dollars; in all, one hundred and fifty-six thousand seven hundred and seventy five dollars,

Office of Quar-  
termaster-General.  
Chief clerk,  
clerks, etc.

For the following clerks and others to be employed by the Quartermaster-General in the investigation of claims for settlement by the Treasury Department under the act of July fourth eighteen hundred and sixty-four; One clerk of class four; two clerks of class three; four clerks of class two; eleven clerks of class one; two clerks at one thousand dollars each; eleven copyists; three assistant messengers; one watchman; and twenty-five agents, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; in all, seventy-three thousand five hundred and eighty dollars. And hereafter vacancies occurring in the offices of clerks and others provided for in this paragraph shall not be filled,

Extra clerks.  
1864, vol. 13, ch.  
253, p. 394.

For per diem in lieu of subsistence of the agents employed while traveling on duty, at a rate to be fixed by the Secretary of War, not exceeding three dollars per day, and for actual necessary expenses for transportation, thirty thousand dollars,

IN THE OFFICE OF THE COMMISSARY-GENERAL.—One chief clerk, at two thousand dollars; one clerk of class four; three clerks of class three; four clerks of class two; fourteen clerks of class one; nine clerks, at one thousand dollars each; one assistant messenger; two laborers; superintendent of building, two hundred and fifty dollars; and two watchmen; in all, forty-three thousand seven hundred and thirty dollars,

Office of Com-  
missary-General.  
Chief clerk,  
clerks, etc.

IN THE OFFICE OF THE SURGEON-GENERAL.—One chief clerk, at two thousand dollars; twenty-four clerks of class four; thirty-two clerks of class three; sixty-two clerks of class two; one hundred and seventy-two clerks of class one; one hundred and nine clerks, at one thousand dollars each; one anatomist, at one thousand six hundred dollars; one engineer in division of records and museum, at one thousand four hundred dollars; one skilled mechanic, one thousand dollars; eighteen assistant messengers; one messenger-boy, at three hundred and sixty dollars; eight watchmen; two superintendents of buildings, at two hundred and fifty dollars each; and fifteen laborers; in all, five hundred and thirty-two thousand and eighty dollars; and not less than three hundred of the clerks in the Surgeon-Generals Office shall be exclusively engaged in preparing and making reports to expedite the set-

Office of Sur-  
geon-General.  
Chief clerk,  
clerks, etc.

tlement of pension applications called for by the commissioner of Pensions.

Office of Chief of Ordnance. Chief clerk, clerks, etc. IN THE OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF ORDNANCE,—One chief clerk, at two thousand dollars; three clerks of class four; two clerks of class three; two clerks of class two; twenty-two clerks of class one; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; two messengers; one assistant messenger; one laborer; in all, forty-four thousand eight hundred and sixty dollars,

Office of Paymaster-General. Chief clerk, clerks, etc. IN THE OFFICE OF THE PAYMASTER-GENERAL,—One chief clerk, at two thousand dollars; six clerks of class four; seven clerks of class three; twelve clerks of class two; nine clerks of class one; four clerks, at one thousand dollars each; one assistant messenger; seven watchmen; superintendent of building, two hundred and fifty dollars; and five laborers; in all sixty-four thousand nine hundred and ten dollars,

Office of Chief of Engineers. Chief clerk, clerks, etc. IN THE OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF ENGINEERS,—One chief clerk, at two thousand dollars; four clerks of class four; two clerks of class three; three clerks of class two; three clerks of class one; one clerk, at one thousand dollars; one assistant messenger; and two laborers; in all, twenty-three thousand two hundred and forty dollars,

Additional employees authorized, etc. And the services of skilled draughtsmen, civil engineers, and such other services as the Secretary of War may deem necessary may be employed in the office of the Chief of Engineers to carry into effect the various appropriations for rivers and harbors, fortifications, and surveys for military defenses, to be paid for from such appropriations:

*Proviso.*

*Provided*, That the expenditures on this account for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, shall not exceed sixty thousand dollars; and that the Secretary of War shall each year, in the annual estimates, report to Congress the number of persons so employed, and the amount paid to each,

Office of Publication of Records of the Rebellion. Agents, clerks, etc. OFFICE OF PUBLICATION OF RECORDS OF THE REBELLION,—For one agent, two thousand dollars; three clerks of class four, one of whom shall be employed on the general index; two clerks of class three; one clerk of class two; three clerks of class one; four copyists, at nine hundred dollars each; one foreman of printing, at one thousand six hundred dollars; one pressman, one thousand two hundred dollars; five compositors, at one thousand dollars each; two copy holders, at nine hundred dollars each; two assistant messengers; two watchmen; and one laborer, at six hundred dollars; in all, thirty-two thousand two hundred and eighty dollars,

Superintendent of building corner F and 17th streets. Engineer, etc. For the superintendent of the building at the corner of F and seventeenth streets, two hundred and fifty dollars; one engineer, one thousand dollars; conductor of elevator, seven hundred and twenty dollars; four watchmen; two laborers; and one laborer, at four hundred and eighty dollars; in all, six thousand six hundred and fifty dollars,

Postage stamps for War Department and Bureaus. For postage stamps for the War Department and its Bureaus, as required under the Postal Union, to prepay postage on matter addressed to Postal Union countries, three thousand dollars,

Contingent expenses. For contingent expenses of the office of the Secretary of War and the Bureaus, buildings (except the War Department building), and offices of the War Department; purchase of professional and scientific books, card catalogues, law-books, blank-books, pamphlets, newspapers, maps, furniture, carpets, matting, oil-cloth, file cases, towels, ice, brooms, soap, sponges, fuel, gas, and heating apparatus; telegraphing; freight and express charges; repairs to buildings and furniture; and for other absolutely necessary expenses, sixty-one thousand five hundred dollars,

Stationery. For stationery for the War Department and its Bureaus and offices, thirty thousand dollars,

Rent of buildings for use of War Department. For rent of buildings for use of the War Department, as follows; For Adjutant-General's Office, five thousand seven hundred dollars; for the Signal Office, seven thousand five hundred dollars; for the Quartermaster-General's Office, ten thousand dollars; for the Paymaster General's Office, three thousand six hundred dollars; for the Surgeon Gen-

eral's Office, nine thousand seven hundred dollars; for the Commissary-General's Office, two thousand five hundred dollars; for the Chief of Engineers' Office, one thousand six hundred dollars; for the Rebellion Record Office, one thousand two hundred dollars; in all, forty-one thousand eight hundred dollars,

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS,

For clerk in the Office of Public Buildings and Grounds, one thousand six hundred dollars; and for messenger in the same office, eight hundred and forty dollars, Clerk, messenger.

For the public gardener, one thousand eight hundred dollars, Public gardener.

For overseer, draughtsman, foremen, and laborers employed in the public grounds, twenty-six thousand dollars, Overseer, draughtsman, foreman, etc.

For watchman in Franklin Square, six hundred and sixty dollars, Watchmen—

For watchman in Lafayette Square, six hundred and sixty dollars, Franklin Square.

For two day watchmen in Smithsonian Grounds, at six hundred and sixty dollars each, one thousand three hundred and twenty dollars, Lafayette Square.

For two night watchmen in Smithsonian Grounds, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars, Smithsonian Grounds.

For one watchman for Judiciary Square, and one for Lincoln Square and adjacent reservations, at six hundred and sixty dollars each, one thousand three hundred and twenty dollars, Judiciary Square.

For one watchman for Iowa Circle; one watchman for Fourteenth Street Circle and neighboring reservations; one for Rawlins Square and Washington Circle; one for Dupont Circle; one for McPherson and Farragut Squares; one for Stanton Place and neighboring reservations; one for Armory Square and reservations east to Botanic Garden; one for Mount Vernon Square and adjacent reservations; one for greenhouse at the nursery, nine in all, at six hundred and sixty dollars each, five thousand nine hundred and forty dollars, Iowa Circle, etc.

For one night watchman for Armory Square and reservations east to Botanic Garden, at seven hundred and twenty dollars, Armory Square, etc.

For contingent and incidental expenses, five hundred dollars, Contingent expenses.

For rent of office, nine hundred dollars, Rent of office.

STATE, WAR, AND NAVY DEPARTMENT BUILDING,

Office of the Superintendent: One clerk class one; one chief engineer, at one thousand two hundred dollars; six assistant engineers, at one thousand dollars each; one captain of the watch, one thousand two hundred dollars; two lieutenants of the watch, at eight hundred and forty dollars each; forty-eight watchmen; one carpenter, one thousand dollars; one machinist, at nine hundred dollars; two skilled laborers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; seventeen firemen; six conductors of the elevator, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; seventeen laborers; and fifty-four charwomen, at one hundred and eighty dollars each; in all, eighty-six thousand six hundred and eighty dollars, Office of superintendent. Clerk, chief engineer, etc.

For fuel, lights, repairs, and miscellaneous items, thirty-four thousand dollars,

NAVY DEPARTMENT

For compensation of the Secretary of the Navy, eight thousand dollars; for compensation of chief clerk of the Navy Department, two thousand five hundred dollars; one disbursing clerk, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; five clerks of class four; one clerk of class four in charge of files and records; three clerks of class three; one stenographer, at one thousand six hundred dollars; one stenographer, at one thousand four hundred dollars; two clerks of class two; six clerks Compensation of Secretary of the Navy, chief clerk, clerks, etc.

of class one; four clerks, at one thousand dollars each; telegraph-operator, at one thousand dollars; two messengers; three assistant messengers; two messenger-boys, at four hundred and twenty dollars each; one messenger-boy, at two hundred and forty dollars; three laborers; one clerk of class two; and one laborer (for Inspection Board); one clerk of class two (for Examining and Retiring); one clerk of class one; and one assistant messenger (in care of library); in all, fifty-eight thousand six hundred and thirty dollars.

**Bureau of Yards and Docks.**

**BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS.**—For one chief clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one draughtsman, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk of class four; one clerk of class three; one clerk of class two; one clerk of class one; one clerk, at one thousand dollars; one assistant messenger; and one laborer; in all, eleven thousand nine hundred and eighty dollars.

**Bureau of Equipment and Recruiting.**

**BUREAU OF EQUIPMENT AND RECRUITING.**—For chief clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk of class four; one clerk of class three; two clerks of class two; three clerks of class one; two copyist, at nine hundred dollars each; one assistant messenger; and one laborer; in all, fourteen thousand seven hundred and eighty dollars.

**Bureau of Navigation.**

**BUREAU OF NAVIGATION.**—For chief clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk of class three; two clerks of class two; one clerk of class one; one clerk at one thousand dollars; one copyist; one assistant messenger; and two laborers; in all, eleven thousand three hundred and forty dollars.

**Compilation of Naval Records of War of the Rebellion.**  
**Nautical Almanac Office.**

For the compilation of the Naval Records of the War of the Rebellion: For one clerk of class one; and two copyists, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; in all, two thousand six hundred and forty dollars.

**Nautical Almanac Office:** For the following assistants, namely: Three at one thousand six hundred dollars each; two at one thousand four hundred dollars each; three at one thousand two hundred dollars each; two at one thousand dollars each; one assistant messenger; and one copyist, at seven hundred and twenty dollars; one laborer; in all, fifteen thousand three hundred dollars.

**Pay of computers on piece-work.**

For pay of computers on piece-work in preparing for publication the American Ephemeris and Nautical Almanac, and improving the Tables of the Planets, eight thousand four hundred dollars

**Hydrographic Office.**

**Hydrographic Office:** For two clerks of class two; one clerk of class one; one assistant messenger; and one office attendant, four hundred and twenty dollars; in all, five thousand one hundred and forty dollars.

For draughtsmen, engravers, copyist, copper-plate-printers, printers' apprentices, and laborers in the Hydrographic Office, forty thousand dollars.

For purchase of chart-paper, copper-plates, electrotyping copper-plates; ink and other materials necessary in printing division; materials for drawing division and for mounting charts; materials for engravers; for photolithographing charts for immediate use, and transfer of photolithographic and other charts to copper; repairs to printing-presses; for extra drawing and engraving, and for purchase of foreign charts and hydrographic works for the use of vessels of the Navy; for the purchase of drawing-paper, drawing materials, and necessary instruments to be furnished naval vessels while surveying, and for repair of such instruments, and for printing Pilot Chart of North Atlantic Ocean, twenty-two thousand seven hundred dollars.

**Rent of rooms.**

For rent of rooms for use of the presses for hydrographic printing, and for repairs and heating of the same, and for gas, water, and telephone rates, one thousand two hundred dollars.

**Contingent expenses of branch offices.**

Contingent expenses, of branch offices at Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, New Orleans, and San Francisco, including furniture, fuel, lights, rent and care of offices, car-fare and ferriage in visiting merchant vessels, freight, express, telegrams, and other necessary expenses incurred in collecting the latest information for the Pilot Chart, five thousand dollars.

Naval Observatory: For pay of three assistant astronomers, one at two thousand dollars and two at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; one clerk of class four; one instrument-maker, one thousand five hundred dollars; four watchmen, including one for new Naval Observatory grounds; two skilled laborers, one at one thousand dollars and one at seven hundred and twenty dollars; and seven laborers, in all eighteen thousand one hundred and twenty dollars.

Naval Observa-  
tory.

For miscellaneous computations, one thousand two hundred dollars; purchase of apparatus and material for repairs of instruments, two thousand five hundred dollars; for purchase of professional books and periodicals for the library, one thousand dollars; in all, four thousand seven hundred dollars.

Miscellaneous.

For repairs to buildings, fuel, gas, furniture, chemicals, stationery, freight, postage, and all contingent expenses, three thousand nine hundred dollars.

For payment to Smithsonian Institution for freight on Observatory publications sent to foreign countries, three hundred and thirty-six dollars.

**BUREAU OF ORDNANCE.**—For chief clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; draughtsman, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk of class three; one clerk of class two; one at one thousand dollars; one assistant messenger; and one laborer; in all, eight thousand nine hundred and eighty dollars.

Bureau of Ord-  
nance.

**BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR.**—For chief clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; draughtsman, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one assistant draughtsman, one thousand four hundred dollars; one clerk of class four; one clerk of class three; one clerk of class two; one clerk of class one; one assistant messenger; and one laborer; in all, twelve thousand three hundred and eighty dollars.

Bureau of Con-  
struction and Re-  
pair.

**BUREAU OF STEAM ENGINEERING.**—For chief clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one chief draughtsman, at two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; one assistant draughtsman, at one thousand four hundred dollars; two clerks of class two; one clerk of class one; one clerk at one thousand dollars; one assistant messenger; and two laborers; in all, twelve thousand four hundred and ninety dollars.

Bureau of Steam  
Engineering.

**BUREAU OF PROVISIONS AND CLOTHING.**—For chief clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk of class four; two clerks of class three; two clerks of class two; four clerks of class one; two copyists; one assistant messenger; and one laborer; in all, seventeen thousand five hundred and eighty dollars.

Bureau of Pro-  
visions and Cloth-  
ing.

**BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY.**—For chief clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk of class three; one clerk of class two; one clerk of class one; one clerk at one thousand dollars; one assistant messenger; and one laborer; one janitor, six hundred dollars; one laborer, four hundred and eighty dollars (for Naval Dispensary); in all, nine thousand four hundred and sixty dollars.

Bureau of Medi-  
cine and Surgery.

**JUDGE-ADVOCATE-GENERAL, UNITED STATES NAVY.**—For one clerk of class four; one clerk of class three; two clerks of class one; one laborer; in all, six thousand four hundred and sixty dollars.

Judge-Advocate-  
General, United  
States Navy.

For professional books for Department library, one thousand dollars.

Clerks.  
Professional  
books.  
Stationery, etc.

For stationery, furniture, newspapers, plans, drawings, drawing materials, freight, expressage, postage, and other absolutely necessary expenses of the Navy Department and its various Bureaus and offices, eleven thousand dollars.

## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

For compensation of the Secretary of the Interior, eight thousand dollars; Assistant Secretary, four thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars, and two hundred and fifty dollars additional as superintendent of the Patent Office building; three members

Compensation of  
Secretary of the In-  
terior, Assistant  
Secretary, chief  
clerk, etc.

of a Board of Pension Appeals, to be appointed by the Secretary of the Interior at two thousand dollars each; one superintendent of documents two thousand dollars; six clerks, chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each, one of whom shall be a disbursing clerk; for one stenographer one thousand eight hundred dollars; six clerks of class four; six clerks of class three; one clerk of class three (custodian), who shall give bond in such sum as the Secretary of the Interior may determine; one book-keeper for custodian, one thousand two hundred dollars; six clerks of class two; nine clerks of class one, one of whom shall be the telegraph operator of the Department and one the assistant stenographer; one returns-office clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; one female clerk, to be designated by the President to sign land-patents, one thousand two hundred dollars; one clerk at one thousand dollars; nine copyists; three messengers; seven assistant messengers; ten laborers; two skilled mechanics, one at nine hundred dollars and one at seven hundred and twenty dollars; one laborer at six hundred dollars; four packers at six hundred and sixty dollars each; one conductor of elevator, at seven hundred and twenty dollars; three copyists and three laborers for distributing the reports of the tenth census; for one captain of the watch, one thousand dollars; forty watchmen, additional to two watchmen acting as lieutenants of watchmen, at one hundred and twenty dollars each; one engineer, one thousand two hundred dollars; assistant engineer, one thousand dollars; and six fireman; in all, one hundred and fifty-one thousand four hundred and thirty dollars.

Office of Assistant Attorney-General.  
Clerks.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT ATTORNEY-GENERAL.—For three law clerks, one at two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars, one at two thousand five hundred dollars, and one at two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; five clerks, at two thousand dollars each; one clerk, one thousand six hundred dollars; one clerk, who shall act as stenographer, at one thousand six hundred dollars; in all, twenty thousand seven hundred dollars.

Commissioner of General Land Office, chief clerk, clerks, etc.

GENERAL LAND OFFICE.—For the Commissioner of the General Land Office, four thousand dollars; one assistant commissioner, to be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, who shall be authorized to sign such letters, papers, and documents and to perform such other duties as may be directed by the Commissioner, and shall act as Commissioner in the absence of that officer or in case of a vacancy in the office of Commissioner, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; two law clerks, at two thousand dollars each; recorder, two thousand dollars; three inspectors of surveyors-general and district land-offices, to be appointed by the Secretary of the Interior, at two thousand dollars each; three principal clerks, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; forty clerks of class four; fifty-six clerks of class three; sixty-seven clerks of class two; seventy-three clerks of class one, fifty-one clerks, at one thousand dollars each; and fifty-eight copyists, at nine hundred dollars each; eight assistant messengers; twelve laborers; and six packers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; in all, four hundred and ninety thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars.

Per diem, etc., for inspectors and clerks.

For per diem in lieu of subsistence of inspectors and of clerks detailed to investigate fraudulent land-entries, trespasses on the public lands, and cases of official misconduct, while traveling on duty, at a rate to be fixed by the Secretary of the Interior, not exceeding three dollars per day, and for actual necessary expenses of transportation, ten thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior.

Law-books.

For law-books for the law library of the General Land Office, five hundred dollars.

Maps.

For connected and separate United States and other maps prepared in the General Land Office, ten thousand dollars.

Compensation of Commissioner of

INDIAN OFFICE.—For compensation of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, four thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; one

financial clerk, at two thousand dollars; chief of division, at two thousand dollars; one principal bookkeeper, one thousand eight hundred dollars; four clerks of class four; one of whom shall have charge of the educational division; ten clerks of class three; one stenographer, at one thousand six hundred dollars; sixteen clerks of class two; one of whom shall be a draughtsman; nine clerks of class one; thirteen clerks at one thousand dollars each; fourteen copyists; one messenger; one assistant messenger; one messenger-boy, at three hundred and sixty dollars; and one laborer; in all, ninety-seven thousand nine hundred and eighty dollars.

Indian Affairs, chief clerk, clerks, etc.

That a committee consisting of five members elect to the House of Representatives of the Forty-ninth Congress to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Forty-eighth Congress shall prior to the first Monday of December next inquire into and investigate the expenditure of appropriations for Indians, under treaty, for their support, for their education, or otherwise, and whether any changes should be made in said appropriations or their expenditure. Said committee shall also inquire into the expenditure of public money for the Yellowstone Park and the administration of the laws applicable to said park, whether any change should be made in said laws or the boundary of the Park and what steps if any can be taken to make of practical benefit and utility that portion of the public domain. That said committee shall have power to appoint sub-committees, and visit the places where appropriations mentioned herein are expended and in doing so they are authorized to use government conveyances and means of transportation. Said committee or any sub-committee thereof shall have power to send for persons and papers and to appoint a clerk and the committee may report by bill or otherwise to the Forty-ninth Congress. A sum sufficient to pay expenses of said committee hereby authorized and of witnesses that may be summoned before it, is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated which shall be immediately available and payable on the draft of the chairman of said committee in sums not exceeding one thousand dollars at any one time.

Committee appointed to investigate expenditure of appropriations for Indians, etc.

Power of committee.

**PENSION OFFICE.**—For compensation of the Commissioner of Pensions, five thousand dollars; first deputy commissioner, three thousand six hundred dollars; second deputy commissioner, three thousand six hundred dollars; chief clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; assistant chief clerk, two thousand dollars; medical referee, three thousand dollars; assistant medical referee, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; two qualified surgeons, who shall be experts in their profession, at two thousand dollars each; eighteen medical examiners, who shall be surgeons of education, skill, and experience in their profession, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; twelve chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each; law clerk, two thousand dollars; forty-five principal examiners for Review Board, at two thousand dollars each; twenty-four assistant chiefs of division, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; seventy-five clerks of class four; one hundred clerks of class three; four hundred clerks of class two; four hundred clerks of class one; two hundred and twenty clerks, at one thousand dollars each; one superintendent of buildings, one thousand four hundred dollars; two engineers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; one hundred and thirty copyists; twenty messengers; twenty messenger-boys, at four hundred dollars each; twenty-five watchmen; and twenty-five laborers; five charwomen, at four hundred dollars each; in all, one million nine hundred and fifty-four thousand six hundred and fifty dollars: *Provided*, That vacancies occurring in the clerical force of the Pension Office during the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-six shall not be filled by promotion or original appointment until a reduction of one hundred and fifty in all is made; and thereafter the number shall not be increased, and the number in the several grades shall remain as existing when said reduction is completed.

Compensation of Commissioner of Pensions, first deputy commissioner, etc.

*Provided.*

Per diem, etc.,  
for special exam-  
iners.

For per diem, when absent from home on duty, for special examiners, or other persons employed in the Pension Office detailed for the purpose of making special investigations of matters pertaining to the Pension Bureau, in lieu of expenses for subsistence, at a rate to be fixed by the Secretary of the Interior, not exceeding three dollars per day, and for actual and necessary expenses for transportation and assistance, three hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

Additional exam-  
iners.

For an additional force of one hundred and fifty special examiners, for one year, at a salary of one thousand four hundred dollars each, two hundred and ten thousand dollars; and no person so appointed shall be employed in the State from which he is appointed; and any of those now employed in the Pension Office or as special examiners may be re-appointed if they are found to be qualified.

Per diem, etc.,  
for additional  
special examiner.

For per diem in lieu of subsistence for one hundred and fifty additional special examiners above provided for, while traveling on duty, at a rate to be fixed by the Secretary of the Interior, not exceeding three dollars per day, and for actual necessary expenses for transportation and assistance, two hundred any twenty thousand dollars.

Compensation  
of Commissioner of  
Patent Office, as-  
sistant, chief clerk,  
etc.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.—For compensation of the Commissioner of the Patent Office, five thousand dollars; for assistant commissioner, three thousand dollars; for chief clerk, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; one law clerk, at two thousand dollars; three examiners-in-chief, at three thousand dollars each; examiner in charge of interferences, two thousand five hundred dollars; trade-mark examiner and examiner of designs, at two thousand four hundred dollars each; twenty-four principal examiners at two thousand four hundred dollars each; twenty-eight first assistant examiners, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; twenty-eight second assistant examiners, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; thirty third assistant examiners, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; thirty-five fourth assistant examiners, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; one financial clerk, two thousand dollars, who shall give bonds in such amount as the Secretary of the Interior may determine; one librarian, two thousand dollars; three chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each; three assistant chiefs of division, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; three clerks of class four, one of whom shall act as application clerk; one machinist, one thousand six hundred dollars; five clerks of class three (one of whom shall be translator of languages); eighteen clerks of class two; fifty clerks of class one; one skilled laborer, one thousand two hundred dollars; four skilled draughtsmen, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; three draughtsmen, at one thousand dollars each; one messenger and property clerk, one thousand dollars; thirty-two permanent clerks at one thousand dollars each; five model attendants, at one thousand dollars each; ten model attendants, at eight hundred dollars each; seventy-five copyists, six of whom may be copyists of drawings; four copyists, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; sixty-two skilled laborers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; forty-five laborers, at six hundred dollars each; forty laborers, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; in all, five hundred and ninety-seven thousand one hundred and seventy dollars.

Books for scien-  
tific library.

For purchase of books for a scientific library for the Patent Office, three thousand dollars.

Photolithograph-  
ing, etc.

For photolithographing or otherwise producing plates for the Official Gazette, forty-four thousand dollars.

For photolithographing or otherwise producing copies of drawings of the weekly issues of patents, for producing copies of designs, trade-marks, and pending applications, and for the reproduction of exhausted copies; said photolithographing or otherwise producing plates and copies, referred to in this and the preceding paragraph, to be done under the supervision of the Commissioner of Patents, and in the city of Washington, if it can there be done at reasonable rates; and the Commissioner of Patents, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior,

shall be authorized to make contracts therefor, eighty-five thousand dollars.

For expenses of transporting publications of patents issued by the Patent Office to foreign Governments, two thousand dollars.

Transporting publication of patents.

For investigating the question of the public use or sale of inventions for two years or more prior filing application for patents, and for expenses attending defense of suits instituted against the Commissioner of Patents, one thousand dollars.

Investigation of public use or sale of inventions, etc. Defense of suits instituted.

**BUREAU OF EDUCATION.**—For the Commissioner of Education, three thousand dollars; collector and compiler of statistics, two thousand four hundred dollars; chief clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; two clerks of class four; one statistician, one thousand eight hundred dollars; two clerks of class three; one translator, one thousand six hundred dollars; four clerks of class two; six clerks of class one; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; seven copyists; two copyists at eight hundred dollars each; one copyist, seven hundred and twenty dollars; one skilled laborer, at eight hundred and forty dollars; one assistant messenger; two laborers; two laborers at four hundred and eighty dollars each; one laborer, at four hundred dollars; and one laborer, at three hundred and sixty dollars; in all, forty-five thousand four hundred and twenty dollars.

Commissioner of Education, collector and compiler of statistics, etc.

For books for library, five hundred dollars; current educational periodicals, two hundred and fifty dollars; other current publications, two hundred and twenty-five dollars; completing valuable sets of periodicals, two hundred dollars; in all, one thousand one hundred and seventy-five dollars.

Books, etc., for library.

For collecting statistics for special reports and circulars of information, three thousand dollars.

Special reports.

For the distribution and exchange of educational documents, and for the collection, exchange, and cataloguing of educational apparatus and appliances, articles of school furniture, and models of school-buildings illustrative of foreign and domestic systems and methods of education, and for repairing the same, three thousand dollars.

Distribution and exchange of educational documents.

**OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF RAILROADS.**—For Commissioner, four thousand five hundred dollars; bookkeeper, two thousand four hundred dollars; railroad engineer, two thousand five hundred dollars; one clerk of class four; one clerk of class three; one copyist; and one assistant messenger; in all, fourteen thousand four hundred and twenty dollars.

Commissioner of Railroads, bookkeeper, engineer, clerk, and others.

For examination of books and accounts of certain subsidized and land-grant railroad companies, and inspecting roads, shops, machinery, and equipments of same, three thousand dollars.

Examination, etc., of subsidized and land-grant railroads, etc.

**BUREAU OF LABOR.**—For Commissioner of Labor, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; for rent of rooms for use of Bureau, and for fuel, light, stationery, employees and all other necessary expenses of said Bureau, and to make investigation into the statistics of labor in the United States and elsewhere, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior and as provided by law, thirty-five thousand dollars; in all, forty thousand dollars.

Commissioner of Labor, chief clerk, etc.

And the Secretary of the Interior shall in submitting the estimates annually for the expenses of this Bureau give in detail the number and salaries of officers and employees therein.

Secretary of Interior to give in detail the number and salaries of officers, etc., in Bureau annually.

**OFFICE OF THE ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL.**—For Architect, four thousand five hundred dollars; one clerk of class four; one draughtsman, one thousand eight hundred dollars; compensation to disbursing clerk, one thousand dollars; one assistant messenger; person in charge of heating apparatus of the Congressional Library and Supreme Court, eight hundred and sixty-four dollars; one laborer in charge of water-closet in central portion of the Capitol, six hundred and sixty dollars; and for three laborers for cleaning rotunda, corridors, and dome, at six hundred and sixty dollars each; for the pay of seven watchmen em-

Architect of the Capitol, draughtsman, clerks, etc.

ployed on the Capitol Grounds, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; in all, eighteen thousand three hundred and sixty-four dollars.

Director of Geological Survey, executive officer, chief clerk, etc.

**OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.**—For Director, six thousand dollars; executive officer, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand four hundred dollars; chief disbursing clerk, two thousand four hundred dollars; librarian, two thousand dollars; one photographer, two thousand dollars; three assistant photographers, one at nine hundred dollars, one at seven hundred and twenty dollars, and one at four hundred and eighty dollars; two clerks of class one; one clerk, at one thousand dollars; four clerks at nine hundred dollars each; four copyists, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; one watchman, at eight hundred and forty dollars; four watchmen, at six hundred dollars each; one janitor, at six hundred dollars; four messengers, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; in all, thirty-five thousand five hundred and forty dollars.

Contingent expenses.

For contingent expenses of the office of the Secretary of the Interior, and the Bureaus, offices, and buildings of the Interior Department, including the Civil Service Commission: For furniture, carpets, ice, lumber, hardware, dry-goods, advertising, telegraphing, expressage, wagons and harness, food and shoeing for horses, diagrams, awnings, constructing model and other cases, portfolios and cases for drawings, file-holders, repairs of cases and furniture, and other absolutely necessary expenses, including fuel and lights, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

Stationery.

For stationery for the Department of the Interior and its several Bureaus and offices, including the Geological Survey, seventy-two thousand dollars.

Books.

For new books and books to complete broken sets, five hundred dollars.

Rent of buildings.

For rent of a building for use of the Bureau of Education, six thousand dollars.

For the rent of other buildings for the use of the Department of the Interior, to be selected by the Secretary of the Interior, fifty-eight thousand one hundred and sixty dollars: *Provided*, That any building rented hereunder may, in the discretion of the Secretary, be vacated on the part of the Government as soon as the new Pension Office building is ready for occupancy.

Proviso.

Postage-stamps.

For postage-stamps for the Interior Department and its Bureaus, as required under the Postal Union, to prepay postage on matter addressed to Postal Union countries, five thousand dollars.

Official Register of 1885.

For preparation of the Official Register of eighteen hundred and eighty-five, four thousand dollars.

#### SURVEYORS-GENERAL AND THEIR CLERKS.

Surveyor-general of Territory of Arizona, clerks.

For surveyor-general of the Territory of Arizona, two thousand five hundred dollars; and for the clerks in his office, three thousand dollars; in all, five thousand five hundred dollars.

Rent of office, etc.

For rent of office for the surveyor-general, pay of messenger, fuel, books, stationery, and other incidental expenses, one thousand five hundred dollars.

California.

For surveyor-general of California, two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; and for the clerks in his office, including those completing, translating, copying, and indexing original Spanish archives, and preserving from destruction originals greatly defaced in the office of the surveyor-general of California, thirty-two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; in all, thirty-five thousand dollars.

For fuel, books, stationery, pay of messenger, and other incidental expenses, three thousand dollars.

Colorado.

For surveyor-general of the State of Colorado, two thousand five hundred dollars; and for the clerks in his office, six thousand five hundred dollars; in all, nine thousand dollars.

For rent of office for the surveyor-general, fuel, books, stationery, and other incidental expenses, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For surveyor-general of the Territory of Dakota, two thousand five hundred dollars; and for the clerks in his office, nine thousand dollars; in all, eleven thousand five hundred dollars.

Dakota.

For rent of office for the surveyor-general, fuel, books, stationery, and other incidental expenses, two thousand dollars.

For surveyor-general of Florida, one thousand eight hundred dollars; and for the clerks in his office, three thousand dollars; in all, four thousand eight hundred dollars.

Florida.

For rent of office for the surveyor-general, fuel, books, stationery, and other incidental expenses, one thousand dollars.

For surveyor-general of the Territory of Idaho, two thousand five hundred dollars; and for the clerks in his office, two thousand five hundred dollars; in all, five thousand dollars.

Idaho.

For rent of office for the surveyor-general, fuel, books, stationery, pay of messenger, and other incidental expenses, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For surveyor-general of Louisiana, one thousand eight hundred dollars; and for the clerks in his office, thirteen thousand five hundred dollars; in all, fifteen thousand three hundred dollars.

Louisiana.

For fuel, books, stationery, messenger, and other incidental expenses, one thousand three hundred and forty-two dollars.

For surveyor-general of the Territory of Montana, two thousand five hundred dollars; and for the clerks in his office, nine thousand dollars; in all, eleven thousand five hundred dollars.

Montana.

For rent of office for the surveyor-general, fuel, books, stationery, pay of messenger, and other incidental expenses, two thousand dollars; for restoring torn and defaced records, and for binding field-notes and plats and mounting the same, one thousand dollars; in all, three thousand dollars.

For surveyor-general of Minnesota, two thousand dollars; and for the clerks in his office, eight thousand dollars; in all, ten thousand dollars.

Minnesota.

For fuel, books, stationery, pay of messenger, and other incidental expenses, one thousand dollars.

For surveyor-general of Nevada, two thousand five hundred dollars; and for the clerks in his office, three thousand dollars; in all, five thousand five hundred dollars.

Nevada.

For rent of office for the surveyor-general, fuel, books, stationery, pay of messenger, and other incidental expenses, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For surveyor-general of Nebraska and Iowa, two thousand dollars; and for the clerks in his office, four thousand dollars; in all, six thousand dollars.

Nebraska, Iowa.

For rent of office for the surveyor-general, fuel, books, stationery, and other incidental expenses, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For surveyor-general of the Territory of New Mexico, two thousand five hundred dollars; and for the clerks in his office, seven thousand five hundred dollars; in all, ten thousand dollars.

New Mexico.

For rent of office for the surveyor-general, pay of messenger, fuel, books, stationery, and other incidental expenses, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For surveyor-general of Oregon, two thousand five hundred dollars; and for the clerks in his office, four thousand five hundred dollars; in all, seven thousand dollars.

Oregon.

For fuel, books, stationery, pay of messenger, and other incidental expenses, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For surveyor-general of the Territory of Utah, two thousand five hundred dollars; and for the clerks in his office, three thousand dollars; in all, five thousand five hundred dollars.

Utah.

For rent of office for the surveyor-general, pay of messenger, fuel,

books, stationery, and other incidental expenses, one thousand five hundred dollars.

**Washington.**

For surveyor-general of the Territory of Washington, two thousand five hundred dollars; and for the clerks in his office, six thousand five hundred dollars; in all, nine thousand dollars.

For rent of office for the surveyor-general, fuel, books, stationery, pay of messenger, and other incidental expenses, one thousand five hundred dollars.

**Wyoming.**

For surveyor-general of the Territory of Wyoming, two thousand five hundred dollars; and for the clerks in his office, three thousand five hundred dollars; in all, six thousand dollars.

For rent of office for the surveyor-general, pay of messenger, fuel, books, stationery, and other incidental expenses, one thousand five hundred dollars.

### POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

**Compensation of Postmaster-General, stenographer, clerks, etc.**

For compensation of the Postmaster-General, eight thousand dollars; chief clerk to the Postmaster-General, two thousand five hundred dollars; stenographer, one thousand eight hundred dollars; appointment clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; law-clerk, at two thousand five hundred dollars; and one clerk of class four (in office of Assistant Attorney-General for Post-Office Department); two clerks of class three; one clerk of class two; three clerks of class one; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; one female messenger eight hundred and forty dollars; one copyist; one messenger; one assistant messenger; in all, thirty-one thousand and nine hundred dollars.

**First Assistant Postmaster-General, chief clerk, and others.**

For First Assistant Postmaster-General, four thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars, and while the office is held by the present incumbent five hundred dollars additional; chief of salary and allowance division, two thousand two hundred dollars; chief of appointment division, two thousand dollars; chief of bond division, two thousand dollars; twenty clerks of class three; one clerk of class three, to act as stenographer and Department telegraph operator; six clerks of class two; sixteen clerks of class one; four clerks, at one thousand dollars each; one clerk of class two and six clerks at one thousand dollars each, for one year, in the salary and allowance division; superintendent division post-office supplies, two thousand dollars; one clerk of class three; four clerks of class one; two clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; four clerks, at one thousand dollars each; four assistant messengers; seven laborers (for division of post-office supplies); superintendent of free delivery, two thousand one hundred dollars; one clerk of class four; one clerk of class two; and one clerk of class one; one clerk, at one thousand dollars (office of superintendent of free delivery); in all, one hundred and eighteen thousand five hundred dollars.

**Second Assistant Postmaster-General, chief clerk, and others.**

For Second Assistant Postmaster-General, four thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; chief of division of inspection, two thousand dollars; superintendent of railway adjustment, two thousand dollars; ten clerks of class four; thirty-four clerks of class three; eighteen clerks of class two; eighteen clerks of class one; nine clerks, at one thousand dollars each; three female clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; three assistant messengers; and one laborer; in all, one hundred and forty-three thousand seven hundred and twenty dollars.

**Third Assistant Postmaster-General, chief clerk, and others.**

For Third Assistant Postmaster-General, four thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; chief of division of dead letters, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; chief of division of postage-stamps, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; one chief of finance division, who shall give bond in such amount as the Postmaster-General may determine for the faithful discharge of his duties, two thousand dollars; six clerks of class four; nineteen clerks of class three; thirty-two clerks of class two; forty-two clerks of class one; ten clerks, at one thousand dollars each; eight female clerks, at one thousand two hun-

dred dollars each; fifty-four female clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; six female clerks, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; three assistant messengers; eight laborers; four female laborers, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; in all, two hundred and thirty thousand seven hundred and eighty dollars.

For superintendent of foreign mails, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; one clerk of class four; three clerks of class three; one clerk of class two; one clerk of class one; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; one assistant messenger; in all, sixteen thousand nine hundred and twenty dollars.

Superintendent of foreign mails, chief clerk, clerks, and assistant messenger.

For superintendent of the money-order system, three thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; six clerks of class four; eight clerks of class three; five clerks of class two; ten clerks of class one; six clerks, at one thousand dollars each; five clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; one assistant messenger; one engineer, one thousand dollars; two firemen; four watchmen; one conductor of elevator, seven hundred and twenty dollars; four charwomen, at one hundred and eighty dollars each; one female laborer, four hundred and eighty dollars; and ten laborers; in all, seventy-three thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

Superintendent of money-order system, chief clerk, clerks, and others.

For office of mail depredations: Chief clerk, two thousand dollars; one clerk of class three; two clerks of class two; five clerks of class one; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; one assistant messenger; in all, fifteen thousand one hundred and twenty dollars.

Office of mail depredations, chief clerk, clerks, etc.

For topographer, two thousand five hundred dollars; four skilled draughtsmen, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; three skilled draughtsmen, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; four skilled draughtsmen, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; three skilled draughtsmen, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; one examiner, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one clerk of class two; one map-mounter, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one assistant map-mounter, seven hundred and twenty dollars; one assistant messenger; two watchmen; and four female clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; in all, thirty three thousand nine hundred and eighty dollars.

Topographer, draughtsmen, etc.

For office of disbursing clerk and superintendent of building: Disbursing clerk and superintendent, two thousand one hundred dollars; one clerk of class two (accountant); one clerk of class one (store-keeper); one engineer, at one thousand four hundred dollars; one assistant engineer, at one thousand dollars; one fireman, who shall be a blacksmith, at nine hundred dollars; one fireman, who shall be a steam-fitter, at nine hundred dollars; one conductor of elevator, seven hundred and twenty dollars; two firemen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; one carpenter, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one assistant carpenter, at one thousand dollars; captain of the watch, at one thousand dollars; nineteen watchmen; twenty laborers; one plumber, nine hundred dollars; one awning maker at nine hundred dollars; and fifteen charwomen, at one hundred and eighty dollars each; in all, forty-five thousand six hundred and forty dollars.

Disbursing clerk and superintendent of building; clerks, etc.

For contingent expenses of the Post-Office Department: For stationery and blank-books, nine thousand dollars; for the purchase of free penalty envelopes, three thousand six hundred dollars; fuel, and for repairs to heating apparatus, seven thousand two hundred dollars; for gas, six thousand six hundred dollars; plumbing and gas-fixtures, four thousand seven hundred dollars; telegraphing, five thousand dollars; painting, four thousand seven hundred dollars; carpets and matting, five thousand nine hundred dollars; furniture, seven thousand five hundred dollars; keeping of horses and repair of wagons and harness, one thousand five hundred dollars; hardware, one thousand seven hundred dollars; miscellaneous items thirteen thousand dollars; in all seventy thousand four hundred dollars.

Contingent expenses of Post-Office Department.

For rent of topographer's office, one thousand five hundred dollars; for rent of a suitable building or buildings for the use of the money-

Rent of topographer's office.

order office of the Post-Office Department, and of the money-order division of the Auditor of the Treasury for the Post Office Department, eight thousand dollars; for rent of additional buildings for the use of the money-order office of the Post Office Department, and of the money-order division of the office of the Auditor of the Treasury for the Post Office Department, four thousand five hundred dollars; in all fourteen thousand dollars.

Fuel, gas, etc.,  
for additional  
buildings.

For the following for the additional buildings for the money order and Sixth Auditors Offices namely: For heating apparatus and fuel one thousand three hundred dollars; gas, four hundred dollars; furniture for the money-order office five hundred dollars; miscellaneous items five hundred dollars; four watchmen; three laborers; and three charwomen, at one hundred and eighty dollars each; in all, eight thousand one hundred dollars.

Miscellaneous.

Publishing Offi-  
cial Postal Guide.

For the publication of copies of the Official Postal Guide, twenty-nine thousand dollars.

Miscellaneous ex-  
penses of topog-  
rapher's office.

For miscellaneous expenses of the topographer's office in the preparation and publication of the post route maps, twenty thousand dollars. And the Postmaster-General may authorize the sale of post route maps to the public at cost, the proceeds of such sales to be used as a further appropriation for the preparation and publication of post route maps.

Postage-stamps.

For postage-stamps for correspondence addressed abroad which is not exempt from postage under article eight of the Paris convention of the Universal Postal Union, five hundred dollars.

## JUDICIAL.

Compensation of  
the Attorney-Gen-  
eral, Solicitor-Gen-  
eral, assistants,  
and others.

**OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL.**—For compensation of the Attorney-General, eight thousand dollars; Solicitor-General, seven thousand dollars; three Assistant Attorneys-General, at five thousand dollars each; one Assistant Attorney-General of the Post Office Department, four thousand dollars; Solicitor of the Internal Revenue, four thousand five hundred dollars; examiner of claims three thousand five hundred dollars; two assistant attorneys, at three thousand dollars each; three assistant attorneys, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; one assistant attorney, at two thousand dollars; law clerk and examiner of titles, two thousand seven hundred dollars; chief clerk and ex officio superintendent of the building, two thousand two hundred dollars; stenographic clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; two law clerks, at two thousand dollars each; five clerks of class four; additional for disbursing clerk and clerk in charge of pardons, two hundred dollars each; three clerks of class three; two clerks of class two; five clerks of class one; one telegraph operator, at one thousand dollars; seven copyists; one messenger; four assistant messengers; three laborers; three watchmen; one engineer, one thousand dollars; two conductors of the elevator, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; five charwoman, at one hundred and eighty dollars each; superintendent of building, two hundred and fifty dollars; and three firemen; in all, one hundred and twelve thousand one hundred and ten dollars.

Contingent ex-  
penses.

For contingent expenses of the Department, namely: For furniture and repairs, one thousand dollars; for law and miscellaneous books for library of the Department, one thousand dollars; for stationery, one thousand five hundred dollars; for miscellaneous expenditures, such as telegraphing, postage, fuel, lights, labor, and other necessities, including ordinary repairs of building and care of grounds, seven thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; in all, ten thousand six hundred and sixty dollars.

Horses, wagons,  
etc.

For care and subsistence of horses, purchase of new horses, and repairs of wagons and harness, one thousand six hundred dollars.

Court-house, en-  
gineer, watchmen,  
etc.

For the following force necessary for the care and protection of the court house in the District of Columbia who shall be under the direction of the United States marshal of the District of Columbia: One engi-

neer, one thousand two hundred dollars; three watchmen; three firemen; four laborers, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; and six assistant messengers; in all, eleven thousand seven hundred and sixty dollars.

OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR OF THE TREASURY.—For compensation of the Solicitor of the Treasury, four thousand five hundred dollars; assistant solicitor, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; four clerks of class four; three clerks of class three; two clerks of class two; two clerks of class one; one assistant messenger; and one laborer; in all, twenty-eight thousand and eighty dollars.

Compensation of Solicitor of the Treasury, assistant, clerks, etc.

For law and miscellaneous books for office of the Solicitor of the Treasury, five hundred dollars.

Law and miscellaneous books.

For stationery for office of Solicitor of the Treasury, four hundred dollars.

Stationery.

For warden of the jail of the District of Columbia, one thousand eight hundred dollars.

Warden of jail of District of Columbia.

UNITED STATES COURTS.—For the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, ten thousand five hundred dollars; and for eight associate justices, ten thousand dollars each; in all, ninety thousand five hundred dollars.

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and associate judges.

To pay the salaries of the United States judges retired under section seven hundred and fourteen of the Revised Statutes, so much as may be necessary for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, is hereby appropriated.

Salaries of United States judges retired.

For nine circuit judges, to reside in circuit, at six thousand dollars each, fifty-four thousand dollars.

R. S., sec. 714, p. 136.  
Circuit judges.

For marshal of the Supreme Court of the United States, three thousand dollars.

Marshal United States Supreme Court.

For salaries of the fifty-six district judges of the United States, two hundred and three thousand five hundred dollars.

District judges.

For salaries of the chief justice of the supreme court of the District of Columbia and the five associate judges, twenty-four thousand five hundred dollars.

Chief justice of Supreme Court of District of Columbia and associate judges.

For compensation of the district attorneys of the United States, twenty thousand one hundred dollars.

District attorneys.

For compensation of the district marshals of the United States, twelve thousand seven hundred dollars.

District marshals.

COURT OF CLAIMS.—For salaries of five judges of the Court of Claims, at four thousand five hundred dollars each; chief clerk, three thousand dollars; one assistant clerk, two thousand dollars; bailiff, one thousand five hundred dollars; and messenger thereof; in all, twenty-nine thousand eight hundred and forty dollars.

Judges of Court of Claims, chief clerk, and others.

For stationery, books, fuel, labor, and other contingent and miscellaneous expenses, three thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses.

For reporting the decisions of the court, and superintending the printing of the twentieth volume of the Reports of the Court of Claims, to be paid on the order of the court, one thousand dollars; said sum to be paid to the reporter, notwithstanding section seventeen hundred and sixty-five of the Revised Statutes, or section three of the act of June twentieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, chapter three hundred and twenty-eight.

Reporting decisions, etc.  
R. S., 1765, p. 314.  
1874, vol. 18, ch. 328, p. 109.

SECTION 2. That the pay of assistant messengers, firemen, watchmen, and laborers provided for in this act, unless otherwise specially stated, shall be as follows: For assistant messengers, firemen, and watchmen, seven hundred and twenty dollars per annum each; for laborers, six hundred and sixty dollars per annum each.

Pay of assistant messengers, firemen, etc., per annum, rated.

SECTION 3. That all acts or parts of acts inconsistent or in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Inconsistent or conflicting acts repealed.

Approved, March 3d, 1885.

March 3, 1885.

**CHAP. 344.**—An act making appropriations for the naval service for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, and for other purposes.

**Appropriation for naval service.** *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the following sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the naval service of the Government for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, and for other purposes:

**Navy active-list.** For the pay of the Navy, for the active-list, namely: For one Admiral, one Vice-Admiral, seven rear-admirals, eight Chiefs of Bureaus, nineteen commodores, forty-three captains, eighty-four commanders, seventy-four lieutenant-commanders, two hundred and sixty lieutenants, eighty-nine junior lieutenants, one hundred and ninety-one ensigns, fourteen medical directors, fifteen medical inspectors, forty-seven surgeons, seventy-four passed assistant surgeons, eight assistant surgeons, two assistant surgeons not in the line of promotion, thirteen pay-directors, twelve pay-inspectors, forty-eight paymasters, twenty-eight passed assistant paymasters, nineteen assistant paymasters, sixty-nine chief engineers, eighty-eight passed assistant engineers, eighty-one assistant engineers, twenty-four chaplains, twelve professors of mathematics, ten naval constructors, nine assistant naval constructors, ten civil engineers, one hundred and sixty-six warrant officers, thirty-seven mates, two hundred and ninety-six naval cadets; in all, three million six hundred and fifty-two thousand nine hundred dollars.

**Navy retired-list.** For pay of the retired list, namely: For forty-eight rear-admirals, fifteen commodores, twelve captains, ten commanders, twenty-one lieutenant-commanders, thirty-five lieutenants, eight ensigns, twenty-one medical directors, three medical inspectors, seven surgeons, six passed assistant surgeons, six assistant surgeons, ten pay-directors, two pay inspectors, four paymasters, two passed assistant paymasters, one assistant paymaster, fourteen chief engineers, twenty-four passed assistant engineers, twenty-five assistant engineers, eight chaplains, six professors of mathematics, one chief constructor, three civil engineers, seventeen boatswains, sixteen gunners, ten carpenters, and eleven sail-makers; in all, seven hundred and ninety-seven thousand eight hundred and eighty dollars.

**Petty officers, seamen, etc.** For pay to petty officers, seamen, ordinary seamen, landsmen, and boys, including men in the engineers' force and for the Coast Survey service, not exceeding eight thousand two hundred and fifty in all, two million four hundred and ninety thousand dollars.

Miscellaneous.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

**Secretaries, clerks to paymasters, etc. Extra pay, exchange, mileage, etc.** For two secretaries, one to the Admiral and one to the Vice-Admiral, clerks to paymasters, clerks at inspections, navy-yards, and stations, and extra pay to men enlisted under honorable discharge; commission and interest, transportation of funds, exchange; mileage to officers while traveling under orders in the United States, and for actual personal expenses of officers while traveling abroad under orders, and for traveling expenses of apothecaries, yeomen, and civilian employees, and for actual and necessary traveling expenses of naval cadets while proceeding from their homes to the Naval Academy for examination and appointment as cadets, and for the payment of any such officers as may be in service, either upon the active or retired list, during the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, in excess of the numbers of each class provided for in this act, and for any increase of pay arising from different duty, as the needs of the service may require; for rent and furniture of buildings and offices not in navy-yards; expenses of courts-martial and courts of inquiry, boards of investigation, examining boards, with clerks' and witnesses' fees, and traveling expenses and costs; stationery and recording; expenses of purchasing.

**Contingent expenses.**

paymasters' offices at the various cities, including clerks, furniture, fuel, stationery, and incidental expenses; newspapers and advertising; foreign postage; telegraphing, foreign and domestic; telephones; copying; care of library; mail and express wagons, and livery and express fees; costs of suits; commissions, warrants, diplomas, and discharges; relief of vessels in distress, and pilotage; recovery of valuables from shipwrecks; quarantine expenses; care and transportation of the dead; reports, professional investigation, cost of special instruction, and information from abroad, and the collection and classification thereof, three hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.

For all emergencies and extraordinary expenses, arising at home or abroad, but impossible to be anticipated or classified, exclusive of personal services in the Navy Department or any of its subordinate Bureaus or offices, at Washington, District of Columbia, twenty thousand dollars. Extraordinary expenses.

### BUREAU OF NAVIGATION.

For foreign and local pilotage and towage of ships of war; services and materials in correcting compasses on board ship, and for adjusting and testing compasses on shore; nautical and astronomical instruments, nautical books, maps, charts, and sailing directions, and repairs of nautical instruments for ships of war; books for libraries of ships of war; naval signals and apparatus, namely, signal-lights, lanterns, rockets, running-lights, drawings, and engravings for signal-books; compass-fittings, including binnacles, tripods, and other appendages of ships' compasses; logs and other appliances for measuring the ship's ways, and leads and other appliances for sounding; lanterns and lamps, and their appendages, for general use on board ship, including those for the cabin, ward-room, and steerage, for the holds and spirit-room, for decks and quartermasters' use; bunting and other materials for flags, and making and repairing flags of all kinds; oil for ships of war, other than that used in the engineer department; candles when used as a substitute for oil in binnacles and running-lights; chimneys and wicks; and soap used in the navigation department; stationery for commanders and navigators of vessels of war, and for use of courts-martial; musical instruments and music for vessels of war; steering-signals and indicators, and speaking-tubes and gongs for signal communication on board vessels of war; and for introducing electric lights on board vessels of war, in all, eighty-seven thousand five hundred dollars. Navigation supplies.  
Items.

For special ocean surveys and the publication thereof, ten thousand dollars. Special ocean surveys.

For contingent expenses of the Bureau of Navigation, namely: For freight and transportation of navigation materials, postage and telegraphing on public business, advertising for proposals, packing-boxes and materials, and all other contingent expenses, four thousand dollars. Contingent expenses.

For the civil establishment at navy-yards and stations, five thousand dollars. Civil establishment.

### BUREAU OF ORDNANCE.

For preserving and handling ordnance and ordnance material of the kinds now in service, for the armament of ships therewith, for the purchase or manufacture of ammunition therefor, for materials and labor to be used in the general work of the Ordnance Bureau for these purposes; for furniture at magazines, at the ordnance dock, New York, and at the naval ordnance proving-ground, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars. Ordnance stores and supplies.

For the purchase or manufacture of steel guns of small caliber for ships now in service, and for testing the same at the naval ordnance proving-ground, twenty-one thousand dollars. Steel guns.

Test of breech-loading rifle cannon.	For the completion and public test of two breech-loading rifle cannon of the larger calibers now in course of construction for the Navy, with carriages and ammunition for both, eighty thousand dollars.
Completion of wire-wound gun.	For completing a six-inch wire-wound gun, four thousand dollars.
Test of American armor.	For testing American armor made of American material, twenty-five thousand dollars.
Repairs, etc.	For necessary repairs to ordnance buildings, magazines, gun-parks, boats, lighters, wharves, machinery, and other objects of the like character, fifteen thousand dollars.
Miscellaneous.	For miscellaneous items, namely: For freight to foreign and home stations, advertising and auctioneers' fees, cartage and express charges, repairs to fire-engines, gas and water pipes, gas and water tax at magazines, toll, ferriage, foreign postage, and telegrams to and from the Bureau, three thousand dollars.
Civil establishment.	For the civil establishment at navy-yards and stations, five thousand dollars.
Torpedo corps.	For the torpedo corps, namely: For labor, material, freight and express charges; general repairs to grounds, buildings, and wharves; boats; instruction; instruments, tools, furniture, experiments, and general torpedo outfits, sixty thousand dollars.

### BUREAU OF EQUIPMENT AND RECRUITING.

Equipment of vessels.	For equipment of vessels: For coal for steamers' and ships' use, including expenses of transportation, storage, and handling; hemp, wire, hides, and other materials for the manufacture of rope and cordage; iron for the manufacture of anchors, cables, galleys, and chains; canvas for the manufacture of sails, awnings, bags, and hammocks; heating apparatus for receiving-ships; and for the purchase of all other articles of equipment at home and abroad, and for the payment of labor in equipping vessels and manufacture of equipment articles in the several navy-yards, eight hundred thousand dollars.
Recruiting.	For expenses of recruiting: For expenses of recruiting for the naval service, rent of rendezvous and expenses of maintaining the same, advertising for men and boys, and all other expenses attending the recruiting for the naval service and for the transportation of enlisted men and boys at home and abroad, thirty thousand dollars.
Contingent expenses.	For contingent expenses equipment and recruiting: For extra expenses of training-ships, freight and transportation of equipment stores, printing, advertising, telegraphing, books and models, postage, ferriage, ice, apprehension of deserters and stragglers, assistance to vessels in distress, continuous-service certificates and good-conduct badges for enlisted men, school-books for training-ships, medals for boys, and emergencies arising under cognizance of Bureau of Equipment and Recruiting unforeseen and impossible to classify, fifteen thousand dollars.
Civil establishment.	For the civil establishment at navy yards and stations, nine thousand dollars.

### BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS.

Yards and docks.	For general maintenance of yards and docks, namely: For freights and transportation of materials and stores, books, models, maps, and drawings; purchase and repair of fire-engines; machinery; repairs on steam fire-engines, and attendance on the same; purchase and maintenance of oxen and horses, and driving teams, carts, and timber-wheels, and all vehicles for use in the navy yards; tools and repairs of the same; dredging; postage on letters and other mailable matter on public service; telegrams; furniture for Government houses and offices in the navy yards; coal and other fuel; candles, oil, and gas; cleaning and clearing up yards and care of public buildings; attendance on fires, lights, fire-engines and apparatus; for clerical and incidental labor at
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navy-yards; water-tax, and for toll and ferriages; rent of four officers' quarters at League Island; pay of the watchmen in the navy-yards; and for awning and packing-boxes, and advertising for yard and dock purposes, two hundred thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses that may arise at navy-yards and stations, twenty thousand dollars.

For the civil establishment at navy-yards and stations, twenty-four thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses.

Civil establishment.

## BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

For support of the medical department: For surgeons' necessities for vessels in commission, navy-yards, naval stations, Marine Corps, and Coast Survey, and for the civil establishment at the several naval hospitals, navy-yards, naval laboratory, and Naval Academy, sixty thousand dollars.

Medicine and surgery.

Surgeons' necessities, and civil establishment.

For the naval-hospital fund, namely: For maintenance of the naval hospitals at the various navy-yards and stations, thirty thousand dollars.

Hospital fund.

For contingent expenses of the Bureau: For freight or expressage on medical stores; toll, ferriages transportation of insane patients; advertising; telegraphing; rent of telephones; purchase of books; postage and purchase of stamps for foreign service; expenses attending the medical board of examiners; rent of rooms for naval dispensary and museum of hygiene; hygienic and sanitary investigation and illustration; sanitary and hygienic instruction; purchase and repair of wagons and harness; purchase and feed of horses and cows; trees, plants, garden-tools, and seeds; furniture and incidental articles for museum of hygiene, naval dispensary, Washington, naval-laboratory, sick-quarters at Naval Academy, and dispensaries at navy-yards; washing for medical department at museum of hygiene, naval dispensary, Washington, naval laboratory, sick-quarters at Naval Academy, dispensaries at navy-yards, and for receiving-ships and rendezvous, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses.

For necessary repairs of naval laboratory, naval hospitals, and appendages, including roads, wharves, out-houses, side-walks, fences, gardens, farms, and cemeteries, ten thousand dollars.

Repairs.

## BUREAU OF PROVISIONS AND CLOTHING.

For provisions for the seamen and marines; commuted rations for officers, naval cadets, seamen, and marines; expenses of inspections and storehouses, including labor; purchase of water for cooking and drinking on board ships; and for provisions and commutation of rations for seven hundred and fifty boys, one million eighty-five thousand dollars.

Provisions and clothing.

For contingent expenses: For freight on shipments, candles, fuel, books and blanks, stationery, advertising, furniture for inspection and pay-offices in navy-yards, expenses of naval-clothing factory, foreign postage, telegrams, and express charges, tolls, ferriages, yeoman's stores, iron safes, newspapers, ice, and incidental expenses absolutely necessary, fifty thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses.

For the civil establishment, six thousand dollars.

Civil establishment.

## BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR.

For preservation and completion of vessels on the stocks and in ordinary; purchase of materials and stores of all kinds; labor in navy-yards and on foreign stations; preservation of materials; purchase of tools; wear, tear, and repair of vessels afloat, and for general care, increase, and protection of the Navy in the line of construction and repair; incidental expenses, namely, advertising, foreign postage, telegrams, photographing, books, plans, stationery, and instruments for drawing-

Preservation, repair, and completion of vessels, etc.

<i>Proviso.</i>	room, one million dollars: <i>Provided</i> , That no part of this sum shall be
Repairs of wooden ships.	applied to the repairs of any wooden ship when the estimated cost of such repairs, to be appraised by a competent board of naval officers, shall exceed twenty per centum of the estimated cost, appraised in like manner, of a new ship of the same size and like material: <i>Provided further</i> , That nothing herein contained shall deprive the Secretary of the Navy of the authority to order repairs of ships damaged in foreign waters or on the high seas, so far as may be necessary to bring them home.
Repairs of ships abroad.	
Civil establishment.	For the civil establishment, twenty thousand dollars.

## BUREAU OF STEAM-ENGINEERING.

Steam-machinery.	For repairs, completion, and preservation of machinery and boilers, including steam-steerers, steam-capstans, steam-windlasses, and so forth, in vessels on the stocks and in ordinary; purchase and preservation of all materials and stores; purchase, fitting, and repair of machinery and tools in the navy-yards and stations; wear, tear, and repair of machinery and boilers of naval vessels; incidental expenses for naval vessels, yards, and Bureaus, such as foreign postages, telegrams, advertising, freight, photographing, books, stationery, and instruments, nine hundred and fifty thousand dollars: <i>Provided</i> , That no part of said sum shall be applied to the repair of engines and machinery of wooden ships where the estimated costs of such repair shall exceed twenty per centum of the estimated cost of new engines and machinery of the same character and power; but nothing herein contained shall prevent the repair or building of boilers for wooden ships the hulls of which can be fully repaired for twenty per centum of the estimated cost of a new ship of the same size and materials.
<i>Proviso.</i>	
Contingent expenses.	For contingencies, such as instruments and materials for draughting-room, one thousand dollars.
Civil establishment.	For the civil establishment, ten thousand dollars.

## NAVAL ACADEMY.

Pay of professors and others.	For pay of professors and others: For two professors, namely, one of mathematics and one of chemistry, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; three professors (assistants), namely, one of physics, one of Spanish and French, and one of English studies, history, and law, at two thousand two hundred dollars each; six assistant professors, namely, four of French, one of English studies, history, and laws, and one of drawing, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; sword-master, at one thousand five hundred dollars, and two assistants, at one thousand dollars each; boxing-master and gymnast, at one thousand two hundred dollars; assistant librarian, at one thousand four hundred dollars; secretary of the Naval Academy, one thousand eight hundred dollars; three clerks to superintendent, at one thousand two hundred dollars, one thousand dollars, and eight hundred dollars, respectively; one clerk to commandant of cadets, one thousand two hundred dollars; one clerk to paymaster, one thousand dollars; one dentist, one thousand six hundred dollars; one baker, six hundred dollars; one mechanic in department of physics and chemistry, seven hundred and thirty dollars; one cook, three hundred and twenty-five dollars and fifty cents; one messenger to superintendent, six hundred dollars; one armorer, five hundred and twenty-nine dollars and fifty cents; one gunner's mate, four hundred and sixty-nine dollars and fifty cents, and one quarter-gunner, four hundred and nine dollars and fifty cents; one cockswain, four hundred and sixty-nine dollars and fifty cents; one seaman in the department of seamanship, at three hundred and forty-nine dollars and fifty cents; one attendant in the department of astronomy and one in the department of physics and chemistry, at three hundred dollars each; six attendants at recitation-rooms, library, store, chapel,
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and offices, at two hundred and forty dollars each; one band-master, five hundred and twenty-eight dollars; twenty-one first-class musicians, at three hundred and forty-eight dollars each; seven second-class musicians, at three hundred dollars each; in all, fifty-three thousand five hundred and fifty-nine dollars.

For pay of watchmen and others: For captain of the watch and weigher, at two dollars and fifty cents per day; four watchmen, at two dollars per day each; foreman of the gas and steam-heating works of Academy, at five dollars per day; ten attendants at gas and steam-heating works, one at three dollars, one at two dollars and fifty cents, and eight at two dollars per day each; one yeoman, six hundred dollars; one foreman of joiners, one foreman of painters, and one foreman of masons, at three dollars and fifty cents per day each; one mason, at three dollars per day; two joiners and one painter, at two dollars and fifty cents per day each; one tinner, one gas-fitter, and one blacksmith, at two dollars and fifty cents per day each; in all, twenty-three thousand and twenty-five dollars and fifty cents.

Captain of watch and others.

For pay of mechanics and others: For one mechanic at workshop, at two dollars and twenty-five cents per diem; one master-laborer, to keep public grounds in order, at two dollars and twenty-eight cents per diem; fourteen laborers, to assist in same, three at two dollars per diem each and eleven at one dollar and fifty cents per diem each; one laborer, to superintend quarters of cadet-midshipmen and public grounds, at two dollars per diem; twenty servants, to keep in order and attend to quarters of cadet-midshipmen and public buildings, at twenty dollars per month each; in all, fourteen thousand five hundred and seventy-six dollars and ninety-five cents.

Mechanics and laborers.

For pay of the employees in the department of steam-engineering, Naval Academy: One master machinist, one boiler-maker, and one pattern-maker, at three dollars and fifty cents per day each; two machinists and one blacksmith, at two dollars and fifty cents per day each; four laborers, at one dollar and fifty cents per day each; in all, seven thousand six hundred and sixty-eight dollars.

Employees in department of steam-engineering.

For necessary repairs of public buildings, pavements, wharves, and walls inclosing the grounds of the Naval Academy, and for improvements, repairs, and furniture and fixtures, twenty-one thousand dollars: *Provided*, That no appropriations provided for in this act shall be construed to authorize or be applied to a new building for the use of the superintendent of other officers of the Academy.

Repairs of buildings, etc.

*Provide.*

For fuel for heating and lighting the Academy and school-ships, seventeen thousand dollars.

Fuel, lights.

For contingent expenses, Naval Academy: For purchase of books for the library, two thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses.

For stationery, blank-books, models, maps, and for text-books for use of instructors, two thousand dollars.

Stationery, etc.

For expenses of the Board of Visitors to the Naval Academy, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Board of Visitors.

For purchase of chemicals, apparatus, and instruments in the department of physics and chemistry, and for repairs of the same, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Chemicals, etc.

For purchase of gas and steam machinery; steam-pipe and fittings; rent of building for the use of the Academy; freight; cartage; water; music; musical and astronomical instruments; uniforms for the bandmen; telegraphing; for feed and maintenance of teams; for current expenses and repairs of all kinds; and for incidental labor and expenses not applicable to any other appropriation, thirty-four thousand six hundred dollars.

Miscellaneous.

For stores in the department of steam-engineering, eight hundred dollars.

For materials for repairs in steam-machinery, one thousand dollars.

## Marine Corps.

## MARINE CORPS.

## Pay of officers on active-list.

For pay of officers on the active-list, as follows: For one colonel commandant, one colonel, two lieutenant-colonels, one adjutant and inspector, one quartermaster, one paymaster, four majors, two assistant quartermasters, one judge advocate-general United States Navy, nineteen captains, thirty first lieutenants, and twenty-two second lieutenants, one hundred and eighty-five thousand two hundred and forty dollars.

## Officers on retired-list.

For pay of officers on the retired-list: For one colonel, three majors, two assistant quartermasters, four captains, and three second lieutenants, twenty-seven thousand three hundred and fifteen dollars.

## Non-commissioned officers and privates.

For pay of non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates: For one sergeant-major, one quartermaster-sergeant, one leader of the band, and one drum-major, fifty first sergeants, one hundred and forty sergeants, one hundred and eighty corporals, thirty musicians, ninety-six drummers and fifers, and one thousand five hundred privates, three hundred and eighty-nine thousand and fifty-two dollars.

## Clerks, messengers, etc.

For ten clerks and two messengers, sixteen thousand and thirty-five dollars; payments to discharged soldiers for clothing undrawn, twenty thousand dollars; transportation of officers travelling under orders without troops, eight thousand dollars; commutation of quarters for officers where there are no public buildings, four thousand dollars; in all, forty-eight thousand and thirty-five dollars.

## Provisions.

For provisions for the Marine Corps, and for difference between cost of rations and commutation thereof for detailed men, sixty thousand dollars.

## Clothing.

For clothing, seventy-seven thousand dollars.

## Fuel.

For fuel, eighteen thousand dollars.

## Stores.

For military stores, namely: For pay of one chief armorer, at three dollars per day; three mechanics, at two dollars and fifty cents per day each; purchase of military equipments, such as cartridge-boxes, bayonet-scaubards, haversacks, blanket bags, canteens, musket-slugs, swords, flags, knapsacks, spare parts for repairing muskets, drums, fifes, bugles, and other instruments, five thousand dollars; purchase of ammunition, one thousand dollars; purchase and repair of instruments for the band, and purchase of music, five hundred dollars; in all, nine thousand seven hundred and eighty-six dollars and fifty cents.

## Transportation and recruiting.

For transportation of troops and for expenses of recruiting, ten thousand dollars.

## Repairs of barracks.

For repairs of barracks, and rent of buildings to be used for the manufacture of clothing, stores for supplies, and offices of assistant quartermaster at Philadelphia, and for hire of quarters where there are no public buildings, fourteen thousand five hundred dollars.

## Forage.

For forage for four public horses, one for messenger to commandant and staff, Washington, District of Columbia, and three for general use at marine barracks, Mare Island, California, and League Island, Pennsylvania, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

## Proviso.

For the purchase of forage, four thousand six hundred and eighty dollars: *Provided*, That no commutation for forage shall be paid.

## Contingencies.

For contingencies, namely: For freight; ferriage; toll; cartage; funeral expenses of marines; stationery; telegraphing; rent of telephone; apprehension of deserters; per diem to enlisted men employed on constant labor for periods not less than ten days; repair of gas and water fixtures; office and barrack furniture; mess utensils for enlisted men; packing-boxes; wrapping-paper; oil-cloth; crash; rope; twine; carpenter's tools; tools for police purposes; purchase and repair of hose; repairs to public carryall; purchase and repair of harness; repair of fire-extinguishers; purchase and repair of hand-carts and wheelbarrows; purchase and repair of cooking-stoves, ranges, and so forth; stores where there are no grates; purchase of ice; towels and soap for offices; improving parade grounds; repair of pumps and wharves; laying drain and water pipes; introducing gas; and for other

purposes, including gas and oil for marine barracks maintained at the various navy-yards and stations; and water at marine barracks, Boston, Massachusetts; Brooklyn, New York; Annapolis, Maryland, and Mare Island, California; also straw for bedding for enlisted men at the various posts, and furniture for Government houses; in all, twenty-five thousand dollars.

At the Naval Asylum, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania: For superintendent, six hundred dollars; steward, four hundred and eighty dollars; matron, three hundred and sixty dollars; chief cook, two hundred and forty dollars; two assistant cooks, one hundred and sixty-eight dollars each; chief laundress, one hundred and ninety-two dollars; six laundresses, at one hundred and sixty-eight dollars each; twelve scrubbers and waiters, at one hundred and sixty-eight dollars each; six laborers, at two hundred and forty dollars each; stable-keeper and driver, three hundred and sixty dollars; master-at-arms, four hundred and eighty dollars; corporal, three hundred dollars; barber, three hundred and sixty dollars; carpenter, eight hundred and forty-five dollars; water-rent and gas, two thousand dollars; cemetery and burial expenses, and headstones, three hundred and fifty dollars; improvement of grounds, five hundred dollars; repairs to buildings, and for grates, furnaces, ranges, furniture, and repairs of furniture, four thousand five hundred dollars; and for support of beneficiaries, forty-three thousand five hundred dollars; in all, sixty thousand and sixty-seven dollars, which sum shall be paid out of the income from the naval pension fund.

Naval Asylum,  
Philadelphia, Pa.

To enable the President to strengthen the naval establishment of the United States by additional vessels of the best and most modern design, having the highest attainable speed, the sum of one million eight hundred and ninety-five thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, to be expended as follows and under the following limitations:

Additional ves-  
sels for increase of  
Navy.

For the construction of two cruisers of not less than three thousand nor more than five thousand tons displacement, costing, exclusive of armament, not more than one million one hundred thousand dollars each; one heavily armed gunboat of about sixteen hundred tons displacement, costing, exclusive of armament, not more than five hundred and twenty thousand dollars; and one light gunboat of about eight hundred tons displacement, costing, exclusive of armament, not more than two hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars; and authority is hereby given for the construction of said four vessels, at not exceeding the total cost for each above specified, in accordance with such final plan as may be determined upon, after a revision and reconsideration of all designs which have been heretofore made, and in the manner and conformity to the conditions and limitations provided for the construction of the new cruisers in the acts of August fifth, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, and of March third, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, except so far as said acts provide for and define the duties of Naval Advisory Board.

Construction of  
cruisers and gun-  
boats.  
Cost, plans, etc.

1882, vol. 22, ch.  
301, p. 291.  
1883, vol. 22, ch.  
97, p. 477.

SEC. 2 That the President be, and he is hereby, authorized to return the Arctic steamer Alert to Her Majesty's Government, with the thanks of the Government of the United States for the generous and graceful act of courtesy in so promptly tendering the gift of that vessel, and for the valuable service thereby rendered to the cause of science and humanity.

Return of steamer  
Alert to England  
authorized.

SEC. 3. That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, directed to transfer to the Treasury Department, for use as a revenue cutter in the waters of Alaska, the steamer Bear, of the late Greeley relief expedition, and is hereby authorized to place the steamer Thetis for use in the Navy, as a surveying vessel or otherwise.

Steamer Bear to  
be transferred to  
Treasury Depart-  
ment; steamer  
Thetis to be used  
in the Navy.

Approved, March 3 1885.

March 3, 1885.

**CHAP. 345.**—An act making appropriations for fortifications and other works of defense, and for the armament thereof for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six and for other purposes.

Fortifications.  
Appropriations.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the sums of money herein provided for be, and the same are hereby, appropriated out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, namely:

For protection,  
preservation, and  
repairs.

For the protection, preservation, and repair of fortifications and other works of defense for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, one hundred thousand dollars the same to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War.

Appointment of  
Board to examine  
and report as to  
location and char-  
acter of defenses  
needed.

And the President of the United States shall appoint a Board of which the Secretary of War shall be a member and president, to be composed of two officers of the Engineer Corps, two from the Ordnance Corps, two officers of the line of the Navy, and two civilians, which Board shall examine and report at what ports fortifications or other defenses are most urgently required, the character and kind of defenses best adapted for each, with reference to armament, the utilization of torpedoes, mines, or other defensive appliances, and for the necessary and proper expenses of said Board and for the compensation of the two civilians at ten dollars per day while so employed in the discharge of said duty the sum of forty thousand dollars to be immediately available is hereby appropriated; and the report of said Board shall be transmitted to Congress by the Secretary of War.

Report to be  
transmitted to  
Congress.

Submarine mov-  
able torpedoes.

For the purchase of movable submarine torpedoes propelled and controlled by power operated and transmitted from shore stations as may be recommended by the Board of Engineers of the Army of the United States, and approved by the Secretary of War, fifty thousand dollars.

Improvement,  
test, and purchase  
of motors for tor-  
pedoes.

For improvements, competitive test, and purchase of motors for movable torpedoes, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Submarine  
mines.

For purchase of appliances for submarine mines for harbor defense ten thousand dollars.

Torpedo experi-  
ments.

For continuation of torpedo experiments and for practical instruction of engineer troops in the details of the service twenty thousand dollars.

Instruction of  
engineer troops.

Machine guns.

For the purchase of machine guns of the latest improvement thirty thousand dollars.

Armaments of  
sea-coast fortifica-  
tions.

For the armament of sea-coast fortifications, including the manufacture of heavy guns and carriages for the constructing and testing experimental gun carriages; for the purchase or manufacture of a multi-charge gun and testing same; for projectiles, gun-loaders, fuses, powder, and implements, their trial and proof, and all necessary expenses incident thereto, including compensation of draughtsman on gun construction while employed in the Ordnance Bureau, four hundred and fifty thousand dollars; and not exceeding fifteen thousand dollars thereof may be used for the expenses of experiments in the use of dynamite or other high explosive projectiles.

Experiments in  
the use of dyna-  
mite, etc.

No gun to be  
purchased until  
tested.

And no type of gun shall be purchased until thoroughly tested and found to conform to the requirements of this act.

Approved, March 3d, 1885.

March 3, 1885.

**CHAP. 346.**—An act to authorize an additional appointment on the retired-list of the Army.

President of the  
United States to  
appoint on the re-  
tired list of the  
Army one General,

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the President of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint on the retired-list of the Army of the United States, from among those who have been Generals com-

manding the armies of the United States or General-in-Chief of said Army, one person with the rank and full pay of such General, or General-in-Chief, as the case may be; and the total number now allowed by law to compose said retired-list shall be, on such appointment, increased accordingly.

Approved, March 3d, 1885.

or General-in-Chief, from among those who have served as such.

Rank and pay.

Number now allowed by law increased accordingly.

**CHAP. 347.**—An act to empower the Secretary of War to permit the establishment, under certain conditions, of a horse-railway upon and over the island of Rock Island, and the bridges erected by the United States connecting the cities of Davenport and Rock Island therewith.

March 3, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered to permit the location, building, and keeping in repair upon the island of Rock Island, in the State of Illinois, and upon the arsenal bridges connecting said island with the cities of Davenport, Iowa, and Rock Island, Illinois, in such manner as he, the Secretary of War, may deem fit, and so as to interfere as little as may be with the use of said island by the United States for a national armory and arsenal, a continuous line of double track railway, at the expense of the Davenport and Rock Island Street Railway Company which company shall have the privilege of running their cars on and over the said railway, at their own expense, under such regulations and restrictions as to times and manner of running the cars and rates of fare as the Secretary of War shall from time to time prescribe: *Provided*, That the rate of fare for employees of the United States at the Rock Island Arsenal from Rock Island and Moline, in Illinois, and from Davenport, in Iowa to the arsenal shall not exceed two and one-half cents for one passenger for one way: *Provided, further*, That the rate of fare shall not exceed two and one-half cents for one passenger for one way during the hours from six until seven o'clock in the morning and from five until seven o'clock in the evening. The Secretary of War is empowered to suspend or revoke this privilege, and to remove said railway at any time in his discretion.

Right of way granted Davenport and Rock Island Street Railway Company over island of Rock Island and bridges connecting with Davenport, Iowa, and Rock Island, Ill.

Regulations, etc., to be made by Secretary of War.

*Proviso.*

Rate of fare as to employees of United States.

*Proviso* as to other passengers.

Secretary of War may remove, etc., at his discretion.

**SEC. 2.** That the Secretary of War is empowered to establish and enforce such rules and regulations as he may deem fit for collecting from said railway company and for holding, expending, and accounting to said Davenport and Rock Island Street Railway Company for the moneys required for and expended in carrying out the provisions of section one of this act; and the decision of the Secretary of War as to the amount of moneys required therefor shall be final and binding on said railway company.

Regulations for collecting and accounting for moneys of the company to be made by Secretary of War; his decision to be final.

**SEC. 3.** That if any person or persons shall wilfully and unnecessarily obstruct or impede the passage on or over said railway, or any part thereof, or shall injure or destroy the cars or any property belonging to said company, the person or persons so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such offense the sum of twenty dollars to said Davenport and Rock Island Street Railway Company, and shall remain liable, in addition to said penalty, for any loss or damage occasioned by his, her, or their acts as aforesaid; and that the suits therefor may be had in the courts of the United States having jurisdiction: *Provided*, That this clause and penalty shall not apply to or restrict or affect in any way the officers or employees of the United States Government on said island in any act of theirs for the maintenance of good order on and for enforcing the rules and regulations pertaining to said bridges and island, and for enforcing the regulations of the Secretary of War for the government of said railway thereon.

Injury, etc., to any property obstructing passage on road a misdemeanor.

Penalty.

*Proviso.*

Approved, March 3d, 1885.

March 3, 1885. **CHAP. 348.**—An act to provide for the appraisal and sale of lots in the town of Peru, Dubuque County, Iowa

Lots in Peru, Iowa.  
1836, vol. 5, ch. 262, p. 70.  
1837, vol. 5, ch. 36, p. 178.  
Preamble.

Whereas, under an act approved July second, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, and an act amendatory thereto, approved March third eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, entitled "An act for laying off the towns of Fort Madison and Burlington, in the county of Des Moines, and the towns of Bellevue, Dubuque, and Peru, in the county of Dubuque," and so forth, certain disposition was therein provided for the lands set off for such towns; and

Whereas the site for the said town of Peru, in the year eighteen hundred and forty, and the lots thus reserved, have been settled upon by bona fide settlers, who have made valuable improvements thereon: Therefore

President to appoint commissioners to appraise.

Duties of commissioners.

Sale; how conducted.

Lots, paid for or patented, reserved.

Actual settlers may purchase at appraised value.

Pay of commissioners.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the President of the United States appoint three commissioners, any two of whom shall be a quorum to do business, who, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, shall take an oath to faithfully perform the same. Said commissioners shall have power, and it is hereby made their duty, to view said lots and appraise their value, not taking into consideration the improvements thereon; after which appraisement the proper register and the proper receiver shall expose said lots to public sale to the highest bidder, after advertising the same in three public newspapers at least three months, reserving from such sale such lots as, according to the records of the General Land Office, have already been paid for or patented: *Provided*, That the actual settlers upon said lots who have made valuable improvements thereon shall first be entitled to purchase the same at their appraised value.

**SEC. 2.** That said commissioners shall each be entitled to five dollars per day for each day actually employed as provided above, to be paid by the receiver of public moneys of the proper land district.

Approved, March 3d, 1885.

March 3, 1885. **CHAP. 349.**—An act relative to the Chinese indemnity fund.

Chinese indemnity fund.

President to convert into coin and return to Chinese Government.

Balance covered into Treasury.

*Proviso*, Charles E. Hill to be first paid for steamer Keorgeor.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the President be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause the residue of the indemnity received from China, which is now in the custody of the Secretary of State and is known and designated in the accounts and reports of the Department of State as the Chinese indemnity fund, to be converted into coin, and the sum of five hundred and eighty-three thousand four hundred dollars and ninety cents be returned to the Chinese Government, and the balance of said fund, if any, be covered into the Treasury of the United States: *Provided*, That before the payment to China the Secretary of State shall pay from said fund to the executors of Charles E. Hill the sum of one hundred and thirty thousand dollars, upon receipt of a release in full for all claims upon China for the use and loss of the steamer Keorgeor, in or about the year eighteen hundred and sixty-three.

Approved, March 3d, 1885.

March 3, 1885. **CHAP. 350.**—An act to amend section fifteen hundred and fifty-six of the Revised Statutes, giving longevity pay to certain officers of the Navy.

Longevity pay to certain Navy officers.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That from and after the passage of this act the passed assistant engineers of the Navy shall receive during the third five years after the date from which they take rank as

passed (first) assistants, when at sea, two thousand four hundred and fifty dollars; on shore duty, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; on leave or waiting orders, one thousand nine hundred dollars. During and after the fourth five years from such date, when at sea, two thousand seven hundred dollars; on shore duty, two thousand three hundred and fifty dollars; on leave or waiting orders, one thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars. And section fifteen hundred and fifty-six of the Revised Statutes is hereby amended accordingly.

Passed assistant engineers to have increased pay.

R. S., sec. 1556, p. 266.  
Amended.

Approved, March 3, 1885.

**CHAP. 351.**—An act to empower the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to examine the claim of, and providing for the payment of, Outerbridge Horsey, assignee.

March 3, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia be, and they are hereby, authorized to examine the claims of Outerbridge Horsey, assignee of T. B. Winter, for medicines furnished the poor of the sixth council district in said District, and ascertain forthwith what, if any, sum be due and unpaid thereon; and that thereupon the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, empowered and directed to pay the sum found to be due to Outerbridge Horsey, out of any moneys in the Treasury otherwise unappropriated; and the sum of one hundred and sixty-one dollars and twenty-five cents, or so much thereof as may be required, is hereby appropriated for the payment of said claim out of money in the Treasury otherwise unappropriated.

Commissioners of District of Columbia to examine claim of Outerbridge Horsey, assignee of T. B. Winter.

Secretary of Treasury to pay if due.

Appropriation.

Approved, March 3d, 1885.

**CHAP. 352.**—An act for the benefit of soldiers and sailors who have lost an arm at the shoulder-joint,

March 3, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That all soldiers and sailors of the United States who have had an arm taken off at the shoulder-joint, caused by injuries received in the service of their country while in the line of duty, and who are now receiving pensions, shall have their pensions increased to the same amount that the law now gives to soldiers and sailors who have lost a leg at the hip-joint; and this act shall apply to all who shall be hereafter placed on the pension-roll,

Soldiers and sailors of United States.

Pension hereafter for loss of arm at shoulder-joint to be same as for loss of leg at hip-joint.

Approved, March 3d, 1885.

**CHAP. 353.**—An act amending section seven hundred and sixty-four of the Revised Statutes.

March 3, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That section seven hundred and sixty-four of the Revised Statutes be amended so that the same shall read as follows:

R. S., sec. 764, p. 143.  
Amended.

“ From the final decision of such circuit court an appeal may be taken to the Supreme Court in the cases described in the preceding section ”.

Appeal to Supreme Court.

Approved, March 3d 1885.

March 3, 1885.

**CHAP. 354.**—An act to adopt the "Revised International Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea"

Revised International Rules and Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea." to be followed in navigation of vessels.

Terms sailing-ship and steamship defined.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the following "Revised International Rules and Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea" shall be followed in the navigation of all public and private vessels of the United States upon the high seas and in all coast waters of the United States, except such as are otherwise provided for, namely:

"ARTICLE 1. In the following rules every steamship which is under sail and not under steam is to be considered a sailing-ship, and every steamship which is under steam, whether under sail or not, is to be considered a ship under steam.

Rules concerning lights

Lights to be carried in all weather from sunset to sunrise.

Lights for sea-going steamship.

White light in front of foremast.

Green light on starboard.

Red light on port side.

Green and red side lights; how fitted.

Lights for steamship when towing another ship.

Ships when not under command because of accident, to carry lights at night and balls or shapes by day.

Lights and balls or shapes for ships employed in laying or picking up cable.

#### RULES CONCERNING LIGHTS.

"ART. 2. The lights mentioned in the following articles numbered three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, and eleven, and no others, shall be carried in all weathers, from sunset to sunrise.

"ART. 3. A sea-going steamship, when under way, shall carry—

"(a) On or in front of the foremast, at a height above the hull of not less than twenty feet, and if the breadth of the ship exceeds twenty feet, then at a height above the hull not less than such breadth, a bright white light, so constructed as to show a uniform and unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of twenty points of the compass, so fixed as to throw the light ten points on each side of the ship, namely, from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on either side, and of such a character as to be visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, at a distance of at least five miles.

"(b) On the starboard side a green light, so constructed as to show a uniform and unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of ten points of the compass, so fixed as to throw the light from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on the starboard side, and of such a character as to be visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, at a distance of at least two miles.

"(c) On the port side a red light, so constructed as to show a uniform and unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of ten points of the compass, so fixed as to throw the light from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on the port side, and of such a character as to be visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, at a distance of at least two miles.

"(d) The said green and red side-lights shall be fitted with inboard screens projecting at least three feet forward from the light, so as to prevent these lights from being seen across the bow.

"ART. 4. A steamship when towing another ship shall, in addition to her side-lights, carry two bright white lights in a vertical line, one over the other, not less than three feet apart, so as to distinguish her from other steamships. Each of these lights shall be of the same construction and character, and shall be carried in the same position, as the white light which other steamships are required to carry.

"ART. 5 (a) A ship, whether a steamship or a sailing-ship, which from any accident is not under command, shall at night carry, in the same position as the white light which steamships are required to carry, and if a steamship, in place of that light, three red lights in globular lanterns, each not less than ten inches in diameter, in a vertical line, one over the other, not less than three feet apart, and of such a character as to be visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, at a distance of at least two miles and shall by day carry in a vertical line, one over the other, not less than three feet apart, in front of but not lower than her foremast head, three black balls or shapes, each two feet in diameter.

"(b) A ship, whether a steamship or a sailing-ship, employed in laying or in picking up a telegraph cable, shall at night carry, in the same position as the white light which steamships are required to carry, and if a steamship, in place of that light, three lights in globular lanterns, each

not less than ten inches in diameter, in a vertical line, over one another, not less than six feet apart. The highest and lowest of these lights shall be red, and the middle light shall be white, and they shall be of such a character that the red lights shall be visible at the same distance as the white light. By day she shall carry, in a vertical line, one over the other, not less than six feet apart, in front of but not lower than her foremasthead, three shapes not less than two feet in diameter, of which the top and bottom shall be globular in shape and red in color, and the middle one diamond in shape and white.

“(c) The ships referred to in this article when not making any way through the water shall not carry the side-lights, but when making way shall carry them

“(d) The lights and shapes required to be shown by this article are to be taken by other ships as signals that the ship showing them is not under command, and cannot therefore get out of the way. The signals to be made by ships in distress and requiring assistance are contained in article twenty-seven.

“ART. 6. A sailing ship under way or being towed shall carry the same lights as are provided by article three for a steamship under way, with the exception of the white light, which she shall never carry.

“ART. 7. Whenever, as in the case of small vessels during bad weather, the green and red side-lights cannot be fixed, these lights shall be kept on deck, on their respective sides of the vessel, ready for use, and shall, on the approach of or to other vessels, be exhibited on their respective sides in sufficient time to prevent collision, in such manner as to make them most visible, and so that the green light shall not be seen on the port side nor the red light on the starboard side. To make the use of these portable lights more certain and easy, the lanterns containing them shall each be painted outside with the color of the light they respectively contain, and shall be provided with proper screens.

“ART. 8. A ship, whether a steamship or a sailing-ship, when at anchor, shall carry, where it can best be seen, but at a height not exceeding twenty feet above the hull, a white light, in a globular lantern of not less than eight inches in diameter, and so constructed as to show a clear, uniform, and unbroken light, visible all round the horizon at a distance of at least one mile.

“ART. 9. A pilot vessel, when engaged on her station on pilotage duty, shall not carry the lights required for other vessels, but shall carry a white light at the masthead, visible all round the horizon, and shall also exhibit a flare-up light or a flare-up lights at short intervals, which shall never exceed fifteen minutes. A pilot vessel, when not engaged on her station on pilotage duty, shall carry lights similar to those of other ships.

“ART. 10. Open boats and fishing-vessels of less than twenty tons net registered tonnage, when under way and when not having their nets, trawls, dredges, or lines in the water, shall not be obliged to carry the colored side-lights; but every such boat and vessel shall in lieu thereof have ready at hand a lantern with a green glass on the one side and a red glass on the other side, and on approaching to or being approached by another vessel such lantern shall be exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision, so that the green light shall not be seen on the port side nor the red light on the starboard side.

“The following portion of this article applies only to fishing-vessels and boats when in the sea off the coast of Europe lying north of Cape Finisterre:

“(a) All fishing-vessels and fishing-boats of twenty tons net registered tonnage or upward, when under way and when not having their nets, trawls, dredges, or lines in the water, shall carry and show the same lights as other vessels under way.

Only ships under way to carry side-lights.

Lights and shapes to be taken as signals that ship is not under command.

Signals of distress, see art. 27.

Lights carried by sailing-ship when under way or being towed.

When, during bad weather, side-lights cannot be fixed.

Lights for ships at anchor.

Lights for pilot vessels.

Lights for open boats and fishing-vessels of less than 20 tons, when under way and having nets in water.

Fishing-vessels and boats in sea off coast of Europe north of Cape Finisterre.

Fishing-vessels and boats of 20 tons or more, when under way, etc.

Vessels engaged in fishing with drift-nets.

"(b) All vessels when engaged in fishing with drift-nets shall exhibit two white lights from any part of the vessel where they can be best seen. Such lights shall be placed so that the vertical distance between them shall be not less than six feet and not more than ten feet, and so that the horizontal distance between them, measured in a line with the keel of the vessel, shall be not less than five feet and not more than ten feet. The lower of these two lights shall be the more forward, and both of them shall be of such a character and contained in lanterns of such construction as to show all round the horizon, on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, for a distance of not less than three miles.

Vessels when trawling, dredging, or fishing with drag-nets.

"(c) All vessels when trawling, dredging, or fishing with any kind of drag-nets shall exhibit, from some part of the vessel where they can be best seen, two lights. One of these lights shall be red and the other shall be white. The red light shall be above the white light, and shall be at a vertical distance from it of not less than six feet and not more than twelve feet; and the horizontal distance between them, if any, shall not be more than ten feet. These two lights shall be of such a character and contained in lanterns of such construction as to be visible all round the horizon, on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, the white light to a distance of not less than three miles and the red light of not less than two miles.

Vessels employed in line-fishing.

"(d) A vessel employed in line-fishing, with her lines out, shall carry the same lights as a vessel when engaged in fishing with drift-nets.

Light and signal when vessel fishing becomes stationary.

"(e) If a vessel, when fishing with a trawl, dredge, or any kind of drag net, becomes stationary in consequence of her gear getting fast to a rock or other obstruction, she shall show the light and make the fog-signal for a vessel at anchor.

Flare-up lights; when and where used.

"(f) Fishing-vessels and open boats may at any time use a flare-up in addition to the lights which they are by this article required to carry and show. All flare-up lights exhibited by a vessel when trawling, dredging, or fishing with any kind of drag-net shall be shown at the after-part of the vessel, excepting that if the vessel is hanging by the stern to her trawl, dredge, or drag-net they shall be exhibited from the bow.

Fishing-vessels and open boats when at anchor.

"(g) Every fishing-vessel and every open boat when at anchor between sunset and sunrise shall exhibit a white light, visible all round the horizon at a distance of at least one mile

When fog-horn and bell are to be used.

"(h) In a fog a drift-net vessel attached to her nets, and a vessel when trawling, dredging, or fishing with any kind of drag-net, and a vessel employed in line-fishing with her lines out, shall, at intervals of not more than two minutes, make a blast with her fog-horn and ring her bell alternately.

A ship overtaken by another.

"ART. 11. A ship which is being overtaken by another shall show from her stern to such last-mentioned ship a white light or a flare-up light.

Sound signals for fog, etc.

#### SOUND SIGNALS FOR FOG, AND SO FORTH.

Steamships to be provided with steam-whistle, fog-horn, and bell.

"ART. 12. A steamship shall be provided with a steam-whistle or other efficient steam sound signals, so placed that the sound may not be intercepted by any obstructions, and with an efficient fog-horn, to be sounded by a bellows or other mechanical means, and also with an efficient bell. (In all cases where the regulations require a bell to be used, a drum will be substituted on board Turkish vessels.) A sailing-ship shall be provided with a similar fog-horn and bell.

Drum instead of bell on Turkish vessels.

Sailing-ships to carry fog-horn and bell.

In fog, mist, or falling snow, whether by day or night, the signals described in this article shall be used as follows, that is to say:

Sound signals; how and when used.

"(a) A steamship under way shall make with her steam-whistle or other steam sound signal, at intervals of not more than two minutes, a prolonged blast.

"(b) A sailing-ship under way shall make with her foghorn, at intervals of not more than two minutes, when on the starboard tack one

blast, when on the port tack two blasts in succession, and when with the wind abaft the beam three blasts in succession.

"(c) A steamship and a sailing ship when not under way shall, at intervals of not more than two minutes, ring the bell.

**SPEED OF SHIPS TO BE MODERATE IN FOG, AND SO FORTH.**

Speed of ships to be moderate in fog, etc.

"ART. 13. Every ship, whether a sailing-ship or a steamship, shall in a fog, mist, or falling snow go at a moderate speed.

**STEERING AND SAILING RULES.**

Steering and sailing rules.

"ART. 14. When two sailing-ships are approaching one another so as to involve risk of collision, one of them shall keep out of the way of the other as follows, namely :

When sailing ships are approaching one another.

"(a) A ship which is running free shall keep out of the way of a ship which is close hauled.

"(b) A ship which is close hauled on the port tack shall keep out of the way of a ship which is close hauled on the starboard tack.

"(c) When both are running free, with the wind on different sides, the ship which has the wind on the port side shall keep out of the way of the other.

"(d) When both are running free, with the wind on the same side, the ship which is to windward shall keep out of the way of the ship which is to leeward.

"(e) A ship which has the wind aft shall keep out of the way of the other ship.

"ART. 15. If two ships under steam are meeting end on, or nearly end on, so as to involve risk of collision, each shall alter her course to starboard, so that each may pass on the port side of the other. This article only applies to cases where ships are meeting end on, or nearly end on, in such a manner as to involve risk of collision, and does not apply to two ships which must, if both keep on their respective courses, pass clear of each other. The only cases to which it does apply are when each of the two ships is end on, or nearly end on, to the other; in other words, to cases in which by day each ship sees the masts of the other in a line, or nearly in a line, with her own, and by night to cases in which each ship is in such a position as to see both the side-lights of the other. It does not apply by day to cases in which a ship sees another ahead crossing her own course, or by night to cases where the red light of one ship is opposed to the red light of the other, or where the green light of one ship is opposed to the green light of the other, or where a red light without a green light, or a green light without a red light, is seen ahead, or where both green and red lights are seen anywhere but ahead.

When two steamships are meeting.

"ART. 16. If two ships under steam are crossing so as to involve risk of collision, the ship which has the other on her own starboard side shall keep out of the way of the other.

When two steamships are crossing.

"ART. 17. If two ships, one of which is a sailing ship and the other a steamship, are proceeding in such directions as to involve risk of collision, the steamship shall keep out of the way of the sailing-ship.

Steamship to keep out of way of sailing-ship.

ART. 18. Every steamship, when approaching another ship so as to involve risk of collision shall slacken her speed, or stop and reverse, if necessary.

Steamship approaching to slacken speed.

"ART. 19. In taking any course authorized or required by these regulations, a steamship under way may indicate that course to any other ship which she has in sight by the following signals on her steam-whistle, namely :

Steamship's signals to another vessel.

"One short blast to mean 'I am directing my course to starboard.'

"Two short blasts to mean 'I am directing my course to port.'

"Three short blasts to mean 'I am going full speed astern.'

"The use of these signals is optional, but if they are used the course of the ship must be in accordance with the signal made.

Overtaking ship  
to keep out of way  
of ship overtaken.

"ART. 20. Notwithstanding anything contained in any preceding article, every ship, whether a sailing-ship or a steamship, overtaking any other shall keep out of the way of the overtaken ship.

Course in narrow  
channels.

"ART. 21. In narrow channels every steamship shall, when it is safe and practicable, keep to that side of the fairway or mid-channel which lies on the starboard side of such ship.

"ART. 22. Where by the above rules one of two ships is to keep out of the way, the other shall keep her course.

Special circum-  
stances.

"ART. 23. In obeying and construing these rules due regard shall be had to all dangers of navigation, and to any special circumstances which may render a departure from the above rules necessary in order to avoid immediate danger.

No ship, under  
any circumstances,  
to neglect proper  
precaution.

"NO SHIP, UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, TO NEGLECT PROPER PRECAUTIONS.

"ART. 24. Nothing in these rules shall exonerate any ship, or the owner, or master, or crew thereof, from the consequences of any neglect to carry lights or signals, or of any neglect to keep a proper look-out, or of the neglect of any precaution which may be required by the ordinary practice of seamen or by the special circumstances of the case.

Reservation of  
rules for harbor  
and inland naviga-  
tion.

"RESERVATION OF RULES FOR HARBOR AND INLAND NAVIGATION.

"ART. 25. Nothing in these rules shall interfere with the operation of a special rule, duly made by local authority, relative to the navigation of any harbor, river, or inland navigation.

#### "SPECIAL LIGHTS FOR SQUADRONS AND CONVOYS.

No interference  
with special rules  
of any Government  
as to ships of war  
or ships under con-  
voy.

"ART. 26. Nothing in these rules shall interfere with the operation of any special rules made by the Government of any nation with respect to additional station and signal lights for two or more ships of war or for ships sailing under convoy.

Signals for ships  
in distress.

"ART. 27. When a ship is in distress and requires assistance from other ships or from the shore, the following shall be the signals to be used or displayed by her, either together or separately, that is to say:

"In the daytime—

"First. A gun fired at intervals of about a minute.

"Second. The international code signal of distress indicated by N C.

"Third. The distant signal, consisting of a square flag, having either above or below it a ball, or anything resembling a ball.

"At night—

"First. A gun fired at intervals of about a minute.

"Second. Flames on the ship (as from a burning tar-barrel, oil-barrel, and so forth).

"Third. Rockets or shells, throwing stars of any color or description, fired one at a time, at short intervals."

All conflicting  
laws repealed, ex-  
cept as to naviga-  
tion in harbors,  
lakes, and inland  
waters of United  
States.

Act to take effect  
September 1, 1884.

SEC. 2. That all laws and parts of laws inconsistent with the foregoing "Revised International Rules and Regulations" for the navigation of all public and private vessels of the United States upon the high seas, and in all coast waters of the United States, are hereby repealed, except as to the navigation of such vessels within the harbors, lakes, and inland waters of the United States; and that this act shall take effect and be in force from and after the first day of September, anno Domini eighteen hundred and eighty-four.

Approved, March 3d, 1885.

**CHAP. 355.**—An act regulating appeals from the supreme court of the District of Columbia and the supreme courts of the several Territories.

March 3, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That no appeal or writ of error shall hereafter be allowed from any judgement or decree in any suit at law or in equity in the supreme court of the District of Columbia, or in the supreme court of any of the Territories of the United States, unless the matter in dispute, exclusive of costs, shall exceed the sum of five thousand dollars.

Appeals or writs of error from judgments, etc., of supreme court, District of Columbia; or of a Territory, not allowed unless amount involved be more than \$5,000.

**SEC 2.** That the preceding section shall not apply to any case wherein is involved the validity of any patent or copy-right, or in which is drawn in question the validity of a treaty or statute of or an authority exercised under the United States; but in all such cases an appeal or writ of error may be brought without regard to the sum or value in dispute.

Not to apply to cases involving validity of patent or copyright, treaty, statute, or authority exercised under United States.

Approved, March 3d, 1885.

**CHAP. 356.**—An act to authorize the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi River at Rock Island, Illinois, and Davenport, Iowa, and to establish it as a post-route.

March 3, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That it shall be lawful for the Davenport and Rock Island Bridge Company, a corporation duly created and organized under the laws of the State of Iowa, to build a bridge across the Mississippi River at Rock Island, Illinois, and Davenport, Iowa, as may accommodate the Moline, Rock Island and Southern Railroad, a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of Illinois, on the east side of said river, and the Davenport, Iowa and Dakota Railroad, a corporation created under the laws of the State of Iowa, on the west side of said river, and for the accommodation of any railroads that are or may hereafter be built, and to lay over said bridge a railroad track for the more perfect connection of any railroad or railroads that are or may be constructed to the said river, on either side thereof, at or opposite said point, under the limitations and provisions hereinafter provided: *Provided,* That Congress may at any time prescribe such rules and regulations in regard to toll and otherwise as may be deemed reasonable.

Davenport and Rock Island Bridge Company to construct bridge across the Mississippi River at Rock Island, Ill., and Davenport, Iowa.

*Proviso.*  
Toll.

Draw.

**SEC. 2.** That said bridge shall be built with a draw, so as not to impede the navigation of said river; said draw shall be a pivot-draw, over the channel of said river usually navigated, and with spans giving a clear width of water-way of not less than two hundred feet on each side of the central or pivot pier of the draw, and the next adjoining span or spans shall give a clear width of water-way of not less than three hundred feet, and said spans shall not be less than three hundred feet, and said spans shall not be less than ten feet above extreme high-water mark and not less than thirty feet above low-water mark, measured to the bottom chord of the bridge, and the piers of said bridge shall, as nearly as practicable, be parallel with the current of said river: *Provided,* That said draw shall always be opened promptly upon reasonable signal; and said company, or its successors and assigns, shall at all proper times keep and maintain all proper lights on said bridge during nights, so that its presence may always be noticed by vessels and craft navigating the channel of said river. And all plans for the construction of said bridge and approaches thereto must first be submitted to the Secretary of War for his approval, and when the same shall be approved by said Secretary the work thereon may be commenced and prosecuted to completion: *And provided further,* That said bridge shall be constructed with such aids to the passage of said bridge, in the form of booms, dikes, piers, or other suitable and proper structures for confining the flow of

*Proviso.*  
Signals.

Lights.

Plans, etc., to be approved by Secretary of War.

*Proviso.*  
Aids to passage of bridge.

*Proviso.*  
To be at right  
angles with cur-  
rent.

*Proviso.*  
Changes in con-  
struction.

*Proviso.*  
Free navigation  
to be preserved.

Post-route, and a  
lawful structure.

All railroad com-  
panies accorded  
equal rights.

Secretary of War  
to decide in case  
of disagreement as  
to amount to be  
paid.

*Proviso.*

Subject to limi-  
tations of act to  
construct bridge  
at Clinton, Iowa.  
1872, vol. 17, ch.  
73, p. 44.

Specified rights  
of the United  
States reserved.

water to a permanent channel and for the guiding of rafts, steamboats, and other water-craft safely through the draw and raft spans, as the Secretary of War shall prescribe and order, to be constructed and maintained at the expense of the company owning said bridge: *And provided further*, That said bridge shall, as nearly as may be, be constructed at right angles with said river or the current thereof: *And provided further*, That any change in the mode of construction of said bridge shall be first submitted to the said Secretary for his approval, and when approved the said company may then proceed with the construction according to said change: *And provided further*, That if said bridge, when constructed, shall, in the opinion of the Secretary of War, be a substantial obstruction to the navigation of said river, the said Secretary shall require said company to change the construction thereof so as to avoid any serious and substantial obstruction to the navigation of said river, at the expense of the owners of said bridge.

SEC. 3. That the bridge hereby authorized shall be a lawful structure, and shall be a post-route, upon which no higher charge shall be made for the transportation of the mails of the United States, and the troops and munitions of war, or for passengers or freight passing over said bridge, than the rate per mile paid to railroads and transportation companies leading to said bridge.

SEC. 4. That all railroad companies desiring the use of said bridge shall have and be entitled to equal rights and privileges relative to the passage of railway trains or cars over the same, and over the approaches thereto, upon payment of reasonable compensation for such use; and in case the owner or owners of said bridge and the several railroad companies, or any one of them, desiring such use shall fail to agree upon the sum or sums to be paid, and upon rules and conditions to which each shall conform in using said bridge, all matters at issue between them shall be decided by the Secretary of War, upon a hearing of the allegations and proofs of the parties: *Provided*, That the provisions of section three in regard to charges for passengers and freight across said bridge shall not govern the Secretary of War in determining any question arising as to the sum or sums to be paid to the owners of said bridge by said companies for the use of said bridge.

SEC. 5. That this act shall be subject, except as above mentioned, to the limitations and provisions of an act entitled "An act to authorize the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi River at or near the town of Clinton, in the State of Iowa, and other bridges across said river, and to establish them as post-roads." approved April first, eighteen hundred and seventy-two.

SEC. 6. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this act is hereby expressly reserved; and the right to require any changes in such structure, or its entire removal, at the expense of the owners thereof, whenever Congress shall decide that the public interest requires it, is also expressly reserved.

Approved, March 3, 1885.

March 3, 1885. **CHAP. 357.**—An act to increase the salary of the clerk of the Court of Alabama Claims

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the salary of the clerk of the Court of Commissioners, of Alabama Claims shall hereafter be at the rate of four thousand four hundred dollars per annum,  
Salary increased.

Approved, March 3d, 1885.

**CHAP. 358.**—An act to give the assent of Congress to the construction of a railroad bridge by the East and Middle Tennessee Railroad Company over the Cumberland and Caney Fork Rivers.

March 3, 1885.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the East and Middle Tennessee Railroad Company be, and is hereby, authorized to construct and maintain a bridge, and approaches thereto, over the Cumberland River at the most accessible point in or near the corporate limits of Carthage, County of Smith, and State of Tennessee. Said bridge shall be constructed to provide for the passage of railroad trains and wagons and travelers across said river.

East and Middle Tennessee Railroad Company to construct bridge over the Cumberland River, at or near Carthage, Tenn.

**SEC. 2.** That any bridge built under this act and subject to its limitations shall be a lawful structure and shall be recognized and known as a post route; and it shall enjoy the rights and privileges of other post roads in the United States: *Provided*, That the United States may construct a postal telegraph over said bridge without charge therefor.

Post-route, and lawful structure.

*Proviso* as to postal telegraph.

**SEC. 3.** That if said bridge shall be made with unbroken and continuous spans, the spans thereof shall not be less than one hundred and sixty-four feet in length in the clear, and the main span shall be over the main channel of the river. The lowest part of the superstructure of said bridge shall be at least thirty-four feet above extreme high-water mark, as understood at the point of location, and the bridge shall be at right angles to and its piers parallel with the current of the river: *Provided*, That if the same shall be constructed as a draw-bridge, the draw or pivot shall be over the main channel at an accessible point, and the spans shall not be less than one hundred and sixty feet in the clear, and the piers of said bridge shall be parallel with and the bridge itself at right angles to the current of the river, and the spans shall not be less than ten feet above extreme high-water mark, as understood at the point of location, to the lowest part of the superstructure of said bridge: *Provided also*, That the said draw shall be opened promptly by said corporation, upon reasonable signal for the passage of boats; and said corporation shall maintain, at its own expense, from sunset till sunrise, such lights or other signals on said bridge as the Light House Board shall prescribe, and shall also place and maintain such sheer booms and other guides necessary for the safe passage of vessels and other water-craft as may be required by the Secretary of War. No bridge shall be erected or maintained under the authority of this act which shall at any time substantially or materially obstruct the free navigation of said river; and if any bridge erected under such authority shall, in the opinion of the Secretary of War, obstruct such navigation, he is hereby authorized to cause such change or alteration of said bridge to be made as will effectually obviate such obstruction; and all such alterations shall be made and all such obstructions be removed at the expense of said corporation; and in case of any litigation arising from any obstruction or alleged obstruction to the free navigation of said river caused or alleged to be caused by said bridge, the case may be brought in the circuit court of the United States of the middle district of Tennessee in which any portion of said obstruction or bridge may be located, or in the circuit court of the State of Tennessee for that circuit: *Provided further*, That nothing in this act shall be so construed as to repeal or modify any of the provisions of law now existing in reference to the protection of the navigation of rivers, or to exempt this bridge from the operations of the same: *And provided further*, That the right is reserved to regulate tolls and freights over said bridge.

Continuous spans.

*Proviso.* Draw-bridge.

*Proviso.* Lights and signals.

Aids to navigation.

Free navigation to be preserved.

*Proviso.*

*Proviso.* Right to regulate tolls, etc., reserved.

**SEC. 4.** That any bridge authorized to be constructed under this act shall be built and located under and subject to such regulations for the security of navigation of said river as the Secretary of War shall prescribe; and to secure that object the said corporation shall submit to the Secretary of War, for his examination and approval, a design and drawings of the bridge, and a map of the location, giving, for the space of one mile above and one mile below the proposed location, the

Plans, etc., to be submitted to Secretary of War for approval.

topography of the banks of the river, the shore-lines at high and low water, the direction and strength of the currents at all stages, and the soundings, accurately showing the bed of the stream, the location of any other bridge or bridges, and shall furnish such other information as may be required for a full and satisfactory understanding of the subject; and until the said plan and location of the bridge are approved by the Secretary of War the bridge shall not be built; and should any change be made in the plan of said bridge during the progress of construction, such change shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of War.

Specified rights of United States reserved.

SEC. 5. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this act is hereby expressly reserved; and the right to require any changes in said structure, or its entire removal, at the expense of the owners thereof, whenever Congress shall decide that the public interest requires it, is also expressly reserved.

Same company to construct bridge over Caney Fork River between mouth and Buffalo Valley, subject to preceding provisions and limitations.

SEC. 6. That the East and Middle Tennessee Railroad Company is hereby also authorized to construct a railroad bridge over the Caney Fork River at such point between the mouth of said river and the Buffalo Valley as may be necessary in the building of their road, subject to the provisions and limitations contained in the preceding sections.

Approved, March 3d, 1885.

March 3, 1885.

CHAP. 359.—An act making appropriations to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, and for prior years, and for other purposes.

Deficiency appropriation for year ending June 30, 1885, and for prior years.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-five, and for other objects hereinafter stated, namely:

State Department.

#### DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

Contingent expenses.

For contingent expenses, being a deficiency on account of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, four hundred and thirty-five dollars and thirty-six cents.

Stenographer.

For salary of stenographer to the Secretary of State from March fifteenth to June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, five hundred and ninety-four dollars and seventy-four cents.

To further provide for ascertaining and procuring records and documents relating to French spoliation claims, under act of January 20, 1865.

To enable the Department of State to ascertain what records or other documents are in existence either in France or Spain or the French colonies affecting the rights or claims of American citizens under the act of Congress approved January twentieth, eighteen hundred and eighty five, entitled "An act to provide for the ascertainment of claims of American citizens for spoliations committed by the French prior to the thirty-first of July, eighteen hundred and one," and to procure said records and documents, or certified copies thereof, the sum of five thousand dollars, in addition to the sum already appropriated for that purpose, this amount to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of State and to be immediately available.

T. McF. Patton.  
Payment of draft of.

For payment of a draft of T. McF. Patton, United States consul at Osaka and Hiogo, Japan, drawn in payment of salary of the interpreter at said consulate for the third quarter of eighteen hundred and eighty-four, eighty-two dollars and eighty-eight cents.

Louise R. S. Wing.  
Payment to.

To pay to Louise R. S. Wing, the widow of E. Rumsey Wing, late minister of the United States to Ecuador, a sum equal to the salary of said minister for six months, in addition to all legal allowances.

To pay to Louise F. Hunt, the widow of William H. Hunt, late envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to Russia, a sum equal to the salary of said minister for six months, in addition to all legal allowances.

Louise F. Hunt.  
Payment to.

FOREIGN INTERCOURSE.

Foreign inter-  
course.

For payment of the annual rental of legation buildings in Tokio, Japan, up to March fifteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, three thousand four hundred dollars.

Rent of leg-  
ation buildings in  
Tokio, Japan.

To enable the accounting officers, without the payment of any money from the Treasury, to effect a proper settlement of the accounts of certain consular officers by reimbursing the account of consular fees, being deficiencies as follows: For the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, thirty-five thousand four hundred and thirty-seven dollars and thirty-one cents; for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, twenty-one dollars and eighty-two cents.

Settlement of ac-  
counts of certain  
consular officers.

To pay amounts found due to certain consular officers on the settle-  
ment of their accounts, being deficiencies as follows: For the fiscal  
year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, six thousand one hundred and  
sixty-one dollars and twenty-five cents; for the fiscal year eighteen  
hundred and eighty-three, sixty dollars and thirty-three cents.

Payment of  
amounts due to  
certain consular  
officers.

To enable the accounting officers, without the payment of any money from the Treasury, to effect a proper settlement of the accounts of Morton, Rose and Company, United States bankers at London, for drafts of United States ministers paid by them, by a transfer of the amount to their account of consular surplus fees, being a deficiency for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, thirteen thousand one hundred and thirty dollars and seventy-four cents.

Morton, Rose &  
Co.

Settlement of ac-  
count of.

To pay the balance found due to J. R. Young, United States minister to China, on his account of contingent expenses to June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, being a deficiency for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, four hundred and fifty-two dollars and ninety-three cents.

J. R. Young.  
Payment of bal-  
ance due on ac-  
count of contin-  
gent expenses.

To enable the accounting officers, without the payment of any money from the Treasury, to allow from the unexpended balance of said appropriation for the fiscal year ending eighteen hundred and eighty-three the amount disbursed by G. H. Heap, secretary of legation at Constantinople, during the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, five hundred and fifty dollars.

G. H. Heap.  
Settlement of ac-  
count of.

To enable the accounting officers, without the payment of any money from the Treasury, to effect a proper settlement of the accounts of John S. Mosby, United States consul at Hong-Kong, by reimbursing the account of consular fees, being a deficiency for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, three thousand dollars.

John S. Mosby.  
Settlement of ac-  
counts of.

To enable the accounting officers to pay to Eugene Schuyler, late United States minister resident and consul-general to Roumania, Servia, and Greece, the amount allowed under section seventeen hundred and forty of the Revised Statutes for his transit from his late post (at Athens) to his residence in the United States, namely, from November second, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, to December fifth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, six hundred dollars and fifty-four cents.

Eugene Schuy-  
ler.

Payment to,  
under R. S., sec.  
1740, p. 309.

To reimburse Thomas B. Van Buren for expenses incurred by him in the fiscal year eighteen hundred and seventy six for the relief and transmission to the United States of three discharged naval seamen, forty-seven dollars.

Thomas B. Van  
Buren.  
Payment to.

To enable the Secretary of State to pay the bills of expense incurred from May fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, to September sixth, eighteen hundred and eighty three, inclusive, by F. W. Rice, then consul of the United States at Colon, in caring for an American vessel, the Mary C. Comery, abandoned by her master and crew in the harbor at that place, five hundred and thirty-four dollars and fifty cents.

F. W. Rice.  
To pay bills for  
care of abandoned  
ship.

Claim of native  
authorities of  
Manila.

To enable the Secretary of State to pay the claim of the native authorities of Manila for assistance rendered in the year eighteen hundred and seventy-four to the shipwrecked crew of the American brig Leonora, sixty seven dollars and eighteen cents.

### TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Salary of Com-  
missioner of Nav-  
igation.

For salary of Commissioner of Navigation from July fifth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, to June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, at four thousand dollars per annum, three thousand nine hundred and fifty-six dollars and forty-eight cents.

Additional com-  
pensation to clerk.

For additional compensation to the clerk acting as Commissioner of Navigation from September first, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, to June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, one hundred and sixty-six dollars and sixty-six cents.

Payment of em-  
ployees of division  
of warrants for ex-  
tra labor.

Authority is hereby granted the Secretary of the Treasury to use two thousand five hundred and fifty dollars of the unexpended balances of appropriations heretofore made for his office to pay employees of the division of warrants, estimates, and appropriations of his office for extra labor performed by them prior to May first, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, outside of the regular office-hours of the Department, to be paid in such sums as shall seem to him to be just and equitable, having reference to the value of the services rendered to the Government by each employee respectively.

Additional com-  
pensation for serv-  
ices rendered and  
expenses incurred  
by employees, in  
exchange of Gov-  
ernment securities.

To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to pay additional compensation for services rendered by employees of his Department, and for expenses incurred by them, in connection with the exchange of Government securities in London in eighteen hundred and eighty-one, one thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Compensation to  
clerks and em-  
ployees of Third  
Auditor's Office of  
the Treasury for  
extra work done  
at night.

To compensate the clerks and employees of the Third Auditor's Office of the Treasury for extra work done at night during the months of April, May, June, and July, eighteen hundred and eighty three, in copying the roll of pensioners in said office, seven thousand eight hundred and thirty-two dollars and eighty-one cents: *Provided*, That each clerk and employee shall be entitled to one half-day's pay for each night's work actually performed, to be computed on the basis of his then current salary.

*Proviso.*

Saint Louis, Mo.  
Paving streets in  
front of old custom-  
house.

For old custom-house, Saint Louis, Missouri: Paving Third street front, one thousand and forty-one dollars and seventy-four cents; paving Olive street, front, nine hundred and forty-six dollars and forty-nine cents.

Springfield, Ill.  
Paving and  
curbing street on  
north front of  
court-house.

For paving and curbing street on north front of court-house and post-office at Springfield, Illinois, eight hundred and seventy dollars and eighty-five cents.

Lake View, Ill.  
Paving street.

For paving Halstead street adjacent to marine-hospital lot in Lake View, Illinois, two hundred and sixty four dollars.

### INTERNAL REVENUE.

Payment of col-  
lectors of internal  
revenue.

To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to pay to collectors of internal revenue for services rendered during the period between the expiration of their first commissions and the date of taking the oath of office under their second commissions, one thousand four hundred and thirty-two dollars and ninety-two cents.

Salaries of  
agents, etc.

Salaries and expenses of agents and subordinate officers of internal revenue: Additional amount necessary to pay salaries and expenses of agents and surveyors, for fees and expenses of gaugers, for salaries of storekeepers, and for miscellaneous expenses, being a deficiency for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, fifty-eight thousand dollars.

Fees of gaugers.  
Miscellaneous  
expenses.

Salaries and expenses of collectors of internal revenue: To pay expenses incurred during the fiscal year ended June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, by collectors of internal revenue, under authority of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, in securing a more thorough collection of taxes due upon spirits distilled from fruit, being a deficiency for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, six thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight dollars and thirty-one cents.

Salaries and expenses of collectors of internal revenue.

INDEPENDENT TREASURY.

For contingent expenses, under the requirements of section thirty-six hundred and fifty-three of the Revised Statutes, for the collection, safe-keeping, transfer, and disbursement of the public money and for transportation of notes, bonds, and other securities of the United States, fifteen thousand dollars.

Independent Treasury.

Contingent expenses.

R. S., sec. 3653, p. 719.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers on account of checks and certificates of deposit, independent Treasury, being a deficiency for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, fourteen dollars and sixty-two cents.

Amounts due on account of checks and certificates of deposit.

For depositary at Tucson, Arizona in addition to his pay as postmaster, being for the service of the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-nine, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Depositary, Tucson, Ariz.

MINTS AND ASSAY-OFFICES.

For assay laboratory, chemicals, fuel, materials, and other necessities, five hundred dollars.

Assay laboratory, chemicals, etc.

For wages of workmen, assay-office at Helena, five hundred dollars.

Assay-office, Helena.

For contingent expenses, assay-office at Helena, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Workmen and contingent expenses.

For wages and contingent expenses, assay-office at Boise City, four hundred and sixty dollars.

Assay-office, Boise City.

Wages and contingent expenses.

A. Wolters.

Reimbursement to.

To reimburse A. Wolters, late assayer in charge, for amount expended by him, as shown by vouchers paid by him, in excess of the amount of funds advanced, and disallowed by the accounting officers as an expenditure in excess of the appropriation for the fiscal year ended June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, one hundred and forty-six dollars and thirty-six cents.

TERRITORIES.

For salary of the additional associate justice of the supreme court of the Territory of Washington, authorized by act of July fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, from September first, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, to June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five at three thousand dollars per annum, two thousand four hundred and ninety-four dollars and sixty cents.

Salary of additional associate justice of supreme court of Washington Territory.

Ante p. 101.

And all suits or proceedings pending in the district courts of Dakota and Washington Territories at the time of the passage of said act, and which would, if instituted after the passage of said act, be required to be brought in the new districts created and provided for in said act, may be transferred by consent of parties to said new district courts, and there disposed of in like manner and with like effect as if the same had been there instituted; and all writs and recognizances relating to such suits and proceedings so transferred shall be considered as belonging to the courts of the said new districts respectively in the same manner and with like effect as if they had issued or had been taken in reference thereto originally; and the counties of Skamania and Spokane, in said Washington Territory, shall constitute part of the fourth judicial district thereof until the legislature shall meet and otherwise provide.

Suits pending in district courts, Dakota and Washington Territories, may be transferred to new district.

Skamania and Spokane counties, Wash. Terr., made a part of fourth judicial district.

Legislative expenses.

To supply a deficiency in the appropriation for legislative expenses, Territory of Dakota, four thousand four hundred dollars.

Amount due on account of legislative expenses, New Mexico.

To pay amount found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of legislative expenses, Territory of New Mexico, being a deficiency for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-two, two hundred dollars.

R. A. Sidebotnam.  
Reimbursement to.

To reimburse R. A. Sidebotnam, secretary of the Territory of Idaho, the amount overdeposited by him and covered into the Treasury, as reported by the First Comptroller ninety dollars.

#### LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.

Volunteer surfmen of the Cleveland Life-Boat Station.

The Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to expend from the appropriation "Life-Saving Service, eighteen hundred and eighty-four," for payment of volunteer surfmen of the Cleveland Life-Boat Station, ten men, ten days each, for services rendered, under the direction of the Keeper of the station named, on the occasion of the great flood of the Ohio River in the month of February, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, such sum as in his discretion shall be just, not exceeding five dollars per day to each person for each day's service.

L. M. Clemons.  
Reimbursement to.

The Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to expend from the appropriation "Life-Saving Service, eighteen hundred and eighty-three," for reimbursement of L. M. Clemons, keeper of the Point Marblehead Life-Boat Station, ninth district, for moneys expended for the transportation of the life-saving apparatus from the station named to Sandusky, Ohio, and return, on the occasion of the great flood of the Ohio River in the month of February, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, the sum of four dollars.

#### ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.

Engraving, printing, and finishing U. S. notes, etc.

For engraving, printing, and finishing United States notes, gold and silver certificates, registered bonds for transfers, and other securities, fifteen thousand dollars.

National bank notes.

For engraving (except face-plates), printing, and finishing circulating notes for national banking associations, forty thousand dollars.

Amounts due on account of labor and expenses of engraving and printing.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of labor and expenses of engraving and printing, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-two, two hundred and thirty-four dollars and sixty-seven cents.

#### UNITED STATES FISH COMMISSION.

Propagation of food-fishes.

For propagation of food-fishes, twelve thousand dollars.

Clark & Given.  
Payment to.

For coal furnished by Clark and Given, Washington, District of Columbia, for the offices of the United States Fish Commission during the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, sixty-seven dollars and fifty cents.

Repairs of vessels.

For repairs to the vessels of the United States Fish Commission made during the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, four thousand one hundred and fifty-six dollars and eighty cents. And the assistant to the United States Fish Commissioner authorized by the act of March third, eighteen hundred and eighty-three (Statutes at Large, volume twenty-two, page six hundred and twenty eight), shall hereafter be designated as assistant commissioner.

Assistant Commissioner.

Geo. W. Knox.  
Payment to.

For amount due George W. Knox, being for freight delivered during the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, fifty-eight dollars and ninety cents.

For amount due George W. Knox, being for freight delivered on account of the vessels of the United States Fish Commission during the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, twenty-one dollars and seventy-two cents.

N. Y. Herald.  
Payment to.

To pay the New York Herald for advertising, October twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and eighty-one, et sequentes, for proposals to build

the steamer Albatross, authorized by the act of March third, eighteen hundred and eighty-one, thirty-one dollars and twenty cents.

MISCELLANEOUS TREASURY.

The Attorney General of the United States is required to investigate the judgments and awards against the United States arising under an act of Congress entitled "an act to aid in the improvement of the Fox and Wisconsin Rivers in the State of Wisconsin" approved March third eighteen hundred and seventy-five, and to report to Congress at its next session whether the liability of the United States therefor is established and what amount is justly due thereon.

Attorney-General of U. S., to investigate judgments, etc., against United States, arising under act approved 1875, vol. 18, ch. 166, p. 506, and report to Congress.

To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to transfer from the appropriations for "Contingent expenses, Treasury Department, gas, and so forth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four," a sum not exceeding one thousand two hundred dollars, and from "Contingent expenses, Treasury Department, carpets, and so forth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four," a sum not exceeding two thousand four hundred dollars, and from "Contingent expenses, Treasury Department, furniture, and so forth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four," a sum not exceeding two thousand six hundred dollars, and from "Contingent expenses, Treasury Department, file-holders and cases, eighteen hundred and eighty-four," a sum not exceeding two thousand eight hundred dollars, to supply a deficiency in the appropriation for "Contingent expenses, Treasury Department, furniture, and so forth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five

Transfer of appropriations.

Treasury Department.

To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to transfer from the appropriation for "Contingent expenses, Treasury Department, horses, wagons, and so forth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four," so much as may be required to supply a deficiency in the appropriation "Contingent expenses, Treasury Department, miscellaneous items, eighteen hundred and eighty-five," not exceeding the sum of two thousand dollars.

To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to transfer from the appropriation for "Contingent expenses, Treasury Department, investigation of accounts, and so forth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four," so much as may be required to supply a deficiency in the appropriation "Contingent expenses, Treasury Department, freight, telegrams, and so forth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four," a sum not exceeding one hundred and fifty dollars.

To pay A. W. Bash on account of expenses of collecting the revenue from customs prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, seven hundred and forty-six dollars.

A. W. Bash, payment to.

To pay Phelps, Stokes and Company on account of refunding taxes illegally collected prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-two (internal revenue), four thousand and twenty dollars and thirty-six cents.

Phelps, Stokes & Co., payment to.

Repairs and preservation of custom-houses, court-houses, and other public buildings under control of the Treasury Department, fifteen thousand dollars

Repairs and preservation of custom-houses, etc.

For pay of assistant custodians and janitors, including all personal services in connection with all public buildings under control of the Treasury Department outside of the District of Columbia, seventy-five thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall so apportion this sum as to avoid any further deficiency on this account during the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-five.

Assistant custodians and janitors.

*Proriso.*

Fuel, light, water, and miscellaneous items required by the janitors and firemen in the proper care of the buildings, furniture, and heating apparatus, exclusive of personal service, for all public buildings under control of the Treasury Department being a deficiency for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-five, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Fuel, light, water. Miscellaneous.

To supply deficiencies in the appropriation for care, custody, and protection of lands and other property of the United States, being for expenses incurred by the Solicitor of the Treasury in perfecting the title

Care, custody, etc., of public lands.

of the United States to certain lands in Pennsylvania, and for advertising the sale of lands, as follows: For the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, twenty-six dollars and ninety-five cents; for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-two, nineteen dollars and ninety-five cents.

Payment to credit of the Union Pacific Railway Company.

For payment to the credit of the Union Pacific Railway Company (Kansas division) for transportation furnished January tenth, eighteen hundred and seventy-six, on account of the ethnological exhibit of the Smithsonian Institution at the International Exhibition, Philadelphia, eighteen hundred and seventy-six, thirty-three dollars and forty cents.

Reimbursement to keeper and assistant at Sharp's Island Light-Station, Maryland.

To reimburse the keeper and assistant keeper of the Sharp's Island Light-Station, Maryland, for actual loss of personal property sustained by them at the time said light-station was carried away by ice, February tenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-one, two hundred dollars.

Unexpended balances of amounts collected from seamen.

R. S., sec. 4585, p. 888.

R. S., sec. 4586, p. 888.

R. S., sec. 4587, p. 888.

R. S., sec. 4587, p. 888.

R. S., sec. 4587, p. 888.

R. S., sec. 4587, p. 888.

R. S., sec. 4587, p. 888.

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R. S., sec. 4587, p. 888.

R. S., sec. 4587, p. 888.

R. S., sec. 4587, p. 888.

That in addition to the amount received from duties on tonnage under section fifteen of the act of June twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, twenty-third Statutes, page fifty-seven, the unexpended balances of amounts, not exceeding one hundred and forty-two thousand dollars, remaining in the Treasury of hospital dues collected from seamen under section forty-five hundred and eighty-five, forty-five hundred and eighty-six, and forty-five hundred and eighty-seven of the Revised Statutes, be, and the same are hereby, appropriated and made available to meet the expenses of the Marine Hospital Service for the fiscal year ending, June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five.

For payment of the expenses of the committee of the National Academy of Sciences, incurred in preparing answers to inquiries of the joint commission considering the Government surveys, two hundred and thirty-nine dollars and ninety cents.

#### NATIONAL BOARD OF HEALTH.

Secretary of Board of Health.

For salary of the Secretary of the Board from April first, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, to March first, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, three thousand one hundred and thirty dollars.

Messenger.

For pay of messenger from July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, to March thirty-first, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, three hundred dollars.

Rent of building.

For rent of building from July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, to March thirty-first, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, nine hundred dollars.

#### COURT OF CLAIMS.

Judgments of Court of Claims, payment of.

For payment of the judgments of the Court of Claims as follows:

To the Great Falls Manufacturing Company, fifteen thousand six hundred and ninety-two dollars, with interest thereon at five per centum per annum from June sixteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-one; Sallie H. Palmer, thirty dollars; James W. Harvey and James Livesey, forty-four thousand six hundred and sixty-eight dollars and fifty-seven cents, with interest on sixteen thousand two hundred and fifty dollars and ninety-five cents thereof at five per centum per annum from November twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-three; Charles Morton, one hundred and sixty-nine dollars and seven cents; William H. Emory, one hundred and eighty-dollars; James H. North, three hundred and seventy-five dollars; John M. Mueller, seven hundred and forty-eight dollars and twenty-two cents; Joel F. Kinney, six thousand six hundred and ninety-three dollars and thirty cents; Jeremiah Harrison and William F. Harrison, nine hundred and forty dollars; Henry G. Brookings, one thousand seven hundred and twenty-two dollars and twenty-five cents; Delvaille and Joubert, four hundred and seventy-seven dollars and seventy-two cents; Levid J. Harris, executor, six thousand six hundred and six dollars and eight cents; Aristide Delvaille,

four hundred and twenty-two dollars and ninety-three cents; the National Match Company one hundred and thirty dollars; the Richardson Match Company four thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; the Alligator Match Company, one thousand and fifty dollars; Frederick P. Newton, one thousand five hundred and sixty dollars; William Gates's Sons, eight thousand four hundred and nineteen and eighty cents; Melvin T. Fripp, administrator of J. E. Lawrence Fripp, four hundred and eighty-eight dollars and eighty-one cents; the Cape Ann Granite Company fifty three thousand two hundred and ninety-one dollars; the board of field officers of the Fourth Brigade of South Carolina Volunteer State Troops, five thousand three hundred and thirty-nine dollars and sixty-seven cents; Edgar A. Walz, twelve thousand three hundred and sixty-five dollars and eleven cents; the Barbour Match Company, twelve thousand six hundred and thirty-three dollars; the James G. Hotchkiss Match Company, four hundred and seventy dollars and thirty-one cents; William J. Jenkins, five hundred and twenty-seven dollars and fifty-two cents; the Saint Louis Wine Company, thirty-two dollars and thirty cents; the Home Bitters Company, one hundred and fifty-two dollars and seventy-nine cents; E. Wilder and Company, sixty-one dollars and twenty cents; John F. Henry, and Company, two hundred and fifty-three dollars and eighty two cents; Bernard Riley, administrator of Thomas Gorman, one hundred dollars; V. E. Manger and John Petrie, junior, four hundred and sixty-four dollars and ten cents; V. E. Manger, one hundred and eighty-three dollars and sixty cents; Seth W. Fowle and Son, one hundred and thirty-five dollars and twenty cents; Robert Selden, one hundred dollars; Alexander C. Rhind, two hundred and fifty dollars; Charles H. McBlair, four hundred and fifty dollars; Stephen P. Quackenbush, one hundred and eighty-seven dollars and fifty cents; James H. Watmough, five hundred dollars; Dabney H. Maury, one hundred dollars; Marius Duvall, three hundred dollars; Douglas F. Forrest, eight hundred and seventy-five dollars; Marius Duvall, executor of Joshua R. Sands, deceased, six hundred and twenty-five dollars; Augustus Eichele, six thousand and forty-four dollars and seventy-three cents; Mary H. Lanier, three hundred and seventy-five dollars; Henry H. Lewis, three hundred and seventy-five dollars; Samuel P. Carter, one hundred and eighty-seven dollars and fifty cents; William B. Sinclair, three hundred dollars; Duncan N. Ingraham, six hundred and twenty-five dollars; Laura M. Chilton, one hundred and fifty dollars; Sarah L. Chander, one hundred and twenty dollars; Agnes R. Tilghman, three hundred and seventy-five dollars; Eloise J. Minor, four hundred dollars; Charles Thomas, three hundred and seventy-five dollars; John S. Maury, one hundred and eighty-seven dollars and fifty cents; Cornelia A. Stanley, three hundred and seventy-five dollars; Isaac Wilmoth, forty-three dollars and thirty-three cents; the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Company, four thousand six hundred and twenty-two dollars and eighty-five cents; John W. Beaman, ninety-one dollars and eighty-six cents; Thaddeus Thayer, eight hundred and nine dollars and twenty cents; Henry McGowan, three thousand dollars; Ezekial G. Byam, trading in the firm-name of Byam, Carlton Company, six thousand three hundred and thirty-nine dollars and thirty-five cents; Austin Messinger, two thousand and forty dollars; William Roeber, five thousand eight hundred and twenty-six dollars; the Excelsior Match Company, one thousand and forty-eight dollars and nine cents; Herman W. Newbauer, trading under the name of Newbauer and Company, four thousand six hundred and nine dollars; James Eaton, three thousand four hundred and ten dollars; Henry Stanton, one thousand five hundred and twenty-eight dollars and seventy-five cents; Phineas T. Ives, six hundred and ninety six dollars and seventy-eight cents; B. Bendel and Company, two thousand six hundred dollars; the Clark Match Company, three hundred and twenty dollars; Aristides Welch, five hundred dollars; Thomas R. Rootes, three hundred and seventy-

Judgments of  
Court of Claims,  
payment of, con-  
tinued.

five dollars; Lelia I. Sinclair, four hundred and fifty dollars; Elizabeth H. Spotts, two hundred and fifty dollars; A. F. Warley, one hundred and eighty-seven dollars and fifty cents; Merced G. Brent, three hundred and seventy-five dollars; William Leigh, four hundred and fifty dollars; Eliza M. Fairfax, four hundred and fifty dollars; Eliza H. Ramsay, one hundred and fifty dollars; Van R. Morgan, two hundred and fifty dollars; John T. Mason, three hundred dollars; Frederick Chatard, four hundred and fifty dollars; M. C. Meigs, three thousand three hundred and seventy dollars; Joseph W. Harrison, thirty-one dollars and seventy-eight cents, in all, two hundred and thirty-eight thousand four hundred and eighty-five dollars and nine cents; and a sufficient sum in addition thereto as may be necessary to pay the interest on the judgments in favor of the Great Falls Manufacturing Company and of James W. Harvey and James Livesey as above provided is hereby appropriated: *Provided*, That none of the aforesaid judgments shall be paid until the right of appeal shall have expired.

*Proviso.*

Not to be paid until right of appeal has expired.

District of Columbia.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Washington Gas-Light Company.

Payment to.  
Public Printer, payment to.

W. A. Gordon, payment to.

Boundary intercepting sewer.

Assessor's office.  
G. A. Hall, payment to.

Furniture, new school buildings.  
J. W. Boteler & Son, payment to.  
Auditor's office.  
Temporary clerk-hire.

District offices and markets.  
Fuel, ice, gas, etc.

Streets, sewers, etc.

Metropolitan police.

Metropolitan police, contingent expenses: To pay Washington Gas-Light Company, gas for police headquarters, May and June eighteen hundred and seventy-nine, fifty dollars and eighty five cents.

Executive office, contingent expenses: To pay the Public Printer for printing and binding three hundred copies of Report of Commissioners for eighteen hundred and eighty-one, three hundred and forty-one dollars and seventy-one cents.

Miscellaneous expenses: To pay W. A. Gordon, for examination of title, March, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, of lot eleven, block six, by order of A. G. Riddle, attorney District of Columbia, being a deficiency for eighteen hundred and eighty-two, twenty-five dollars.

Boundary intercepting sewer: That the unexpended balances of appropriation for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty, four hundred and fifty-seven dollars and fifty-nine cents, fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-one, six thousand four hundred and fourteen dollars and thirty cents, are hereby reappropriated and made available for labor and material applied to that work under contract numbered three hundred and eighty-nine, dated May twelfth, eighteen hundred and eighty-two.

Assessor's office: To pay G. A. Hall the difference between salary as messenger, at fifty dollars per month, and salary as clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars per annum, from July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, to June first, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, eleven months, he having performed the duties of clerk during that time, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, five hundred and fifty dollars.

Furniture for new school buildings: To pay J. W. Boteler and Son for furniture for Analostan school, being a deficiency for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty three, six dollars and fifty cents.

Auditor's office: For temporary clerk-hire to enable the auditor to bring up the books and arrange the records of his office and to audit the books of the collector, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, one hundred and forty three dollars and ninety-six cents.

District offices and markets: For fuel, ice, gas, repairs, and insurance, being a deficiency for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, sixty-four dollars and eighty-eight cents.

Streets: For cleaning and repairing lateral sewers and basins, four dollars and forty-eight cents; for cleaning tidal sewers, thirty-five dollars and eighty cents; in all, forty dollars and twenty-eight cents, being deficiencies for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four.

Metropolitan police: To complete the pay of the six members of the police force detailed under the act of January thirty-first, eighteen

hundred and eighty-three, for special services in the detection and prevention of crime, for such service, being a deficiency for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, four hundred and forty dollars.

Fire department, contingent expenses: To pay the Great Falls Ice Company for ice (June), eighteen hundred and eighty-four, being a deficiency for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four three dollars and ninety seven cents

For repairs to school buildings, being a deficiency for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, sixty-four dollars and seventeen cents.

Police court: For United States marshals' fees, thirty-two dollars and fifty cents; for contingent expenses, sixteen dollars and ninety-five cents; in all, forty-nine dollars and forty-five cents, being deficiencies for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four.

Expenses of assessing real property of the District of Columbia: To pay the following-named persons for clerical services in making numerical and assessment books, namely: F. G. Cowie, one hundred and thirty-eight dollars; G. A. Hall, four hundred and thirty-five dollars; W. E. Morgan, five hundred and five dollars; George S. Bell, one hundred and eighty dollars; Thomas B. Shoemaker, forty-five dollars; William Griffin, nine hundred dollars; E. W. W. Griffin, nine hundred dollars; R. A. Fish, nine hundred dollars; Frank Wilson, nine hundred dollars; J. T. Thompson, one hundred and seventy-one dollars; Charles D. Mervin, thirty dollars; in all, five thousand one hundred and four dollars.

And any balances of appropriations for the District of Columbia under the head of improvements and repairs for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-five that remain unexpended June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, may be applied to meeting deficiencies in any item of appropriations for the improvement or repair of streets and country roads for the same year.

Fire department: The proceeds of the sale of the Georgetown fish-wharf, namely, one thousand six hundred and sixty dollars and five cents, covered into the Treasury by the District appropriations act of July fifth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, shall, in lieu thereof, be credited in equal parts to the United States and to the District of Columbia.

Public schools: That two thousand dollars of the unexpended balance of the appropriation for the contingent fund of the public schools for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four is hereby reappropriated and made available for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-five.

That three thousand dollars of the proceeds of the sale of square one hundred and nine in the city of Washington, known as the Holmead Cemetery, shall be transferred by the Commissioners to the appropriation for the contingent expenses of the public schools for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five.

For rent of school-rooms, three hundred dollars.

To reimburse Seth L. Phelps for the costs in the supreme court District of Columbia, March thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-eight, in the contractors' cases, paid by him while a Commissioner of the District of Columbia, and which are set forth on page thirteen, House Executive Document Number One Hundred and Fifteen, Forty-eighth Congress, second session, one hundred and fifty-six dollars and fifty cents.

For payment of judgments against the District of Columbia, including interest and cost, two thousand two hundred and fourteen dollars and forty-one cents.

Washington Asylum: The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are hereby authorized to transfer the unexpended balance of appropriation for the support of the Washington Asylum for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, to the credit

Pay to members. 1883, vol. 22, ch. 41, p. 412.

Fire department. Great Falls Ice Company, payment to.

Repairs, school buildings.

Police court. United States marshals' fees and contingent expenses.

Expenses of assessing real property of District of Columbia.

Clerks, payment to.

Balances of appropriations for improvements and repairs for fiscal year 1885, unexpended by June 30, 1885, reappropriated.

Fire department. Proceeds sale of Georgetown fish-wharf.

Pamphlet laws, 48th Cong., 1st sess., p. 129.

Public schools.

Proceeds of sale of square known as Holmead Cemetery transferred to appropriation for contingent expenses of public schools year ending June 30, 1885.

Rent of school-rooms.

Seth L. Phelps, reimbursement to.

Judgments against District of Columbia.

Washington Asylum.

Unexpended balance, 1883, reappropriated.

of the appropriation for support of said asylum for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, to enable them to complete the construction and furnishing of the new hospital ward, and the said balance is hereby reappropriated for that purpose: *Provided*, That the total cost of constructing and furnishing said hospital ward shall not exceed four thousand dollars.

*Proviso.*

One-half of foregoing amounts for deficiencies to be paid by Treasury of United States and one-half by the District of Columbia.

Water department.

E. Francis Riggs, payment to.

That one half of the foregoing amounts to meet deficiencies in the appropriations on account of the District of Columbia shall be paid from the revenues of the District of Columbia and one-half from any money in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated.

Water department: To pay E. Francis Riggs for rent of lot three, square one hundred and seventy-five, for pump house, from October first, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, to June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, payable from the revenues of the water department, being a deficiency for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, one hundred and two dollars.

War Department.

WAR DEPARTMENT.

Compensation of conductor of elevator in building corner Seventeenth and F streets.

For compensation of conductor of hydraulic passenger elevator in the building corner of Seventeenth and F streets from January first, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, to June thirtieth eighteen hundred and eighty-five, six months, at sixty dollars per month, three hundred and sixty dollars.

Payment of taxes lots 6 and 7, square 169.

For payment of taxes upon lots numbered six and seven in square numbered one hundred and sixty nine, Washington, District of Columbia, assessed prior to July, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, including interest and cost of advertising, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-five and prior years, five hundred and forty-three dollars and thirty cents; and the Attorney General of the United States is hereby directed to proceed against the warrantors upon the covenants in the conveyance to recover back said sum, in the name of the United States.

Attorney-General to proceed against warrantors to recover sum.

Printing and binding for War Department and Bureaus.

For printing and binding for the War Department and its Bureaus, to be executed under the direction of the Public Printer, there is hereby reappropriated out of the unexpended balance of the appropriation for eighteen hundred and eighty four a sum not exceeding thirty thousand dollars for this purpose for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-five.

Quartermaster's Department.

QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT.

Miscellaneous items.

For postage; extra pay to soldiers employed under the direction of the Quartermaster's Department in the erection of barracks, quarters, and storehouses, and as clerks for post quartermasters at military posts; in the construction of roads, and other constant labor, for periods of not less than ten days, including those employed as clerks and messengers at Army, division, department, and district headquarters; expenses of expresses to and from the frontier posts and armies in the field, of escorts to paymasters and other disbursing officers, and to trains where military escort cannot be furnished; expenses of the interment of officers killed in action, or who die when on duty in the field or at military posts, and on the frontiers, or when traveling under orders, and of non-commissioned officers and soldiers; authorized office furniture; hire of laborers in the Quartermaster's Department, including the hire of interpreters, spies, and guides for the Army; compensation of clerks and other employees to officers of the Quartermaster's Department; compensation of forage and wagon masters, authorized by the act of July fifth, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight; for rewards for the apprehension, securing, and delivering of deserters, and for the expenses incident to their pursuit; and for the following expenditures required for the several regiments of cavalry, the batteries of light artillery, and such companies of infantry and scouts as may be mounted, and for the

trains, to wit: Hire of veterinary surgeons, and for medicine for horses and mules, picket-ropes, and for shoeing the horses and mules; also generally the proper and authorized expenses for the movement and operations of the Army not expressly assigned to any other department fifteen thousand dollars.

For extra pay to soldiers employed as clerks and messengers at Army division, and department headquarters during the first four days in July, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, three hundred and ninety-six dollars and sixty cents.

To John Finn, two thousand eight hundred dollars, being the purchase-price for mules bought from him in November, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, and payable from the appropriation for "Transportation of the Army and its supplies, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years" (fiscal year eighteen hundred and sixty five), which is exhausted

Extra pay to soldiers employed as clerks and messengers at Army division.

John Finn, payment to.

#### BUILDING AND GROUNDS IN AND AROUND WASHINGTON.

For improving, care, and maintenance of various reservations seven thousand dollars

For care and repair of and refurnishing the Executive Mansion, ten thousand dollars.

For fuel for the Executive Mansion and greenhouses, five hundred dollars.

Increasing the water supply of Washington, District of Columbia: For completing payment for land taken for a reservoir under the act to increase the water supply of the city of Washington, and for other purposes, approved July fifteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, in addition to a like amount appropriated for the same purpose by act of July seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, eighty-seven thousand five hundred dollars: *Provided*, That this appropriation shall be subject to the same provisions and restrictions named in said act of July fifteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-two

Public buildings and grounds.

Improving, care, etc., of reservations.

Executive Mansion.

Fuel for Executive Mansion and greenhouses.

Increase of water supply of Washington, D. C. 1882, vol. 22, ch. 294, p. 168.

*Provido.*

#### SIGNAL SERVICE

To complete the establishment of signal stations upon the island of Nantucket, and of submarine telegraphic communication from such stations to the mainland, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, being for the service of the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, twenty thousand dollars.

Observations and report of storms: For expenses of storm, cautionary, off-shore, and other signals on the sea and lake coasts of the United States, announcing the probable approach and force of storms, one thousand dollars.

For services of special hurricane observer at Barbadoes, West Indies, being for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, four hundred dollars.

For maintenance and repair of military telegraph lines, to pay enlisted men detailed from the line of the Army, for commutations for fuel, quarters, rations, and for extra-duty pay while engaged on extra duty repairing military telegraph lines, to supply deficiencies in the appropriation for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, and for prior years, five hundred dollars.

For forage for thirteen horses actually kept by officers in the public service, as allowed by paragraph eighteen hundred and ninety, Army Regulations, and the act making appropriations for the support of the Army, approved February twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-one, at one hundred and fifteen dollars each, per annum, one thousand four hundred and ninety-five dollars.

For straw for thirteen horses actually kept by officers in the public service, as allowed by paragraph eighteen hundred and ninety, Army Regulations, and the act making appropriations for the support of the

Signal Service.

Signal stations, Nantucket I.

Submarine telegraphic communication.

Observation and report of storms.

Special hurricane observer at Barbadoes, West Indies.

Maintenance and repair of military telegraph lines.

Enlisted men. Commutations for fuel, quarters, etc.

Forage for horses. 1881, vol. 21, ch. 79, p. 348.

Straw for horses. 1881, vol. 21, ch. 79, p. 348.

Army, approved February twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-one, at eight dollars and forty cents each per annum, one hundred and nine dollars and twenty cents.

**Transportation.**

Means of transportation, namely: For one horse, to replace one rendered unserviceable since appropriation for present fiscal year was passed, two hundred dollars.

**Observation and exploration in Arctic seas.**

Observations and explorations in Arctic seas: For completing the work of scientific observation and exploration on or near the shores of Lady Franklin Bay, being for the service of the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, and prior years, as follows:

**Watch purchased by Lieutenant Greely.**

To pay for one watch purchased by Lieutenant Greely and used in the field, fifty dollars.

**Negatives, drawings, etc.**

For negatives, drawings, engravings, and reproduction of maps, charts, specimens, and so forth, and for translation of stenographic notes, eight hundred and forty dollars.

**Translation of stenographic notes.**

For conditional rewards to members of the expedition engaged in making the highest latitudes, namely, Sergeant D. L. Brainard, Sergeant J. R. Fredericks, Sergeant D. Lynn, Sergeant D. C. Ralston, Sergeant W. S. Jewell, J. Elison, and N. Salor, payments to, four hundred dollars.

**D. L. Brainard, J. R. Fredericks, D. Lynn, D. C. Ralston, W. S. Jewell, J. Elison, and N. Salor, payments to.**

**Thorlip F. Christensen and James Edward (Esquimaux), payment to.**

For services of two Esquimaux, Thorlip Frederick Christensen and James Edward, as hunters, fishers, and dog-drivers, from July twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-one, to April fifth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, in case of former, and from July twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-one, to April thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, in case of latter, twenty-five dollars per month each, one thousand six hundred and fifty-nine dollars and seventeen cents.

**Gratuity to families of Jens Edwards and Frederick T. Christiansen, deceased.**

For a gratuity of three hundred dollars each to the families of Jens Edwards, Esquimaux, and Frederick Thorlip Christiansen, Esquimaux, both of whom perished while in the employ of the Lady Franklin Bay expedition, six hundred dollars.

**NATIONAL CEMETERIES.**

**Removal of remains of Union soldiers, sailors, etc., to new national cemetery.**

For the removal of the remains of Union soldiers, sailors' and marines, and prisoners of war from the several soldiers' lots in incorporated cemeteries at Philadelphia and vicinity to the new national cemetery to be established near that city, and for such improvements to these new grounds as may be necessary, seven thousand dollars.

**Miscellaneous.**

**MISCELLANEOUS OBJECTS**

**National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, support of.**

Support of National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers: Current expenses, including construction and repairs, bedding and clothing, out-door relief, and incidental expenses, forty thousand dollars.

**Pay to two and three year volunteers.**

Pay of two and three year volunteers: For payment of arrears of pay, and so forth, to officers and men who served in the war of the rebellion, which may be certified during the current fiscal year to be due by the accounting officers of the Treasury Department, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and seventy-one and prior years, fifty thousand dollars.

**Bounty to volunteers, their widows and legal heirs.**

Bounty to volunteers and their widows and legal heirs: For payment of amounts of bounty to volunteer soldiers who served in the war of the rebellion, and their widows and legal heirs, which may be certified during the current fiscal year to be due by the accounting officers of the Treasury Department, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and seventy-one and prior years, sixty thousand dollars.

**Payment of amounts of additional bounty.**

Bounty under act of July twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six: For payment of amounts of additional bounty under the act of July twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, which may be certified

during the current fiscal year to be due by the accounting officers of the Treasury Department, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty and prior years, fifty thousand dollars. 1866, vol. 14, ch. 296, p. 322.

Commutation of rations to prisoners of war and soldiers on furlough: For payment of amounts which may be certified during the current fiscal year to be due by the accounting officers of the Treasury Department for commutation of rations to prisoners of war in rebel States and soldiers on furlough, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and seventy-one and prior years, five thousand dollars. Commutation of rations to prisoners of war and soldiers on furlough.

## NAVY DEPARTMENT.

For completing the new naval cruisers and dispatch-boat: Under construction and repair, seventy-five thousand three hundred and fifty-seven dollars and twenty-three cents; under steam-engineering, eighty-six thousand nine hundred and eighty-three dollars and fifty-seven cents; and all balances of appropriations heretofore made under any Bureau of the Navy Department for any one of said vessels may be used under the same Bureau for any other of said vessels.

Navy Department.  
Completion of new naval cruisers and dispatch boat.

To pay the Harlan and Hollingsworth Company for the use and occupation of their ship-yard by the iron-clad Amphitrite, and the care of said vessel, and expenses to which they were subject for watching and storage of turrets, pilot-houses, guns, and so forth, from July eighth, eighteen hundred and seventy-six, to December twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, sixty-seven thousand nine hundred and eighty-seven dollars. Harlan and Hollingsworth Company, payment to.

To pay William Cramp and Sons for the use and occupation of their ship-yard by the iron-clad Terror, and for care and storage of the turrets, guns, and so forth, from July eighth, eighteen hundred and seventy-six, to December thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, seventy-five thousand seven hundred and ninety dollars. William Cramp & Son, payment to.

To pay John Roach for the use and occupation of his ship-yard by the iron-clad Puritan, and for the care of said vessel and storage of her turrets, guns, and so forth, from July eighth, eighteen hundred and seventy-six, to December twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, sixty-nine thousand two hundred and one dollars: *Provided*, That no moneys hereby appropriated for the above three mentioned ships shall be paid except upon full receipt and discharge of all claims of the parties to whom the same may be paid for care and storage of said vessels, turrets, guns, and so forth, for use and occupation of these several yards. John Roach, payment to.

For payment to Royce and Marean for labor and materials in putting up electric bells in the Navy Department, two hundred and five dollars and eighty cents; for payment to F. A. Belt for lumber furnished the Navy Department, fifty dollars and forty-five cents; for payment to George C. Maynard for electric bells furnished Bureau of Construction and Repair, sixty-two dollars and fifty cents; in all, three hundred and eighteen dollars and seventy-five cents, being a deficiency on account of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four. Royce and Marean  
F. A. Belt.  
George C. Maynard.

For payment of amount found due by the accounting officers to the Union Pacific Railroad Company for transportation of books and charts, per report number two hundred and forty-three thousand four hundred and eighty-five, all being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, one hundred and twenty-one dollars and ninety-six cents. Union Pacific Railroad Company.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers on account of contingent expenses, Naval Observatory, for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, twenty-eight dollars and twenty cents. Contingent expenses.

## NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT.

For payment to the following newspapers for advertising proposals for new steel cruisers for the United States Navy, in May, eighteen Newspapers for advertising.

hundred and eighty-three, namely: Sunday Chronicle, Washington, ninety-nine dollars and forty-five cents; Sunday Herald, Washington, one hundred and twenty-eight dollars and twenty-five cents; National Republican, Washington, one hundred and eighty-four dollars and fifty cents; in all, four hundred and twelve dollars and twenty cents.

Miscellaneous.  
Traveling ex-  
penses of officers.

Pay, Navy, miscellaneous: To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers on account of traveling expenses of officers of the Navy traveling under orders, being for the service of the first half of the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, two thousand one hundred and ninety-one dollars and eighty-seven cents.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers on account of traveling expenses of officers of the Navy traveling under orders, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, one thousand five hundred and two dollars and seventy-one cents.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers on account of traveling expenses of officers of the Navy traveling under orders, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, one thousand six hundred and forty-seven dollars and thirty-two cents.

Actual expenses.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers on account of actual expenses, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, one thousand six hundred and eighty dollars.

Marine Corps.  
Contingent ex-  
penses.

Contingent, Marine Corps: To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers on account of freight and transportation, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, one hundred and fifteen dollars and fifty-four cents.

Quartermaster's  
Office.  
Payment of ac-  
counts on file.

To pay accounts on file for payment in Quartermaster's Office, namely: Frank B. Conger, postmaster, Washington, postage, thirty-eight dollars and seventy-two cents; John T. Howe, apprehending stragglers, twenty dollars; James Magee, apprehending deserter, twenty dollars; John Clifford, apprehending stragglers, ten dollars; H. Wilson, apprehending stragglers, twenty dollars; in all, one hundred and eight dollars and seventy-two cents, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four.

Freight; trans-  
portation.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers, on account of freight and transportation, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, forty-eight dollars and ninety-four cents.

Naval Academy.

Miscellaneous, Naval Academy: To pay amount found due by the accounting officers on account of freight, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, twenty-five cents.

Bureau of Navi-  
gation.

Contingent, Bureau of Navigation: To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers on account of freight, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, twenty-five dollars and thirty-one cents.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers on account of freight, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, six dollars and thirty-eight cents.

Bureau of Ord-  
nance.

Contingent, Bureau of Ordnance: To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers on account of freight, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, two hundred and nine dollars and ninety-eight cents—

Bureau of Equip-  
ment and Recruit-  
ing

Contingent, Bureau of Equipment and Recruiting: To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers on account of freight and transportation, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, nine hundred and sixty-eight dollars and seventy-six cents.

Freight and  
transportation.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers on account of freight and transportation, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, sixty dollars and seven cents.

Bureau of Yards  
and Docks.

Contingent, Bureau of Yards and Docks: To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers on account of freight, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, six hundred and eighteen dollars and ninety-five cents.

Contingent Bureau of Medicine and Surgery: To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers on account of freight, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, forty-five dollars and thirty-nine cents. Bureau of Medicine and Surgery.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers on account of freight, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, thirty-seven dollars and eighty cents.

Provisions, Navy, Bureau of Provisions and Clothing: To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers on account of rations, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, one hundred and three dollars and ninety cents. Bureau of Provisions and Clothing.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers on account of rations, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, fifty-nine dollars.

Steam-machinery, Bureau of Steam-Engineering: To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers on account of freight, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, one hundred and fifty dollars and eleven cents. Bureau of Steam-Engineering.

For payment to Lieutenant W. H. Jaques, United States Navy, for actual and necessary expenses incurred in obtaining information while performing the duties as secretary to the Gun Foundry Board organized by the President in accordance with the act of Congress approved March third, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, one hundred and eighty dollars. Lieut. W. H. Jaques. Payment to. 1883, vol. 22, ch. 97, p. 474.

## INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

For reconstructing Interior Department (heating apparatus), eighteen thousand eight hundred and forty-nine dollars. Interior Department. Reconstruction.

To pay amount found due by the accounting officers to the Central Pacific Railroad Company on account of contingent expenses, General Land Office, being a deficiency on account of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, forty-three dollars and eighty cents. Central Pacific Railroad Company. Payment to.

## PUBLIC LANDS SERVICE.

For compensation of clerks and draughtsmen in the office of the surveyor-general of New Mexico employed in the completion of surveys under contracts payable from deposits by individuals, for the survey of public lands, and the payment of other expenses connected therewith, three thousand seven hundred and sixty-two dollars and thirty-nine cents. Compensation of clerks and draughtsmen.

For salaries and commissions of registers of land-offices and receivers of public moneys at district land-offices, twenty-five thousand dollars. Salaries and commissions of registers of land offices, etc.

For incidental expenses of the several land-offices twenty-five thousand dollars. Incidental expenses.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers on account of contingent expenses of land-offices, being a deficiency for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, sixty-two dollars and twenty-eight cents. Contingent expenses.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers on account of depredations on public timber, being a deficiency for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, one thousand six hundred and forty-one dollars and eighty-seven cents. Depredations of public timber.

For the protection of public lands from illegal and fraudulent entry or appropriation, twenty-five thousand dollars. Protection of public lands.

To enable the Commissioner of the General Land Office to continue to reproduce worn and defaced official plats of surveys on file, and other plats constituting a part of the records of said office, and also to furnish local land-offices with the same, three thousand dollars. Commissioner of General Land Office to continue to reproduce worn and defaced official plats of surveys on file, etc.

Expense of depositing public moneys.

Surveying public lands.

William M. Garvey.

Payment to legal representatives of.  
*Proviso.*

Daniel Chaplin, payment to.

P. J. Kaufman, payment to.

*Proviso.*

Abolishment of office of Tenth Census.

Work unfinished transferred to Secretary of Interior.

Clerks to be appointed.

Disposition of unexpended balance.

Payment of obligations.

Expense of depositing public moneys: For expense of depositing money received from the sale of public lands, three thousand dollars.

Surveying the public lands: To pay amount found due by the accounting officers on account of surveying public lands, being deficiencies as follows: For the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, five thousand three hundred and seventy-three dollars and six cents; for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, two thousand and ninety-four dollars and eighty-one cents.

Payment to the legal representatives of William M. Garvey: To pay amount found due by the accounting officers to William M. Garvey, late receiver of public moneys at Cheyenne, Wyoming, three hundred and fifty dollars and sixty-three cents: *Provided*, That of this amount the sum of one hundred and eighty-eight dollars and twenty cents shall be carried to his credit on his account as late disbursing agent to June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty, the amount due by him to that date.

Payment to Daniel Chaplin: To pay amount found due by the accounting officers to Daniel Chaplin, late receiver of public moneys at La Grande, Oregon, one thousand and five dollars and ninety-nine cents.

Payment to P. J. Kaufman: To pay amount found due by the accounting officers to P. J. Kaufman, late receiver of public moneys at Huntsville, Alabama, ninety-one dollars and twenty-five cents: *Provided*, That this amount shall be carried to his credit on his account as acting disbursing agent.

#### TENTH CENSUS.

That the office of the Tenth Census is hereby abolished, and the terms of office of the Superintendent and of all employees appointed under the provisions of the act of March third, eighteen hundred and seventy nine, entitled "An act to provide for the taking of the tenth and subsequent censuses," or of any subsequent act relating to the Tenth Census, shall cease and terminate from the date of the passage of this act; and no further expenditures, whether for salaries or expenses, shall be made on account of the Tenth Census, except as hereinafter provided. The unfinished work of the Tenth Census shall be completed in the office of the Secretary of the Interior, to whom the records and other property of the Census Office shall be transferred; and the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to appoint from the date of the passage of this act, and for the term of one year from the date of such appointments, a clerical force for duty in said division, which force shall consist of one clerk of class four; one clerk of class three, who shall be a practical printer; one clerk of class two; one clerk of class one; and one copyist at nine hundred dollars per annum; and for the payment of the salaries of such force the sum of six thousand nine hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated; and any balances of appropriations for the Tenth Census heretofore made which shall remain unexpended at the date of the passage of this act shall be applied to the liquidation of any liabilities for the work of the Tenth Census which have been incurred heretofore and remain unpaid at such date; but this provision shall not apply to any unexpended balance of the appropriation for printing the report of the Tenth Census made by act of August seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, but such balance shall be applied as provided in that act. The foregoing provisions relating to the Tenth Census shall take effect from the passage of this act.

For payment of obligations outstanding prior to January first, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, fifteen thousand dollars.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Miscellaneous.

To pay Miss Emma Dowell for clerical services rendered in the Interior Department in July, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, twenty-nine dollars and thirty-five cents.

Emma Dowell,  
payment to.

Current expenses, Government Hospital for the Insane: To supply a deficiency in the appropriation for support of the Government Hospital for the Insane, fifteen thousand dollars.

Government Hos-  
pital for the In-  
sane.

Support of Freedmen's Hospital and Asylum: For the necessary alterations in the porches of the several buildings of the Freedmen's Hospital and Asylum to make them a means of fire-escapes, to purchase two hundred feet of fire-hose, and to replace the wainscot of two wards, one thousand dollars.

Freedmen's Hos-  
pital and Asylum.

Furniture and fixtures, National Museum: To pay sundry bills for miscellaneous fixtures and for glass for exhibition cases for the National Museum, being for the service of the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, two thousand eight hundred and ninety one dollars and forty-two cents.

National Mu-  
seum.  
Furniture and  
fixtures.

Preservation of collections, National Museum: To meet expenses of receiving, packing, transporting to Washington, and installing, or storing, such new specimens and collections as may be presented to the United States at the New Orleans Exposition, to be available for the fiscal years ending June thirtieth eighteen hundred and eighty-five and eighteen hundred and eighty-six, five thousand dollars.

Preservation of  
collections.

For cost of restoring the collections sent to the New Orleans Exposition to their proper places in the National Museum, including repair of cases and renewal of glass, to be available for the fiscal years ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five and eighteen hundred and eighty-six, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Restoration of  
collection sent to  
New Orleans Ex-  
position.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

For this amount to pay claims for material furnished and labor performed on irrigating ditch and flume at the San Carlos Agency, Arizona, in eighteen hundred and eighty-one and eighteen hundred and eighty-two, being a deficiency for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth eighteen hundred and eighty-two, and prior years, namely: To C. P. Schneider, balance due, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine dollars and seventy-six cents; to M. W. Breman, balance due, one thousand and nineteen dollars and forty-four cents; to James Thompson and Albert Baughman, balance due, seven hundred and eighty-seven dollars and ninety-four cents; in all, three thousand six hundred and sixty-seven dollars and fourteen cents.

Payment to C. P.  
Schneider, M. W.  
Breman, James  
Thompson, and Al-  
bert Baughman.

For amount due to the Globe Printing Company of Saint Louis, Missouri, for advertising proposals for Indian supplies and stock-cattle in March and April, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, as per certificate of Second Comptroller, December twenty second, eighteen hundred and eighty four, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, one hundred and ninety-seven dollars and thirty-four cents.

Globe Printing  
Company of Saint  
Louis, Mo., pay-  
ment to.

To reimburse the Creek Nation for liabilities incurred in defraying the expenses of its delegation while engaged in negotiating the treaty of eighteen hundred and sixty-six, so much of their funds erroneously used to pay expenses of taking a census in eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, not exceeding the sum of one thousand four hundred and eighty-two dollars, is hereby reappropriated from the amount of one thousand nine hundred and forty-four dollars and sixty-four cents of the appropriation provided for taking said census carried to the surplus fund.

Creek Nation.  
Reimbursement  
to.

To enable the accounting officers to adjust certain appropriations on the books of the Department, the sum of seven hundred and twenty-eight dollars and seventy-seven cents is hereby reappropriated, six hundred and twenty eight dollars and seventy seven cents thereof to be carried to the credit of the appropriation, "Fulfilling treaties with

Adjustment of  
certain appropri-  
ations on books of  
the Department.

- Creeks, proceeds of lands," and one hundred dollars to "Payment to certain Creek Indians for individual reserves sold, and so forth," being amounts found due these appropriations in the adjustment of the accounts of W. H. Garrett, late Indian agent.
- Osage Indians.**  
**Payment to heirs of.**  
 1877, vol. 19, ch. 101, p. 292.  
 The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized and directed to pay to the heirs of certain Osage Indians killed while on a hunt on Medicine Lodge Creek, in eighteen hundred and seventy-three, the balance on hand of the sum of five thousand dollars appropriated by act approved March third, eighteen hundred and seventy-seven, "to reimburse the Osages for losses sustained, and in accordance with pledges by their agent," amounting to two thousand four hundred and fifty-one dollars and fifty cents, which is hereby reappropriated for this purpose.
- Shoshone Indians, Wyoming.**  
 1882, vol. 22, ch. 434, p. 341.  
 To supply a deficiency in the appropriation for the support of the Shoshone Indians in Wyoming, two thousand dollars.  
 For this amount, or so much thereof as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of the act of August seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, for appraisement of certain lands belonging to Omaha Indians in Nebraska, being amounts due for services rendered by Daniel Duggan, Henry Fontanelle, and estate of John B. Detweiler, commissioners for appraisement, said sum to be reimbursed to the United States out of the proceeds of the sale of said lands, three hundred and eighty-six dollars and sixty-three cents.
- Mary Dunnell, relief of.**  
 For this amount, or as much thereof as may be necessary for the relief of Mary Dunnell, for boarding an insane Chippewa Indian girl, at the White Earth Agency, Minnesota, during eighteen hundred and eighty-one, two hundred and eighty-four dollars.
- Thomas C. Power, payment to.**  
 Transportation of Indian supplies: For this amount due Thomas C. Power for transporting Indian supplies under contract, as per certificate of Second Comptroller, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-one, sixteen dollars and one cent.  
 For this amount due Thomas C. Power for transporting Indian supplies under contract, as per certificates of the Second Comptroller, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty two, one hundred and fifty-six dollars and eighty cents.
- Albert E. Whyland, payment to.**  
 For this amount due Albert E. Whyland for transporting Indian supplies under contract, as per certificate of Second Comptroller, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-two, seven hundred and two dollars and eight cents.
- Support of schools.**  
 Support of schools: For difference between amount appropriated and one hundred and sixty-seven dollars for each of one hundred and twenty Indian pupils at Hampton School during the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty five, one thousand and forty dollars; for additional amount for transportation of pupils to and from said school for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-five, one thousand dollars; in all, two thousand and forty dollars.

**Post-Office Department.**

**POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.**

**Contingent expenses.**  
**Advertising.**

**Contingent expenses:** For this amount to pay bills for advertising for the Post Office Department, being a deficiency on account of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, one hundred and eighty-five dollars and ninety-seven cents.

**POSTAL SERVICE.**

**Wrapping-paper.**

**Wrapping-paper:** To supply a deficiency in the appropriation for wrapping paper, five thousand dollars.

**Wrapping-twine.**

**Wrapping-twine:** To supply a deficiency in the appropriation for cotton, jute, and hemp twines, twelve thousand dollars.

**Free-delivery service.**

**Free-delivery service:** To pay substitute letter-carriers for service of carriers on leave, fifteen thousand dollars.

Railroad transportation: To supply a deficiency in the appropriation for transportation on railroad routes, eight hundred and fifty thousand dollars. Railroad transportation.

Clerks in post-offices: To supply a deficiency in the appropriation for clerks in post-offices, seventy five thousand dollars. Clerks in post-offices.

Railway post-office-car service: To supply a deficiency in the appropriation for railway post-office-car service, one hundred thousand dollars. Railway post-office-car service.

Transportation of foreign mails: The Postmaster-General is hereby authorized to pay to the Panama Railway Company, for transportation of mails across the Isthmus of Panama, out of the appropriation for transportation of foreign mails for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-five, not exceeding three thousand dollars. Panama Railway Company for transportation of mails.

Railway post-office-car service: To supply a deficiency in the appropriation for railway post-office-car service, being for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, six thousand eight hundred and fifteen dollars and sixty-six cents. Railway post-office-car service.

Ship, steamboat, and way letters: For this amount expended by postmasters in excess of appropriation, fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, one hundred and fourteen dollars and eighty-eight cents. Ship, steamboat, and way letters.

Compensation of postmasters: Amount retained by postmasters in excess of appropriation, fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, three hundred and thirty three thousand eight hundred and thirty dollars and eighty seven cents. Postmasters.

Stationery: For amount of authorized expenditure in excess of appropriation, fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty four, two hundred and thirty-three dollars and ninety-three cents. Stationery.

To enable the accounting officers of the Treasury to settle the accounts of Seymour W. Tullock, late acting postmaster at Washington, District of Columbia, on account of stationery for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty three, three hundred and two dollars and thirty one cents. Seymour W. Tullock, settlement of accounts of.

For allowance for stationery to the postmaster at Richmond, Virginia, on account of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, eighty-five dollars and seventy cents. Allowance of stationery to postmaster at Richmond, Va.

Railroad transportation: To pay amounts found due on account of railroad transportation, being a deficiency for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four, three hundred and forty-six thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven dollars and ninety-seven cents. Railroad transportation.

Office furniture: To supply a deficiency in the appropriation for office furniture for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, six thousand three hundred and eighty-nine dollars and thirty cents. Office furniture.

Clerk-hire: To supply a deficiency in the appropriation for clerk-hire for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, seven hundred and sixty-two dollars and sixty-six cents. Clerk-hire.

For allowance for clerk hire to postmaster at Richmond Virginia on account of fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty three two hundred and twenty five dollars and fifty cents

For balance of expenses incurred by E. B. Dawson, late postmaster, Boonton, New Jersey, in connection with pursuit of parties who robbed the post office in Boonton, New Jersey, in April eighteen hundred and eighty three twenty eight dollars and eighty two cents. E. B. Dawson.

Compensation of postmasters: For this amount retained by postmasters as compensation, less counter-entries, being a deficiency for eighteen hundred and eighty two and prior years, four hundred and eighty-nine dollars and ninety-seven cents. Compensation of postmasters.

The foregoing sums for the postal service shall be payable from the postal revenues of the respective years to which they are properly chargeable. Foregoing sums for postal service payable from postal revenues of respective years.

The Postmaster-General is hereby authorized to credit the account of William E. Blunt, postmaster at Haverhill, Massachusetts, in the sum William E. Blunt, credit account of.

of two thousand three hundred dollars, being the value of the postage stamps stolen from his office during the night of October thirty-first eighteen hundred and eighty three, he having accounted to the United States for the amount of said stamps.

### DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

Contingent expenses, being deficiencies on account of fiscal year 1884.

For contingent expenses, as follows, being deficiencies on account of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four: For furniture and repairs, eight hundred and eighty-four dollars and eighty cents; for stationery, six hundred and five dollars and ninety five cents; for horses and wagons, twelve dollars and twenty-five cents; for miscellaneous items; one thousand two hundred and sixty-three dollars and eighty-eight cents. in all two thousand seven hundred and sixty six dollars and eighty eight cents

Contingent expenses, being deficiencies on account of fiscal year 1883.

For contingent expenses, as follows, being deficiencies on account of the year eighteen hundred and eighty-three: For furniture and repairs, three hundred and eighty-three dollars and thirty cents; for horses and wagons, one hundred and thirty-four dollars and ten cents; for miscellaneous items, one hundred and thirty-six dollars and thirty-one cents; in all, six hundred and fifty-three dollars and seventy-one cents.

State asylum, Auburn, N. Y., payment to.

To enable the Attorney-General to pay the State asylum for the care of insane criminals at Auburn, New York, for the United States convicts for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty five, nine hundred and thirty-six dollars.

### JUDICIAL.

Fees and expenses of marshals, United States courts.

For fees and expenses of marshals, United States courts, one hundred thousand dollars.

Paul Strobach. Settlement of accounts.

To enable the accounting officers to settle the accounts of Paul Strobach, late United States marshal for southern district of Alabama, from April sixteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty four to May twenty fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty four, in the manner prescribed by law for the settlement of United States marshals' accounts, so much money as may be necessary for this purpose, not exceeding nine hundred dollars.

Edward S. Kearney.

Settlement and payment of accounts.

To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to settle and pay the accounts of Edward S. Kearney, late United States marshal of the district of Oregon, from March third, eighteen hundred and eighty-four to August first, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, two thousand eight hundred and twenty dollars and forty-six cents, or so much thereof as shall be necessary.

District attorneys and assistants.

For payment of district attorneys and their assistants, forty thousand dollars.

For payment of district attorneys and their assistants being a deficiency for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four ten thousand dollars.

Andrews and Thornburg, payment to.

For payment to Andrews and Thornburg on account of fees of district attorneys and their assistants, being a deficiency for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty two, two thousand three hundred and sixty seven dollars and five cents

District attorneys and assistants.

For payment of district attorneys and their assistants, being a deficiency for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, three thousand dollars.

S. F. Rice, payment to.

For payment of S. F. Rice on account of fees of district attorneys and their assistants, being a deficiency for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty three, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Fees for clerks.

For fees of clerks, twenty thousand dollars.

For fees of commissioners and justices of the peace acting as commissioners twenty thousand dollars

Fees for commissioners and justices of the peace.

For fees of commissioners and justices of the peace acting as commissioners being a deficiency for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty four five thousand dollars

For fees of commissioners and justices of the peace acting as commissioners, being a deficiency for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, three thousand dollars.

Fees for jurors.

Fees for witnesses.

For fees of jurors, fifty thousand dollars.

For fees of witnesses, one hundred thousand dollars.

For fees of witnesses, being a deficiency for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty three, one thousand dollars.

For rent of United States court rooms, being a deficiency for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty four, three thousand six hundred and sixteen dollars and forty cents.

Rent of United States court rooms.

For expenses of Territorial courts in Utah, being a deficiency for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, two thousand eight hundred and thirty dollars and twenty-six cents.

Expenses of Territorial courts in Utah.

To pay Hallet Kilbourn, of Washington City, the sum of twenty thousand dollars, with interest thereon from the twenty-sixth day of March, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, and the further sum of one hundred and forty-three dollars and seventeen cents cost, the same being the amount of the judgement rendered in favor of the said Kilbourn against John G. Thompson, late Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives, in the supreme court of the District of Columbia.

Hallet Kilbourn. Payment to.

To pay John G. Thompson the sum of five thousand dollars being the sum allowed him for expenses, labor, and attention in respect to the said case.

John G. Thompson. Payment to.

To pay Shellabarger and Wilson, of Washington City, attorneys at law, two thousand dollars, for professional services in the above case.

Shellabarger & Wilson. Payment to.

To pay Walter H. Smith, of Washington City, one thousand dollars, for fees for services rendered in said case.

Walter H. Smith. Payment to.

## PUBLIC PRINTING AND BINDING

For printing and binding as follows: For the Interior Department fifty thousand dollars; for the State Department, five thousand dollars; and for the Court of Claims four thousand dollars; in all, fifty-nine thousand dollars.

Printing and binding. Interior Department, State Department, and Court of Claims.

## EXPENSES OF THE UNITED STATES EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS AT WORLDS INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION AT NEW ORLEANS.

That any surplus arising from appropriations made to either of the Departments by act of July seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, for participation in the World's Industrial Cotton Centennial Exposition at New Orleans, may be used for the purpose of liquidating the indebtedness of any other Department, subject to the provision affecting the same in the sundry civil appropriation bill passed this session.

Transfer of surplus of appropriation from World's Industrial Exhibition from any one Department to other Departments.

Ante p. 207.

## SENATE

For salaries of officers and employees for fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-five, seven thousand three hundred and four dollars.

Pay of officers and employees.

For horses and wagons, five hundred dollars.

Horses, etc.

For folding documents, one thousand dollars

Folding documents.

For furniture and repairs, seven thousand dollars

Furniture.

Expenses of investigations ordered by Senate.

For expenses of inquiries and investigations ordered by the Senate, fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty four, four hundred and forty four dollars.

For expenses of inquiries and investigations ordered by the Senate for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-five, fifteen thousand dollars; and that the four select committee clerks now employed by the Senate and paid out of this appropriation be paid the same compensation and for the same period as is provided for the payment of session clerks employed by the Senate

Clerks to Senators.

For clerks to Senators, six thousand eight hundred and fifty-two dollars.

Miscellaneous items.

For miscellaneous items, twenty seven thousand dollars.

C. H. Hitchcock.  
Payment to.

For pay C H. Hitchcock for services as messenger from eighteenth day of April to thirty-first of July, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, four hundred and ten dollars and seven cents.

Thomas W. Manchester.

For pay Thomas W. Manchester for services as messenger from fifteenth day of April to thirty-first of July eighteen hundred and eighty-four, four hundred and twenty-five dollars and ninety cents.

Beverly Hudnell.

For Beverly Hudnell for services as laborer from fifteenth day of May to thirty-first of July, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, one hundred and forty-five dollars.

W. P. Brownlow.

For W. P. Brownlow for extra services in folding-room up to May twenty-fifth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, two hundred and forty dollars.

Ross Broadhead.

For Ross Broadhead for extra services as clerk in folding-room from July first, eighteen hundred and eighty four, to January first, eighteen hundred and eighty five, two hundred dollars

W. H. May.

For W. H. May for services as messenger from first of August, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, to thirtieth of November, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, four hundred and seventy-seven dollars and forty cents.

A. A. Johnson.

For A. A. Johnson for extra services as skilled laborer and acting messenger from January twenty-second, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, to March fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, five hundred and seventy-four dollars and fifty-six cents.

W. B. Clark.

For W. B. Clark for extra services as laborer up to March fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, one hundred and eighty dollars.

Geo. F. Potter.

To pay Geo F. Potter, an employee of the Senate post-office, five hundred and twenty dollars, being the difference between the pay of a laborer and that of a clerk from February sixth eighteen hundred and eighty four, to March fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five.

T. B. Keleher.

For compensation to T. B. Keleher from December, in eighteen hundred and eighty two to February, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, as skilled laborer and acting messenger, two hundred and fifty dollars.

House of Representatives.

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Newspapers; stationery.

For newspapers and stationery, eight hundred and seventy-five dollars.

Session employees.

To supply a deficiency in the appropriation for session employees of the House, as follows: For committee clerks, one thousand three hundred and two dollars; for pages, five hundred and seven dollars and fifty cents; for messengers in the post office, eighty-six dollars and sixty cents; for laborers, one hundred and thirty-seven dollars; for cloak-room men, ninety dollars and thirty-two cents; in all two thousand two hundred and twenty-three dollars and forty-two cents.

Allowances to parties in full of expenses incurred by them in contested-election cases.

For allowance to the parties named below in full of expenses incurred by them in contested-election cases: To Martin Maginnis, one thousand five hundred dollars; A. C. Botkin, one thousand two hundred dollars; J. O. Broadhead, one thousand dollars; J. H. McLean, one thousand

dollars; and to Geo. H. Craig, seven hundred and fifty dollars; in all, five thousand four hundred and fifty dollars.

To pay George H. Craig for allowance for stationery for first session of the Forty-eighth Congress, one hundred and twenty-five dollars.

To pay Charles M. Shelley in full for expenses incurred in his contested election case, five hundred dollars.

To pay G. Sessinghaus balance of allowance for newspapers and stationery due him as a member of the Forty-seventh Congress, two hundred and forty-nine dollars and fifty cents.

To pay to Patrick V. Dolan the difference between the pay as laborer at seven hundred and twenty dollars per annum and that of a messenger at the rate of three dollars and sixty cents per day from June sixth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four to June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, six hundred and twenty-two dollars and forty cents.

Patrick V. Dolan.  
Payment to.

To pay George W. Bauman a sum equal to one month's pay as assistant file clerk of the House, one hundred and eight dollars.

Geo. W. Bauman.  
Payment to.  
Messenger to official reporters.

For messenger to the official reporters from March fourth to June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, at the rate of one thousand dollars per annum, three hundred and twenty-seven dollars and seventy-eight cents.

For miscellaneous items, being a deficiency on account of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, five hundred and thirty-nine dollars and fifteen cents.

Miscellaneous.

To pay Clarence W. De Knight in full for services as a page in the House of Representatives from and including December third to and including December tenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, at two dollars and fifty cents per day, together with a sum equal to one month's pay as a page, ninety-five dollars.

Clarence W. De Knight.  
Payment to.

To pay Harry Neal for services as messenger to the Speaker's room, in addition to his pay as a laborer, from December first, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, to July seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, and from December first, eighteen hundred and eighty-four to March fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, at the rate of forty dollars per month, four hundred and nine dollars and thirty cents.

Harry Neal.

To pay Henry Dunlap for services rendered to the Committee on Ways and Means, five hundred dollars.

Henry Dunlap.

To pay the widow of the late J. H. Evins the amount of salary for the unexpired term of his service as a member of the Forty-eighth Congress, one thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars and twenty-seven cents.

Widow of J. H. Evins, deceased.

To pay the widow of the late W. A. Duncan the amount of salary for the unexpired term of his service as a member of the Forty-eighth Congress, one thousand five hundred and sixteen dollars and thirty cents.

Widow of W. A. Duncan, deceased.

To pay James Hall for services rendered as laborer in the Doorkeeper's department from July seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, to August fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, at the rate of seven hundred and twenty dollars per annum, fifty six dollars.

James Hall.

To pay Rider Henry and John J. Coughlin for services rendered in the Clerk's document-room, two hundred and forty two dollars and fifty cents each; in all, four hundred and eighty-five dollars

Rider Henry and John J. Coughlin.

To pay Charles H. Evans for compilation of statistics of foreign commodities imported and entered for consumption in the United States, two thousand dollars.

Chas. H. Evans.

To enable the Secretary of the Senate and Clerk of the House of Representatives to pay to the officers and employees of their respective Houses borne on the annual and sessions rolls on the third day of March eighteen hundred and eighty-five, including the Capitol Police, one month's extra pay at the compensation then paid them by law, which sums shall be immediately available.

Extra pay to employees Senate and House of Representatives, including Capitol police.

To reimburse the Clerk of the House of Representatives for postage-stamps, seventy-five dollars.

Postage, House of Representatives.

To enable the Clerk of the House to pay each of the pages borne upon the rolls at the close of the first session of the Forty-eighth Congress

Balance due pages.

*Ante* p. 278.

the balance due them for the remaining twenty-four days of the month of July, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, under resolutions of the House, adopted July seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars which sum shall be immediately available.

Clerk—indexing  
Southern claims,  
under Bowman  
act.

For one clerk to continue the work of making consolidated index of the Southern Claims Commission reports and claims referred to the court of Claims under the Bowman act, and authorized by resolution of the House July third, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, from March fourth to December first, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, at six dollars per day.

Willis H. Allen.  
Payment to.

To pay Willis H. Allen, assistant clerk of the Committee on Ways and Means, for additional compensation, four hundred dollars

Page in clerk's  
office.

For one page in the Clerks office under the resolution of the House, of December third, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, from March fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, to December seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, at the rate of two dollars per day, five hundred and fifty-six dollars.

Fred C. Peck.  
Payment to.

To pay Fred C Peck, additional compensation for services rendered the Committee on Invalid Pensions of the House of Representatives during the present session of Congress, two hundred dollars.

Expenses of select committee of the House of Representatives to inquire as to capacity of steel-producing works of the United States.

To defray the necessary expenses of a select committee of the House of Representatives raised under a resolution of the House adopted on July sixth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, to inquire as to the capacity of steel producing works in the United States, and for other purposes, five thousand dollars, said sum to be payable on the draft of the chairman of said committee in sums not exceeding one thousand dollars at any one time and said committee with its present membership is continued as a commission until Jan'y first, eighteen hundred and eighty-six; and said sum shall be immediately available.

Agricultural Department.

#### AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Investigation of history of insects injurious to agriculture.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of investigating the history of insects injurious to agriculture, being a deficiency for the fiscal years eighteen hundred and eighty-two and eighteen hundred and eighty-three, eight dollars and ten cents.

Payment of claims certified to be due, etc.

1874, vol. 18, ch. 328, p. 110.

SEC. 2. That for the payment of a portion of the claims certified to be due by the several accounting officers of the Treasury Department under appropriations the balance of which have been exhausted or carried to the surplus fund under the provisions of section five of the act of June twentieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, and under appropriations heretofore treated as permanent, being for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and eighty-four and prior years, and which have been certified to Congress under section two of the act of July seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, as fully set forth in House Executive Document number one Hundred and Fifty-three, Forty-eighth Congress, second session, and for other items there is appropriated as follows:

Claims allowed by First Comptroller.

#### CLAIMS ALLOWED BY THE FIRST COMPTROLLER.

##### STATE DEPARTMENT.

Salaries, consular service.

For salaries, consular service, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years one thousand four hundred and forty-seven dollars, and twenty cents.

Contingent expenses.

For contingent expenses of United States consulates eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, seventy dollars and two cents.

Relief and protection of American seamen.

For relief and protection of American seamen, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, thirty-eight dollars and fifty cents.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Treasury Department.

Internal revenue.  
Redemption of stamps.

Internal revenue:

For redemption of stamps, prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, four hundred and eighty-seven dollars and twenty-seven cents.

For refunding taxes illegally collected, prior to July first eighteen hundred and eighty-two, eight thousand two hundred and sixteen dollars and eighty-three cents.

Refund of taxes.

For refunding taxes illegally collected under the direct tax laws, prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, twenty four dollars and two cents.

For expenses of assessing and collecting internal revenue, eighteen hundred and seventy-five and prior years, one hundred and two dollars and forty-eight cents.

Assessments, etc., of revenues.

For salaries and expenses of collectors of internal revenue, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, forty-four dollars and sixty-one cents.

Collectors.

For salaries and expenses of supervisors and subordinate officers of internal revenue, eighteen hundred and seventy-seven and prior years, twelve dollars and fifty cents.

Supervisors, etc.

For salaries and expenses of agents and subordinate officers of internal revenue, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, four hundred and forty-four dollars.

Agents, etc.

For punishment for violation of internal-revenue laws, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, five dollars.

Violation of internal-revenue laws.

Miscellaneous objects:

For labor and expenses of engraving and printing, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, two hundred and thirty-four dollars, and sixty-seven cents.

Engraving and printing.

For refunding to national banking associations excess of duty, prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-two one thousand and nine dollars and five cents.

Refund excess of duty to national banking associations.

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

Interior Department.

For contingent expenses, General Land Office, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, nineteen dollars and fifty cents.

Contingent expenses, General Land Office.

Public-land service.

Public land service.

For contingent expenses of land-offices, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, thirty five dollars and thirty two cents.

Contingent expenses, land-offices.

For salaries and commissions of registers and receivers, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, four hundred and ninety-five dollars and thirty-one cents.

Registers and receivers.

For depredations on public timber, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, two hundred and fifty-three dollars and fifteen cents.

Depredations on public timber.

For examinations of the public surveys, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, one hundred and thirty-one dollars.

Examinations of public surveys.

For contingent expenses office of surveyor-general of Louisiana, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, one dollar.

Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general, Louisiana.

For contingent expenses office of surveyor-general of Utah, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, twelve dollars and thirty cents.

Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general, Utah.

For surveying the public lands, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, two thousand four hundred and thirty-seven dollars and fifty-seven cents.

Surveying public and private lands.

For surveying public and private lands, eighteen hundred and seventy-nine and prior years, ninety-eight dollars.

For five, three, and two per centum fund to States, prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty two, except the claim numbered thirty-

Five, three, and two per centum fund to States.

**Exception.** five thousand two hundred and fifty-one, twelve thousand three hundred and seventy-six dollars and three cents.

**Department of Justice.**

**DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.**

**Marshals United States courts.** For fees and expenses of marshals United States courts, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, two thousand and fifty-eight dollars and fifty-five cents.

**Commissioners United States courts.** For fees of commissioners United States courts, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, seven hundred and eighty dollars and ninety-five cents.

**District attorneys.** For fees of district attorneys, United States courts, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, seven hundred dollars.

**Clerks.** For fees of clerks, United States courts, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, sixty-five dollars and forty-nine cents.

**Jurors.** For fees of jurors, United States courts, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, sixty-two dollars and twenty cents.

**Witnesses.** For fees of witnesses, United States courts, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, two hundred and forty-seven dollars and fifty-five cents.

**Support of prisoners.** For support of prisoners, United States courts, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, three thousand six hundred and seventy-four dollars and fifty cents.

**Rent of court-rooms.** For rent of court-rooms, United States courts, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

**Miscellaneous expenses.** For miscellaneous expenses, United States courts, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, one thousand four hundred and eighteen dollars and ninety cents.

**Territorial courts, Utah.** For expenses of Territorial courts in Utah, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, fifty-four dollars and fifty cents.

**Supervisors of elections.** For fees of supervisors of elections, prior to July first eighteen hundred and eighty-two, thirty five dollars

**Claims allowed by First Auditor and Commissioner of Customs.**

**CLAIMS ALLOWED BY THE FIRST AUDITOR AND COMMISSIONER OF CUSTOMS.**

**Life-Saving Service.** For Life-Saving Service, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, thirty-one dollars and fifteen cents.

**Light-house keepers.** For salaries of light-house keepers, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, one hundred and thirty-nine dollars and fifty six cents.

**Expenses of collecting revenue from customs.** For expenses of collecting the revenue from customs, prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-two twenty-five thousand and twenty eight dollars and four cents.

**Claims allowed by Second Auditor and Second Comptroller.**

**CLAIMS ALLOWED BY THE SECOND AUDITOR AND SECOND COMPTROLLER.**

**War Department.**

**WAR DEPARTMENT.**

**Bounty under act July 28, 1866, vol. 14, ch. 296, p. 322.**

For bounty under the act of July twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, eighteen hundred and eighty and prior years, one thousand three hundred and ninety-seven dollars and thirteen cents.

**Bounty to volunteers, widows, and legal heirs.**

For bounty to volunteers and their widows and legal heirs, eighteen hundred and eighty-one and prior years, forty-seven thousand nine hundred and fifty-three dollars and twenty-five cents.

**Two and three year volunteers, pay of.**

For pay of two and three year volunteers, eighteen hundred and seventy-one and prior years, five thousand two hundred and sixty-four dollars and seventy-six cents.

**Volunteers (Mexican war).**

For pay of volunteers (Mexican war) eighteen hundred and seventy-one and prior years, twenty-two dollars and sixty cents.

For traveling expenses of California and Nevada volunteers prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, seventy-nine dollars and fifty cents.

Expenses California and Nevada volunteers prior to July 1, 1882.

For pay, and so forth, of the Army, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, five thousand eight hundred and seventy-dollars and five cents.

Pay of Army, 1882 and prior years.

For contingencies of the Army, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, two hundred and ninety-three dollars and twenty-seven cents.

Contingencies of Army.

For expenses of military convicts, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, three hundred and thirty-five dollars and fifty cents.

Military convicts.

For medical and hospital department, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, one hundred and ninety-two dollars and seventy-cents.

Medical and hospital department.

For allowance for reduction of wages under eight-hour law, prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, one hundred and forty-one dollars and two cents.

Allowance for reduction of wages under eight-hour law.

#### INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

Interior Department.

For buildings at agencies and repairs, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, two hundred and one dollars and fifty-seven cents.

Buildings at agencies, and repairs.

For contingencies of the Indian Department, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, two thousand six hundred and twenty-six dollars and sixty-six cents.

Contingencies, Indian Department.

For incidental expenses Indian service in Arizona, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, three thousand one hundred and fifty-six dollars and fifty cents.

Indian service, Arizona, incidental expenses.

For incidental expenses Indian service in California, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, thirteen dollars and ninety-three cents.

California.

For incidental expenses Indian service in Nevada, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, nine hundred and fifty three dollars and six cents.

Nevada.

For incidental expenses Indian service in Oregon, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, one thousand four hundred and eighty-three dollars and thirty-five cents.

Indian service, Oregon, incidental expenses.

For pay of Indian agents, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, nine hundred and thirty-one dollars and thirty cents.

Indian agents.

For pay of interpreters, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, one hundred and nine dollars and fifty-one cents.

Interpreters.

For support of Apaches of Arizona and New Mexico, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, thirteen thousand nine hundred and five dollars and seventy-two cents.

Apaches of Arizona and New Mexico.

For support of Indians of Fort Peck Agency, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, two hundred and eleven dollars and forty-one cents.

Indians of Fort Peck Agency.

For support of Sioux of different tribes, including Santee Sioux of Nebraska, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, one hundred and fifty-seven dollars and five cents.

Sioux of different tribes, including Santee Sioux of Nebraska.

For telegraphing and purchase of Indian supplies, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, one thousand nine hundred and ten dollars and forty cents

Telegraphing, Indian supplies.

For transportation of Indian supplies, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, one thousand and sixty-two dollars and ninety cents.

Transportation of Indian supplies.

#### CLAIMS ALLOWED BY THE THIRD AUDITOR AND SECOND COMPTROLLER.

Claims allowed by Third Auditor and Second Comptroller.

For Army pensions, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, eight hundred and sixty-seven dollars and ninety-two cents.

Army pensions.

Refund to States expenses of raising volunteers.

Tenth installment of war claim of Massachusetts.

Twenty-fifth installment of war claim of Ohio.

Twelfth installment of war claim of Pennsylvania.

Reimbursement to certain States and Territories for expenses in repelling invasions and suppressing Indian hostilities.

Twenty per centum additional compensation.

Signal Service.

National cemeteries.

Clothing, camp, and garrison equipage.

Rock Island bridge, Rock Island, Ill.

Preservation and repair of fortifications.

Transportation of officers and baggage.

Pay, transportation, etc., of Oregon and Washington volunteers.

Subsistence of Army.

Quartermaster's Department, regular supplies.

Incidental expenses.

Fifty per centum of arrears of Army transportation.

Barracks and quarters.

Horses for cavalry and artillery.

Horses and other property lost in military service.

Payment of claims allowed un-

For refunding to States expenses incurred in raising volunteers, one thousand six hundred and forty-three dollars and twenty-one cents.

To pay the tenth installment of the war claim of the State of Massachusetts, thirty thousand seven hundred and seventy dollars and thirty-nine cents.

For payment of the twenty-fifth installment of the war claim of the State of Ohio, two thousand one hundred and fifty-two dollars and six cents.

For payment of the twelfth installment of the war claim of the State of Pennsylvania, four thousand three hundred and seventy-eight dollars and thirty cents.

For reimbursement to certain States and Territories for expenses in repelling invasions and suppressing Indian hostilities, three hundred and thirty-two thousand three hundred and eight dollars and thirteen cents.

For twenty per centum additional compensation, prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, five hundred and seventy-nine dollars and twenty-seven cents.

For Signal Service, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, one hundred and twenty dollars.

For national cemeteries, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, one dollar and fifty cents.

For clothing and camp and garrison equipage, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, twenty-six dollars.

For Rock Island bridge, Rock Island, Illinois, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, forty-eight dollars.

For preservation and repair of fortifications, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, two hundred and ten dollars.

For transportation of officers and their baggage, eighteen hundred and seventy-one and prior years, thirteen dollars and ninety-two cents.

For pay, transportation, services, and supplies of Oregon and Washington volunteers in eighteen hundred and fifty-five and eighteen hundred and fifty-six, eighteen hundred and seventy-one and prior years, three hundred and ninety dollars.

For subsistence of the Army, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen dollars and seventy-four cents.

For regular supplies, Quartermasters Department, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, one thousand six hundred and fifty-six dollars and seventy-three cents.

For incidental expenses, Quartermaster's Department, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, two thousand eight hundred and sixty-two dollars and eleven cents.

For fifty per centum of arrears of Army transportation due certain land-grant railroads, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, twelve thousand eight hundred and five dollars and ninety five cents.

For barracks and quarters, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, one thousand three hundred and fifteen dollars and sixty-seven cents.

For horses for cavalry and artillery, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, four thousand one hundred and thirty-nine dollars.

For horses and other property lost in the military service prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, except the claims certified under this appropriation as set forth on pages forty-three and forty-four of said Executive Document Number One Hundred and Fifty-three, sixty thousand seven hundred and thirteen dollars and twenty cents.

To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to pay the claims allowed by the Third Auditor and Second Comptroller under act of March third,

eighteen hundred and forty-nine, for horses and other property lost in the military service, as reported in Senate Executive Document Number One Hundred and One, Forty-eighth Congress, second session, by the Secretary of the Treasury, ten thousand four hundred and eighty-six dollars and thirty five cents.

For commutation of rations to prisoners of war in rebel States prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, ten thousand seven hundred and eighty-two dollars and seventy cents.

der act March 3, 1849, vol. 9, ch. 79, p. 414.

Commutation of rations to prisoners of war in rebel States.

# CLAIMS ALLOWED BY THE FOURTH AUDITOR AND SECOND COMPTROLLER.

Claims allowed by Fourth Auditor and Second Comptroller.

For pay of the Navy prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, six thousand three hundred and three dollars and eighty-five cents.

Pay of Navy.

For pay, miscellaneous, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, four thousand and nineteen dollars and nine cents.

Miscellaneous.

For pay, Marine Corps, prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, eight hundred and forty-six dollars and eighty-three cents.

Marine Corps.

For contingent, Navy, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, two thousand two hundred and seventy-four dollars and ninety-one cents.

Contingent, Navy.

For contingent, Marine Corps, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, eighty-two dollars and thirty-two cents.

Contingent, Marine Corps.

For transportation and recruiting, Marine Corps, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, five dollars.

Transportation and recruiting.

For allowance for the reduction of wages under the eight hour law, prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-two eleven dollars and forty-four cents.

Allowance for reduction of wages under eight-hour law.

For contingent, Bureau of Yards and Docks, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, five hundred and forty-eight dollars and eighty cents.

Bureau of Yards and Docks.

For maintenance of yards and docks, Bureau of Yards and Docks, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, fifty-three dollars and seventy-six cents.

For construction and repair, Bureau of Construction and Repair, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, nine hundred and twenty-one dollars and thirty-seven cents.

Bureau of Construction and Repair.

For increase and repairs, Bureau of Construction and Repair, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, seventy-two dollars.

For contingent, Bureau of Equipment and Recruiting, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, three hundred and sixty-six dollars and ninety-nine cents.

Bureau of Equipment and Recruiting.

For contingent, Bureau of Ordnance, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, three hundred and thirty-five dollars and sixty cents.

Bureau of Ordnance.

For provisions, Navy, Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, six hundred and nine dollars and eighty-four cents.

Bureau of Provisions and Clothing.

For contingent, Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, nine hundred and twenty-nine dollars and seventy-eight cents.

For contingent, Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, twelve dollars and eighty-four cents.

Bureau of Medicine and Surgery.

For bounty for the destruction of enemies' vessels, prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, five hundred and eighty-eight dollars and seventy-nine cents.

Bounties.

For enlistment bounties to seamen, prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, two thousand five hundred and one dollars and seventy-one cents.

For indemnity for lost clothing, prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, two thousand two hundred and five dollars and one cent.

Lost clothing.

Claims for difference between actual expenses and mileage.

For the payment of claims for difference between actual expenses and mileage, allowed under the decision of the United States Supreme Court in the case of the United States versus Graham, two hundred and nine thousand five hundred and thirty eight dollars and thirty-six cents.

Claims allowed by Sixth Auditor.

#### CLAIMS ALLOWED BY THE SIXTH AUDITOR

Deficiency; postal revenues.  
Exceptions.

For deficiency in the postal revenues, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years, except the claims numbered twelve hundred and three, one hundred and thirty-seven, seventy four, seventy-seven, and one hundred and thirty-eight, twenty thousand nine hundred and ninety-four dollars and sixty cents.

Compensation of postmasters readjusted.  
1883, vol. 22, ch. 142, p. 600.

For compensation of postmasters readjusted under act of March third, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, payable from deficiency in postal revenues, eighteen hundred and eighty-two and prior years including all such claims readjusted up to February fourteenth eighteen hundred and eighty-five, one hundred and seventy eight thousand four hundred and eighty-one dollars and twenty three cents: *Provided*, That the said sums herein provided for and allowed under said act approved March third, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, shall be paid directly to the parties named, respectively, in said Executive Document Number One Hundred and Fifty-three.

Payment of certain claims.

SEC. 3. That for the payment of certain claims set forth in House Executive Document Number Fifty-five, Forty-eighth Congress, second session, as follows:

Claims allowed by First Comptroller.

#### CLAIMS ALLOWED BY THE FIRST COMPTROLLER

Treasury Department.

##### TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Vaults, safes, and locks for public buildings.

For vaults, safes, and locks for public buildings, eighteen hundred and eighty-one and prior years, one thousand two hundred and seventy-six dollars and ninety-two cents.

Interior Department.

##### INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

Office of Secretary of Interior.  
Contingent expenses.

For contingent expenses, office of Secretary of the Interior, eighteen hundred and eighty-one and prior years, twelve dollars and ninety-eight cents.

Public-land service.

##### PUBLIC-LAND SERVICE.

Geological Survey.

For Geological Survey, eighteen hundred and eighty-one and prior years, forty-six dollars and seventeen cents.

Surveying private lands in New Mexico.

For surveying private land-claims in New Mexico, eighteen hundred and eighty-one and prior years, two hundred and eight dollars and fifty-three cents.

Contingent expenses. Office of surveyor-general, Nebraska and Iowa.

For contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Nebraska and Iowa, eighteen hundred and eighty-one and prior years, seventy-seven dollars and eighty cents.

Florida.

For contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Florida, eighteen hundred and eighty-one and prior years, ninety-five cents.

Colorado.

For contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Colorado, eighteen hundred and eighty-one and prior years, four hundred and seventy-six dollars and thirty-one cents.

Department of Justice.

##### DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

Support of prisoners.

For support of prisoners, United States courts, eighteen hundred and eighty-one and prior years, one hundred and thirty dollars.

**WAR DEPARTMENT CLAIMS ALLOWED BY THE SECOND AUDITOR AND THE SECOND COMPTROLLER.**

For contingencies of the Army, eighteen hundred and eighty-one and prior years, one hundred and forty-four dollars.

For draft and substitute fund, eighteen hundred and seventy-one and prior years, one hundred and ten dollars.

For pay of volunteers (Mexican war), eighteen hundred and seventy-one and prior years, fifty-seven dollars and fifty-nine cents

For traveling expenses of California and Nevada volunteers, prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-one, one hundred and ninety-two dollars and thirty seven cents.

For preventing and suppressing Indian hostilities, eighteen hundred and seventy-one and prior years, nineteen dollars and six cents.

Claims allowed by Second Auditor and Second Comptroller. War Department.

Contingencies of the Army.

Draft and substitute fund.

Pay of volunteers (Mexican War).

Traveling expenses California and Nevada volunteers.

Prevention, etc., of Indian hostilities.

**WAR DEPARTMENT CLAIMS ALLOWED BY THE THIRD AUDITOR AND THE SECOND COMPTROLLER.**

For regular supplies, Quartermaster's Department, eighteen hundred and eighty-one and prior years, five hundred and twenty dollars and two cents.

For incidental expenses, Quartermaster's Department, eighteen hundred and eighty-one and prior years, three hundred and eight dollars and ninety seven cents.

For barracks and quarters, eighteen hundred and eighty-one and prior years, except the claim numbered sixty-six thousand four hundred and seventy-six in said Executive Document Number Fifty-five; one thousand six hundred and sixty dollars and forty seven cents.

For horses for cavalry and artillery, eighteen hundred and eighty-one and prior years, five thousand three hundred and forty-nine dollars.

For clothing, camp and garrison equipage, eighteen hundred and eighty-one and prior years, fifty-nine dollars and twenty-one cents.

For subsistence of the Army, eighteen hundred and eighty-one and prior years, three thousand seven hundred and thirty-two dollars and fifty-five cents.

For pay, transportation, services, and supplies of Oregon and Washington volunteers in eighteen hundred and fifty-five and eighteen hundred and fifty-six, eighteen hundred and seventy-one and prior years, one thousand seven hundred and forty-five dollars and eighty cents.

For Rogue River Indian war, prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-one, eight hundred and ninety-nine dollars and nine cents.

For twenty per centum additional compensation, prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-one, one hundred and fifteen dollars and sixty cents.

Claims allowed by Third Auditor and Second Comptroller.

Quartermaster's Department; regular supplies.

Contingent expenses.

Barracks and quarters. Exception.

Horses for cavalry, etc.

Clothing, camp, and garrison equipage.

Subsistence of Army.

Pay, transportation, etc., of Oregon and Washington Volunteers.

Rogue River Indian War.

Twenty per centum additional compensation.

**NAVY DEPARTMENT CLAIMS ALLOWED BY THE FOURTH AUDITOR AND THE SECOND COMPTROLLER.**

For pay of the Navy, prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty one, except the claims set forth in said Executive Document Number Fifty-five, on pages twenty six and twenty seven, beginning with the claim numbered six thousand and seventy one and extending down to the claim numbered sixty one hundred and eight, inclusive, six thousand one hundred and ten dollars and ninety five cents

For pay, miscellaneous, eighteen hundred and eighty-one and prior years, two thousand three hundred and ninety dollars and eighty-one cents.

For pay of Marine Corps, prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-one, three hundred and thirty-six dollars and thirty-eight cents.

Claims allowed by Fourth Auditor and Second Comptroller, Navy Department.

Pay of Navy. Exceptions.

Miscellaneous.

Marine Corps.

Bureau of Construction and Repair.

For construction and repair, Bureau of Construction and Repair, eighteen hundred and eighty-one and prior years, five hundred and twelve dollars and seventeen cents.

Bureau of Equipment and Recruiting.

For contingent, Bureau of Equipment and Recruiting, eighteen hundred and eighty one and prior years, one hundred and sixteen dollars and thirty-one cents.

Approved, March 3, 1885.

March 3, 1885.

**CHAP. 360.**—An act making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, and for other purposes.

Appropriations for sundry civil expenses for year ending June 30, 1886.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated for the objects hereinafter expressed for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, namely:

Legislative.

### UNDER LEGISLATIVE.

Botanic Garden.

### BOTANIC GARDEN.

For concreting walks, reconstructing plant-house numbered thirteen with iron ribs, extending water supplies, and for general repairs, under the direction of the Joint Library Committee of Congress, five thousand five hundred dollars.

State Department.

### UNDER THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

Payment of claims of French citizens against U. S. Government.

1880, vol. 21, art. 10, p. 678.

For payment, under the final award made by the late French and American Claims Commission against the United States, of the claims of French citizens against this Government, under the treaty of January fifteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty, between this country and France, five hundred and ninety-four thousand two hundred and eighty-eight dollars and four cents, being the amount of said awards after the deduction provided for in the tenth article of the convention between France and the United States concluded on the fifteenth day of January, anno Domini eighteen hundred and eighty.

International boundary survey, United States and Mexico.

1882, vol. 21, p. 986.

International boundary survey, United States and Mexico: To enable the President to execute the engagements of the convention of July twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, between the United States of America and the United States of Mexico, providing for an international boundary survey to relocate the existing frontier-line between the two countries west of the Rio Grande, one hundred thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Testimonials, etc., to officers and subjects of the Russian Government for aid to survivors of the Jeannette Arctic exploring expedition and "relief party."

To enable the President to bestow testimonials, as recommended in his message of January twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, upon those officers and subjects of the Russian Government who extended aid comfort to the survivors of the Jeannette Arctic exploring expedition and assistance to the parties dispatched by the Government of the United States to relieve and succor the said survivors, and to convey to the Government and people of Russia an expression of the high appreciation in which the Government and people of the United States hold the humane services so rendered, the sum of eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, the same to be immediately available.

UNDER THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Treasury Department.

Public buildings.

For court-house and post-office at Abingdon, Virginia: For completion under present limit, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Abingdon, Va.

For fitting up the building known as the "club-house," Sitka, Alaska, as a temporary jail, four thousand dollars.

Sitka, Alaska.

For repairing Government building for court-room at Sitka, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For repairing Government building for court-room at Wrangel, five hundred dollars.

Wrangel.

For repairing court-room and jail at Ounalaska, one thousand dollars.

Ounalaska.

For constructing a frame or log court-house and jail at Juneau City, four thousand dollars.

Juneau City.

For post-office and court-house at Baltimore, Maryland: For continuation of building, two hundred and twenty-seven thousand dollars.

Baltimore, Md.

For not exceeding one-half the cost of constructing stone abutments and piers for the protection of the United States custom-house and post-office building, and approaches, situated in the Kenduskeag Stream, at Bangor, in the State of Maine, the sum of eighteen thousand dollars, the expense of such works to be borne in equal proportions by the United States and by said city of Bangor: *Provided*, That the plan of construction of said works shall be approved by the Secretary of the Treasury: *And provided further*, That the entire amount to be thus contributed by the United States shall not exceed the sum hereby appropriated.

Bangor, Me.

*Prorisos.*

That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to sell at public auction, in the city of Boston, Massachusetts, to the highest bidder, after thirty days' notice in six of the principal newspapers published in the city of Boston, the land and premises known as the old United States court-house in said city, on the corner of Tremont street and Temple Place, the time and place of said sale in said city to be fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury at a date not later than ninety days after the passage of this act, and at a price not less than two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars, with power to reject any or all bids and to readvertise and offer the said property in like manner as often as may be necessary to secure the value thereof; and the cost to be paid from proceeds of sale. And it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to cause inquiry to be made as to the value of this property; and if it shall appear that the price above named is inadequate, he is authorized and directed to appoint a board of three persons in the employ of the United States to assess the value of the said property, and report the same to the Secretary of the Treasury, when the sum fixed by this board shall be the minimum price at which the property may be thus sold.

Old United States court-house, Boston, Mass., to be sold at public auction.

Limit of price.

Appointment of board authorized to assess property if Secretary of Treasury deems above-named price too small.

Boston, Mass.

For post-office and subtreasury at Boston, Massachusetts: For completion, fifteen thousand dollars.

Brooklyn, N. Y.

For post-office at Brooklyn, New York: For continuation of building under present limit, one hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars.

Buffalo, N. Y.

For custom-house and post-office at Buffalo, New York: For completion of building under present limit, thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars.

Cairo, Ill.

For marine hospital at Cairo, Illinois: For completing hospital buildings, seven thousand dollars; and for filling and grading, twenty thousand dollars; in all, twenty-seven thousand dollars.

For post-office and court-house at Charleston, West Virginia: For completion of the building and to meet outstanding liabilities, one thousand one hundred and fifty-three dollars and thirty cents.

Charleston, W. Va.

For custom-house and subtreasury at Chicago, Illinois: For cleaning and pointing stone-work and extensive repairs necessary for preservation of the building, forty thousand dollars.

Chicago, Ill.

- Cleveland, Ohio. For custom-house at Cleveland, Ohio: For completion of repairs and remodeling, three thousand dollars.
- Columbus, Ohio. For court-house and post-office at Columbus, Ohio: For extension and completion of building, one hundred and ten thousand dollars.
- Harrisonburg, Va. For making the public building at Harrisonburg, Virginia, fire-proof, fifteen thousand dollars.
- Abingdon, Va. For making the public building at Abingdon, Virginia, fire-proof, twelve thousand dollars.
- Lynchburg, Va. For enlarging the plan of the public building at Lynchburg, Virginia, and making the same fire-proof, twenty-five thousand dollars.
- Concord, N. H. For court-house and post-office at Concord, New Hampshire: For completion under present limit, one hundred thousand dollars.
- Council Bluffs, Iowa. For continuation of public building at Council Bluffs, Iowa, fifty thousand dollars.
- Dallas, Texas. For court-house and post-office at Dallas, Texas. For completion of the building, twenty-five thousand dollars; and the cost of said building, including site, shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars.
- Denver, Colo. For court-house and post-office at Denver, Colorado: For continuation of building, twenty-eight thousand dollars,
- Detroit, Mich. 1882, vol. 22, ch. 187, p. 96. Ante, p. 338. For the execution of the provisions of the act of Congress entitled "An act to provide for the erection of a public building at Detroit Michigan," approved May twenty-fifth, anno Domini eighteen hundred and eighty-two, or for the execution of the provisions of the act of Congress entitled "An act to provide for the purchase of a site and the erection of a public building thereon at Detroit, Michigan, approved March second, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, as the Secretary of the Treasury may determine according to law, two hundred thousand dollars, under the limit of existing law.
- Des Moines, Iowa. For court-house and post-office at Des Moines, Iowa: For extension and completion, forty-five thousand dollars.
- Dubuque. For custom-house at Dubuque, Iowa: For approaches, grading, fencing, and paving, eight thousand dollars.
- Frankfort, Ky. For court-house and post-office at Frankfort, Kentucky: For paving, fences, and grading approaches, seven thousand five hundred dollars; and for retaining-wall of lot, seven thousand five hundred dollars; in all, fifteen thousand dollars.
- Fort Wayne, Ind. For court-house and post-office at Fort Wayne, Indiana: For completion of building, sixty thousand one hundred and ninety-nine dollars and twelve cents.
- Galveston, Tex.; purchase of site. The Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized, out of any money heretofore appropriated for the purpose of purchasing a site and erecting a public building in the city of Galveston, Texas, to purchase and acquire three additional lots of ground adjoining those already purchased for a public building in Galveston, Texas, as he may deem necessary, at a cost not exceeding ten thousand dollars.
- Galveston, Tex. For custom-house at Galveston, Texas: For completion under present limit, thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars.
- Greensboro, N. C. For court-house and post-office at Greensboro, North Carolina: For approaches, grading, fencing, and paving, seven thousand five hundred dollars.
- Hannibal, Mo. For post-office at Hannibal, Missouri: For completion of building, fifty-five thousand five hundred dollars.
- Harrisonburg, Va. For court-house and post-office at Harrisonburg, Virginia: For approaches, grading, fencing, and paving, seven thousand five hundred dollars.
- Jackson, Tenn. For court-house and post-office at Jackson, Tennessee: For approaches, grading, fencing and paving, ten thousand dollars.
- Jefferson City, Mo. For court-house and post-office at Jefferson City, Missouri: For completion of the building, thirty-two thousand dollars; and the entire cost of said building, including site, shall not exceed one hundred and thirty-two thousand dollars.
- Kansas City, Mo. For custom-house and post-office at Kansas City, Missouri: For com-

pletion of approaches, clock, and sewer connections, twenty thousand dollars.

For court-house and post-office at Marquette, Michigan, For completion under present limit, fifty thousand dollars. Marquette, Mich.

For court-house and post-office at Keokuk Iowa: For purchase of site and completion of building, one hundred thousand dollars. Keokuk, Iowa.

For custom-house and post-office at Saint Joseph, Missouri: For continuation of building, fifty thousand dollars; and the entire cost of said building and approaches, including site, shall not exceed three hundred thousand dollars. Saint Joseph, Mo.

For court-house and post-office at Louisville, Kentucky, For continuation, two hundred thousand dollars. Louisville, Ky.

For court-house and post-office at Lynchburg, Virginia, For completion of building under present limit, twenty-five thousand dollars. Lynchburg, Va.

For court-house and post-office at Leavenworth, Kansas: For completion of building, fifty thousand dollars. Leavenworth, Kans.

For court-house and post-office at Macon, Georgia: For purchase of site and commencement of building, seventy-five thousand dollars. Macon, Ga.

For court-house and post-office at Montgomery, Alabama: For tower-clock and completion of approaches, five thousand dollars. Montgomery, Ala.

For post-office, internal-revenue, and other Government offices at Minneapolis, Minnesota, For continuation of building, one hundred and ten thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the entire cost of such building shall not exceed five hundred thousand dollars. Minneapolis, Minn.

For custom-house at New Orleans, Louisiana: For repairs, plumbing, and drainage, fifteen thousand dollars. New Orleans, La.

For post-office and court-house at Peoria, Illinois: For continuation of building seventy-five thousand dollars. Peoria, Ill.

For post-office at Poughkeepsie, New York: For completion of building, thirty thousand dollars. Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to sell at public auction, in the city of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, to the highest bidder, after thirty days' notice in four of the principal newspapers published in the city of Philadelphia, in one or more lots, the land and premises known as the old court house and post-office in said city, lying upon Chestnut street and extending back to Library street, and between Fourth and Fifth streets and adjoining the present custom-house site in said city; the time and place of said sale in said city to be fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury at a date not later than ninety days after the passage of this act, and at a price not less than three hundred thousand dollars, with power to reject any or all bids and to readvertise and offer the said property in like manner as often as may be necessary to secure the value thereof, and the cost to be paid from the proceeds of sale; and it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to cause inquiry to be made as to the value of this property, and if it shall appear that the price above named is inadequate, he is authorized and directed to appoint a board of three persons in the employ of the United States to assess the value of the said property, and report the same to the Secretary of the Treasury, when the sum fixed by this board shall be the minimum price at which the property may be thus sold. Philadelphia, Pa. Sale at public auction of premises known as the old court-house and post-office. Limit of price. Appointment of board authorized to assess property if Secretary of Treasury deems limit too small.

For post-office and court-house at Quincy, Illinois: For completion of building, forty-seven thousand five hundred dollars. Quincy, Ill.

For post-office at Reading, Pennsylvania: For purchase of site and completion of building, eighty thousand dollars. Reading, Pa.

For public building at Richmond, Virginia: For enlargement of building, fifty thousand dollars. Richmond, Va.

For court-house and post-office at Rochester, New York: For completion under present limit, eighty thousand dollars. Rochester, N. Y.

For post-office at Sacramento, California: For purchase of site and completion of building, one hundred thousand dollars. Sacramento, Cal.

Saint Louis, Mo.	For marine hospital at Saint Louis, Missouri: For laundry-house and laundry apparatus complete, ten thousand dollars.
Shreveport, La.	For post-office and court-house at Shreveport, Louisiana: For approaches, grading, fencing, and paving, five thousand dollars.
Syracuse, N. Y.	For post-office and court-house at Syracuse, New York: For completion of building, fifty-eight thousand dollars.
Terre Haute, Ind.	For post-office at Terre Haute, Indiana: For completion under present limit, seventy-five thousand dollars.
Toledo, Ohio.	For custom-house and court-house at Toledo, Ohio: For completion of building under present limit, seventy-two thousand four hundred and sixty-seven dollars and forty-two cents.
Troy, N. Y.	For court-house and post office at Troy, New York: For purchase of site and commencing the erection of building, one hundred thousand dollars.
Tyler, Tex.	For court-house and post-office at Tyler, Texas: For purchase of site and completion of building, fifty thousand dollars.
Wichita, Kans.	For court-house and post-office at Wichita, Kansas: For purchase of site and completion of building, fifty thousand dollars.
Williamsport, Pa.	For court-house and post-office at Williamsport, Pennsylvania: For completion of building under present limit, twenty-five thousand dollars.
Fort Scott, Kans.	For court-house and post-office at Fort Scott, Kansas: For purchase of site and erection of building thereon, fifty thousand dollars.
	That the appropriations herein made for approaches, grading, fencing, and paving for public buildings shall be so expended as to complete the object of said appropriations.
Treasury building, Washington, D. C.; repairs to roof, etc.	For Treasury building at Washington, District of Columbia: Extensive repairs to roof, six thousand four hundred dollars; and annual repairs to Treasury building eight thousand six hundred dollars; in all, fifteen thousand dollars.
Repairs, etc., of public buildings, under control of Treasury Department.	For repairs and preservation of public buildings: Repairs and preservation of custom-houses, court-houses, post-offices, and other public buildings under the control of Treasury Department, one hundred and sixty-two thousand, five hundred dollars.
Marine hospitals.	For repairs and preservation of marine hospitals, twenty thousand dollars.
Storehouse for reception of material connected with Public Printing-Office.	To enable the Public Printer, with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, to purchase a site in the vicinity of the Public Printing Office, and to erect thereon a storehouse for the reception of certain material connected with the Public Printing Office, fifteen thousand dollars; the storehouse to be erected under the supervision of the Architect of the United States Capitol; the cost of the site and building not to exceed the sum herein appropriated, which may be available from the passage of this act.
Purchase of site.	
Erection of building to be under supervision of architect of U. S. Capitol.	
Montpelier, Vt.	That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed to purchase a suitable site, and cause to be erected thereon, at Montpelier, in the State of Vermont, a substantial and commodious public building, with fire-proof vaults, for the use and accommodation of the post-office, court-house, and internal-revenue office. The site, and the building thereon, when completed according to plans and specifications to be previously made and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, shall not exceed the cost of seventy-five thousand dollars; and the site purchased shall leave the building unexposed to danger from fire in adjacent buildings by an open space of not less than forty feet, including streets and alleys; and for the purposes herein mentioned the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury: <i>Provided</i> , That no part of said sum shall be expended until a valid title to the said site shall be vested in the United States, and the State of Vermont shall cede to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over the same, during the time the United States shall be or remain the owners thereof,
Purchase of site and erection of building.	
Plans; cost.	
Appropriation.	
Proviso.	
Title.	

for all purposes except the administration of the criminal laws of said State and the service of any civil process therein.

That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to procure a proper site, and cause to be erected thereon a suitable building, with fire proof vaults, in Nebraska City, Nebraska, for the accommodation of the United States district court, post-office, and other Government offices in said city, at a cost not to exceed seventy-five thousand dollars, including cost of site; and the said sum of seventy-five thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose herein mentioned: *Provided*, That no money shall be used or applied for the purpose mentioned until a valid title to the land for the site of such building shall be vested in the United States; and no expenditure of money shall be made on the building proposed to be erected on said site until the State of Nebraska shall duly release and relinquish to the United States the right to tax or in any way assess said site, or the property of the United States that may be thereon, and shall cede jurisdiction over the same during the time that the United States shall remain the owner thereof.

Nebraska City,  
Nebr.  
Purchase of site  
and erection of  
building.  
Cost.

Appropriation.

*Proviso.*  
Title.

That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to purchase a site for, and cause to be erected thereon, a suitable building, with fire-proof vaults therein, for the accommodation for the United States circuit and district courts, post-office, and other Government offices, at the city of Wilmington, in the State of Delaware. The plans and specifications, and full estimates for said building shall be previously made and approved according to law, and shall not exceed, for the site and building complete, the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the site shall leave the building unexposed to danger from fire in adjacent buildings by an open space of not less than forty feet, including streets and alleys; and no money appropriated for this purpose shall be available until a valid title to the site for said building shall be vested in the United States, nor until the State of Delaware shall have ceded to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over the same, during the time the United States shall be or remain the owner thereof, for all purposes except the administration of the criminal laws of said State and the service of civil process therein.

Wilmington,  
Del.  
Purchase of site  
and erection of  
building.

Plans; cost.

*Proviso.*

Title.

That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to purchase a site for, and cause to be erected, a suitable building, with fire-proof vaults therein, for the accommodation of the United States courts, post-office and internal-revenue and other Government offices, at the city of Winona, Minnesota. The site, and building thereon, when completed upon plans and specifications to be previously made and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury shall not exceed the cost of one hundred thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the site purchased shall leave the building unexposed to danger from fire in adjacent buildings by an open space of not less than fifty feet, including streets and alleys; and that no money appropriated for this purpose shall be available until a valid title to the site for said building shall be vested in the United States, nor until the State of Minnesota shall have ceded to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over the same, during the time the United States shall be or remain the owners thereof, for all purposes except the administration of the criminal laws of said State and the service of any civil process therein.

Winona, Minn.  
Purchase of site  
and erection of  
building.

Plans; cost.

*Proviso.*

Title.

That the sum of twenty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, to be used and expended in the purchase of said site and toward the construction of said building.

Appropriation..

For court-house and post-office at New Albany, Indiana: For purchase of site and erection of building thereon, one hundred thousand dollars.

New Albany,  
Ind.

That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed to purchase a site for, and cause to be erected thereon, a

Manchester,  
N. H.

Purchase of site and erection of building.	suitable building, with commodious fire-proof vaults, for the accommodation of the post-office, pension-office, the United States courts, internal-revenue office, and other Government offices, at the city of Manchester, in the State of New Hampshire. The site and the building thereon, when completed upon plans and specifications to be previously made and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, shall not exceed the cost of two hundred thousand dollars: <i>Provided</i> , That no money to be appropriated for this purpose shall be available until a valid title to the site shall be vested in the United States, and the State of New Hampshire shall have ceded her jurisdiction over the same, during the time the United States shall be or remain the owner thereof, for all purposes except the administration of the criminal laws of said State and the service of civil process therein: <i>Provided</i> , That the site shall leave the building unexposed to danger from fire in adjacent buildings by an open space of not less than fifty feet, including streets and alleys.
Plans; cost.	
<i>Proviso</i> .	
Title.	
<i>Proviso</i> .	
Appropriation.	That the sum of one hundred thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be used and expended for the purpose provided in this act.
Lexington, Ky.	That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed to purchase, at private sale, or by condemnation in pursuance of the statute of the State of Kentucky, such lot or lots of land in the city of Lexington, in the State of Kentucky, as he may consider necessary as a convenient and proper site for a public building, and to cause to be erected thereon a suitable building, with fire-proof vaults extending to each story, for the use and accommodation of the post-office, internal-revenue offices, and other Government offices in said city; the site and the building thereon, when completed according to plans and specifications to be previously made and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, shall not exceed the cost of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars; and for the purposes herein mentioned the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury: <i>Provided</i> , That no part of said sum shall be expended until a valid title to the said site shall be vested in the United States, and the State of Kentucky shall cede to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over the same, during the time the United States shall be or remain the owner thereof, for all purposes except the administration of the criminal laws of said State and the service of any civil process therein.
Purchase of site and erection of building.	
Plans; cost.	
Appropriation.	
<i>Proviso</i> .	
Title.	
Springfield, Ohio.	That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed to purchase or otherwise provide a suitable site, and cause to be erected thereon, at the city of Springfield, in the State of Ohio, a substantial and commodious public building, with fire-proof vaults, for the use and accommodation of the post-office, internal-revenue office, pension office, and for other Government uses. The site, and the building thereon, when completed according to plans and specifications to be previously made and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, shall not exceed the cost of one hundred thousand dollars; and the site purchased shall leave the building unexposed to danger from fire in adjacent buildings by an open space of at least fifty feet, including streets and alley; and for the purposes herein mentioned the sum of one hundred thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury: <i>Provided</i> : That no part of said sum shall be expended until a valid title to the said site shall be vested in the United States: and the State of Ohio shall cede to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over the same, during the time the United States shall be or remain the owner thereof, for all purposes except the administration of the criminal laws of said State and the service of any civil process therein.
Purchase of site and erection of building.	
Plans; cost.	
Appropriation	
<i>Proviso</i> .	
Title.	

LIGHT-HOUSES, BEACONS, AND FOG-SIGNALS.

Romer Shoal Light-Station, New York: For establishing a light on Romer Shoal, in the Lower Bay of New York, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Light-houses,  
beacons, and fog-  
signals.  
Romer Shoal, N.  
Y.

Winter-Quarter Shoal Light-Ship, Virginia: For the construction and establishment of an iron light-ship, with a fog-signal, for Winter-Quarter Shoal, Virginia, thirty thousand dollars to be immediately available.

Winter-Quarter  
Shoal, Va.

For the construction of a light-house at Plantation Inlet, near the mouth of Chesapeake Bay, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Plantation Inlet.

Bush's Bluff Light-Station, Virginia: For a light-house and fog-bell on Bush's Bluff, Elizabeth River, near Norfolk, Virginia, twenty thousand dollars.

Bush's Bluff, Va.

For completing the construction of a light-house at Grand Marais, Minnesota, nine thousand five hundred and fifty-two dollars.

Grand Marais,  
Minn.

Hunting Island Light-Station, South Carolina: For protecting the site of the light-house at Hunting Island, South Carolina, five thousand dollars, to be immediately available.

Hunting Island,  
S. C.

Mosquito Inlet Light-Station, Florida: For continuing the light-house at Mosquito Inlet, Florida, forty thousand dollars.

Mosquito Inlet,  
Fla.

Anclote Keys Light-Station, Florida: For establishing a light at Anclote Keys, Florida, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars.

Anclote Keys,  
Fla.

Apalachicola Range-Lights, Florida: For range-lights to guide into the Apalachicola River, Florida, six hundred dollars.

Apalachicola  
Range-Lights, Fla.

For the establishment of a small range-light at Northwest Passage, Key West, Florida, two hundred dollars.

Northwest Pas-  
sage, Key West,  
Fla.

For the establishment of range-lights at the New Cut-off Channel, entrance to Baltimore, Maryland, twenty-five thousand dollars.

New Cut-off  
Channel, Balti-  
more, Md.  
Niagara River,  
N. Y.

Niagara River Ranges, New York: For range-lights to guide into the entrance of the Niagara River, New York, the lease of the necessary sites being hereby authorized, two hundred and fifty dollars.

Niagara River,  
N. Y.

Port Sanilac Light-Station, Michigan: For completing the construction of a light-house at or near Port Sanilac, Lake Huron, Michigan, ten thousand dollars.

Port Sanilac,  
Lake Huron, Mich.

Pipe Island Light-Station, Michigan: For establishing a light upon Pipe Island, Michigan, to form a range to guide into the Detour Passage, Saint Mary's River, ten thousand dollars, to be immediately available.

Pipe Island, Mich.

Saint Mary's River Ranges, Michigan: For erecting range-lights to guide through the dredged cut in Saint Mary's River, near Round Island, Michigan, twelve thousand dollars, to be immediately available.

Saint Mary's  
River, near Round  
Island, Mich.

Detroit River Light-House: For the completion of the light-house at or near the mouth of the Detroit River, in Lake Erie, eighteen thousand dollars, to be immediately available.

Detroit River,  
Mich.

Northwest Seal Rock Light-Station, California: For continuing the construction of a light-house on Northwest Seal Rock, off Point Saint George, California, forty thousand dollars.

Northwest Seal  
Rock, Cal.

Angel Island Fog-Signal, California: For establishment of a fog-signal on Angel Island, San Francisco Bay, California, four thousand five hundred dollars.

Angel Island,  
Cal.

Destruction Island Light-Station, Washington Territory: For establishing complete a first-order light and fog-signal on Destruction Island, Washington Territory, forty thousand dollars.

Destruction Isl-  
and, Washington  
Territory.

LIFE-SAVING STATIONS.

Life-saving sta-  
tions.

For salaries of superintendents for the life-saving stations as follows: On the coasts of Maine and New Hampshire, one, and on the coast of Massachusetts, one, at one thousand five hundred dollars each; on the coasts of Rhode Island and Long Island, one, at one thousand eight

Superintendents'  
salaries.

hundred dollars; of one assistant superintendent on the coasts of Rhode Island and Long Island, who shall reside on the mainland of the State of Rhode Island, one thousand dollars.

For salary of one superintendent on the coast of New Jersey, one thousand eight hundred dollars.

For salaries of superintendents on the coasts of Delaware, Maryland, and Virginia, one, at one thousand five hundred dollars; on the coasts of Virginia and North Carolina, one, at one thousand eight hundred dollars.

For salary of one superintendent for life-saving stations and for the houses of refuge on the coasts of South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida, one thousand two hundred dollars; of one superintendent for the life-saving and life boat stations on the coast of the Gulf of Mexico, one thousand five hundred dollars; and of one on the coasts of Lakes Ontario and Erie, one thousand eight hundred dollars.

For salaries of superintendents for the life-saving and life-boat stations: One on the coast of Lakes Huron and Superior, one on the coast of Lake Michigan, and one on the coasts of Washington Territory, Oregon, and California, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each.

Keepers of life-saving stations, etc.

For salaries of two hundred and twenty-three keepers of life-saving and life boat stations and of houses of refuge, one hundred and fifty-six thousand one hundred dollars.

Crews of surfmen, etc.

For pay of crews of surfmen employed at the life-saving and life-boat stations, during the period of actual employment; compensation of volunteers at life-saving and life-boat stations, for actual and deserving service rendered upon any occasion of disaster, or in any effort to save persons from drowning, at such rate, not to exceed ten dollars for each volunteer, as the Secretary of the Treasury may determine; pay of volunteer crews for drill and exercise; fuel for stations and houses of refuge; repairs and outfits for same; rebuilding and improvement of same; supplies and provisions for houses of refuge and for shipwrecked persons succored at stations; traveling expenses of officers under orders from the Treasury Department; for carrying out the provisions of section seven and eight of the act approved May fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-two; for draught animals, and maintenance of same; and contingent expenses, including freight, storage, repairs to apparatus, medals, labor, stationery, advertising, and miscellaneous expenses, that cannot be included under any other head of life-saving stations on the coasts of the United States, seven hundred and ten thousand dollars.

Miscellaneous.

1882, vol. 22, ch. 117, p. 56.

New life-saving stations, etc.

For establishing new life-saving stations and life-boat stations on the sea and lake coasts of the United States, forty thousand dollars.

#### REVENUE-CUTTER SERVICE.

Revenue Cutter Service. Items.

For expenses of the Revenue-Cutter Service: For pay of captains lieutenants, engineers, cadets, and pilots employed, and for rations for the same; for pay of petty officers, seamen, cooks, stewards, boys, coal-passers, and firemen, and for rations for the same; for fuel for vessels, and repairs and outfits for the same; ship-chandlery and engineers' stores for the same; traveling expenses of officers traveling on duty under orders from the Treasury Department; instruction of cadets; commutation of quarters; contingent expenses, including wharfage, towage, dockage, freight, advertising, surveys, labor, and miscellaneous expenses which cannot be included under special heads, eight hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.

Engraving and printing.

#### ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.

Salaries of clerks and other expenses.

For salaries of all necessary clerks and employees, and for labor (by the day, piece, or contract), including labor of workmen skilled in engraving, transferring, plate-printing, and other specialties necessary for carrying on the work of engraving and printing notes, bonds, and other securities of the United States, and national-bank notes, the pay for such labor to

be fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury, at rates not exceeding the rates usually paid for such work; and for other expenses of engraving and printing notes, bonds, and other securities of the United States and national-bank notes; for materials other than distinctive paper required in the work of engraving and printing; for purchase of engravers' tools, dies, rolls, and plates; for machinery and repairs of same; and for expenses of operating macerating machines for the destruction of the United States notes, bonds, and other obligations of the United States authorized to be destroyed, four hundred and seventy-five thousand seven hundred dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury; and from said sum work may be executed by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing for the following purposes, namely:

For engraving, printing, and finishing United States notes, gold and silver certificates, registered bonds for transfers and other securities, three hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars. United States notes.

For engraving (except face plates), printing, and finishing circulating notes for national banking associations, one hundred and ten thousand dollars. National bank notes.

For engraving, printing, and finishing certificates of letters patent, seven hundred dollars. Certificates of patents.

#### LIGHT-HOUSE ESTABLISHMENT.

For supplies of light-houses: For supplying the light-houses, beacon-lights, and fog-signals on the Atlantic, Gulf, Lake, and Pacific coasts with illuminating and cleansing materials, and such other materials as may be required for annual consumption, including the expenses of inspection and delivery of the same; for books and furniture for stations, and other incidental and necessary expenses, three hundred and fifty thousand dollars. Light-house Establishment. Supplies.

For repairs of light-houses: For repairs and incidental expenses of light-houses and stations; for rebuilding, renovating, and improving the same, and buildings connected therewith; for the establishing and repairing of pier-head lights; and for the purchase and repair of illuminating apparatus and machinery, three hundred thousand dollars. Repairs.

For salaries of keepers of light-houses: For salaries, fuel, rations, rent of quarters, where necessary, and similar incidental expenses of one thousand and fifteen light-keepers and fog-signal keepers, five hundred and eighty thousand dollars. Salaries of keepers, etc.

For expenses of light-vessels: For seamen's wages, rations, repairs, salaries, supplies, and incidental expenses of thirty light-ships, two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars. Light-vessels.

For expenses of buoyage: For expenses of raising, cleaning, painting, repairing, removing, and supplying losses of buoys, spindles, and day-beacons, and for the maintenance of whistling-buoys and bell-buoys, and for chains, sinkers, and similar necessities, three hundred and twenty thousand dollars. Buoyage.

For expenses of fog-signals: For establishing, renewing, duplicating, and improving fog-signals and buildings connected therewith, and for repairs and incidental expenses of the same, sixty thousand dollars. Fog-signals.

For inspecting lights: For expenses of visiting and inspecting lights and other aids to navigation, including rewards paid for information as to collisions, three thousand dollars. Inspecting lights.

For lighting and buoyage of rivers: For maintenance of post-lights and buoys on the Mississippi, Ohio, and Missouri Rivers, and at the mouth of Red River, Louisiana; Savannah River, Georgia; Saint John's River, Florida; Cape Fear River, North Carolina, and Hudson River, New York, the Light-House Board being hereby authorized to lease the necessary ground for all such lights and beacons as are used to point out changeable channels, and which in consequence cannot be made permanent, one hundred and ninety thousand dollars: *Provided*: That Lighting and buoyage of rivers. *Proviso*.

Repairs light-house tender Lily.

so much as may be necessary of the unexpended balance of the appropriation for lighting and buoyage of the Mississippi, Missouri, and Ohio Rivers for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, may be used to defray the expense of repairing the light-house tender Lily, damaged by fire September twentieth, eighteen hundred and eighty four.

Survey of light-house sites.

*Proriso.*

*Ante p. 197.*

For survey of light-house sites: For examination and survey of sites for proposed light-houses, and preparing plans for proposed structures, two thousand five hundred dollars: *Provided*, That the light appropriated for by the act of July seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, to be established on the west jetty at Saybrook, Connecticut, may be placed on either jetty, as the Light-House Board may select.

Maintenance of lighted buoys.

For maintenance of lighted buoys: For the maintenance of light-buoys now in use, five thousand dollars.

#### COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY.

Survey of Atlantic, Gulf, and Pacific coasts.

For every expenditure requisite for and incident to the survey of the Atlantic, Gulf, and Pacific coasts of the United States, including the survey of rivers to the head of tide-water or ship navigation; deep-sea soundings, temperature and current observations along the coasts and throughout the Gulf Stream and Japan Stream flowing off the said coasts; tidal observations; the necessary resurveys; the preparation of the Coast Pilot; a magnetic map of North America; and including compensation not otherwise appropriated for of persons employed on the field work, in conformity with the regulations for the government of the Coast and Geodetic Survey adopted by the Secretary of the Treasury, and including allowance for subsistence to officers of the Navy attached to the Survey, not exceeding one dollar per day, as allowed by act of Congress approved June twelfth, eighteen hundred and fifty-eight, and also including the repairs, outfit, and equipment of vessels used in the Survey, to be expended under the following heads.

1858, vol. 11, ch. 154, p. 319.

Party expenses for surveys, resurveys, examinations, etc.

#### FOR PARTY EXPENSES.

For continuing the survey of the coast of Maine eastward from Englishman's Bay toward Quoddy Head, nine thousand dollars, of which sum one thousand five hundred dollars shall be immediately available.

For examination of reported dangers and changes on the eastern coast, five hundred dollars.

For continuing resurvey of Long Island Sound, fifteen thousand five hundred dollars, of which sum two thousand five hundred dollars shall be immediately available.

For completing resurvey of Delaware Bay, including current observations, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For continuing examination of changes and resurveys on the sea-coast of New Jersey, one thousand eight hundred dollars.

For continuing the survey of estuaries of Chesapeake Bay, and of sounds and tide-water passages in North and South Carolina not heretofore surveyed, three thousand dollars.

For continuing the survey of the western coast of Florida from Estero Bay southward and from Saint Joseph's Bay northward, and hydrography of the same, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

For supplementary surveys on the east side of the Mississippi Delta, two thousand dollars.

For continuing the survey of the coast of Louisiana west of the Mississippi Delta, and hydrography on the coasts of Louisiana and Texas, eight thousand dollars.

For making the requisite verification of the work near the boundary, and for examination of entrances on the coast of Texas, one thousand dollars.

To make off-shore soundings along the Atlantic coast and current and temperature observations in the Gulf Stream, nine thousand dollars.

For continuing the researches in physical hydrography relating to harbors and bars, four thousand dollars.

For determinations of geographical positions (longitude party), four thousand dollars.

Party expenses for surveys, resurveys, examinations, etc., continued.

To continue the primary triangulation from Atlanta toward Mobile, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For continuing an exact line of levels from the Gulf to the transcontinental line of levels between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, one thousand five hundred dollars.

To continue tide observations on the Atlantic coast, two thousand dollars.

To continue magnetic observations on the Atlantic and Gulf coasts, five hundred dollars.

To continue gravity experiments, three thousand five hundred dollars.

To continue the compilation of the Coast Pilot, and to make special hydrographic examinations for the same, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For continuing the topographical survey of the coast of Southern California, including the necessary supplementary surveys near San Francisco, eight thousand five hundred dollars.

For continuing the primary triangulation of California, including a line of precise levels from Sancelito to the transcontinental line of levels, eleven thousand dollars.

For continuing hydrography off the California coast, five thousand dollars.

For continuing the survey of the coast of Oregon, including off-shore hydrography, and the survey of Columbia River and Willamette River to the head of ship navigation, six thousand five hundred dollars.

For continuing the survey of the coast of Washington Territory, nine thousand five hundred dollars.

For continuing explorations in the waters of Alaska, and making hydrographic surveys in the same, nine thousand dollars.

For traveling expenses of officers and men of the Navy on duty, and for any special surveys that may be required by the Light-House Board or other proper authority, and contingent expenses incident thereto, three thousand dollars.

For continuing tide observations on the Pacific coast, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For magnetic observations on the Pacific coast, two thousand dollars.

For traveling expenses of the Superintendent and his party on duty of inspection, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For objects not hereinbefore named that may be deemed urgent, four thousand dollars.

And ten per centum of the foregoing amounts shall be available interchangeably for expenditure on the objects named; in all, for party expenses, one hundred and forty-five thousand five hundred dollars.

For furnishing points for State surveys, sixteen thousand three hundred dollars.

#### Transcontinental geodetic work :

For transcontinental geodetic work, including line of leveling between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, twenty thousand dollars.

For resurvey of New York Bay and Harbor, including East River to Throgg's Neck, to be immediately available, thirty thousand dollars.

#### PAY OF FIELD OFFICERS:

For pay of the Superintendent, six thousand dollars.

Pay of field officers.

For pay of two assistants, at four thousand dollars per annum, eight thousand dollars.

For pay of one assistant, at three thousand six hundred dollars per annum.

For pay of one assistant, at three thousand two hundred dollars.

Pay of field officers, continued.

For pay of two assistants, at three thousand dollars per annum, six thousand dollars.

For pay of two assistants, at two thousand eight hundred dollars per annum, five thousand six hundred dollars.

For pay of four assistants, at two thousand four hundred dollars per annum, nine thousand six hundred dollars.

For pay of three assistants, at two thousand three hundred dollars per annum, six thousand nine hundred dollars.

For pay of six assistants, at two thousand two hundred dollars per annum, thirteen thousand two hundred dollars.

For pay of six assistants, at two thousand dollars per annum, twelve thousand dollars.

For pay of ten assistants, at one thousand eight hundred dollars per annum, eighteen thousand dollars.

For pay of nine assistants, at one thousand five hundred dollars per annum thirteen thousand five hundred dollars.

For pay of three subassistants, at one thousand four hundred dollars per annum, four thousand two hundred dollars.

For pay of two subassistants, at one thousand three hundred dollars per annum, two thousand six hundred dollars.

For pay of four subassistants, at one thousand one hundred dollars per annum, four thousand four hundred dollars.

For pay of eight aids, at nine hundred dollars per annum, seven thousand two hundred dollars.

For pay of one aid, at seven hundred and twenty dollars per annum.

Total pay in field, one hundred and twenty-four thousand nine hundred and twenty dollars.

Pay of employes of Coast Survey Office, etc.

#### PAY OF OFFICE FORCE:

For one disbursing agent, at two thousand five hundred dollars.

For one accountant, at one thousand eight hundred dollars.

For one accountant, at one thousand four hundred dollars.

For one general office assistant, at two thousand two hundred dollars.

For one draughtsman, at two thousand three hundred and fifty dollars.

For one draughtsman, at two thousand one hundred dollars.

For one draughtsman, at two thousand and fifty dollars.

For two draughtsmen, at two thousand dollars, four thousand dollars.

For one draughtsman, at one thousand eight hundred dollars.

For one draughtsman, at one thousand five hundred dollars.

For three draughtsmen, at one thousand four hundred dollars, four thousand two hundred dollars.

For one draughtsman, at four dollars and twenty-five cents per working day, one thousand three hundred and thirty dollars and twenty-five cents.

For one draughtsman, at one thousand two hundred and sixty dollars.

For two draughtsmen, at one thousand two hundred dollars, two thousand four hundred dollars.

For one draughtsman, at three dollars and fifty cents per working-day, one thousand and ninety-five dollars and fifty cents.

For one draughtsman, at three dollars per working-day, nine hundred and thirty-nine dollars.

For two computers, at one thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars, three thousand seven hundred dollars.

For one computer, at one thousand four hundred and twenty dollars.

For one computer, at one thousand three hundred dollars.

For one computer, at one thousand two hundred and sixty dollars.

For one computer, at one thousand one hundred dollars.

For one tidal computer, at two thousand dollars.

For one tidal computer, at one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For one engraver, at two thousand and sixty dollars.

For one engraver, at six dollars and thirty-nine cents per working day, two thousand dollars.

For one engraver, at six dollars and twenty-five cents per working day, one thousand nine hundred and fifty-six dollars and twenty-five cents. Pay of employes of Coast Survey Office, etc., continued.

For two engravers, at five dollars and seventy-five cents per working-day, three thousand six hundred dollars.

For one engraver, at five dollars per working-day, one thousand five hundred and sixty-five dollars.

For one engraver, at four dollars and seventy-five cents per working-day, one thousand four hundred and eighty-six dollars and seventy-five cents.

For one engraver, at four dollars and fifty cents per working-day, one thousand four hundred and eight dollars and fifty cents.

For one engraver, at three dollars per working-day, nine hundred and thirty-nine dollars.

For one contract engraver, contract not to exceed two thousand four hundred dollars per annum.

For one contract engraver, contract not to exceed two thousand one hundred dollars per annum.

For one contract engraver, contract not to exceed one thousand eight hundred dollars per annum.

For one contract engraver, contract not to exceed eight hundred dollars per annum.

For one electrotypist, at two thousand dollars;

For one electrotypist's helper, at three dollars and seventy-five cents per working day, one thousand one hundred and seventy-three dollars and seventy-five cents.

For one copper plate printer, at five dollars and fifty cents per working-day, one thousand seven hundred and twenty-one dollars and fifty cents.

For two copper-plate printers, at four dollars and twenty-five cents per working-day, two thousand six hundred and sixty dollars and fifty cents.

For one copper-plate printer, at four dollars per working-day, one thousand two hundred and fifty-two dollars.

For two plate-printers' helpers, at two dollars and twenty-five cents per working-day, one thousand four hundred and ten dollars and fifty cents.

For one chief mechanician, at two thousand dollars.

For one mechanician, at five dollars per working-day, one thousand five hundred and sixty-five dollars.

For one mechanician, at four dollars and twenty-five cents per working-day, one thousand three hundred and thirty dollars and twenty-five cents.

For one mechanician, at four dollars per working-day, one thousand two hundred and fifty-two dollars.

For one mechanician, at three dollars and seventy-five cents per working-day, one thousand one hundred and seventy-three dollars and seventy-five cents.

For one mechanician, at two dollars and eighty-two cents per working-day, eight hundred and eighty-two dollars and sixty-six cents.

For one mechanician, at one dollar and seventy-five cents per working day, five hundred and forty-seven dollars and seventy-five cents.

For one carpenter, at five dollars per working-day, one thousand five hundred and sixty-five dollars.

For one carpenter, at two dollars and twenty-five cents per working-day, seven hundred and four dollars and twenty-five cents.

For one carpenter, at one dollar and eighty-two cents per working-day, five hundred and sixty-nine dollars and sixty-six cents.

For one map-mounter, at three dollars and twenty-five cents per working-day, one thousand and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents.

For one librarian, at one thousand eight hundred dollars.

For one clerk, at one thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

Pay of employés  
of Coast Survey  
Office, etc., con-  
tinued.

For two clerks, at one thousand five hundred dollars, three thousand dollars.

For one clerk, at one thousand four hundred dollars.

For one clerk, at one thousand three hundred and fifty dollars.

For two clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars, two thousand four hundred dollars.

For one clerk, at one thousand dollars.

For one clerk, at nine hundred dollars.

For one clerk, at three dollars and seventy-five cents per working-day, one thousand one hundred and seventy-three dollars and seventy-five cents.

For one map colorist, at seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For one writer, at nine hundred dollars.

For one writer, at eight hundred and forty dollars.

For six writers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars, four thousand three hundred and twenty dollars.

For one writer, at six hundred dollars.

For one messenger, at two dollars and forty cents per day, eight hundred and seventy-six dollars.

For one messenger, at eight hundred and forty dollars.

For three messengers, at two dollars and twenty-five cents per day, two thousand four hundred and sixty-three dollars and seventy-five cents.

For three messengers, at one dollar and seventy-five cents per day, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen dollars and twenty-five cents.

For one fireman, at two dollars per day, seven hundred and thirty dollars.

For one fireman, at one dollar and fifty cents per day, five hundred and forty-seven dollars and fifty cents.

For one packer and folder, at two dollars and twenty-five cents per day, eight hundred and twenty-one dollars and twenty-five cents.

For one packer and folder, at two dollars per working-day, six hundred and twenty-six dollars.

For two laborers, at two dollars per working-day, one thousand two hundred and fifty-two dollars.

For two laborers, at one dollar and seventy-five cents per working-day, one thousand and ninety-five dollars and fifty cents.

For one laborer, at one dollar per working-day, three hundred and thirteen dollars.

For one laborer, at one dollar per day, three hundred and sixty-five dollars.

For one janitor, at one thousand two hundred dollars.

For three watchmen, at two dollars and forty-five cents per day, two thousand six hundred and eighty-two dollars and seventy-five cents.

Total for pay of office force, one hundred and twenty-seven thousand six hundred and seventy-eight dollars and eighty-two cents.

Office expenses,  
etc.

#### OFFICE EXPENSES:

For the purchase of new instruments, for materials and supplies required in the instrument-shop, carpenter-shop, and drawing division, and for books, maps and charts, twelve thousand dollars.

For copper-plates, chart-paper, printer's ink; copper, zinc, and chemicals for electrotyping; engravers' and printers' supplies; for extra engraving; and for photolithographing charts for immediate use, eleven thousand five hundred dollars.

For stationery for the office and field parties; transportation of instruments and supplies; office wagon and horses; fuel; gas; telegrams; ice; washing; extra labor; and for allowances to the assistants in charge of office details, in accordance with the regulations of the Secretary of the Treasury, thirteen thousand three hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous expenses, contingencies of all kinds, office furniture and repairs, and for traveling expenses of assistants and others

employed in the office sent on special duty in the service of the office, four thousand dollars.

Total general expenses of office, forty thousand eight hundred dollars.

FOR RENT OF OFFICE BUILDINGS: For rent of buildings for offices, work rooms, and work-shops in Washington ten thousand five hundred dollars.

Rent of office buildings.

For rent of fire-proof building numbered two hundred and five New Jersey avenue, including rooms for standard weights and measures; for the safe-keeping and preservation of the original astronomical, magnetic, hydrographic, and other records, of the original topographical and hydrographic maps and charts, of instruments, engraved plates, and other valuable property of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, six thousand dollars.

PUBLISHING OBSERVATIONS: For continuing the publication of observations and their discussion, made in the progress of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, including compensation of civilians engaged in the work, the publication to be made at the Government Printing Office, six thousand dollars.

Publishing observations.

For repairs and maintenance of vessels: For repairs and maintenance of vessels used in the Coast and Geodetic Survey, twenty-six thousand dollars.

Repairs, etc., of vessels.

MISCELLANEOUS OBJECTS UNDER THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Miscellaneous, Treasury.

PAPER AND STAMPS: For paper and stamps for the Bureau of Internal Revenue, four hundred and ten thousand dollars; the engraving and printing of said stamps to be done in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing of the Treasury Department, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury.

Paper and stamps, Internal Revenue.

PUNISHMENT FOR VIOLATIONS OF INTERNAL-REVENUE LAWS: For detecting and bringing to trial and punishment persons guilty of violating the internal-revenue laws, or conniving at the same, including payments for information and detection of such violations, fifty thousand dollars; and the Commissioner of Internal Revenue shall make a detailed statement to Congress once in each year as to how he has expended this sum, and also a detailed statement of all miscellaneous expenditures in the Bureau of Internal-Revenue for which appropriation is made in this act.

Violation of internal-revenue laws.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES INDEPENDENT TREASURY: For contingent expenses under the requirements of section thirty-six hundred and fifty-three of the Revised Statutes of the United States, for the collection, safe-keeping, transfer, and disbursement of the public money, and for transportation of notes, bonds, and other securities of the United States, seventy thousand dollars.

R. S., sec. 3653, p. 719.

Collection, safe-keeping, transfer, etc., of public money.

FREIGHT ON BULLION AND COIN: For freight on bullion and coin between the mints and assay-offices, fifteen thousand dollars.

Freight on bullion and coin.

EXPENSES OF THE NATIONAL CURRENCY: For paper, express charges, and other expenses, thirty thousand dollars.

National currency.

DISTINCTIVE PAPER FOR UNITED STATES SECURITIES: For paper, including mill expenses, transportation, examination, counting, and delivery thirty-five thousand dollars.

Distinctive paper.

TRANSPORTATION OF SILVER COIN: For transportation of silver coin, fifty thousand dollars; and in expending this sum the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to transport from the Treasury or subtreasuries, free of charge, silver coin when requested to do so: *Provided*, That an equal amount in coin or currency shall have been deposited in the Treasury or such subtreasuries by the applicant or applicants. And the Secretary of the Treasury shall report to Congress the cost arising under this appropriation.

Silver coin, transportation of.

*Proriso.*

TRANSPORTATION OF GOLD COIN. For the transportation of gold coin from San Francisco to New York, one hundred thousand dollars, the same to be immediately available.

Gold coin, transportation of.

Silver coin,  
transportation of,  
between subtreas-  
ury offices.

TRANSPORTATION OF SILVER COIN: For transportation of silver coin between subtreasury offices, fifty thousand dollars.

Recoinage of  
gold and silver  
coin.

RECOINAGE OF GOLD AND SILVER COINS: For recoinage of gold and silver coins in the Treasury, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, ten thousand dollars.

Propagation of  
food-fishes.

PROPAGATION OF FOOD FISHES: For the introduction by the United States Fish Commission into and the increase in the waters of the United States of food-fishes and other useful products of the waters, including lobsters, oysters, and other shell fish, and for continuing the inquiry into the fisheries of the United States and their subjects, and for such general and miscellaneous expenditures as the Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries may find necessary to the prosecution of his work, including salaries or compensation of all necessary employees, one hundred and thirty thousand dollars. And the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to detail from time to time for duty under the Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries any officers and men of the Revenue Marine Service whose services can be spared for such duty.

U. S. Fish Com-  
mission; rent of  
rooms.

RENT OF OFFICE UNITED STATES FISH COMMISSION: For rent of rooms in the city of Washington, two thousand dollars.

Maintenance of  
fish-ponds.

MAINTENANCE OF FISH-PONDS: For the preparation and maintenance of fish-ponds in Washington and elsewhere, and the distribution of the eggs and young of the whitefish, salmon, shad, cod, carp, and other useful inhabitants of the waters, including salaries or compensation of all necessary employees, forty-five thousand dollars.

Maintaining ves-  
sels.

MAINTENANCE OF VESSELS: For the maintenance of the vessels of the United States Fish Commission, and for boats, apparatus, machinery, and the other facilities required for use with the same, including salaries or compensation of all necessary employees, forty-five thousand dollars.

Wood's Holl,  
Mass., increasing  
facilities for arti-  
ficial propagation of  
marine animals.

FISH COMMISSION BUILDINGS, WOOD'S HOLL, MASSACHUSETTS: For increasing the facilities at Wood's Holl, Massachusetts, station for the artificial propagation of useful marine animals, such as cod, halibut, mackerel, lobsters, oysters, and so forth, and the investigations connected therewith, to be immediately available, twenty thousand dollars.

Sailing-vessel,  
construction of.

SAILING-VESSEL, FOOD-FISHES: For construction of a suitable sailing-vessel for the purpose of collecting the spawning cod and other useful food-fishes on their breeding-grounds off the coast and conveying them to the shore station of the Commission, to be made immediately available, fourteen thousand dollars: *Provided, however,* That the Secretary of the Navy is authorized and directed to transfer from the Navy to the United States Fish Commission a sailing-vessel suitable for such service, if any such vessel can be spared from said service, in which event the above sum shall not be expended.

*Proviso.*

International ex-  
changes, Smith-  
sonian Institution.

INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGES, SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION: For expenses of the system of international exchanges between the United States and foreign countries, under the direction of the Smithsonian Institution, including salaries or compensation of all necessary employees, ten thousand dollars.

Ethnological re-  
searches among  
American Indians.

NORTH AMERICAN ETHNOLOGY, SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION: For the purpose of continuing ethnological researches among the American Indians, under the direction of the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, including salaries or compensation of all necessary employees, forty thousand dollars.

Smithsonian In-  
stitution building;  
furnishing of east-  
ern portion.

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION BUILDING: For finishing and completing the furnishing of the eastern portion of the Smithsonian Institution building, five thousand six hundred dollars.

Inspector of  
furniture, etc., for  
public buildings.

INSPECTOR OF FURNITURE AND OTHER FURNISHINGS FOR PUBLIC BUILDINGS: To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to employ a suitable person to inspect all public buildings and examine into their requirements for furniture and other furnishings, including fuel, lights,

and other current expenses, three thousand dollars; and for actual necessary expenses, not exceeding two thousand dollars; in all, five thousand dollars.

**PAY OF ASSISTANT CUSTODIANS AND JANITORS:** For pay of assistant custodians and janitors, including all personal services in connection with all public buildings under control of the Treasury Department outside of the District of Columbia, three hundred thousand dollars; and the Secretary of the Treasury shall so apportion this sum as to prevent a deficiency therein. Pay of assistant custodians and janitors.

**HEATING APPARATUS FOR PUBLIC BUILDINGS, INCLUDING NEW BUILDINGS:** For heating, hoisting, and ventilating apparatus, and repairs to the same, for all public buildings, including marine hospitals, under control of the Treasury Department, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars. Heating apparatus.

**VAULTS, SAFES, AND LOCKS FOR PUBLIC BUILDINGS, INCLUDING NEW BUILDINGS:** For vaults, safes, and locks, and repairs to the same, for all public buildings under control of the Treasury Department, fifty thousand dollars. Vaults, safes, and locks.

**PLANS FOR PUBLIC BUILDINGS:** For books, photographic materials, and in duplicating plans required for all public buildings under control of the Treasury Department, two thousand five hundred dollars. Plans for.

**FUEL, LIGHTS, AND WATER FOR PUBLIC BUILDINGS:** For fuel, lights, water, and miscellaneous items required by the janitors and firemen in the proper care of the buildings, furniture, and heating-apparatus, exclusive of personal services, for all public buildings, including marine hospitals, under the control of the Treasury Department, inclusive of new buildings, six hundred thousand dollars. Fuel, lights, water, etc.

**FURNITURE AND REPAIRS OF FURNITURE:** For furniture and repairs of furniture, including carpets, for all public buildings under the control of the Treasury Department, including the public building at Cleveland, Ohio, and including marine-hospitals, and for furniture, carpets, chandeliers, and gas-fixtures for new buildings, three hundred thousand dollars. And all furniture now owned by the United States in other buildings shall be used as far as practicable, whether it corresponds with the present regulation plans for furniture or not. Furniture, carpets, and repairs.

**SUPPRESSING COUNTERFEITING AND OTHER CRIMES:** For the expenses of detecting and bringing to trial and punishment persons engaged in counterfeiting Treasury notes, bonds, national-bank notes, and other securities of the United States, as well as the coins of the United States, and other felonies committed against the laws of the United States relating to the pay and bounty laws, and for no other purpose whatever, sixty thousand dollars. Detection and punishment of counterfeiters, etc.

**LANDS AND OTHER PROPERTY OF THE UNITED STATES:** For custody, care, protection, and sale of lands and other property belonging to the United States, one thousand dollars. Custody, care, and sale of lands, etc., of the U. S.

**COMPENSATION IN LIEU OF MOIETIES:** For compensation in lieu of moieties in certain cases under the customs-revenue laws, forty thousand dollars. Compensation in lieu of moieties, etc.

#### ALASKAN SEAL-FISHERIES.

For salaries and traveling expenses of agents at seal-fisheries in Alaska, as follows: Agents at seal-fisheries.

For one agent, three thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

For one assistant agent, two thousand nine hundred and twenty dollars. Assistant agents.

For two assistant agents, at two thousand one hundred and ninety dollars each, four thousand three hundred and eighty dollars.

For necessary traveling expenses of agents actually incurred in going to and returning from Alaska, not to exceed six hundred dollars each per annum, two thousand four hundred dollars. Traveling expenses.

**FOR THE PROTECTION OF SEA-OTTER HUNTING-GROUNDS AND SEAL-FISHERIES IN ALASKA:** To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to Protection of seal-fisheries, etc.

use revenue steamers for the protection of the interests of the Government on the seal-islands and the sea-otter hunting-grounds, and the enforcement of the provisions of law in Alaska, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars.

Salaries, etc. of National Board of Health. NATIONAL BOARD OF HEALTH: For salaries and expenses of the National Board of Health, five thousand dollars.

Suppression of epidemic diseases. FOR SUPPRESSION OF EPIDEMIC DISEASES: The President of the United States is hereby authorized, in case of threatened or actual epidemic of cholera or yellow fever, to use the unexpended balance of the sum reappropriated therefor by the act approved July seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, together with the further sum of three hundred thousand dollars, the same to be immediately available, in aid of State and local boards or otherwise, in his discretion, in preventing and suppressing the spread of the same and for maintaining quarantine and maritime inspections at points of danger.

*Ante p. 207.*

Hartford and New York Transportation Company, payment to. That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to issue a warrant in favor of the Hartford and New York Transportation Company for the sum of six thousand four hundred and seventy-nine dollars and thirty-two cents, which sum is hereby reappropriated, being the amount appropriated for said Hartford and New York Transportation Company under the act approved July seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, and for other purposes, and now unpaid.

*Ante p. 224.*

Ex-President R. B. Hayes, reimbursement of. To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to reimburse ex-President R. B. Hayes for amount paid for expenses of the Commission appointed to go to Louisiana in April, eighteen hundred and seventy-seven, three thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars and seventy-three cents.

#### UNDER THE NAVY DEPARTMENT.

Navy Department.

W. P. Wood, payment to. To enable the Secretary of the Navy to pay to W. P. Wood for services rendered in connection with the detection and exposure of parties concerned in defrauding the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, two thousand dollars: *Provided*, That this sum shall be accepted by the said Wood in full compensation for such services.

*Proviso.*

Schooner Druid, payment of claim of owners of. To pay in full the claim of the owners of the schooner Druid for damages occasioned by the collision of that vessel with the United States steamer Powhatan, in October, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, eleven thousand five hundred and nineteen dollars and eighty-eight cents.

Japanese junk, payment of claim of owners of. To pay in full the claim of the owners of a Japanese junk for damages occasioned by the collision of the same with the United States steamer Ashuelot, while in Japanese waters, in August, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, one thousand nine hundred and seventy-three dollars and eighty-four cents.

Messageries Maritimes Steamship Company, payment of claim of. To pay in full the claim of the Messageries Maritimes Steamship Company for damages resulting from a collision which occurred May tenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, at Hong-Kong, between the United States flag ship Trenton and a barge owned by the said company, seven hundred and forty-four dollars and twenty cents.

Navy-yards and stations.

#### NAVY-YARDS AND STATIONS.

New York. For navy-yard, New York: For dredging, thirty thousand dollars.  
Mare Island, Cal. Navy-yard, Mare Island, California: Continuation of stone dry dock, two hundred and twenty thousand dollars; for continuing artesian well, ten thousand dollars; for iron crane, forty thousand dollars; to complete sewerage system, six thousand dollars; in all, two hundred and seventy-six thousand dollars.

Coasters' Harbor Island. For the care and preservation of the building on Coasters' Harbor Island formerly known as the "Asylum," and the adjoining buildings

and grounds, given to the United States for naval purposes by the State of Rhode Island, and for improvements, furniture, fixtures, heating, lighting, water, and for books and stationery, eight thousand dollars.

Naval Training Station, Coaster's Harbor Island, Rhode Island: For completing wharf, and for the maintenance, and repair of sea-wall, roads, and grounds, and the necessary labor and implements required for the proper preservation of the same, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For repairs and preservation at navy-yards and stations, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars. Repairs.

## UNDER THE DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

For an additional Assistant Secretary of the Interior, who shall be known and designated as First Assistant Secretary of the Interior, four thousand five hundred dollars. First Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

The representative of the Department of the Interior appointed by executive order dated May thirteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, as a member of the Government Board charged with preparing a Departmental exhibit for the United States at the World's Industrial and Cotton Centennial Exposition at New Orleans is hereby authorized to have reproduced five thousand copies of the "Growth of Industrial Art", illustrated, prepared by him for said exposition, and to pay the cost of the same out of the amount heretofore appropriated for paying the expense of the Departmental exhibit under his charge: *Provided*, That the unexpended balance to the credit of said Departmental exhibit is sufficient to pay the cost of such reproduction and all other expenses incident to said exhibit. Of said reproduction one thousand two hundred copies shall be for the use of the Senate, three thousand five hundred copies for the use of the House of Representatives, and three hundred copies for the use of the Department of the Interior. "Growth of Industrial Art."

Copies of, to be reproduced.

*Proviso.*

Distribution.

## PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

For casual repairs of the Interior Department building: For casual repairs of the Department building, five thousand seven hundred and eighty dollars. Public buildings.

For the Capitol: For work on the Capitol, and for general repairs thereof, including wages of mechanics, workmen, and fresco-painter, thirty-five thousand dollars. Interior Department.

For completing the cleaning of the outside walls of the House and Senate wings of the Capitol, and the approaches thereto, three thousand dollars. Capitol.

For improving the Capitol Grounds: For continuing the work of the improvement of the Capitol Grounds, and for care of the grounds, including the pay to landscape architect, one clerk, and wages of mechanics, gardeners, and workmen, thirty-five thousand dollars. Capitol grounds.

For continuing the construction of the terrace and grand stairways of the Capitol, as shown on plan accompanying the letter of the Secretary of the Treasury (Executive Document Number Nine, first session Forty-eighth Congress) including wages of mechanics and laborers, two hundred thousand dollars; and this appropriation shall be immediately available. Construction of terrace and grand stairways of Capitol.

For lighting the Capitol and Grounds: For lighting the Capitol and grounds about the same, including the Botanic Garden and Senate and House stables: For gas, electric lighting, pay of superintendent of meters, lamp-lighters, gas-fitters, and for materials for gas or electric lighting, and for general repairs, twenty-five thousand dollars, of which sum five thousand dollars shall be immediately available. Lighting Capitol, etc.

For new floor in engine-house near Senate stable, and for general repairs of engine-house and Senate stable, three hundred dollars. Engine-house near Senate stable.

Pension Office building. For completion of the Pension Office building, thirty thousand dollars.

Gas-pipes. For introduction of gas-pipes into the new Pension Office building, eleven thousand dollars.

George W. Cook, payment of sums reserved from vouchers of. For the payment of all sums reserved from the vouchers of George W. Cook for artificial-stone pavement laid by him on the Capitol Grounds, under contract of September eighteen hundred and seventy-five, two thousand four hundred and four dollars and eighty-eight cents.

## Indian affairs.

## INDIAN AFFAIRS.

W. C. Oburn, reimbursement to. To reimburse W. C. Oburn for cattle taken from him in the Indian Territory by the Cheyenne and Arapaho Indians, as shown by the letter of the Secretary of the Interior (House Executive Document Number One Hundred and Ninety-seven), transmitting report of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs recommending payment therefor, forty-six thousand seven hundred and seventy dollars and twenty-one cents; the same to be paid out of the annuities or other moneys due or to become due the said Cheyenne and Arapaho Indians, as stipulated in the first article of the treaty with said Indians concluded October twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven.

## HOT SPRINGS IMPROVEMENT.

Hot Springs Creek, completion of improvement. To complete the improvement of Hot Springs Creek down to the southern boundary of the reservation and across Reserve avenue, to provide convenient access to the Army and Navy Hospital, eight thousand dollars, the same to be immediately available.

Collection of revenue from sale of public lands. EXPENSES OF THE COLLECTION OF REVENUE FROM SALES OF PUBLIC LANDS.

Registers of land-offices and receivers of public moneys. For salaries and commissions of registers of land-offices and receivers of public moneys at district land-offices, at not exceeding three thousand dollars each, five hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

Incidental expenses. For incidental expenses of the several land-offices, one hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars.

Expenses of depositing money, etc. For expenses of depositing money received from the sale of public lands, fifteen thousand dollars.

Expenses of protecting timber. To meet expenses of protecting timber on the public lands, seventy-five thousand dollars.

Protection of public lands, etc. For the protection of public lands from illegal and fraudulent entry or appropriation, ninety thousand dollars.

Swamp lands. For salaries and expenses of agents employed in adjusting claims for swamp lands, and for indemnity for swamp lands, twenty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That agents and others employed under the three

*Proviso.* Agents; allowed per diem, etc. preceding paragraphs, while traveling on duty, shall be allowed per diem in lieu of subsistence at a rate to be fixed by the Secretary of the Interior, not exceeding three dollars per day, and for actual necessary expenses for transportation.

Expenses of investigating alleged fraudulent entries of lands. For expenses of hearings to be held and investigations to be made by registers and receivers, under instructions from the General Land Office, to determine whether alleged fraudulent entries are of that character or have been made in compliance with law, twenty thousand dollars; and the Secretary of the Interior shall report in detail all expenditures under the four preceding paragraphs.

Worn and defaced plats of surveys. To enable the Commissioner of the General Land Office to continue to reproduce worn and defaced official plats of surveys on file, and other plats constituting a part of the records of said office, and also to furnish local land officers with the same, twenty thousand dollars.

To enable the Secretary of the Interior to pay for the manuscript proof-reading and other necessary expenses of the third edition of House Executive Document Number Forty-seven, part four, as provided by joint resolution approved August seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty two, two thousand five hundred dollars, the same to be immediately available.

House Executive Document Number One, part four; expenses of third edition. 1882, vol. 22, No. 73, p. 393.

**SURVEYING THE PUBLIC LANDS.**

Survey of public lands.

For surveying the public lands, three hundred thousand dollars, at rates not exceeding nine dollars per linear mile for standard and meander miles, seven dollars for township, and five dollars for section lines, except that the Commissioner of the General Land Office may allow, for the survey of standard and meander lines through lands heavily timbered, mountainous, or covered with dense undergrowth, a sum not exceeding thirteen dollars per linear mile for standard lines, eleven dollars for township, and seven dollars for section lines; or where, for any cause not provided for by law, in Oregon or Washington Territory, he is unable to get the necessary surveys made at the rates aforesaid, he may allow a sum not exceeding twelve dollars per linear mile for standard lines, ten dollars for township lines, and six dollars for section lines; and of the sum hereby appropriated not exceeding fifty thousand dollars thereof may be expended for occasional examinations of public surveys in the several surveying districts, in order to test the accuracy of the work in the field and to prevent payment for fraudulent and imperfect surveys returned by deputy surveyors, and inspecting mineral deposits, coal fields, and timber districts, and for the making of such other surveys or examinations as may be required for identification of lands for purposes of evidence in any suit or proceeding in behalf of the United States.

For such resurveys of the public lands as, in the discretion of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, may be considered necessary, fifteen thousand dollars.

Resurveys.

For survey of confirmed private land-claims in New Mexico, at a rate not exceeding eleven dollars per linear mile, and office expenses, three thousand dollars.

Survey of confirmed private land claims. New Mexico. California.

For survey of confirmed private land-claims in California, at the rates prescribed by law, including office expenses incidental to the service, three thousand dollars.

For survey of private land claims in Louisiana, at the rates prescribed by law, confirmed by decrees of courts or by private acts of Congress, five thousand dollars.

Louisiana.

That hereafter in all cases of the survey of private land-claims the cost of the same shall be refunded to the Treasury by the owner before the delivery of the patent.

Cost of surveys to be refunded by owner before delivery of patent.

To complete the survey of the boundary-line between the Territories of Dakota and Montana, estimated at two hundred and eighty miles, eight thousand four hundred dollars.

Boundary between Territories of Dakota and Montana.

For completing remarking the boundary-line between the State of Colorado and the Territory of Utah, estimated at two hundred and ten miles, six thousand three hundred dollars.

Boundary between Colorado and Utah Territory.

For necessary expenses of survey, appraisal, and sale of abandoned military reservations transferred to the control of the Secretary of the Interior under the provisions of an act of Congress approved July fifth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four twenty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That all appropriations herein under public lands shall be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior.

Survey, appraisal, and sale of abandoned military reservations. Ante p. 103.

**FOR THE PROTECTION AND IMPROVEMENT OF THE YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK:** For every purpose and object necessary for the protection, preservation, and improvement of the Yellowstone National Park, including compensation of superintendent and employees, forty thousand dollars, two thousand dollars of said amount to be paid an-

Protection, etc., of Yellowstone National Park.

nually to a superintendent of said park, and not exceeding nine hundred dollars annually to each of ten assistants, all of whom shall be appointed by the Secretary of the Interior and reside continuously in the park, and whose duty it shall be to protect the game, timber, and objects of interest therein; the balance of the sum appropriated to be expended in the construction and improvement of suitable roads and bridges within said park, under the supervision and direction of an engineer officer detailed by the Secretary of War for that purpose.

#### UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

**United States Geological Survey.** For the United States Geological Survey: For the Geological Survey, and the classification of the public lands, and examination of the Geological structure, mineral resources, and products of the national domain, and to continue the preparation of a geological map of the United States, including the pay of temporary employees in the field and office, and all other necessary expenses, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, four hundred thousand dollars.

**Salaries.** For salaries of the scientific assistants of the Geological Survey: For salary of five geologists, at four thousand dollars each;  
For salary of two geologists, at three thousand dollars each;  
For salary of one geologist, two thousand seven hundred dollars;  
For salary of two geologists, at two thousand four hundred dollars each;  
For salary of two geologists, at two thousand dollars each;  
For salary of one paleontologist, four thousand dollars;  
For salary of one paleontologist, two thousand dollars;  
For salary of one chemist, three thousand dollars;  
For salary of one chemist, two thousand dollars;  
For salary of one chief geographer, two thousand seven hundred dollars;  
For salary of three geographers, at two thousand five hundred dollars each;  
For salary of one general assistant, three thousand dollars;  
For salary of three topographers, at two thousand dollars each, in all, sixty-seven thousand seven hundred dollars.

#### MISCELLANEOUS OBJECTS.

**Government Hospital for the Insane.**

#### GOVERNMENT HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

**Army, Navy, and Marine Corps patients.** For current expenses of the Government Hospital for the Insane: For support, clothing, and treatment in the Government Hospital for the Insane of the insane from the Army and Navy, Marine Corps, and Revenue-Cutter Service, persons charged with or convicted of crimes against the United States, inmates of the National Homes for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, and of all persons who have become insane since their entry into the military or naval service of the United States, and who are indigent, two hundred and sixteen thousand five hundred and thirty-eight dollars; and not exceeding one thousand dollars of this sum may be expended in defraying the expenses of the removal of patients to their friends.

**Buildings and grounds.** For the buildings and grounds of the Government Hospital for the insane, as follows:

**Repairs and improvements.** For general repairs and improvements, ten thousand dollars.  
Special improvements, namely: For renewing gas holder, one thousand one hundred dollars; for workshop for the inmates, three thousand dollars; in all, four thousand one hundred dollars.

**Barn.** For completion of stock and hay barn, two thousand dollars to be immediately available.

**Dining-hall.** For dining-hall for the detached buildings nine thousand five hundred dollars.

COLUMBIA INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB.

For current expenses of the Columbia Institution for the Deaf and Dumb: For support of the institution, including salaries and incidental expenses, and for books and illustrative apparatus, for general repairs, and improvements fifty-five thousand dollars: *Provided*, That no more than twenty-five thousand dollars of said sum shall be expended for salaries and wages.

For the extension of the buildings of the institution for the purpose of providing additional school-room accommodation, seventeen thousand dollars.

Support of Columbia Institution for Deaf and Dumb.

*Proriso.*  
Appropriation for salaries, etc., limited.

Extension of buildings.

HOWARD UNIVERSITY.

For maintenance of the Howard University to be used in payment of part of the salaries of the officers, professors, and teachers, and other regular employees of the university, a portion of which will be paid from donations and other sources, eighteen thousand five hundred dollars.

For repairs of buildings four thousand dollars.

For increase of library, of cabinet and of philosophical and chemical apparatus, and improvements in the rooms containing the same two thousand dollars.

Howard University, maintenance of.

Repairs of building.

Increase of library, etc.

FREEDMEN'S HOSPITAL AND ASYLUM.

For the Freedmen's Hospital and Asylum, Washington, District of Columbia, as follows:

For subsistence twenty-two thousand dollars; for salaries and compensation of the surgeon-in-chief, two assistant surgeons, engineer, clerk, matron, nurses, laundresses, cooks, teamsters, watchmen, and laborers thirteen thousand dollars; for rent of hospital buildings and grounds four thousand dollars; for fuel and light, clothing, bedding, forage, transportation, medicines, and medical supplies, repairs and furniture, and other absolutely necessary expenses, ten thousand five hundred dollars; in all, forty nine thousand five hundred dollars.

For purchase of one force pump, to be immediately available, four hundred dollars.

Freedmen's Hospital and Asylum.

Subsistence, salaries, etc.

Purchase of force pump.

NATIONAL MUSEUM.

For heating and lighting the National Museum: For expense of heating, lighting, and telephonic and electrical service for the new Museum building, nine thousand dollars.

For the preservation of collections of the National Museum: For the preservation and exhibition and increase of the collections received from the surveying and exploring expeditions of the Government, and other sources, including salaries or compensation of all necessary employees ninety-five thousand dollars.

For the preservation of collections of the National Museum in the Armory Building: For care of the Armory Building and grounds, and expense of watching, preservation, and storage of the property of the National Museum and of the United States Fish Commission contained therein, including salaries or compensation of all necessary employees, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For furniture and fixtures of the National Museum: For cases, furniture, and fixtures required for the exhibition of the collections of the United States National Museum, and for salaries or compensation of all necessary employees, forty thousand dollars.

National Museum.

Heating, lighting, etc.

Collections.

Collections, Armory Building.

Cases, furniture, and fixtures; salaries, etc., of employees.

## UNDER THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

Armories and  
Arsenals.

## ARMORIES AND ARSENALS.

- Rock Island, Ill.** For the Rock Island Arsenal, Rock Island, Illinois, as follows:  
 For completing shop H, an iron-finishing shop for the armory, three thousand five hundred dollars.  
 For Armory shop K, an iron-finishing shop fifty thousand dollars.  
 For completing storehouse numbered four, five thousand seven hundred dollars.  
 For commencing and completing fire-proof stone building for offices for both the armory and arsenal thirty thousand dollars.  
 For erecting lumber storehouse fourteen thousand dollars.  
 For general care, preservation, and improvement; for building new roads; for care and preservation of the water power; for painting and care and preservation of permanent buildings, bridges, and shores of the island; for building fences, grading grounds, and repairs and extension of railroad, ten thousand dollars.  
 For machinery and shop-fixtures, seventeen thousand dollars.
- Water-pool.** That any balance of the appropriation of eighteen thousand five hundred dollars for the completion of the improvement of the water-pool above the dam at the Rock Island Arsenal, made by the sundry civil appropriations act for eighteen hundred and eighty-five, remaining unexpended at the close of the current fiscal year, be, and the same is hereby, reappropriated and made available for and during the fiscal year eight-hundred and eighty-six.
- Unexpended balance reappropriated.**
- Rock Island bridge.** For the Rock Island bridge as follows:  
 For care and preservation of the Rock Island bridge, and expenses of maintaining and operating the draw, nine thousand dollars.  
 For protecting the Rock Island bridge by means of sheer-booms, two hundred and fifty dollars.
- Springfield, Mass.** For the Springfield Arsenal, Springfield, Massachusetts: For repairs and preservation of grounds, buildings, and machinery not used for manufacturing purposes, fifteen thousand dollars.
- Benicia, Cal.** For Benicia Arsenal, Benicia, California: For permanent repairs of post and fences, six thousand dollars.
- San Antonio, Tex.** For the San Antonio Arsenal, San Antonio, Texas: For repairs of buildings, roads, and drains, four thousand dollars.
- Concreting sidewalks on Flores and Arsenal streets.** For laying concrete sidewalks on Flores and Arsenal streets, four thousand and seventy-five dollars and twenty cents.
- Dover, N. J., Piccatiny Powder Depot.** For Piccatiny Powder Depot, Dover, New Jersey: For grading grounds, erecting magazines and other necessary buildings, and all expenses incident thereto, forty thousand dollars.
- Sandy Hook Proving Ground.** For Sandy Hook Proving Ground, New Jersey: For clearing, leveling, grading, and building roads and general repairs, three thousand dollars.
- Repairs of arsenals.** For repairs of arsenals: For repairs of arsenals, and to meet such unforeseen expenditures at arsenals as accidents or other contingencies during the year may render necessary, thirty thousand dollars.
- Watertown Arsenal.** Testing-machine, Watertown Arsenal; For caring for, preserving, using, and operating the United States testing machine at Watertown Arsenal, ten thousand dollars: *Provided*, That hereafter the tests of iron and steel and other materials for industrial purposes shall be continued, and report thereof shall be made to Congress: *And provided further*, That in making tests for private citizens the officer in charge may require payment in advance, and may use the funds so received in making such private tests, making full report thereof to the Chief of Ordnance; and the Chief of Ordnance shall give attention to such programme of tests as may be submitted by the American Society of Civil Engineers, and the record of such tests shall be furnished said society, to be by them published at their own expense.
- Testing-machine. Proviso.** Tests to be reported to Congress. *Proviso.* Payment may be required in advance when test is for a private citizen.

BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS IN AND AROUND WASHINGTON.

Buildings and grounds, Washington, D. C.  
Improvement and care of public grounds.  
Items.

For the improvement and care of public grounds as follows :

For improving, care, and maintenance of grounds south of the Executive Mansion, six thousand dollars.

For ordinary care of greenhouses and nursery, two thousand dollars.

For improving reservation on South Carolina avenue, between Fourth and Sixth streets east, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For ordinary care of Lafayette Square, one thousand dollars.

For ordinary care of Franklin Square, one thousand dollars.

For care and improvement of reservation numbered three (Monument Grounds), one thousand dollars.

For continuing improvement of reservation numbered seventeen, and site of old canal northwest of same, ten thousand dollars: *Provided*, That no part thereof shall be expended upon other than property belonging to the United States.

For repair of iron fences, five hundred dollars.

For manure, and hauling the same, five thousand dollars.

For painting iron fences, vases, lamps, and lamp posts two thousand dollars.

For purchase and repair of seats, one thousand dollars.

For purchase and repair of tools, two thousand dollars.

For trees, tree-stakes, lime, whitewashing and stock for nursery, three thousand dollars.

For removing snow and ice, one thousand dollars.

For flower-pots, twine, baskets, and lycopodium, one thousand dollars.

For care construction, and repair of fountains in the public grounds, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For abating nuisances, five hundred dollars.

For improving, care, and maintenance of various reservations twelve thousand dollars.

For improvement, maintenance and care of Smithsonian Grounds, five thousand dollars.

To complete improvement of Washington Circle including removal of fence, two thousand dollars, the same to be immediately available.

For repairs and fuel at the Executive Mansion, as follows:

Executive Mansion.

For care and repair of and refurnishing the Executive Mansion, including four thousand dollars for new roof, sixteen thousand dollars.

For fuel for the Executive Mansion and greenhouses, three thousand dollars.

For care and necessary repair of greenhouses, four thousand dollars.

Lighting Executive Mansion and public grounds.

**FOR LIGHTING THE EXECUTIVE MANSION AND PUBLIC GROUNDS:** For gas, pay of lamp-lighters, gas-fitters plumbers, gas fitting and plumbing, purchase and erection of lamps and lamp posts, purchase of matches, and for repairs of all kinds; fuel and lights for office, stables, watchmen's lodges, and for the greenhouses at the nursery, fifteen thousand dollars: *Provided*, That for each six-foot burner not connected with a meter in the lamps on the public grounds no more than twenty-two dollars shall be paid per lamp for gas, including lighting, cleaning, and keeping in repair the lamps, under any expenditure provided for in this act; and authority is hereby given to substitute other illuminating material for the same or less price, and to use so much of the sum hereby appropriated as may be necessary for that purpose.

*Proviso.*

**FOR REPAIR OF WATER-PIPES AND FIRE-PLUGS:** For repairing and extending water-pipes, purchase of apparatus to clean them, and cleaning the springs, and repairing and renewing the pipes to the same that supply the Capitol, the Executive Mansion, and the building for the State, War and Navy Departments, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Repair of water-pipes, cleaning of springs, etc.

**FOR TELEGRAPH TO CONNECT THE CAPITOL WITH THE DEPARTMENTS AND GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE:** For care and repair of the same, one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

Telegraph connecting Capitol and Departments.

Building for  
State, War, and  
Navy Department.

FOR THE BUILDING FOR THE STATE, WAR AND NAVY DEPARTMENTS: For continuing the construction of the walls and floors of the several stories of the west and center wings, and for each and every purpose connected with the construction of the building including the rent of necessary office room, four hundred thousand dollars.

Washington  
Monument.

WASHINGTON MONUMENT: For completion of the Washington Monument, namely: For iron work of stairs and platforms and elevator fronts, engine-house and approaches, insertion of presentation blocks, cementing interior walls, paving floor and covering drum pit, closures of doorways, doors and passages, change in elevator car and machinery, new boiler-house and boiler, office expenses, including rent of necessary office-rooms, and for each and every purpose connected with the completion of the monument, seventy five thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the joint commission created by the act of August second eighteen hundred and seventy-six.

1876, vol. 19, ch.  
250, p. 123.

Yorktown Monu-  
ment.

YORKTOWN MONUMENT: That not exceeding five thousand dollars of the unexpended balance of the appropriation for the erection of the Yorktown Monument may be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, for the erection of an iron railing around said monument.

Army and Navy  
Hospital.

#### ARMY AND NAVY HOSPITAL.

Hot Springs,  
Ark.

Army and Navy hospital, Hot Springs, Arkansas: For labor and material to put the hospital in a thorough state of completion, as indicated by the architect, but not included in the present contract, twenty thousand dollars, the same to be immediately available.

Furnishing of  
hospital.

For completely furnishing the hospital including furniture for rooms for patients (officers) and of wards for enlisted men, necessary bedding, hospital clothing and miscellaneous articles, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

Military posts.

#### MILITARY POSTS.

For the construction of buildings at and the enlargement of such military posts as in the judgment of the Secretary of War may be necessary, one hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars; fifteen thousand dollars of which sum may be used for the purchase of a site near Atlanta, Georgia for the erection thereon of a ten company post.

Signal Service.

#### SIGNAL SERVICE.

Observation and  
report of storms.

To be expended by the Secretary of War;  
For the observation and report of storms: For expenses of the meteorological observation and report of storms by telegraph and signal, or otherwise announcing the probable approach and force of storms, for the benefit of the commerce and agriculture throughout the United States as follows:

Instruments.

For the manufacture, purchase, and repair of instruments, ten thousand dollars.

Telegraphic re-  
ports.

For telegraphic reports, one hundred and thirty eight thousand dollars.

Storm, caution-  
ary, off shore, and  
other signals.

For expenses of storm, cautionary, off shore, and other signals on the sea and lake coasts of the United States, announcing the probable approach and force of storms, including the pay of observers, services of operators (where not otherwise provided for), lanterns, and flags, eleven thousand dollars.

Continuing con-  
nections of signal  
stations at life sav-  
ing stations, etc.  
*Proviso.*

For continuing the connections of signal stations at life saving stations and light-houses, including services of operators, repairmen, materials (such as cable, wire, poles, and insulators), and general service connected therewith, thousand five hundred dollars: *Provided*, That such connections, in the opinion of the Superintendent of the Life-Saving Service and the Light-House Board, shall be deemed necessary.

Instrument-  
shelters.

For manufacture, purchase, and repair of instrument-shelters, two thousand dollars.

For rent, hire of civilian employees, furniture, light, heating supplies, stationery, ice, repairs, and other expenses of offices maintained for public use in cities and ports receiving reports, outside of Washington, District of Columbia, forty-one thousand five hundred dollars.

Expenses of offices maintained for public use in cities outside of Washington, D. C.  
River and flood reports, etc.

For river and flood reports, and expenses incidental thereto, ten thousand dollars.

Maps and bulletins.

For maps and bulletins to be displayed in chambers of commerce and boards of trade rooms, and for distribution, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For cotton-belt reports, seven thousand dollars: *Provided*, That hereafter the work of no other Department, Bureau, or Commission authorized by law shall be duplicated by this Bureau.

Cotton-belt reports.  
*Proviso.*

For maintenance and repair of military-telegraph lines, twenty four thousand dollars.

Military-telegraph lines.

Pay: For pay of one brigadier-general and sixteen second lieutenants, twenty nine thousand five hundred dollars; for longevity pay to officers of the Signal Corps, to be paid with current monthly pay, four thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; for pay of one hundred and fifty sergeants, thirty corporals, and three hundred and twenty privates, including payment due on discharge, two hundred thousand one hundred and fifty-one dollars and fifty-one cents; for mileage to officers when traveling on duty under orders, five thousand dollars; for pay of contract surgeon, one thousand two hundred dollars; for commutation of quarters to commissioned officers at places where there are no public quarters, seven thousand two hundred dollars; in all two hundred and forty-seven thousand three hundred and one dollars and fifty one cents. And the Secretary of War is authorized, in his discretion, to detail for the service in the Signal Corps not to exceed four commissioned officers, exclusive of the second lieutenants of the Signal Corps authorized by law, and of two officers lately serving in the Arctic Seas.

Pay, etc., of officers and men.

Officers detailed for duty in Signal Service.

Subsistence: For the subsistence of Signal Service enlisted men, and for commutation of rations of Signal Service enlisted men, including nine thousand and ninety dollars and ninety cents, for subsistence stores, authorized articles for sales to officers and enlisted men and company messes, as allowed by paragraph twenty-one hundred and ninety-nine, Army Regulations, eighteen hundred and eighty-one, one hundred and fifty-five thousand dollars.

Subsistence.

Regular supplies: Fuel, authorized allowance for enlisted men at Fort Myer, Virginia, and for various offices at Fort Myer, Virginia, and on the United States military-telegraph lines, six thousand two hundred dollars; commutation of fuel for two hundred and twenty enlisted men of the Signal Corps, at nine dollars each per month, twenty-three thousand seven hundred and sixty dollars; commutation of fuel for two hundred and forty enlisted men of the Signal Corps, at eight dollars each per month, twenty-three thousand and forty dollars; forage for twenty five mules and six horses, three thousand one hundred dollars; straw for thirty-one animals, at seven dollars each per annum, as allowed by paragraph eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, Army Regulations, eighteen hundred and eighty-one, two hundred and seventeen dollars; for forage for thirteen horses kept by officers in the public service, as allowed by paragraph eighteen hundred and ninety, Army Regulations, and the act making appropriations for the support of the Army approved February twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-one, at one hundred and fifteen dollars each per annum, one thousand four hundred and ninety-five dollars; for straw for thirteen horses kept by officers in the public service, as allowed by paragraph eighteen hundred and ninety, Army Regulations, and the act making appropriations for the support of the Army approved February twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-one, at eight dollars and forty cents each per annum, one hundred and nine dollars and twenty cents; straw for forty enlisted men at post of Fort Myer, Virginia, and for hospital at that post, as allowed by paragraph eighteen hundred and ninety-six, Army Regulations,

Regular supplies.

1881, vol. 21, ch. 79, p. 347.

eighteen hundred and eighty-one, sixty seven dollars and twenty cents; stationery, one hundred dollars; stoves and repairs to heating apparatus, four hundred dollars; lights, one hundred and fifty dollars; in all, fifty-eight thousand six hundred and thirty-eight dollars and forty cents.

**Incidental expenses.**

Incidental expenses: For office furniture for post of Fort Myer, Virginia, one hundred dollars; horse and mule shoes, five hundred dollars; shoes and shoeing once each month for thirteen horses kept by officers in the public service, at one dollar and fifty cents each per month (paragraph three hundred and one, Army Regulations, eighteen hundred and eighty-one), two hundred and thirty four dollars; blacksmiths' and miscellaneous tools, three hundred dollars; veterinary supplies, three hundred dollars; fire apparatus and disinfectants, two hundred dollars; for interment of officers and men, two hundred dollars; for apprehension of deserters, one hundred and twenty dollars; in all, one thousand nine hundred and fifty four dollars.

**Interment of officers and men.  
Deserters.**

**Transportation.**

Transportation: For transportation of material and funds, twenty-five thousand dollars; for transportation of men, eight thousand eight hundred and seventy-five dollars; means of transportation, namely, five mules, at not exceeding two hundred dollars each, one thousand dollars; for harness, and for leather, iron, and timbers for repairs to means of transportation, six hundred and thirty dollars; in all, thirty-five thousand five hundred and five dollars.

**Barracks and quarters.**

Barracks and quarters: For commutation of quarters to enlisted men of the Signal Corps, eighty four thousand one hundred and eight dollars.

Work and supplies at Fort Myer, Virginia, one thousand five hundred dollars; in all, eighty-five thousand six hundred and eight dollars.

**Clothing, camp and garrison equipage.**

Clothing, camp and garrison equipage: For purchase of the necessary axes, flags, halyards, brooms, and brushes for post of Fort Myer, Virginia, seventy-three dollars and eighty-nine cents; clothing issues in kind, say complete outfits for sixty-four men of the Signal Corps, at an average of forty three dollars and seventy-five cents per man per annum, two thousand eight hundred dollars; in all, two thousand eight hundred and seventy-three dollars and eighty-nine cents.

**Medical department.**

Medical department: For medical attendance and medicines for officers and enlisted men of the Signal Corps, five thousand dollars; medical attendance and medicines for officers doing duty in connection with the Signal Service, one hundred dollars; medical and hospital supplies at Fort Myer, Virginia, seven hundred dollars; medicines furnished to officers and enlisted men from purveying depots and Army dispensaries, one thousand dollars; work and supplies at Fort Myer, Virginia, three hundred dollars; in all, seven thousand one hundred dollars.

**Materials for preservation and care of ordnance, etc.**

For materials for preservation and care of ordnance and ordnance stores at post of Fort Myer, Virginia, one hundred dollars.

**Joint Congressional commission.**

That the joint commission, consisting of three Senators and three Representatives, to consider the present organizations of the Signal Service, Geological Survey, Coast and Geodetic Survey, and the Hydrographic Office of the Navy Department, provided for in the act entitled "An act making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government," and so forth, approved July seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, be, and the same is hereby, continued, with power to sit during the recess of Congress in the city of Washington; and the said commission shall report to their respective Houses on — before the third Monday in December, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, or as soon thereafter as may be, by bill or otherwise; and the present President pro tempore of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint respectively a Senator and Representative to take the places on said commission of the Senator and Representative whose terms of office expire with the present Congress.

*Ante p. 219.*

**Report to be made.**

**Appointments to fill vacancies.**

NATIONAL CEMETERIES.

National cemeteries.

For national cemeteries: For maintaining and improving national cemeteries, one hundred thousand dollars.

For superintendents of national cemeteries: For pay of seventy-three superintendents of national cemeteries, sixty thousand four hundred and forty dollars.

Superintendents.

For the construction and completion of a road from Marietta, Georgia, to the national cemetery near that city, five thousand dollars.

Roads.

For the construction and completion of a road from Baton Rouge, Louisiana, to the national cemetery near that city, six thousand dollars.

For the completion of the macadamized road from Springfield, Missouri, to the national cemetery near that city, five thousand dollars: *Provided*, That no part of the money appropriated by the three preceding paragraphs shall be expended upon any public highway.

*Proviso.*  
Appropriation not to be expended on any public highway.

MISCELLANEOUS OBJECTS.

To enable the Secretary of War to pay, out of the unexpended balance of the appropriation of fifty-seven thousand five hundred dollars made by the act approved August fifth, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, for payment of awards growing out of the illness and burial of the late President Garfield, to Mrs. Mary T. Barnes, widow of the late Surgeon-General Joseph K. Barnes, five thousand dollars, for especial and meritorious services rendered by her husband in the last illness of President Garfield.

Mary T. Barnes, payment to.

1882, vol. 22, ch. 390, p. 234.

For erecting a monument, in lieu of headstones, at Baxter Springs, Kansas, to the memory of Union soldiers killed at or near that place, on the sixth day of October, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, four thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War.

Baxter Springs, Kans.

Erection of monument, in lieu of headstones, to memory of Union soldiers.

To enable the Secretary of War to acquire good and valid title for the United States to the Fort Brown Reservation, Texas, and to pay and extinguish all claims for the use and occupancy of said reservation by the United States, the sum of one hundred and sixty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That no part of this sum shall be paid until a complete title is vested in the United States; and the full amount of the price, including rent shall be paid directly to the owners of the property.

Fort Brown Reservation, Texas.

To acquire valid title to and pay claims for use of.

*Proviso.*

For publication of maps for use of the War Department, five thousand dollars.

Maps for War Department.

**SURVEY OF NORTHERN AND NORTHWESTERN LAKES:** For printing and issuing charts for use of navigators, and electrotyping copper plates for chart printing, three thousand dollars.

Survey of northern and northwestern lakes.

**FOR THE TRANSPORTATION OF REPORTS AND MAPS TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES:** For the transportation of reports and maps to foreign countries, through the Smithsonian Institute, two hundred dollars.

Transportation of reports and maps to foreign countries.

**FOR ARTIFICIAL LIMBS:** For furnishing artificial limbs and appliances, or commutation therefor, and transportation, to be disbursed under the direction of the Secretary of War, four hundred thousand dollars.

Artificial limbs.

**FOR APPLIANCES FOR DISABLED SOLDIERS:** For providing surgical appliances for persons disabled in the military or naval service of the United States and not entitled to artificial limbs, two thousand dollars.

Surgical appliances for disabled soldiers.

**FOR THE SUPPORT AND MEDICAL TREATMENT OF TRANSIENT PAUPERS:** For the support and medical treatment of seventy-five transient paupers, medical and surgical patients in the City of Washington, under a contract to be made with the Providence Hospital by the Surgeon General of the Army, fifteen thousand dollars.

Support, etc., of transient paupers in Washington, D. C.

**GARFIELD HOSPITAL:** For maintenance, to enable it to provide medical and surgical treatment to transient persons unable to pay therefor, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

Garfield Hospital.

Army and Navy  
Hospital, Hot  
Springs, Ark.

**MAINTENANCE OF ARMY AND NAVY HOSPITAL, HOT SPRINGS, ARKANSAS:** For means of transportation for use of the hospital and maintenance of the same; hire of employees (steward, apothecary, clerk, Butler, cooks, wardmasters, nurses, engineer, laundresses, and all necessary service); medicines, hospital stores, dressings, instruments, fuel, gas, ice, stationery, and other necessary expenses, nineteen thousand dollars.

Military convicts.

**FOR THE EXPENSES OF MILITARY CONVICTS:** For payment of costs and charges of State penitentiaries for the care, clothing, maintenance, and medical attendance of United States military convicts confined in them, ten thousand dollars.

Publication of  
Union and Confed-  
erate official rec-  
ords of the rebell-  
ion.

**FOR THE PUBLICATION OF THE OFFICIAL RECORDS OF THE WAR OF THE REBELLION, BOTH OF THE UNION AND CONFEDERATE ARMIES AS FOLLOWS:** For continuing the publication of the official records and printing and binding, under direction of the Secretary of War, of a compilation of the official records, Union and Confederate, of the war of rebellion, so far as the same may be ready for publication during the fiscal year, to be distributed as required by act of March third, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, thirty-six thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the time during which said publication shall be subject to the order of Senators, Representatives and Delegates shall be extended from July first, eighteen hundred and eighty five, until July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-six.

1883, vol. 22, ch.  
143, p. 618.  
*Proviso.*

Fort Leaven-  
worth Military  
Reservation.

**FORT LEAVENWORTH MILITARY RESERVATION:** For the improvement of roads on the Fort Leavenworth Military Reservation, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, ten thousand dollars.

Quartermaster  
and Commissary  
Depot, Saint Paul,  
Minn.

**QUARTERMASTER AND COMMISSARY DEPOT AT SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA:** For the completion of the public building for a quartermaster and commissary depot at Saint Paul, Minnesota, to be used as offices for officers of Department of Dakota, and for heating the same, thirty thousand dollars.

New England  
Soldiers' Relief As-  
sociation.

**For purchasing hospital and other records of the war pertaining to the New England Soldiers' Relief Association, five thousand five hundred dollars.**

Purchase of rec-  
ords pertaining to.

Erection of statue  
in city of Wash-  
ington to memory  
of General La Fayette.

**For the purpose of erecting a statue, with suitable emblematic devices thereon, on one of the public reservations in the city of Washington, to the memory of General La Fayette and his compatriots, fifty thousand dollars.**

Selection of site,  
etc.

**That the Secretary of War, the chairman of the Joint Committee on the Library, and the Architect of the Capitol are authorized to contract for and erect the said statue, and to designate a suitable public reservation in the city of Washington as the site for said statue.**

#### UNITED STATES MILITARY PRISON AT FORT LEAVENWORTH.

Support of U. S.  
military prison at  
Fort Leaven-  
worth.  
Items.

**For the support of the military prison at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas as follows:**

**For subsistence for prisoners, five teamsters, and two watchmen, twenty-eight thousand four hundred dollars.**

**For oil, wicking, and for lamps, lanterns, and chimneys for illuminating buildings and grounds, one thousand seven hundred and thirty dollars;**

**For tobacco for prisoners on special or excessive hard labor, five hundred and forty dollars;**

**For hay for prisoner bedding, five hundred and forty two dollars and fourteen cents;**

**For grain and hay for horses and mules, used exclusively at the prison, three thousand five hundred and seventy-two dollars;**

**For stationery and blank books for offices of governor, adjutant, quartermaster; stamped envelopes and letter paper for use of prisoners; and**

for books, periodicals, and newspapers for prison library, nine hundred and fifty dollars;

For advertising for proposals for supplies, one hundred dollars;

For hard wood, or its equivalent in coal, for making steam, heating and cooking and for rubber hose, belting, oil cotton waste, steam-pipes, and fixtures; tools and material in shops, laundry, stables, and articles for police purposes; disinfectants; horse medicines; horse and mule shoes and nails; machine-oil; miscellaneous stores; machinery and repairs; stoves and stovepipe; bricks and cement, eighteen thousand four hundred dollars;

For expenses for pursuing escaped prisoners, and rewards for their capture, three hundred dollars;

For donations of five dollars each for prisoners on discharge, one thousand eight hundred dollars;

For hats and material for clothing for prisoners' wear and for issue to prisoners on discharge, blankets and material for bed-sacks, sewing-machines, needles, thirteen thousand dollars;

For one new steam-engine, two thousand five hundred dollars;

For medicines, medical and surgical appliances, and articles required in the care and treatment of the sick, hospital furniture, and supplies, one thousand five hundred dollars;

For extra-duty pay to eight members of the prison guard, seven hundred and thirteen dollars and seventy cents;

For pay of civilian employees; One clerk, at one hundred and fifty dollars per month; one clerk, at one hundred and sixteen dollars and sixty-six cents per month; one clerk, at one hundred dollars per month; six foremen of mechanics, at one hundred dollars per month each; two night-watchmen, and five teamsters, at thirty dollars per month each; in all, fourteen thousand one hundred and nineteen dollars and ninety two cents;

For construction and repair of prison buildings, and repairs to hospital, officers' and guards quarters, three thousand dollars;

In all, ninety-one thousand one hundred and sixty-seven dollars and seventy-six cents.

**FOR THE ARTILLERY SCHOOL AT FORTRESS MONROE, VIRGINIA:** To provide for means of instruction, such as text-books, instruments, drawing materials, chemicals, and material necessary in the science of engineering and artillery, stationery, and miscellaneous necessities for use of the school, five thousand dollars.

Artillery School,  
Fortress Monroe,  
Va.

#### NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

For the support of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers as follows: For current expenses, including construction and repairs, at the Central Branch, at Dayton, Ohio, six hundred and fifty thousand dollars;

National Home  
for Disabled Vol-  
unteer Soldiers,  
Dayton, Ohio.

For current expenses, including construction and repairs, at the North western Branch, at Milwaukee, Wisconsin, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars;

Milwaukee, Wis.

For current expenses, including construction and repairs, at the Eastern Branch, at Togus, Maine, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars;

Togus, Me.

For current expenses, including construction and repairs, at the Southern Branch, at Hampton, Virginia, one hundred and eighty-five thousand dollars,

Hampton, Va.

For Southern Branch, additional ward to hospital, thirty-seven thousand dollars;

Additional ward.

For extension of breakwater, five thousand dollars;

Extension of  
breakwater.  
Leavenworth,  
Kans.  
Ante p. 120.

For estimated number of members of the branch of the National Home west of the Mississippi, at Leavenworth, Kansas, authorized by act of Congress, approved July fifth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, eighty thousand dollars;

- Clothing and bedding. For clothing and bedding for seven thousand seven hundred and sixty-two members of the Home, two hundred thousand dollars;
- Incidental expenses. For out-door relief and incidental expenses, fifteen thousand dollars; in all, one million four hundred and seventy-two thousand dollars. And hereafter there shall annually be submitted to the Secretary of War a detailed statement of the expenses of the Board of Managers of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, who shall submit the same to Congress at the beginning of each session thereof.
- Annual report to be made by Board of Managers of the National Home. For the collection and payment of bounty, prize-money, and other claims of colored soldiers and sailors: For payment of agents; rent of offices; stationery, office-furniture, and repairs; mileage and transportation of officers and agents; telegraphing, postage, and post-office money-orders, two thousand dollars.
- Bounty, prize-money, etc., to colored soldiers and sailors.

#### UNDER THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

- Department of Justice. For repairs to heating apparatus, three hundred dollars.
- Repairs to heating apparatus.
- Court-house, Washington, D. C. For repairs to the court-house at Washington, District of Columbia, for annual repairs to the court-house in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, per estimate of Architect of the Capitol, one thousand dollars.
- Reform School, District of Columbia. Reform School, District of Columbia: For repairs to buildings, including new roof on main building and new piers in basement, one thousand eight hundred dollars.
- Penitentiary, Utah. Penitentiary for Utah Territory: For construction and completion of the penitentiary for Utah Territory, fifty thousand dollars.
- Penitentiary, Montana. Penitentiary for Montana Territory: For completion of the penitentiary for Montana Territory, twenty five thousand dollars.

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

- Territorial courts in Utah. For the expenses of Territorial courts in Utah Territory: For defraying the contingent expenses of the courts including fees of the United States district attorney and his assistants, the fees and per diems of the United States commissioners and clerks of the court, and the fees, per diems and traveling expenses of the United States marshal for the Territory of Utah, with the expenses of summoning jurors, subpoenaing witnesses, of arresting, guarding and transporting prisoners, of hiring and feeding guards and of supplying and caring for the penitentiary, to be paid under the direction and approval of the Attorney-General, upon accounts duly verified and certified, twenty six thousand dollars.
- Defending suits in claims against the United States and District of Columbia. For defending suits in claims against the United States: For defraying the necessary expenses incurred in the examination of witnesses and procuring of evidence in the matter of claims against the United States and the District of Columbia pending in any Department, and for necessary expenses incurred in defending suits in the Court of Claims, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney-General, fifteen thousand dollars, of which sum three thousand dollars shall be immediately available.
- Prosecution, etc., of claims due the United States. For the prosecution and collection of claims: For expenses to be incurred in the prosecution and collection of claims due the United States, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney-General, five hundred dollars.
- Violation of intercourse acts and frauds. For punishing violations of the intercourse acts and frauds: For detecting and punishing violations of the intercourse acts of Congress, and frauds committed in the Indian service, the same to be expended by the Attorney-General in allowing such fees and compensation to witnesses, jurors, marshals and deputies and agents and in collecting evidence, and in defraying such other expenses as may be necessary for this purpose, five thousand dollars.

For the prosecution of crimes: For the detection and prosecution of crimes against the United States, preliminary to indictment, and for the investigation of official acts, records, and accounts of officers of the courts, including the investigation of the accounts of marshals, attorneys, clerks of the United States courts, and United States commissioners, under the direction of the Attorney-General, and for this purpose all the records and dockets of these officers, without exception, shall be examined by his agents at any time, thirty five thousand dollars.

Prosecution of crimes, and investigation of official acts, records, and accounts.

Records and dockets open to examination at all times.

For the support of convicts: For support, maintenance, and transportation of convicts transferred from the District of Columbia, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney-General, eight thousand dollars.

Support of convicts transferred from District of Columbia.

The Attorney-General is authorized and directed to pay Charles H. Reed and George Scoville, attorneys at law, any sums, not exceeding three thousand dollars to Charles H. Reed, and not exceeding two thousand dollars to George Scoville, for services rendered in the case of the United States versus Charles J. Guiteau, to be immediately available.

Charles H. Reed and George Scoville, payment to.

To enable the Attorney-General to employ a competent person to edit and prepare for publication and superintend the printing of the seventeenth and eighteenth volumes of the opinions of the Attorneys-General, one thousand dollars.

Printing, etc., of 17th and 18th volumes of opinions of Attorneys-General.

## JUDICIAL.

### UNITED STATES COURTS.

For expenses of the United States courts: For defraying the expenses of the Supreme Court; of the circuit and district courts of the United States and of the District of Columbia; of jurors and witnesses; of suits in which the United States is interested; of the prosecution for offenses committed against the United States; of the safe-keeping of prisoners; and of the enforcement of the provisions of title twenty six of the Revised Statutes, or any acts amendatory thereof or supplementary thereto, namely, those stated in the following itemized list:

Expenses of United States courts.

For payment of the fees and expenses of United States marshals and deputies, six hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.

Marshals and deputies.

For payments of United States district attorneys and their assistants, three hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

District attorneys and assistants.

For fees of clerks, one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.

Clerks.

For fees of United States commissioners, and justices of the peace acting as United States commissioners, one hundred thousand dollars.

United States commissioners, etc.

For fees of jurors, four hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Jurors.

For fees of witnesses, five hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Witnesses.

For support of United States prisoners, including necessary clothing and medical aid, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Support of United States prisoners.

For rent of United States court-rooms, fifty thousand dollars.

Rent of court-rooms.

For pay of bailiffs and criers; of expenses of district judges who may be sent out of their districts to hold court; of meals for jurors when ordered by court; of compensation for jury commissioners, five dollars per day, not exceeding three days for any one term of court; and for such other miscellaneous expenses as may be authorized by the Attorney-General, including the employment of janitors, watchmen, interpreters, experts, and stenographers; of furnishing and collecting evidence where the United States is a party in interest, and other miscellaneous expenses, three hundred thousand dollars.

Bailiffs, criers, janitors, etc.

Post-Office Department.

Rent of building, Washington, D. C.

To pay rent of building occupied by the Washington City post-office, at a rate not exceeding five thousand dollars per annum, five thousand dollars; and for payment of rent of same from November fifteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, to the close of the current fiscal year, at same rate, three thousand one hundred and twenty-five dollars, to be immediately available.

## UNDER THE POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

House of Representatives.

Contracts for services of horses to include expense of keeping.

That in all contracts hereafter made for service for the House of Representatives involving the employment of horses, the expense of keeping such horses shall be covered by the contract; and no money hereafter appropriated for contingent or other expenses of the House of Representatives shall be expended for stables or forage.

J. C. Courts, payment to.

To pay J. C. Courts for services as clerk to the Select Committee on Ordnance, authorized by the resolution of the House of July seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, two hundred dollars.

Charles Carter.

To pay Charles Carter for services in caring for extra room of the Committee on Appropriations sixty dollars.

William H. Smith.

To pay William H. Smith, assistant librarian House of Representatives, for additional services during the first and second sessions of the Forty-eighth Congress, six hundred and fifty dollars.

James P. McCann.

To pay James P. McCann the difference between his salary and that of a messenger, at one thousand two hundred dollars per annum, from July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, to March fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, one hundred and thirty-five dollars and fifty cents.

Alvin H. Pickens.

For one chief page (Alvin H. Pickens), at the rate of nine hundred dollars per annum, from April fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, to June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, one thousand one hundred and eighty dollars.

Pages.

To pay the four pages now employed by resolution of the House the same compensation and for the same period as is provided for the payment of session pages employed by the House, two hundred and seventy dollars, to be immediately available.

Reimbursement to postmaster for postage stamps.

To reimburse the Postmaster for postage stamps, seventy dollars, to be immediately available.

N. A. Fuller, reimbursement to.

To reimburse N. A. Fuller, late cashier in the office of the Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives for payment of a certain check forged in the name of a member of the House in August eighteen hundred and eighty three, one hundred and sixty five dollars.

World's Industrial Cotton Exposition.

## WORLDS INDUSTRIAL AND COTTON CENTENNIAL EXPOSITION.

Final aid to. Appropriation. To be used first to pay persons, firms, and corporations not living and doing business in Louisiana.

For final aid to the Worlds Industrial and Cotton Centennial Exposition, now being held in the city of New Orleans, in the State of Louisiana, not to exceed the sum of three hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars, to be immediately available, and to be used first in payment of the indebtedness now outstanding of said exposition which is due to persons, firms, or corporations living and doing business outside of the State of Louisiana, including debts due to foreigners or foreign nations and such as are due to States and Territories from said exposition; secondly, in payment of all premiums heretofore awarded or which shall be hereafter awarded by said exposition in accordance with the list of awards heretofore published; said money to be disbursed under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, who shall make proper rules and regulations for the form and verification of vouchers in proof of such indebtedness, and shall detail a proper agent of his Department to disburse said funds as directed by said Secretary, who shall make a

To pay premiums in accordance with list of awards.

Money to be disbursed by agent appointed by Secretary of Treasury and under his direction.

detailed statement of his transactions to the Treasury Department. Also for the woman's department of the said exposition, fifteen thousand dollars, And no part of the foregoing sums shall be paid until statements and exhibits in detail, satisfactory to the Secretary of the Treasury, are made of all expenditures under the appropriation made by act of May twenty-first, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, and that said expenditures have been made for the purposes and in the manner provided for in said act; and the Secretary of the Treasury shall report to Congress, at the beginning of the next session, all such detailed statements made to him of the expenditures under said appropriation and also under this appropriation; and the necessary expenses of these examinations shall be paid from this appropriation.

Woman's department.

Appropriation.  
No money to be paid until detailed statement is made of expenditures, under act May 21, 1884.

*Ante p. 28.*

Secretary of Treasury to report to Congress, etc.

## PUBLIC PRINTING AND BINDING.

For the public printing, for the public binding, and for paper for the public printing, including the cost of printing the debates and proceedings of Congress in the Congressional Record, and for lithographing, mapping, and engraving for both Houses of Congress, the Supreme Court of the United States, the supreme court of the District of Columbia, the Court of Claims, the Library of Congress, and the Departments, including salaries or compensation of all necessary clerks and employees, for labor (by the day, piece, or contract), and for all the necessary materials which may be needed in the prosecution of the work, two million two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; and from the said sum hereby appropriated printing and binding may be done by the Public Printer to the amounts following, respectively, namely:

Public printing, binding, paper, and materials.

For printing and binding for Congress, including the proceedings and debates, one million two hundred and fifteen thousand five hundred and sixty-two dollars and fifty cents; for the State Department, nine thousand four hundred and fifty dollars; for the Treasury Department, two hundred and sixty-four thousand one hundred and fifty dollars; for the War Department, one hundred and thirty-eight thousand six hundred dollars of (which sum twelve thousand dollars shall be for the catalogue of the library of the Surgeon-Generals Office); for the Navy Department, fifty-nine thousand five hundred and twelve dollars and fifty cents; for the Interior Department, three hundred and twenty-nine thousand four hundred dollars (of which sum ten thousand dollars is appropriated for rebinding tract books for the General Land Office); for the Department of Justice, seven thousand and eighty-seven dollars and fifty cents; for the Post-Office Department, one hundred and seventy-eight thousand three hundred and twelve dollars and fifty cents; for the Agricultural Department, seventeen thousand six hundred and sixty-two dollars and fifty cents, for the Supreme Court of the United States, seven thousand three hundred and twelve dollars and fifty cents; for the supreme court of the District of Columbia, nine hundred dollars; for the Court of Claims, eleven thousand eight hundred and twelve dollars and fifty cents; and for the Library of Congress, ten thousand two hundred and thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents. And no more than an allotment of one-half of the sum hereby appropriated shall be expended in the two first quarters of the fiscal year, and no more than one-fourth thereof may be expended in either of the two last quarters of the fiscal year, except that in addition thereto, in either of said last quarters, the unexpended balances of allotments for preceding quarters may be expended.

Distribution among Departments.

To enable the Public Printer to continue the operations under joint resolution approved February sixth, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, for the removal and storage of certain property of the Government mentioned therein, three thousand dollars to be immediately available, *Provided*, That the building now occupied for storage purposes shall be surrendered as soon as the building provided for in this act is ready for occupancy.

Removal and storage of certain Government property.  
1883, vol. 22, No. 8, p. 637.  
*Proviso.*

Catalogue of  
Government pub-  
lications.

To enable the Joint Committee on Public Printing to complete the preparation, proof-reading, indexing and revising the classified, analytical, and descriptive catalogue of Government publications, and of publications of public interest purchased by the United States for use or distribution, eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the final completion of the work, which may be expended as additional pay or compensation to any officer or employee of the United States, the same to be immediately available.

Congressional  
Record.

For payment to sixty-one printers regularly employed on the Congressional Record sixty dollars each for time unemployed during the present session, three thousand six hundred and sixty dollars.

Payment to  
printers regularly  
employed on, for  
time unemployed.

Approved, March 3, 1885.

## RESOLUTIONS.

[No. 1.] Joint resolution extending the time fixed for the joint commission appointed under the sundry civil act approved July seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, to submit their report. December 18, 1884.

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the joint commission appointed under the act of Congress approved July seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, to consider the present organizations of the Signal Service, Geological Survey, Coast and Geodetic Survey, and the Hydrographic Office of the Navy Department, with the view to secure greater efficiency and economy of administration of the public service in said bureaus, shall report on the first Monday in January, anno Domini eighteen hundred and eighty-five, or as soon thereafter as practicable, in lieu of the third Monday in December, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, as required by said act.

Joint commission on Signal Service, Geological, Coast and Geodetic Surveys, and Hydrographic Office of Navy Department; time for report extended.

*Ante* p. 218.

Approved, December 18th, 1884.

[No. 2.] Joint resolution in relation to the ceremonies to be authorized upon the completion of the Washington Monument. December 18, 1884.

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby directed to cause to be executed in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing such suitable cards of invitation as may be prescribed by the commission appointed by the joint resolution of May thirteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, to make arrangement for suitable ceremonies upon the completion of the Washington Monument, and the Public Printer is directed to print such necessary programmes and cards as may be required by said commission. And the ceremonies provided for by said commission shall take place on the twenty-first day of February, anno Domini eighteen hundred and eighty-five. And to defray the expenses incurred under the provisions of said joint resolution the additional sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Washington Monument.  
Printing cards of invitation, etc.  
*Ante* p. 272.

Ceremonies to take place February 21, 1885.  
Additional appropriation.

Approved, December 18th, 1884.

[No. 3.] Joint resolution to pay the officers and employes of the Senate and House of Representatives their respective salaries for the month of December eighteen hundred and eighty-four, on the twentieth day of said month December 18, 1884.

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives be, and they are hereby, authorized and instructed to pay the officers and employes of the Senate and House of Representatives their respective salaries for the month of December eighteen hundred and eighty-four, on the twentieth day of said month.

Time for payment of officers and employes of Senate and House, for month of December, 1884.

Approved, December 18th, 1884.

December 18, 1884. [No. 4.] Joint resolution authorizing the Superintendent of the Census to continue the work on the Tenth Census.

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That so much of the act entitled "An act making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, and for other purposes," approved July seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, as provides that the Census Bureau shall be closed on January first, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, be, and is hereby repealed; and the Superintendent of the Census is authorized to continue the work of the Tenth Census until the further action of Congress: *Provided*, That in no case shall any expense be incurred under this resolution, either for salaries or other items, in excess of the balance of appropriations heretofore made for the work of the Tenth Census which shall remain unexpended on January first, eighteen hundred and eighty-five: *Provided*, That said Bureau shall be closed with the expenditure of the money heretofore appropriated.

Approved, December 18th, 1884.

January 6, 1885. [No. 5.] Joint resolution providing for the payment of laborers in Government employ for certain holidays.

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the employees of the Navy Yard, Government Printing Office, Bureau of Printing and Engraving, and all other per diem employees of the Government on duty at Washington, or elsewhere in the United States, shall be allowed the following holidays, to wit: The first day of January, the twenty-second day of February, the fourth day of July, the twenty-fifth day of December, and such days as may be designated by the President as days for national thanksgiving, and shall receive the same pay as on other days.

Approved, Jan. 6, 1885.

January 12, 1885. [No. 6.] Joint resolution appropriating fifty thousand dollars for the support of certain destitute Indians.

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the sum of fifty thousand dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the same to be immediately available, to be applied to the support and maintenance of the Indians at the Crow, Fort Belknap, Fort Peck and Blackfeet agencies in Montana Territory.

Approved, January twelfth, 1885.

February 9, 1885. [No. 7.] Joint resolution providing for the printing and distribution of the Descriptive Catalogue of Government Publications.

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That there be printed and half-bound in leather, with the exception of the reserve sets, which shall be full-bound in leather, six thousand six hundred copies of the Descriptive

Catalogue of Government Publications, of which one thousand five hundred copies shall be for the use of the Senate; three thousand copies for the use of the House of Representatives; four copies for the library of the Senate; twelve copies for the library of the House; sixty copies, fifty of which shall be for foreign exchanges, for the Library of Congress; two copies for the library of the Executive Mansion; forty copies for the Department of State; a copy to be sent to each legation of the United States abroad; twenty-five copies for the Treasury Department, including its Bureaus; twenty copies for the War Department, including one for the library of the Military Academy at West Point; twenty copies for the Navy Department, including one for the library of the Naval Academy at Annapolis and one copy for the Naval Observatory at Washington; twenty-five copies for the Department of the Interior, including its Bureaus, the Railroad Commission, the Geological Survey, and the Census Office; eight hundred and eighteen copies to be delivered to the Secretary of the Interior for distribution to such libraries, not depositories of public documents as shall be named for this purpose by each Senator, Representative, and Delegate in Congress; ten copies for the Post-Office Department and its Bureaus; ten copies for the Department of Justice, including a copy for the library of the Supreme Court and a copy for the library of the Court of Claims; two copies for the Department of Agriculture; two copies for the Smithsonian Institution; two copies for the Government Printing Office; one thousand copies to be bound and distributed with the reserved documents, and fifty copies for the use of the Joint Committee on Public Printing, to be distributed among those who have aided in the compilation of the work.

Printing and distribution of.

SEC. 2. That the Public Printer shall print five hundred additional copies of the above-named work, to be half-bound in leather, and sold at ten per centum advance on cost price, to any person applying for the same, a notice stating the price to be inserted at least once a week in the daily edition of the Congressional Record until the edition shall have been disposed of.

Additional copies to be printed and sold at 10 per cent. advance on cost price.

SEC. 3. That all provisions of law under which any additional copies of the above-named work might be printed are, so far as they apply to the above named work, repealed.

Laws relating to printing additional copies of work repealed.

Approved, February ninth, 1885.

[No. 8.] Joint resolution for the printing of certain eulogies delivered in Congress upon the late William A. Duncan. February 12, 1885.

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That there be printed of the eulogies delivered in Congress upon the late William A. Duncan, a Representative in the Forty-eighth Congress from the State of Pennsylvania, twelve thousand five hundred copies, of which three thousand shall be for the use of the Senate and nine thousand five hundred for the use of the House of Representatives. And the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to have printed a portrait of the said William A. Duncan to accompany said eulogies; and for the purpose of engraving or printing said portrait the sum of five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

William A. Duncan, printing of eulogies of the late.

Portrait.

Appropriation.

Approved, February 12th, 1885.

February 12, 1885. [No. 9.] Joint resolution providing for printing the eulogies delivered in Congress upon the late John H. Evins late a Representative in the Forty-eighth Congress from the State of South Carolina

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That there be printed of the eulogies delivered in Congress upon the late John H. Evins, a Representative in the Forty-eighth Congress from the State of South Carolina, twelve thousand five hundred copies, of which three thousand copies shall be for the use of the Senate and nine thousand five hundred for the use of the House of Representatives. And the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to have printed a portrait of the said John H. Evins to accompany said eulogies, and for the purpose of engraving and printing said portrait the sum of five hundred, dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Approved, February twelfth, 1885.

February 13, 1885. [No. 10.] Joint resolution extending the permission granted Major William Ludlow by the act of February twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and eighty-three to accept a civil position.

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the permission granted to Major William Ludlow, corps of engineers, United States army, to accept a civil position in the service of the city of Philadelphia without a forfeiture of his military commission until the first day of April eighteen hundred and eighty-five by the provisions of a joint resolution approved February twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, is hereby extended for the period of one year: *Provided however,* That said Ludlow shall not receive from the United States any pay or allowance whatever during the said period.

Approved February 13th, 1885.

February 19, 1885. [No. 11.] Joint resolution authorizing and requiring the Secretary of War to deliver to the Eighth New York Heavy Artillery Association the regimental colors which belonged to said artillery, and which are now in the custody of the Secretary of War.

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to deliver to the Eighth New York Heavy Artillery Association the regimental colors which belonged to said artillery, and which were captured by the Confederate forces at Ream Station, on the Weldon Railroad, August twenty-fifth, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, and are now in the custody of the Office of the Adjutant-General of the United States Army; said colors to remain the property of said association.

Approved, February 19th, 1885.

February 26, 1885. [No. 12.] Joint resolution to print two thousand additional copies of Lieutenant P. H. Ray's report of the International Polar Expedition to Point Barrow, Alaska.

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That two thousand additional copies of Lieutenant P. H. Ray's report of the International Polar Expedition to Point Barrow, Alaska, be printed for distribution by the Chief Signal Officer of the Army.

Approved, February 26, 1885.

[No. 14.] Joint resolution authorizing the printing of the report of the Commissioner of Education for eighteen hundred and eighty three, and eighteen hundred and eighty-four.

March 2, 1885.

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That of the report of the Commissioner of Education for eighteen hundred and eighty-three and eighteen hundred and eighty-four there be printed six thousand copies for the use of the Senate, twelve thousand copies for the use of the House of Representatives, and twenty thousand copies for distribution by the Commissioner.

Report of Commissioner of Education for 1883 and 1884; printing; distribution.

Approved, March 2, 1885.

[No. 15.] Joint resolution providing for printing additional copies of the sixth and seventh annual reports of the Director of the United States Geological Survey.

March 2, 1885.

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That there be printed at the Government Printing Office, in addition to the number already ordered by law, fifteen thousand five hundred copies of each of the sixth and seventh annual reports of the Director of the United States Geological Survey, uniform with the preceding volumes of the series; of which three thousand five hundred shall be for the use of the Senate, seven thousand for the use of the House of Representatives, and five thousand for the distribution by the Geological Survey.

Sixth and 7th annual reports of the Director of the United States Geological Survey; printing additional copies; distribution.

Approved, March 2, 1885.

[No. 16.] Joint resolution providing for printing the sixth and seventh annual reports of the Director of the Bureau of Ethnology.

March 2, 1885.

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That there be printed at the Government Printing Office fifteen thousand five hundred copies each of the sixth and seventh annual reports of the Director of the Bureau of Ethnology, with accompanying papers and illustrations, and uniform with the preceding volumes of the series; of which three thousand five hundred shall be for the use of the Senate, seven thousand for the use of the House of Representatives, and five thousand for distribution by the Bureau of Ethnology.

Sixth and 7th annual reports of the Director of the Bureau of Ethnology; printing; distribution.

Approved, March 2, 1885.

[No. 17.] Joint resolution providing for printing monograph two of the publications of the United States Geological Survey.

March 2, 1885.

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That there be printed at the Government Printing Office the usual number of monograph second of the publications of the United States Geological Survey, with the necessary illustrations, and to conform to the editions already issued by the Survey.

U. S. Geological Survey; printing of monograph, second of publications of.

Approved, March 2d, 1885.

March 3, 1885. [No. 18.] Joint resolution authorizing the printing of certain naval and military reports.

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That there be printed at the Government Printing Office four thousand five hundred copies of each of the following reports: The report of Lieutenant-Commander C. F. Goodrich, United States Navy, on the "British Naval and Military Operations in Egypt;" the report of Lieutenant Fisher M. Wright, United States Navy, on the "Operations of the French Navy during the Recent War with Tunis;" the report of Lieutenant Theodorus B. M. Mason, United States Navy, on the "War on the Pacific Coast of South America between Chili and the Allied Republics of Peru and Bolivia," one thousand copies of which shall be for the use of the Senate, two thousand copies for the use of the House of Representatives, and one thousand five hundred copies for the use of the Navy Department.

Approved, March 3d, 1885.

March 3, 1885. [No. 19.] Joint resolution to provide for printing the annual reports of the Smithsonian Institution.

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the annual reports of the Smithsonian Institution shall be hereafter printed at the Government Printing Office, in the same manner as the annual reports of the heads of Departments are now printed, for submission in print to the two Houses of Congress.

Approved, March 3d, 1885.

March 3, 1885. [No. 20.] Joint resolution to authorize the printing of fifty thousand copies of the second Annual Report of the Bureau of Animal Industry for the year eighteen hundred and eighty-five.

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That there be printed fifty thousand copies of the second Annual Report of the Bureau of Animal Industry for the year eighteen hundred and eighty-five; of which ten thousand shall be for the use of members of the Senate, thirty-five thousand for the use of the members of the House of Representatives, and five thousand for the use of the Commissioner of Agriculture; the illustrations to be executed, under the supervision of the Public Printer, in accordance with directions of the Joint Committee, on Printing, the work to be subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Agriculture,

SEC. 2. That the sum of twenty-five thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven and sixty-hundredths dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated to defray the cost of the publication of said report.

Approved, March 3d, 1885.

March 3, 1885. [No. 21.] Joint resolution to authorize the printing of three hundred and ten thousand copies of the Annual Report of the Commissioner of Agriculture for the year eighteen hundred and eighty-five.

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That there be printed three hundred and ten thousand copies of the Annual Report of the Commissioner of

Agriculture for the year eighteen hundred and eighty-five; two hundred thousand copies for the use of members of the House of Representatives, eighty thousand for the use of members of the Senate, and thirty thousand copies for the use of the Department of Agriculture; the illustrations for the same to be executed, under the supervision of the Public Printer, in accordance with directions of the Joint Committee on Printing, the work to be subject to the approval of the Commissioner of Agriculture.

of Agriculture; printing; distribution.

SEC. 2. That the sum of two hundred thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to defray the cost of the publication of said report.

Appropriation.

Approved, March 3, 1885.

[No. 22.] Joint resolution to provide for the printing of additional copies of the report of the committee on Military Affairs on the investigation of the National Home for disabled volunteer soldiers.

March 3, 1885.

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That in addition to the authorized number five thousand copies of the report of the Committee on Military Affairs on the investigation of the National Home for disabled volunteers be printed one thousand for the use of the Senate, and four thousand for the use of the House of Representatives.

Report of Committee on Military Affairs; printing extra copies; distribution.

Approved, March 3, 1885.

