# **PROCLAMATIONS**

MADE BY THE

PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.



# PROCLAMATIONS.

## No. 1.

# BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

September 22, 1881

Appointment of

#### A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas in His inscrutable wisdom it has pleased God to remove from us the illustrious head of the Nation, James A. Garfield, late President of the United States;

Preamble.

And, Whereas, it is fitting that the deep grief which fills all hearts, should manifest itself with one accord toward the throne of Infinite Grace, and that we should bow before the Almighty and seek from Him that consolation in our affliction and that sanctification of our loss which He is able and willing to youchsafe:

Now, therefore, in obedience to sacred duty and in accordance with the desire of the People, I, Chester A. Arthur, President of the United September 26,1881, as the day of States of America, do hereby appoint Monday, next, the twenty-sixth funeral ceremonies day of September—on which day the remains of our honored and beloved of the late President of Dead will be consigned to their last resting place on earth—to be ob- dent. served throughout the United States as a day of humiliation and mourning; and I earnestly recommend all the People to assemble on that day in their respective places of Divine Worship, there to render alike their tribute of sorrowful submission to the will of Almighty God and of reverence and love for the memory and character of our late Chief Magistrate.

In Witness Whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal

of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, the twenty-second day of September, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and eighty one and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and sixth.

[SEAL.] By the President, JAMES G. BLAINE Secretary of State. CHESTER A. ARTHUR.

#### No. 2.

#### BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

September 23,1881

# A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas objects of interest to the United States require that the Senate should be convened at an early day to receive and act upon such communications as may be made to it on the part of the Executive:

Now, therefore, I, Chester A. Arthur, President of the United States. have considered it to be my duty to issue this, my Proclamation, declar-

Preamble.

October 10, 1881.

Convening the ing that an extraordinary occasion requires the Senate of the United Senate of the States to convene for the transaction of business at the Capitol, in the United States on October 10, 1881. City of Washington, on Monday the tenth day of October next, at twelve o'clock noon on that day, of which all who shall at that time be entitled to act as members of that body are hereby required to take notice.

. Given under my hand and the Seal of the United States, at Washington, the twenty third day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty one, and of the Independence of the

CHESTER A. ARTHUR.

United States the one hundred and sixth.

[SEAL.]
By the President,

JAMES G. BLAINE Secretary of State.

No. 3.

November 4, 1881.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

### A PROCLAMATION.

Preamble.

It has long been the pious custom of our people, with the closing of the year, to look back upon the blessings brought to them in the changing course of the seasons, and to return solemn thanks to the All-giving Source from Whom they flow. And although at this period, when the falling leaf admonishes us that the time of our sacred duty is at hand, our Nation still lies in the shadow of a great bereavement, and the mourning which has filled our hearts still finds its sorrowful expression toward the God before Whom we but lately bowed in grief and supplication, yet the countless benefits which have showered upon us during the past twelvemonth call for our fervent gratitude and make it fitting that we should rejoice with thankfulness that the Lord, in His infinite mercy has most signally favored our country and our people. Peace without and prosperity within have been vouchsafed to us, no pestilence has visited our shores, the abundant privileges of freedom which our fathers left us in their wisdom are still our increasing heritage,—and if, in parts of our vast domain, sore affliction has visited our brethren in their forest homes, yet even this calamity has been tempered and in a manner sanctified by the generous compassion for the sufferers which has been called forth throughout our land. For all these things, it is meet that the voice of the Nation should go up to God in devout homage.

Appointment of as a day of thanksgiving.

Wherefore I, Chester A. Arthur, President of the United States, do November 24, 1891, recommend that all the people observe Thursday, the twenty-fourth day of November instant, as a day of National Thanksgiving and Prayer, by ceasing so far as may be from their secular labors, and meeting in their several places of worship, there to join in ascribing honor and praise to Almighty God, whose goodness has been so manifest in our history and in our lives, and offering earnest prayers that His bounties may continue to us and to our children.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal

of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this fourth day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred & sixth. CHESTER A. ARTHUR.

[SEAL.] By the PRESIDENT, JAMES G. BLAINE

Secretary of State.

#### No. 4.

# BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

May 3, 1882.

## A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas it is provided in the laws of the United States that "when ever, by reason of unlawful obstructions, combinations, or assemblages of persons, or rebellion against the authority of the Government of the United States, it shall become impracticable, in the judgment of the President, to enforce, by the ordinary course of judicial proceedings, the laws of the United States within any State or Territory, it shall be lawful for the President to call forth the militia of any or all the States, and to employ such parts of the land and naval forces of the United States as he may deem necessary to enforce the faithful execution of the laws of the United States, or to suppress such rebellion, in whatever State or Territory thereof the laws of the United States may be forcibly opposed or the execution thereof forcibly obstructed:"

And whereas it has been made to appear satisfactorily to me, by information received from the Governor of the Territory of Arizona, and from the General of the Army of the United States, and other reliable sources, that in consequence of unlawful combinations of evil disposed persons who are banded together to oppose and obstruct the execution of the laws, it has become impracticable to enforce, by the ordinary course of judicial proceedings, the laws of the United States within that Territory, and that the laws of the United States have been therein forcibly

opposed and the execution thereof forcibly resisted: And whereas the laws of the United States require that whenever it may be necessary, in the judgment of the President, to use the military forces for the purpose of enforcing the faithful execution of the laws of the United States, he shall forthwith, by proclamation, command such insurgents to disperse and retire peaceably to their respective abodes, within a limited time:

Now, therefore, I, Chester A. Arthur, President of the United States, Sons to desist from do hereby admonish all good citizens of the United States, and esviolence in Aripecially of the Territory of Arizona, against aiding, countenancing, zona. abetting, or taking part in any such unlawful proceedings, and I do hereby warn all persons engaged in or connected with said obstruction of the laws, to disperse and retire peaceably to their respective abodes on or before noon of the fifteenth day of May.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal

of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this third day of May, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and eighty-two, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and sixth.

SEAL.

CHESTER A. ARTHUR.

By the President: FREDK. T. FRELINGHUYSEN, Secretary of State. Preamble.

#### No. 5.

Oct. 25, 1882.

# BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

#### A PROCLAMATION.

Preamble.

In conformity with a custom the annual observance of which is justly held in honor by this people, I, Chester A. Arthur, President of the United States, do hereby set apart Thursday, the 30th day of Novem ber next as a day of public Thanksgiving.

Nov. 30, 1882. Day of thanksgiving.

The blessings demanding our gratitude are numerous and varied. For the peace and amity which subsist between this Republic and all the nations of the world; for the freedom from internal discord and violence; for the increasing friendship between the different sections of the land; for liberty, justice and constitutional government; for the devotion of the people to our free institutions and their cheerful obedience to mild laws; for the constantly increasing strength of the Republic while extending its privileges to fellow men who come to us; for the improved means of internal communication, and the increased facilities of intercourse with other Nations; for the general prevailing health of the year; for the prosperity of all our industries, the liberal return for the mechanic's toil affording a market for the abundant harvests of the husbandman; for the preservation of the national faith and credit; for wise and generous provision to effect the intellectual and moral education of our youth; for the influence upon the conscience of a restraining and transforming religion; and for the joys of home; for these, and for many other blessings, we should give thanks.

Day of National Prayer.

Wherefore, I do recommend that the day above designated be ob-Thanksgiving and served throughout the country as a Day of National Thanksgiving and Prayer, and that the people, ceasing from their daily labors and meeting in accordance with their several forms of worship, draw near to the throne of Almighty God, offering to Him praise and gratitude for the manifold goodness which He has vouchsafed to us, and praying that His blessings and His mercies may continue.

Deeds of charity, etc.

And I do further recommend that the day thus appointed be made a special occasion for deeds of kindness and charity to the suffering and the needy, so that all who dwell within the land may rejoice and be glad in this season of National Thanksgiving.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal

of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this twenty-fifth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-SEAL. two, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and seventh.

CHESTER A. ARTHUR.

Signature.

By the President:

FREDK. T. FRELINGHUYSEN, Secretary of State.