

May 29, 1880. *Amended Convention between the Post Office Department of the United States of America and the Post Office Department of the Dominion of Canada, for amending the system of exchange of money orders, concluded May 29, 1880, and June 4, 1880.*
June 4, 1880.

Contracting parties. The Post Office Department of the United States of America, and the Post Office Department of the Dominion of Canada, being desirous of amending the system of exchange of Money Orders between the two countries, the undersigned, duly authorized for that purpose, have agreed upon the following Articles amending the existing Convention.

Preamble.

ARTICLE 1.

Scope. The transfer of sums of money may be made by means of postal money orders from the Dominion of Canada to the United States, and from the United States to the Dominion of Canada.

ARTICLE 2.

Money-orders. 1. The money orders issued in the Dominion of Canada for payment in the United States, shall conform, as nearly as practicable, to model "A", hereto annexed, and the money orders issued in the United States for payment in the Dominion of Canada, shall in the same manner, conform to model "B", also hereto annexed.

Forms prescribed.

Forwarded at expense of person remitting. 2. Each money order shall be delivered to the remitter thereof to be forwarded by him at his own expense to the payee.

3. The filling up of the order, in writing, must be in the English language, and in Roman letters and Arabic numerals, without alteration or obliteration, and the name of the Exchange Office through which the advice is forwarded for certification must be stated thereon.

Maximum limit \$50. 4. The maximum amount of each order is fixed at Fifty dollars.

5. No order shall contain a fraction of a cent.

Limit may be increased by agreement. 6. The maximum of the order may be increased from fifty dollars to one hundred dollars, by mutual agreement between the Post Office Departments of the two countries.

ARTICLE 3.

Exchange offices. 1. The service of the Postal Money-Order system between the two countries shall be performed exclusively through the agency of one or more offices of Exchange, and, for this purpose, each Postal Administration is authorized to establish or to abolish offices of Exchange within its own jurisdiction, but in either case due notice of such action must previously be given to the other Administration. For the present the offices of Exchange on the part of the Dominion of Canada shall be,

Names of, in Canada.	St. John, N. B.	
	Quebec, Que.	Hamilton, Ont.
	Montreal, Que.	London, Ont.
	Kingston, Ont.	Victoria, B. C.
	Toronto, Ont.	Winnipeg, Man :

and on the part of the United States,

Names of, in the United States.	Bangor, Me.	Detroit, Mich.
	St. Albans, Vt.	St. Paul, Minn.
	Buffalo, N. Y.	Portland, Oreg.

Particulars of service by exchange offices. 2. Each of these Offices of Exchange shall, at the close of each week's business, make out in duplicate a certified List of all the Money Orders issued in its own country for payment in the other, the advices of which,

received from its inland offices, shall have been stamped as genuine during such week. One copy of each of these Lists shall be transmitted to the Superintendent of the Money-Order System at Washington, D. C., and the other to the Superintendent of the Money-Order Branch, Ottawa, Ontario.

3. The above mentioned weekly Lists when made out by the Canadian Exchange Offices shall conform to Model "C", and when made out by the United States Exchange Offices, to model "D", both models being hereto annexed.

4. The weekly lists, and also the entries therein shall be numbered consecutively throughout the fiscal year, beginning with number one on the first day of July, and ending with the last number included in the business of the year.

5. After the close of the quarter ending June 30th of each year, supplementary lists may be sent, if occasion requires, containing an entry of every order issued during that Quarter, the advice of which had not been previously certified.

6. Should it happen during any week that no advices of money orders have been received at an Exchange Office, a list must nevertheless be forwarded, but in such event, the words, "no business", must be written across the list.

7. Each Department or Administration shall promptly acknowledge to the other the receipt of every list received from any Exchange Office in the other country, and shall, as soon after its receipt as possible, give notice of any errors which it may discover therein.

ARTICLE 4.

In the exchange of money orders between the two countries, one dollar in Canadian money shall be taken as the equivalent of one dollar in United States money. This standard in either country shall be gold value. Standard of values of dollar to be gold coin.

ARTICLE 5.

1. A fee, to be fixed by the country of origin, shall be collected from the remitter upon each sum of money transmitted under this convention. Fee to be paid by remitter.

2. Each Administration shall communicate to the other the tariff or schedule of fees to be established by it under the provisions of this Article, and also any subsequent change therein. Schedule of fees to be communicated to either administration.

3. The person entitled to the payment of a Money Order issued in pursuance of this Convention shall not be subjected under any pretext whatever to any commission or tax on account of the payment of such order. Payee of order not to be subjected to any cost or charge.

4. Each Postal Administration shall keep the fee which it receives for orders issued within its jurisdiction, but shall pay to the other a commission of one-half of one per centum upon the total amount of such orders, and shall also refund to the Administration of the country of origin one-half of one per cent. on the amounts of all void orders and orders the repayment of which shall have been authorized. Commissions.

ARTICLE 6.

1. Payment of a money order, in pursuance of this Convention, can be exacted only at the paying post office named upon the order, but not until after the receipt by that office of the advice required by Article 8 hereof. But the Chief Office in either country may, at its discretion, cause a money order to be paid at an office other than that named upon the advice. Lists of such changes shall be sent to the Chief Office in the other country at such periods as may be mutually agreed upon between the two Administrations. Payment of orders.

Endorsement of orders.

2. Each of the two Administrations reserves the right to authorize the transfer, within its Territory by means of endorsement, of the ownership of orders originating in the Territory of the other.

ARTICLE 7.

Designation of post-offices of issue and payment.

1. The two Administrations shall designate, each for itself, the Post Offices which are authorized to issue and to pay money orders under the provisions of this Convention.

2. Each Administration shall furnish to the other before the first day of July, 1880, a list of the post offices within its jurisdiction authorized to issue and to pay such orders, and shall also promptly notify the other, in advance of any changes that may subsequently be made in said List.

3. In the United States' List shall be stated the County and State, and in the Canadian List, the Province and County, in which each money-order office is located.

ARTICLE 8.

Duties of post office of issue.

1. A post office in either country, which issues a money order payable in the other, is required to transmit, by the first mail after the issue thereof, through the agency of one of the Exchange Offices in the country in which the order originated, to the post office charged with its payment, an advice corresponding in number, date, and amount to the order of which it forms a part.

2. Each advice must express legibly and in written characters the following, to wit:

(a) The name of the issuing office.

(b) The name of the office where payment is to be made and also of the State or Territory if payable in the United States, and if payable in the Dominion of Canada, of the Province where such office is located.

(c) The amount which is to be paid to the owner of the order in the country of destination.

(d) The sur-name and the given name or names or at least the initials of the latter, as well as the residence of the remitter and also of the payee. It will be sufficient however for the purpose to make use, in case of a business house, of its business designation, and in case of a corporation or other organization, of the name of the manager, or the authorized agent thereof.

Advices to be stamped, &c., at exchange office.

3. Each advice from either country, if found correct, shall, in order to be valid, be stamped at one of the Exchange Offices of the country of origin, with the date of its receipt at said office, and with a special number corresponding to that upon the Lists described in Article 3 hereof.

4. The advices, after such stamping, shall be forwarded by the first mail after their receipt, in envelopes addressed to the postmaster of the office where payment is to be made. These envelopes shall be of a special form to be used for this purpose only.

5. The advices required by this Article shall, if issued in the Dominion of Canada, conform as nearly as practicable to model "A (1)", and if issued in the United States, to model "B (1)", both of which models are hereto annexed.

ARTICLE 9.

Lost or missent advices.

1. At the request of the paying office a lost or missent advice will be replaced without delay by a duplicate thereof, to be issued by or through the agency of the Exchange Office, which certified the original. The form of duplicate advice shall be prescribed by the Administration of the country in which the order originated, and such duplicate to be valid must bear the stamp of the Exchange Office.

Duplicate advices.

2. Each application for a duplicate advice shall be made upon a blank conforming or analogous to model "E" hereto annexed, and must be forwarded to the Exchange Office in an envelope.

ARTICLE 10.

The orders drawn by each country upon the other shall be subject as regards payment to the regulations which govern the payment of domestic orders in the country on which they are drawn. Payment of orders.

ARTICLE 11.

1. The money orders issued in pursuance of this Convention shall be valid during a period of twelve months after the date of their issue. Orders valid 12 months.

2. After the expiration of that period the advice of an unpaid order shall be returned to the Administration of the country of origin, and the amount thereof shall be credited to and remain at the disposal of that Administration. Unpaid orders.

3. At the close of every month, each of the two Administrations shall forward to the other a detailed statement of all the orders which shall have become invalid during such month under this Article. Monthly statement of invalid orders.

ARTICLE 12.

Orders lost or destroyed may be replaced by duplicates, to be issued by the Administration of the country of payment. Lost or destroyed orders.

ARTICLE 13.

1. An order, or a duplicate thereof, may be repaid to the remitter upon presentation at the issuing office, but only in case the corresponding advice is in the possession of the issuing postmaster. For this purpose, in case the advice has gone forward, it shall be returned by the paying to the issuing Administration upon the request of the latter. Duplicate of lost or destroyed orders may be issued.

2. The Administration of the country of origin will not therefore authorize repayment of lost, missent or destroyed orders until after the Administration of the country of destination shall have returned the advice, or shall have furnished a declaration that it has not paid the order and will not pay it if presented.

3. The amounts of orders, the repayment of which shall have been authorized, shall be credited to the Administration of the country of origin, and for this purpose the Administration of the country of destination shall cause to be made out and forwarded at the close of each fiscal quarter a detailed list of the advices of all orders originating in the other country, the repayment of which shall have been authorized during the quarter. Repayment of orders to be credited to the administration of the country of origin.

ARTICLE 14.

1. Within six weeks after the close of each fiscal quarter, two copies of an account shall be prepared similar to model "F", hereto annexed, and transmitted to the Post Office Department of the United States by the Post Office Department of the Dominion of Canada, exhibiting the balance found due on the exchange of money orders during the quarter, one copy of which, after proper verification and acknowledgment shall be returned to the Post Office Department of the Dominion of Canada. If this verified account shows a balance in favor of the Post Office Department of the Dominion of Canada, that of the United States will transmit with such verified copy of the quarterly account, a bill of exchange on Montreal, Canada, for the amount of said balance, payable to the Post Office Department of the Dominion of Canada. The latter will then send an acknowledgment of receipt to the Post Office Department of the United States. If on the other hand, said account, after verification and acknowledgment as aforesaid, shows a balance in favor of the Post Office Department of the United States then the Post Office Department of the Dominion of Canada will, upon receipt of the certified copy of the same, transmit to that of the United States a bill of Quarterly accounts to be rendered.

exchange for the amount thereof on New York. The United States Post Office Department will then send in return an acknowledgment of receipt.

Payment of balances.

2. If pending the settlement of an account, one of the two Postal Administrations shall ascertain that it owes the other a balance exceeding Ten Thousand dollars, the indebted Administration shall promptly remit the approximate amount of such balance to the credit of the other.

Cost of exchange.

3. The expense attending the remittance of bills of exchange shall invariably be borne by the Post Office Department by which the payment is to be made.

4. Payments may also be made in money or by drafts or bills of exchange on points other than Montreal and New York, by mutual agreement between the two Departments.

ARTICLE 15.

Paid orders.

The paid orders shall remain in the possession of the Administration which shall have paid them, but each of the two Administrations agrees to place, temporarily, at the disposal of the other, any paid order, the return of which shall have been requested.

ARTICLE 16.

Modifications of convention may be made by agreement.

The two Postal Administrations may, by mutual agreement, make modifications if found expedient, in matters of detail connected with the execution of the provisions of the present Convention, in order to provide for greater security against fraud, or for the better working of the international system.

ARTICLE 17.

Right to suspend issue of orders reserved.

Each of the two Administrations is empowered under extraordinary circumstances, which may be of a nature to warrant the measure, to suspend temporarily the money order service between the two countries, provided however that notice of such suspension be given to the other Administration immediately, and if deemed necessary by means of the Telegraph.

ARTICLE 18.

Convention to take effect July 1, 1880.

Duration.

The present Convention shall take effect on the first day of July, 1880, and shall remain in force until one year after one of the two contracting parties shall have notified the other of its intention to terminate it. During such final year the Convention shall continue to be fully and entirely executed, without prejudice to the adjustment and payment of the accounts after the expiration of the term in question.

Done in duplicate, and signed at Washington on the fourth day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty, and at Ottawa, Canada, on the twenty-ninth day of May in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty.

Signatures.

D. M. KEY,
*Postmaster General of the
United States.*

JOHN O'CONNOR,
*Postmaster General
of Canada.*

[Seal of the Post Office Department
of the United States.]

[Seal of the Post Office Department
of the Dominion of Canada.]

I hereby approve of the foregoing Convention, and in testimony thereof I have caused the seal of the United States to be hereto affixed.

R. B. HAYES.

[Seal of the United
States.]

By the President:

WM. M. EVARTS,
Secretary of State.

WASHINGTON, June 5, 1880.

FORMS.

Model A (1).

DOMINION MONEY ORDER.

No. —.

<i>Advice of Money Order.</i>		Stamp of Issuing Office.
Drawn by the above Office upon the Office at _____		
on the — day of —, 187—.		

Sum of the Order.

_____ Dollars _____ Cents.

<i>The Payee.</i>		Amount of Order.	
Viz: The person to whom the Order is payable.			
Christian name.	Surname.	\$	Cts.
Residence _____			

The Remitter.

Viz: The person who paid in the Money and obtained the Order.

Christian name.	Surname.	Residence.
_____	_____	_____

[Signature of Postmaster who draws the Order.] _____

Postmaster.

**Stamp of
Paying
Office.**

This Advice must be signed by the Postmaster who draws the Order, and the Postmaster upon whom it is drawn will carefully preserve it on file in his Office.

NOTE.—A separate Advice must invariably be sent for each Order; and no Order can be given for over \$100, though as many Orders of \$100 each may be granted as the applicant needs.

Model A.

DOMINION MONEY ORDER.

No. —.

Date _____.

Issue Stamp.	For Pay Stamp.	Sum of Order.
		[See Instructions on the back.]

Pay to the person named in Advice _____

_____ Dollars and _____ Cents.

To the Post Office _____	<i>Postmaster.</i>	Stamp of Paying Office.
at _____		

The party to whom this Order is made payable must sign here his or her Christian name and Surname at full length, except in the case of firms, whose usual signature will suffice. } Received payment,

N. B.—Payment of this Order will be made according to the regulations of the Department.
After once paying a Money Order, by whomsoever presented, the Office will not be liable to any further claim. If this Form be clipped or mutilated, there may be difficulty as to paying it.

(See back.)

**Second Stamp
of Paying Of-
fice, where
"Pay Stamp"
is in use.**

INSTRUCTIONS.

The receipt on the other side must be signed in the manner there described.

Whoever presents the Order for payment, whether the rightful owner or otherwise, must give full information as to the Christian name, Surname, and address of the party who originally obtained it, unless such party be a firm, when the name of the firm, together with its address, will suffice. *The only exception to this rule is—*

When the Order is presented through a Bank of the Town upon which it is drawn, in which case it will suffice that the Order, being properly signed, be also crossed with the Bankers' name.

These instructions are intended to secure, as far as practicable, that payment be made to the rightful party; and Postmasters have been instructed to enforce them, so far as a due regard to the public convenience will permit.

As, however, AFTER ONCE PAYING A MONEY ORDER, BY WHOMSOEVER PRESENTED, THE OFFICE WILL NOT BE LIABLE TO ANY FURTHER CLAIM, the public is strictly cautioned—

1st.—To take all means to prevent the loss of the Money Order.

2d.—To be careful, on taking out a Money Order, to state correctly the Christian name, as well as Surname, of the person in whose favor it is drawn.

3d.—To see that the Name and Address of the person taking out the Money Order are correctly known to the person in whose favor it is drawn.

Neglect of these instructions will risk the loss of the Money, besides leading to delay and trouble in obtaining payment.

Post Office Department, Canada.

FREE.

Money Order Advice.

The Postmaster at _____

County of _____

Model B (1).
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.
ÉTATS-UNIS D'AMÉRIQUE.

Timbre du bureau expéditeur.	Sample leaf.	No. _____.
	Stamp of issuing office.	
	Advice of International money order Avis d'émission d'un mandat de poste International	Amount in figures, Somme en chiffres, United States money: Monnaie des États-Unis: \$ Foreign money: Monnaie du pays étranger:

Drawn by the above-named office on the } day of _____, 188____,
 Tiré par le bureau ci-dessus désigné, le }
 upon the post office at } for the sum of
 sur le bureau de } pour la somme de

The payee, viz: The person to whom the order is payable.
 Bénéficiaire: La personne au profit de qui le mandat est tiré.

Given name (prénoms).		Surname (nom).
Residence of the payee.		Résidence du bénéficiaire.
Street and number. Rue et numéro.	City or town. Ville ou village.	Department, canton, or county. Département ou canton.

The remitter, viz: The person who purchased the order.
 L'envoyeur: La personne qui a versé l'argent.

Given name (prénoms).		Surname (nom).
Residence of the remitter.		Résidence de l'envoyeur.
Street and number. Rue et numéro.	City or town. Ville ou village.	State. État.

Postmaster.
L'agent des postes.
Stamp of paying office.

This advice should be dated, signed, and stamped by the postmaster who issues the order, and stamped upon its receipt by the postmaster of the office upon which it is drawn.
 Cet avis doit être daté, signé et timbré par l'agent des postes qui a tiré le mandat, et timbré, dès sa réception

Timbre du bureau payeur.

Model B.
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.
ÉTATS-UNIS D'AMÉRIQUE.

Timbre du bureau expéditeur.	Sample leaf.	No. _____.
	Stamp of issuing office.	
	International money order. Mandat de poste international.	Amount in figures, Somme en chiffres, United States money: Monnaie des États-Unis: \$ Foreign money: Monnaie du pays étranger:

Payable by the office at
 Payable par le bureau de

Pay to the person named in my letter of advice of this date, No. above designated, the sum of
 Payez à la personne nommée dans ma lettre d'avis de ce jour, No. ci-dessus désigné, la somme de

Issued by the above named post office }
 Tiré par le bureau ci-dessus désigné, le } _____, 188____.

Postmaster.
L'agent des postes.

To the postmaster at
 À Monsieur l'agent des postes à _____

Timbre du bureau payeur.	Stamp of paying office.

Received the amount of the above order at }
 Reçu le montant du mandat ci-dessus à } _____, 188____.
 Signature of the person to whom the order is paid.
 Signature de la personne à qui le mandat est payé.

Neither the issuing nor the paying postal administration is liable to any claim for an order which has once been paid.
 Le payement d'un mandat de poste, une fois effectué, ne donne lieu à aucun recours soit contre l'administration qui a émis le mandat, soit contre celle qui l'a payé.

N. B.—This money order is subject, as regards payment and transfer by indorsement, to the existing laws and regulations which govern the transfer and payment of money orders in the country upon which it is drawn.

Le présent mandat est sujet, à l'égard du payement et de la transmission par voie d'endossement, aux lois et aux règlements, qui gouvernent la transmission et le payement des mandats dans le pays, sur lequel il est tiré.

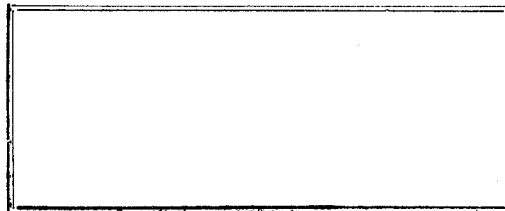
It is payable if presented before the expiration of twelve months from the date of its issue.

Il est payable pendant douze mois à partir du versement des fonds.

(Space for indorsement, if any.)
(Cadre réservé aux endossements, s'il y a lieu.)

International, No. —.

Indorsement of United States Exchange Office.



If this money order is drawn on *Germany* it is of *no value*, except as a receipt to the remitter for the amount of money deposited by him.

The same amount will be paid in Germany to the payee upon another order, of different form, transmitted by the Exchange Post Office at New York.

Every defective order should be delivered to the post office at which it is payable, and a receipt taken therefor. Such order is to be transmitted by the postmaster of that office to his Postal Administration, which will cause the defects to be remedied.

Tout mandat irrégulier doit être déposé, contre ~~reçu~~, dans le bureau où il est payable; par les soins de ce bureau il est transmis à l'administration, qui se charge de sa régularisation.

Orders missent, lost, or destroyed are replaced by authorizations for payment, which must be delivered only after it has been ascertained that the original orders have not been paid nor repaid. These authorizations are subject to the same conditions of payment as the orders themselves.

Les mandats égarés, perdus, ou détruits, sont remplacés par des autorisations de payement, qui peuvent être délivrées seulement après constatation que les mandats n'ont été ni payés, ni remboursés. Ces autorisations sont soumises aux mêmes conditions de payement que les mandats.

List No. _____
Sheet No. _____

Model D

Weekly list of Money Orders issued in the United States, the advices of which have been certified during the week ended _____, 188-, by the postmaster of International Exchange Office at _____, for payment in the Dominion of Canada.

[illegible]

I certify that the foregoing is a correct list of all the Money Orders issued in the United States, the advices of which have been received and certified by me during the week ended _____, 188-, for payment in the Dominion of Canada (bearing from International No. _____ to No. _____, inclusive), amounting in the aggregate to _____ dollars and _____ cents.

Postmaster at Exchange Office.

Model E.

Application to Exchange Office for Duplicate of International Advice.

Inland No. _____	<p style="text-align: center;">Post Office</p> <p>_____</p> <p>County _____</p> <p>State or Province _____</p> <p>_____, 188 .</p>
Date of issue _____ 188 .	
Amount \$ _____	
Issued at _____	

SIR:

The above-described International Money Order was presented at this Office on the _____ day of _____, 188 , by _____, who claims to be entitled to payment thereof, and who says the remitter's name is _____.

The advice of said Order has not been received. You will please cause said advice, or a duplicate thereof, to be forwarded to me without delay.

Respectfully,

Postmaster

POSTMASTER INT'L EXCHANGE OFFICE, _____

Account of the Exchange of Money Orders between the Dominion of Canada and the United States, during the quarter ended ———, 188—.

Orders issued in the Dominion of Canada.						Orders issued in the United States.					
Total number of Orders issued.	Certified by the Exchange Office at—	International numbers of Orders.		Aggregate of the Lists from each Exchange Office.		Total number of Orders issued.	Certified by the Exchange Office at—	International numbers of Orders.		Aggregate of the Lists from each Exchange Office.	
		From—	To—	Dolls.	Cts.			From—	To—	Dolls.	Cts.
Total.....						Total.....					

List of Orders which have become void during the quarter.

Issued in the Dominion of Canada.							Issued in the United States.								
Inland number.	International.				Amount of Order.		Inland number.	International.				Amount of Order.			
	Num-ber.	Exchange Office.	List.					Num-ber.	Exchange Office.	List.					
			Num-ber.	Date.	Dolls.	Cts.				Num-ber.	Date.	Dolls.	Cts.		
To credit of Canadian Postal Department ..								To credit of United States Postal Dep't ..							

BALANCE.

To credit of Canadian Postal Department.						To credit of United States Postal Department.					
	Dolls.	Cts.	Dolls.	Cts.			Dolls.	Cts.	Dolls.	Cts.	
Amount of International Orders issued in the United States.....						Amount of International Orders issued in the Dominion of Canada					
Amount of void orders of Canadian issue, as per List						Amount of void orders of United States issue, as per List..					
Amount of International Orders issued in the Dominion of Canada, repayment of which has been authorized during the quarter, as per List						Amount of International Orders issued in the United States, repayment of which has been authorized during the quarter, as per List					
One half of one per cent. on above						One-half of one per cent. on above.....					
Total						Total					
United States credit to be deducted.....						Canadian credit to be deducted					
Balance to credit of Canadian Postal Department						Balance to credit of United States Postal Department					
Paid on account by the Postal Department of the United States.....						Paid on account by the Postal Department of the Dominion of Canada.....					
	Dolls.	Cts.					Dolls.	Cts.			
Balance remaining						Balance remaining					

Model F.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, CANADA,
MONEY ORDER BRANCH,
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
Ottawa, _____ 188

The within account exhibits a total balance of \$ _____, which, after deduction of the payments on account,
as herein stated, leaves a balance remaining of \$ _____ due the Postal Department of the _____.

The above statement of account is accepted with a balance of \$ _____ due the Postal Department of the _____.

WASHINGTON, D. C., _____, 188 .

Auditor of the Treasury for the Post Office Department.

The payment on account of _____ having been receipted by special vouchers, the receipt of the
balance of \$ _____ remaining is hereby acknowledged.

_____, 188 .