

TITLE XXIX.

IMMIGRATION.

Sec.	Sec.
2158. Cooly-trade prohibited.	2162. This Title not to interfere with voluntary emigration.
2159. Vessels employed in cooly-trade shall be forfeited.	2163. Examination of vessels.
2160. Building vessels to engage in cooly-trade, how punished.	2164. No charge upon particular persons immigrating, &c.
2161. Punishment for violation of section 2158.	
<p><u>Cooly-trade prohibited.</u> 19 Feb., 1862, c. 27, s. 1, v. 12, p. 340. 9 Feb., 1869, c. 21, v. 15, p. 269.</p>	
<p><u>Vessels employed in cooly-trade shall be forfeited.</u> Ibid.</p>	
<p><u>Building vessels to engage in cooly-trade, how punished.</u> 19 Feb., 1862, c. 27, s. 2, v. 12, p. 340.</p>	
<p><u>Punishment for violation of section 2158.</u> 19 Feb., 1862, c. 27, s. 3, v. 12, p. 340.</p>	
<p><u>This Title not to interfere with voluntary emigration.</u> 19 Feb., 1862, c. 27, s. 4, v. 12, p. 341.</p>	
<p><u>Examination of vessels.</u> 19 Feb., 1862, c. 27, s. 6, v. 12, p. 341.</p>	
<p>SEC. 2158. No citizen of the United States, or foreigner coming into or residing within the same, shall, for himself or for any other person, either as master, factor, owner, or otherwise, build, equip, load, or otherwise prepare, any vessel, registered, enrolled, or licensed, in the United States, for the purpose of procuring from any port or place the subjects of China, Japan, or of any other oriental country, known as "coolies," to be transported to any foreign port, or place, to be disposed of, or sold, or transferred, for any time, as servants or apprentices, or to be held to service or labor.</p>	
<p>SEC. 2159. If any vessel, belonging in whole or in part to a citizen of the United States, and registered, enrolled, or otherwise licensed therein, be employed in the "cooly-trade," so called, contrary to the provisions of the preceding section, such vessel, her tackle, apparel, furniture, and other appurtenances, shall be forfeited to the United States, and shall be liable to be seized, prosecuted, and condemned in any of the circuit courts or district courts of the United States for the district where the vessel may be found, seized, or carried.</p>	
<p>SEC. 2160. Every person who so builds, fits out, equips, loads, or otherwise prepares, or who sends to sea, or navigates, as owner, master, factor, agent, or otherwise, any vessel, belonging in whole or in part to a citizen of the United States, or registered, enrolled, or licensed within the same, knowing or intending that such vessel is to be or may be employed in that trade, contrary to the provisions of section twenty-one hundred and fifty-eight, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not exceeding one year.</p>	
<p>SEC. 2161. Every citizen of the United States who, contrary to the provisions of section twenty-one hundred and fifty-eight, takes on board of any vessel, or receives or transports any such subjects as are described in that section, for the purpose of disposing of them in any way as therein prohibited, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two thousand dollars and be imprisoned not exceeding one year.</p>	
<p>SEC. 2162. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to apply to any voluntary emigration of the subjects specified in section twenty-one hundred and fifty-eight, or to any vessel carrying such person as passenger on board the same, but a certificate shall be prepared and signed by the consul or consular agent of the United States residing at the port from which such vessel may take her departure, containing the name of such person, and setting forth the fact of his voluntary emigration from such port, which certificate shall be given to the master of such vessel; and the same shall not be given until such consul or consular agent is first personally satisfied by evidence of the truth of the facts therein contained.</p>	
<p>SEC. 2163. The President is empowered, in such way and at such time as he may judge proper, to direct the vessels of the United States, and the masters and commanders thereof, to examine all vessels navigated or owned in whole or in part by citizens of the United States,</p>	

and registered, enrolled, or licensed under the laws thereof, whenever, in the judgment of such master or commanding officer, reasonable cause exists to believe that such vessel has on board any subjects of China, Japan, or other oriental country, known as "coolies;" and, upon sufficient proof that such vessel is employed in violation of the preceding provisions, to cause her to be carried, with her officers and crew, into any port or district within the United States, and delivered to the marshal of such district, to be held and disposed of according to law.

SEC. 2164. No tax or charge shall be imposed or enforced by any State upon any person immigrating thereto from a foreign country, which is not equally imposed and enforced upon every person immigrating to such State from any other foreign country.

No charge upon particular persons immigrating, &c.

31 May, 1870, c. 114, s. 16, v. 16, p. 144.