Ibid., s. 6.

band and wife.

Certain persons

CHAPTER TWENTY-TWO.

MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE.

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	MARR	IAGES.
Who may be licensed to perform marriage ceremony. 1 June, 1870, c. 115, s. 4, v. 16, p. 147.	in the District, every minister of the gospel, appointed or ordained according to the rites and ceremonies of his church, whether his residence be in the District or elsewhere in the United States or its Territories, may be licensed to celebrate marriages in the District.	
Licenses; by whom issued. Ibid. Form of license. Ibid.	SEC. 719. Such license shall be court of the District. SEC. 720. Licenses shall be in the "To any minister of the Gospel a the District of Co "You are hereby licensed to sole	issued by the clerk of the supreme e following form: uthorized to celebrate marriages in plumbia, greeting: mnize the rites of marriage between
	lawful impediment thereto; and having so done, you are commanded to appear in the clerk's office of the supreme court of said District and certify the same. "Witness my hand and the seal of said court.	
Record of licenses. Ibid., s. 5.	SEC. 721. The clerk shall provide a record-book of his office, consist ing of licenses in the form prescribed in the preceding section, printed in blank, one of which he shall fill up with the names of the parties for whose union any license has been issued, and beneath it shall be printed a certificate to be made by the minister who solemnized the marriage. SEC. 722. The minister's certificate shall be in the following form: "I,, minister of church in, hereby certify that, by authority of a license of the same tenor as the foregoing, solemnized the marriage of the parties aforesaid, on the day o, eighteen hundred and, at, in the District of Columbia.	
Minister's certificate; form. Ibid.		
Copy of record to be evidence.	SEC. 723. A copy of any license at	"," nd certificate, recorded in the record- tified by the clerk, under his hand

and the seal of the court, shall be competent evidence of the marriage.

each other of husband and wife, and were cohabiting together as such,

to be deemed hus- actual emancipation, had undertaken and agreed to occupy the relation to

SEC. 724. All colored persons in the District, who, previous to their

or in any way recognizing the relation as existing on the twenty-fifth day of July, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, whether the rites of mar- 240, v. 14, p. 236. riage have been celebrated between them or not, are deemed husband and wife, and are entitled to all the rights and privileges, and subject to the duties and obligations of that relation, in like manner as if they had been duly married according to law.

SEC. 725. All the children of such persons shall be deemed legitimate, whether born before or after the date mentioned in the preceding sec. legitimate.

tion.

SEC. 726. When such parties have ceased to cohabit before such date, in consequence of the death of the woman, or from any other cause, all the children of the woman recognized by the man to be his shall be deemed legitimate.

25 July, 1866, c.

Their children

Ibid.

Children of those who have ceased to cohabit.

Ibid.

PROPERTY-RIGHTS OF MARRIED WOMEN.

SEC. 727. In the District the right of any married woman to any property, personal or real, belonging to her at the time of marriage, or acquired during marriage in any other way than by gift or conveyance from her husband, shall be as absolute as if she were unmarried, 23, s. 1, v. 16, p. 45. and shall not be subject to the disposal of her husband, nor be liable for

SEC. 728. Any married woman may convey, devise, and bequeath her property, or any interest therein, in the same manner and with like disposal. effect as if she were unmarried. [800 §§ 450-452.]

10 April, 1869, c. 23, s. 1, v. 16, p. 45.

SEC. 729. Any married woman may contract, and sue and be sued in her own name, in all matters having relation to her sole and separate sued. property, in the same manner as if she were unmarried.

SEC. 730. Neither the husband nor his property shall be bound by any such contract, made by a married woman, nor liable for any recovery against her in any such suit, but judgment may be enforced by execution against her sole and separate estate in the same manner as if she were unmarried.

Right of married women to property absolute.

Sykes vs. Chadwick, 18 Wall., 141.

Full power of

Right to contract, sue, and be

Ibid., s. 2.

Husband not liable, when.

Ibid.

DIVORCE.

SEC. 731. All applications for divorce shall be made by petition to the supreme court of the District. [See § 766.]

19 June, 1860, c. 158, s. 1, v. 12, p. 59.

SEC. 732. The proceedings upon a petition for divorce shall be the same as are had in other cases, except so far as otherwise provided in general rule. this chapter.

Sec. 733. The petition for a divorce shall specify the causes therefor with certainty.

SEC. 734. Upon the petition being filed, the clerk shall issue summons for the defendant to appear and answer.

SEC. 735. If it shall appear by the affidavit of a disinterested witness that the defendant is a non-resident of the District, or has been absent therefrom for the space of six months, the court, after the return of one summons not found, may authorize notice of the pendency of the petition, to be given by publication, in such manner as it shall direct.

SEC. 736. The court shall proceed to hear and determine such cause, whenever such summons shall have been served twenty days, or such be heard. publication made forty days before the commencement of the term.

SEC. 737. No judgment for a divorce shall be rendered on default without proof; nor shall any admissions contained in the answer of the without proof. defendant be taken as proof of the facts charged as the ground of the application, but the same shall in all cases be proved by other evidence.

Applications for divorce.

Proceedings;

What petition must specify.

Ibid., s. 2. Summons to re-

spondent. Ibid.

Notice by publication, when.

Ibid.

When causes shall

Ibid. Nojudgment

Ibid.

Divorce from causes.

19 June, 1860, c. 158, s. 3, v. 12, p. 59. 1 June, 1870, c. 116, v. 16, p, 147.

Divorce from bed

19 June, 1860, c.

When causes oc-

Ibid., s. 5, p. 60.

marriage on ac-

count of a former

Dissolution of

Legitimacy of is-

Dissolution on

Legitimacy, how

Alimony and

account of lunacy;

issue legitimate.

and determined.

Ibid., s. 7.

Ibid., s. 8.

right of dower.

59, 60.

trict.

marriage.

Ibid.

sue.

Ibid., s.6.

SEC. 738. A divorce from the bond of marriage may be granted in bond of marriage; any of the following cases, namely:

First. Where such marriage was contracted while either of the parties thereto had a former wife or husband living, unless the former marriage had been lawfully dissolved and no restraint imposed on the party contracting such second marriage.

Second. Where such marriage was contracted during the lunacy of

either party.

Third. Where either party was matrimonially incapacitated at the time of the marriage.

Fourth. Where either party has committed adultery during the mar-

riage.

Fifth. For habitual drunkenness for a period of three years of the party complained against.

Sixth. For cruelty of treatment, endangering the life or health of the

party complaining.

Seventh. For willful desertion and abandonment by the party complained of against the party complaining for the full uninterrupted space of two years.

SEC. 739. A divorce from bed and board may be granted for either of

and board; causes. the following causes, namely:

First. Cruelty of treatment, endangering the life or health of one of 158, s. 4, v. 12, pp. the parties.

Second. Reasonable apprehension, to the satisfaction of the court, of

bodily harm. SEC. 740. No divorce shall be granted for any cause which shall have cur out of the Disoccurred out of the District, unless the party applying for the same shall have resided within the District for two years next preceding the

application. SEC. 741. Upon the dissolution of a marriage on account of either of the parties having a former wife or husband living, if it shall appear

that the second marriage was contracted in good faith by the party whose second marriage has been thus dissolved, and with the full belief on his or her part that the former wife or husband was dead, that fact shall be stated in the judgment or sentence of divorce.

SEC. 742. The issue of such second marriage, born or begotten before the commencement of the suit, shall be deemed to be the legitimate issue of the parent who, at the time of the marriage, was capable of contracting.

SEC. 743. Upon the dissolution of a marriage on account of the lunacy of either party at the time of such marriage, the issue of the marriage shall be deemed to be legitimate.

SEC. 744. A divorce for causes not specially provided for in the two otherwise affected preceding sections shall not affect the legitimacy of the issue of the marriage; but the legitimacy of such issue, if questioned, shall be tried and determined according to the course of the common law.

SEC. 745. In all cases where a divorce is granted, the court allowing the same shall have power, if it see fit, to award alimony to the wife,

and to retain her right of dower.

Wallingsford vs. Allen, 10 Peters, 593.

Ibid., s. 9. Alimony pending

petition. Ibid., s. 11.

Custody and children.

Ibid., s. 10. Maiden name may be restored.

Ibid., s. 9. Adultery of wife

SEC. 746. The court may also award alimony to the wife for her sustenance during the pendency of a petition for a divorce filed for any of the causes mentioned in this chapter.

SEC. 747. The court shall also have power to order and direct, in main tenance of every case of divorce, who shall have the guardianship and custody of the children of the marriage so divorced, and who shall be charged with their maintenance.

> SEC. 748. The court may also, in granting a divorce from the bond of marriage, restore to the wife her maiden or other previous name.

SEC. 749. In case of adultery by the wife, committed after judgment

or sentence of divorce from bed and board, the court may, on the peti- after divorce from tion of the husband setting forth and accompanied by legal proof of bed and board. such adultery, deprive the wife of alimony from the date of her said criminal act, and rescind her right of dower, as well as dispossess her, if 158, s. 12, v. 12, p. the court judge fit, of the care, custody, and guardianship of any child 60. which, under the original judgment of the court in granting the divorce, may have been assigned to her.

19 June, 1860, c.

CHAPTER TWENTY-THREE.

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