limits, viz. a line beginning at the middle of the bay, between Mount Hope and Common Fence Point, running southwesterly through the middle of Bristol Ferry, and continuing such course until it strikes a point of equal distance from Rhode Island to Prudence Island, from thence northwardly on a straight line to the westernmost part of Nahant Point, and from thence to the western shore of Bullock's Point, shall be a district, to be called the district of Bristol, of which the port of Bristol shall be the sole port of entry, and a collector for said district shall be appointed to reside at Bristol, and Warren and Barrington shall be ports of delivery only, and a surveyor shall be appointed to reside at each of 1799, ch. 22, the ports of Bristol and Warren; and the surveyor at Warren shall also be surveyor for the port of Barrington.

Collector to reside at Bristol.

sec. 3.

Vessels from or beyond the Cape of Good Hope may enter at its ports.

Kittery and Berwick annexed to Portsmouth.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That said port of Bristol shall also be a port of entry, for all ships or vessels arriving from the Cape of Good Hope, or places beyond the same.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said thirty-first day of March next, the towns of Kittery and Berwick, in the state of Massachusetts, shall be annexed to the district of Portsmouth, in New Hampshire, as ports of delivery only: Provided, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent the master or commander of any ship or vessel, having merchandise on board, destined for either of the said places, from making entry at his option, with the collector of the district of York, and obtaining permits for the delivery thereof as hereto-

Approved, February 25, 1801.

STATUTE II.

Feb. 25, 1801.

Letters to John Adams to he free of post-

Act of March 3, 1801, ch. 35, sec. 3.

CHAP. IX .- An Act freeing from postage all letters and packets to John Adams.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all letters and packets to John Adams, now President of the United States, after the expiration of his term of office and during his life, shall be carried by the mail, free of postage.

APPROVED, February 25, 1801.

STATUTE II.

Feb. 25, 1801.

Repealed by Act of April 6, 1802, ch. 19. Act of Nov.

5, 1794, and Act of June 9, 1794, continued in force to March 4, 1801.

1794, ch. 65.

Chap. XI.—An Act to continue in force the acts laying duties on licenses for selling wines, and foreign distilled spirits by retail, and so much of the act laying certain duties on snuff and refined sugar as respects a duty on refined sugar, on property sold at auction, and on carriages for the conveyance of persons.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That an act passed on the fifth day of June, in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, intituled "An act laying duties on licenses for selling wines and foreign distilled spirituous liquors by retail;" and that so much of an act passed on the fifth day of June, in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, intituled "An act laying certain duties upon snuff and refined sugar," as respects a duty upon refined sugar, and that an act passed on the ninth day of June, in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, intituled "An act laying duties on property sold at auction," and which acts were, by an act, passed on the third day of March, in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, continued in force until the first day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and one, shall be, and the same are hereby continued in force without limitation of time; any thing in any former act to the contrary notwithstanding.

"Act laying SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, That so much of the thirteenth duties upon carsection of an act, passed on the twenty-eighth day of May in the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, intituled "An act laying duties upon carriages for the conveyance of persons, and repealing the former act for that purpose," as limits the duration of said act, shall be and the same is hereby repealed, and said act is hereby continued in force, without limitation of time.

riages," &c. continued without limitation. May 28, 1796,

APPROVED, February 25, 1801.

STATUTE II.

CHAP. XII.—An Act declaring the consent of Congress to an act of the state of Maryland, passed the twenty-righth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three, for the appointment of a Health Officer.

Feb. 27, 1801. [Expired.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress be, and is hereby granted and declared, to the operation of an act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed the twenty-eighth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-three, intituled "An act to appoint a health officer for the port of Baltimore, in Baltimore county," so far as to enable the state aforesaid to collect a duty of one cent per ton, on all vessels coming into the district of Baltimore from a foreign voyage, for the purposes in said act intended.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That this act shall be in force for three years, from the passing thereof, and from thence to the end of the next session of Congress thereafter, and no longer.

Continued by Act of March 1, 1805, ch. 19.

APPROVED, February 27, 1801.

STATUTE II.

Chap. XIII.—An Act to allow the transportation of goods, wares and merchan-dise, to and from Philadelphia and Baltimore, by the way of Appoquinimink and Sassafras.

Feb. 27, 1801.

Be it enacted by the Scnatc and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any goods, wares and merchandise, which lawfully might be transported to or from the city of Philadelphia and Baltimore, by the way of Elkton, Bohemia or Frenchtown, and Port Penn, Appoquinimink, New Castle, Christiana Bridge, Newport or Wilmington, shall and may lawfully be transported, rivers. to and from the city of Philadelphia and Baltimore, by the way of Appoquinimink and Sassafras river, and shall be entitled to all the benefits and advantages, and shall be subject to all the provisions, regulations, limitations and restrictions, existing in the case of goods, wares and merchandise, transported by any of the routes before mentioned.

Goods imported into Baltimore or Philadelphia may be transported by Appoquinimink and Sassafras

1799, ch. 22.

APPROVED, February 27, 1801.

STATUTE II.

CHAP. XV.—An Act concerning the District of Columbia.(a)

Feb. 27, 1801.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the ginia and Mary-

Laws of Vir-

⁽a) District of Columbia. The acts for the government and administration of justice in the District of Columbia, are: 1. An act for establishing the temporary and permanent seat of the government of the United States,

July 16, 1790, chap. 28. 2. An act supplementary to an act entitled, "An act concerning the District of Columbia," March 3,

^{1801,} chap. 24.

^{3.} An act concerning the District of Columbia, February 27, 1801, chap. 15.

4. An act additional to an act amendatory of an act entitled, "An act concerning the District of Co-

^{4.} An act auditional to an act amendatory of an act entitled, "An act concerning the District of Columbia," May 3, 1802, chap. 53.

5. An act to amend the judicial system of the United States, April 29, 1802, chap. 31, sec. 24.

6. An act for the relief of insolvent debtors within the District of Columbia, March 3, 1803, chap. 20.

7. An act to extend the jurisdiction of justices of the peace in the recovery of debts, in the District of Columbia, March 1, 1823, chap. 23.

^{8.} An act respecting the adjournment of the circuit court of the District of Columbia, March 3, 1825.