## Convention for the Amelioration of the Postal Intercourse between the United States of America and the Swiss Confederation.

The post department of the United States, by its special commissioner, October 11,1867. John A. Kasson, esq., and the federal council of the Swiss Confederation, Contracting by Dr. Jaques Dubs, vice-president of the federal council and chief of parties. the federal post department, have agreed upon the following articles, subject to ratification by the respective authorities of the two countries :

Article I. There shall be an exchange of correspondence between the United States of America and the Swiss Confederation by means of their respective post departments, and this correspondence shall embrace:

1. Letters, ordinary and registered.
2. Newspapers, book-packets, prints of all kinds (comprising maps, plans, engravings, drawings, photographs, lithographs, and all other like productions of mechanical processes), sheets of music, \&c., and patterns or samples of merchandise, including grains and seeds.

Such correspondence may be exchanged, whether originating in either of said countries and destined for the other, or originating in or destined for foreign countries, to which these may respectively serve as intermediaries.

Article II. The offices for exchange of mails shall be, on the part of the United States: New York.

Correspondence to be exchanged; to embrace what.

On the part of the Swiss Confederation:
(a.) Basle.
(b.) Geneva (when the Swiss Confederation shall find it expedient).

The two offices, by agreement, may at any time establish additional offices of exchange.
Article III. The principle is agreed, that each office shall make its own arrangements for the despatch of its mails to the other office by regular lines of communication, and shall at its own cost pay the expense of such intermediate transportation. It is also agreed that the cost of international ocean and territorial transit of the closed mails between the frontiers of the two countries shall be first defrayed by that one of the two departments which shall have obtained from the intermediaries the most favorable pecuniary terms for such conveyance, and which shall effect such transport in that case in both directions; and any amount so advanced by one for account of the other shall be promptly reimbursed.
Article IV. The standard weight for the single rate of international postage, and rule of progression, shall be:

1. For letters, fifteen grammes.
2. For all other correspondence, mentioned in the second paragraph of

Arrangements for despatch of mails, \&c.

Cost of transportation.
Offices for exchange of maila the first article, that which the despatching office shall adopt for the mails which it despatches to the other, adapted to the convenience and habits of the interior administration. But each office shall give notice to the other of the standard weight it adopts, and of any subsequent change thereof. The rule of progression shall always be an additional single rate for each additional standard weight, or fraction thereof.
The weight stated by the despatching office shall always be accepted except in case of manifest mistake.

Article V. The single rate of postage on the direct correspondence Rates of postexchanged between the two administrations, subject to tha reserve men- age. tioned in Article VII., shall be as follows:

1. On letters from the United States, 15 cents.

Rates of postage.
2. On letters from the Swiss Confederation, 80 centimes.
3. On all other correspondence mentioned in the second paragraph of the first article, the rate shall be, for the mails despatched, that which the despatching office shall adopt, adapted to the convenience and habits of its interior administration. But each office shall give notice to the other of the rate it adopts, and of any subsequent change thereof.

Prepayment optional on ordinary letters;
when required
Proceedings when postages are unpaid or are insufficiently paid.

Registered correspondence.

What may be registered.

Basis for settloment of $\cdots$. counts.

Regulations for despatch of correspondence.

Article VI. The prepayment of postage on ordinary letters shall be optional, subject to the conditions in Article VII. mentioned, but on registered letters, and on all other correspondence mentioned in paragraph second of the first article, it shall be obligatory.

Article VII. If, however, the postage of any correspondence shall be prepaid insufficiently, it shall nevertheless be forwarded to its destination, charged with the deficient postage, adding full amounts, instead of fractions, of 1 cent or 5 centimes.

Upon the delivery of any unpaid, or insufficiently paid letter, or of any other insufficiently paid correspondence, there shall be levied a fine iu the United States not exceeding five cents, and in Switzerland not exceeding 25 centimes. This fine, and also the deficient postage on all other correspondence than letters, shall not enter into accounts between the two offices, but shall be retained to the use of the collecting office.
Article VIII. Registered correspondence shall, in addition to the postage, be subject to a register-fee not exceeding ten cents in the United States, and not exceeding fifty centimes in Switzerland, and this fee shall always be prepaid.

Article IX. Any correspondence may be registered, as well international correspondence as that originating in or destined for other countries to which these two administrations may respectfully serve as intermediaries in either direction for the transmission of such registered articles. Each department shall notify the other of the countries to which it may thus serve as intermediary.

Article X. Accounts between the two offices shall be regulated on the following basis: From the total amount of postages and register-fees collected by each office on letters, added to the total amount of prepaid postages and register-fees on other correspondence which it despatches, the despatching office shall deduct the amount required as the agreed rate for the cost of intermediate transit thereof between the two frontiers, and the amount of the two net sums shall be divided between the two offices in the proportion of three-fifths ( $\frac{3}{5}$ ) to the United States office and two-fifths ${ }^{\circ}\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$ to the Swiss Office.

Article XI. The correspondence mentioned in the second paragraph of the first article shall be dispatched under regulations to be established by the despatching office, but always including the following:

First. No packet shall contain anything which shall be closed against inspection; nor any written communication whatever, except to state to whom and from whom the packet is sent; and the numbers and prices placed upon patterns or samples of merchandise.

Second. No packet may exceed two feet in length, or one foot in any other dimension, or the equivalent in S wiss measurement.

Third. Neither office shall be bound to deliver any article the importation of which may be prohibited by the laws or regulations of the country of destination.

Fourth. So long as any customs-duty may be chargeable on any article exchanged in the mails, such duty may be levied for the use of the customs.

Fifth. Except as above, no charge whatever, otherwise than as herein expressly provided, shall be levied or collected on the correspondence exchanged.

Article XII. The two post departments shall establish, by agreement, and in conformity with the arrangements in force at the time, the
conditions upon which the two offices may respectively exchange, in open mails, the correspondence originating in, or destined to, the other foreign countries to which they may reciprocally serve as intermediaries. It is always understood, however, that such correspondence shall only be charged with the rate applicable to direct international correspondence, augmented by the postage due to foreign countries, and by any other tax for exterior service.

Article XIII. Each office accords to the other the privilege of transit of closed mails exchanged, in either direction, between the latter and any country to which the other may serve as an intermediary, by its usual means of mail transportation, whether on sea or land. Such transit across its own territory shall be reciprocally free of expense.

For such transit by sea the United States office shall receive as fol-lows:-

1. For transit across the waters of the Atlantic Ocean :

Transit of closed mails through othar country. a. For letters, 8 cents per single letter rate.
b. For other correspondence, 12 cents per kilogramme, net.
2. For transit across the waters of the Pacific Ocean:
a. For letters, 10 cents per single letter rate.
b. For other correspondence, 20 cents per kilogramme, net.

For such transit by sea the Swiss office shall receive as follows:
For transit across the waters of the Atlantic Ocean:
a. For letters, 8 cents per single letter rate.
b. For other correspondence, 12 cents per kilogramme, net.

For intermediate territorial transit each office shall receive the amount it actually disburses for such transit.

Article XIV. The postal accounts between the two offices shall be stated quarterly, and transmitted and verified as speedily as practicable, and the balance found due shall be paid to the creditor office either by exchange on London or Paris, or at the debtor office, as the creditor office may desire.

The rate for the conversion of the money of the two countries shall be fixed by common agreement between the two offices.

Arricle XV. When, in any port of either country, a closed mail is transferred from one vessel to another without any expense to the office of the country where the transfer is made, such transfer shall not be subject to any postal charge by one office against the other.

Article XVI. Official communications between the two offices shall not be the occasion of any accounts on either side.

Article XVII. Letters wrongly sent or wrongly addressed, or not deliverable for whatever cause, shall be returned to the originating office, at its expense, if any expense is incurred. Registered correspondence of all kinds, not deliverable for any cause, shall also be returned in like manner. All other correspondence which cannot be delivered shall remain at the disposition of the receiving office.

Any postages, upon correspondence returned, which shall have been charged against the office of destination, shall be discharged from the account.

Article XVIII. The two offices shall, by mutual consent, establish detailed regulations for carrying these articles into execution, and they may modify such regulations, in like manner, from time to time, as the exigencies of the service may require.

Article XIX. This convention shall take effect at a time to be fixed by common accord of the two administrations, and shall continue in force until terminated by mutual agreement or otherwise, until one year from the date when one office shall have notified the other of its desire to terminate it.

Executed in duplicate at Berne, this eleventh day of October, A. D. 1867.
[smax.]
[seac.]

JOHN A. KASSON, Special Commissioner, \&c., \&c., DR. J. DUBS.

Post-Office Department, Washington, November 12, 1867.

Approved by Having examined and considered the aforegoing articles of a conven- Genoral;
by the President of the United States. tion for the amelioration of the postal intercourse between the United States of America and the Swiss Confederation, which were agreed upon and executed in duplicate at Berne on the eleventh day of October, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, by Hon. John A Kasson, special commissioner, \&c., \&c. on behalf of this department, and by Dr. Jaques Dubs, vice-president of the federal council and chief of the federal post department, on behalf of the federal council of the Swiss Confederation, the same are by me hereby ratified and approved, by and with the advice and consent of the President of the United States.

In witness whereof, I have caused the seal of the Post Office Department to be hereto attixed, with my signature, the day and year first above written.
[ $\mathrm{L} . \mathrm{s}$. .]
ALEX. W. RANDALL, Postmaster-General.
I hereby approve the aforegoing convention, and in testimony thereof I have caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

## [L. s.]

By the President:
ANDREW JOHNSON.
William H. Seward, Secretary of Siate.
Washungton, November 12, 1867.

## REGULATIONS


#### Abstract

Agreed upon between the Post-Office Department of the United States of America and the Postal Administration of Switzerland for the Execu-

November 28, tion of the Convention for the Exchange of Postal Correspondence, signed the 11 th Oztober, 1867, and in Accordance with the Provisions of Article XVIII. of said Convention.


Article I. The exchange office of New York shall make up mails for the Swiss exchange office of Basle.

The latter shall make up mails for the exchange office of New York.
Article II. Each mail exchanged between the respective offices shall be accompanied by a letter bill showing the postages and the charges of transit, the fees, etc., accruing to each office upon the different kinds of correspondence.

The form of this letter bill shall follow the models A and B hereto annexed, and they shall be consecutively numbered by the despatching office during each calendar year.

The receiving office shall acknowledge its receipt by return despatch.
Article III. The exchange offices shall divide the correspondence which they despatch into a suitable number of separate packages, according to the letter bill.

Each of these packages shall bear the proper etiquette and number corresponding to the letter bill.
Article IV. When more than a single rate is chargeable upon any letter or other article, the number of rates to which it is subject shall be indicated, by the despatching office, by a figure in the upper left corner of the address.

Article V. Registered correspondence shall be entered upon the register list. This list shall conform to the model hereto annexed, marked C.

Registered letters shall be enveloped together in strong paper and well secured. The package shall be inscribed with the words "Registered" or "Objets Chargés," and placed in the mail.

Article VI. The receiving exchange office shall acknowledge to the despatching office the receipt of the registered articles numerically. Whenever the verification of the list shall disclose an error or any differences the fact shall be notified to the despatching office by the next mail.

Article VII. The two administrations mutually engage to take needful measures for the careful transmission of registered correspondence and for pursuing it when lost; but it is understood that neither assumes towards the other any pecuniary responsibility in case of loss.

Article VIII. The letters exchanged between the two offices shall indicate, by stamp or writing thereon, the office of origin.

Correspondence fully paid to destination shall be stamped in the United States PAID ALL, and in Switzerland PD.

Registered articles shall be stamped "Registered" in the United States, and "Charge" in Switzerland. Correspondence insufficiently prepaid shall be stamped in the United States "Insuficiently PAID," and in Switzerland "Affranchissement Insuffisant," and the amount of deficient postage expressed in figures on the face.

Exchange offices.

Letter bills

Forms. Post, pp. 1038, 1040.

Separate packages.

Number of rates how indicated, if more than one.

Register list. Post, pp. 1046, 1047.

[^0]Registered articles.

Same subject.

Marks and stamps.

Letters unpaid or insufficiently paid shall be also stamped to indicate the route by which they are sent, if different routes are employed.

Article IX. The two postal administrations may exchange in the
Letters to foreign countries in open mails.

Post, p. 1048.
List of foreign countries.

Postage due, how indicated. in the open mail, the amount of the postage due to the foreign office of destination; and in the same manner, but in black ink, shall mark the amount of postage due to the foreign office of origin upon the unpaid letters so sent in transit.

Certain articles may be retained.

Letters insufficiently paid, to be sent as wholly unpaid.

Letters, \&c. not deliverable, to be returned.

Article XII. Articles under band which do not conform to the conditions mentioned in Article XII. of the convention, or which are in no part prepaid, shall be retained at the disposition of the administration of origin, or, if sent, shall not be subject to account.

Article XIII. Letters originating in or destined for foreign countries, sent in the open mail for transit through the United States or through Switzerland, and which are insufficiently prepaid, shall be transmitted as wholly unpaid, and no account taken between the two administrations of the amount prepaid.

Article XIV. Letters and all registered articles not deliverable shall be respectively returned to the despatching administration at the end of every month.

The postage on unpaid letters so returned shall be deducted from the account against the office originally charged therewith.

The postage on prepaid letters so returned shall remain in the account as originally entered.

The expense of transit of unpaid correspondence which has been transported by either administration in closed mails, and shall be returned to the despatching office as not deliverable, shall be deducted from the original amount charged for transit upon a declaration of the amount by the office claiming the reduction. No charge will be made by either administration for the transit of correspondence returned as not deliverable.

Article XV. All correspondence wrongly addressed or missent shall be returned without delay by the receiving office which despatched it. The receiving office shall also correct accordingly, in the column of verification, the original entries of the letter bill relating to such correspondence. The articles of a like nature addressed to persons who have changed their residence shall be mutually forwarded or returned, charged with the rate that would hare been paid at the first destination.
Letter bill for closed mails.

[^1]Article XVI. The despatching exchange office shall state on the letter bill for the intermediate exchange offices to which it shall deliver closed mails, whether from the United States to Switzerland or from Switzerland to the United States, the exact number of single rates of letters (or weight, if required) and the total weight of the other correspondence which shall be despatched in such mails.

Article XVII. It is understood that the accounts between the two offices shall be established on the respective letter bills in the proper money of the despatching office.

For the international charges, the reduction of these moneys shall be effected in the general accounts at the rate of five francs and ten sentimes for one dollar of the United States.

In entering the foreign charges on the letter bill in the money of the despatching office, the cent shall be considered as the equivalent of five centimes of Switzerland.

It is also understood that the quarterly accounts shall be paid, respectively, in gold, and in the denomination of the money of the creditor office.

Article XVIII. The accounts mentioned in Article XV. of the convention shall be prepared by the respective despatching offices of exchange. They shall be based upon the acknowledgments of receipt, and shall, respectively, be prepared according to the models hereto annexed

Certain accounts to be prepaid.

Post, pp. 1049, 1051. and marked F and $G$.

A recapitulation (or summary) of these accounts showing the definitive result, alike for the debit and the credit, shall be prepared by the United States office according to the form hereto annexed and marked H , and shall then be transmitted, with the accounts on which it is based, for the examination of the Swiss office. The latter office shall advise the United States office of the result of the verification, and any differences ascertained after mutual discussion shall be embraced in the next quarterly account.

Article XIX. The convention and these regulations shall take effect on the 1st day of April, 1868.

Post, p. 1058.

Signed at Paris this 28th day of November, 1867.
JOHN A. KASSON,
Special Com., etc., etc.
L. M. FUCHS,

Controller-General of Swiss Posts.

## Post-Office Department, Washington, January 25, 1868.

The foregoing articles of detailed regulations for carrying into execution the postal convention of 11th October, 1867, between the United States and Switzerland, are hereby ratified and approved.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Post-Office Department this 25th day of January, A. D. 1868.
[I. s.]

ALEX. W. RANDALL,<br>Postmaster-General.

Of the Mail from the Swiss Office of Basle to the New Pork Office, via__. Despatched the ——, 18—. Arrived the ——, 18 .

A. continued.

|  | No. - Iof the Present Letter Bill.) | Statement by the SwissExchange Office. |  |  | Verification by the U.S. Exchange Office. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No. of Single Rates. | Amount. |  | No. of Single Rates. | Amount. |  |
|  |  |  | Dolls. | Cts. |  | Dolls. | Cts. |
|  | TAELE III. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 20 | Number of the fixed fees collected on the registered articles. Amount of supplementary register fees due the United States upon articles registered to destination to foreign copuntries | - | - |  | - | - |  |
|  | TABLETV. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\left.\begin{array}{l}21 \\ 22\end{array}\right\}$ | Letters prepaid and unpaid whesever originating ad- $)$ Postage to refund to Swiss office on the unpaid dressed to persons having changed their residence $\quad$ No. of single rates . <br> Misdirected articles returned, (Mem. number, --.) | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | Misdirected articles returned, (Mem. number, ———) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | TABLE V. <br> Total number of single letter rates by this mail <br> (Arts. 1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 10, 11, 13, 15, 22) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\left.\begin{array}{l} 24 \\ 25 \end{array}\right\}$ | Total weight by this mail . . . \} Journals, prints, and patterns . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | mmes. |  |  | mmes. |  |

TABLE VI. - CLOSED MAILS IN TRANSIT WITH THIS MAIL.

|  | Origin of the Mails. | Destination. |  |  |  | Letters. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Number of Single Rates. |

From the Swiss Exchange Office of —__ for the Mail from the United States Exchange Office of ——_, No. —_, the —__, 18—, via ——.


ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF RECEIPT. - Continued.


TABLE VI. - CLOSED MALLS IN TRANSIT, ENCLOSED BY THIS MAIL.

|  | Origin of the Mails. | Destination. |  | Letters. |  | Journals, Prints, and Patterns. <br> Net Weight in Grammes. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Number of Single Rates. | Net Weight in Grammes. |  |




TA酸昰 III. - OF REGISTER FEES.


| No. of the Itemsof Account. | TABHL VI. - CLOSED MAILS DESPATCHED HEREWITH FOR SWISS TRANSIT. |  | Letters. | Journals, ete., etc. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Office of Origin. |  | Net Weight in Grame. $\dagger$ | Net Weight in Kilograms. |

[^2]Post-Office, ——, the ——of $\longrightarrow$, 186-.
The Mail from —_ to ——_ by the Ship—_, of the ———, of ——_, 186—, has been received, containing the following Articles: —


ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF RECEIPT - continued.


Table vi. - Closed mails in transit in this mail.

|  | Origin of the Mails. | Destination. |  |  | Letters. |  | Journals, Prints, and Patterns <br> Net Weight in Grammes. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Number of Single Rates. | Net Weight in Grammes. |  |

1046 POSTAL CONVENTION WITH SWITZERLAND. Oct. 11, 1867.

Ewrss Postal
ADMENISTRATIONT.
C.
(Corqespondence wite ter
(See p. 1035.)
Descriptive List of the Letters and other Registered Articles contained in the Mail sent by the Swiss Exchange Office of ——— to the United States Exchange Office of $\longrightarrow$, the $\longrightarrow$, 18-.

\{ Comrespondinces with the Shiss Post-0ffice.
(See p. 1035.)
Descriptive List of the Letters and other Registered Articles contained in the Mail sent by the United States Office of Exchange of to the Swiss Office of Exchange of $\longrightarrow$ ——, the $-18-$.

|  | Nature of the Registered Articles. <br> (1) | Origin. | To whom addressed. | Destination. | Ameunt of mentary Fees to tered Artic for Foreig | Suppletration to the Regisestined untries | Verifcation by the Receiving Offler. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Dol'ars. | Cents. |  |
| 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total number of the Registered Articles to be carried to Art. 19 of the Letter Bill <br> Total amount to be carried to Art. 20 of the Letter Bill . \$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Certified by
(1) Letters, newspapers or book packets under band, patterns of merchandise, eto,

1048 POSTAL CONVENTION WITH SWITZERLAND．Oct．11， 1867.
D．
（See p．1036．）
Table showing the Foreign Countries with which the United States Post－Office may ex－ change Letters and other Correspondence in open Mails，through the Intermediary of the Swiss Post－Office，with Indication of the Foreign Charges to be paid to the latter Office（independently of the International Postage）for Correspondence pre－ paid from the United States addressed to the said Countries，and also for unpaid Letters from the same Countries addressed to the United States．

| Countries of origin and des－ tination． | Nature of the correspond－ ence． | Weights per single rate． | Foreign postages due the U．S．per single rate． | Supplementary tran－ sit register fees due U．S．office． | Observations． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $1$ |  |

E．
（See p．1036．）
Table showing the Countries with which Switzerland may exchange Correspondence through the United States open Mails，and the Amount to be added to the International Rates between Switzerland and the United States for Account of exterior Service．

| Countries． | Letters． |  |  | Newspapers． |  |  | Book packets， prints，and samples． |  |  | Observations． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Gms． | Cts． | Cts． | Gms． | Ots． | Cts． |  |  | Cts． |  |
| Acapulco． <br> Aspintrall | 15 | 10 |  | ${ }^{120}$ | － |  | ${ }_{10}^{120}$ | 4 | Cts． |  |
| Betize，British Mon－ |  | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | only for Canada，New Bruns－ |
| duras ．．．． | ${ }^{6}$ | 10 |  | ＂ | 2 |  | ＂ | 4 |  | wick，and Nova Scotia，and for letters only |
| Brazils ．．．．． | ＂ | 10 |  | ＂ | 2 |  | ＂ | 4 |  |  |
| Canada ．．．．． <br> New Brunswick | ＂ |  | 5 | ＂ |  |  | ＂ |  |  |  |
| New Brunswick <br> Nova Scotia ． | ＂ |  | $\stackrel{5}{5}$ | ＂ |  | \％ | ＂ |  | ＇8̇80 | Samples must be confined to |
| Central America and |  |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{\text { \％}}{\square}$ |  |  | $\stackrel{\stackrel{\leftrightarrow}{8}}{\stackrel{8}{8}}$ | samples and sample cards of dry，flexible material． |
| Pacific Coast，via Panama | ＂ | 10 |  | ＂ |  | $\xrightarrow{\text { T3 }}$ |  |  | シ̊ | dry，flexible material． <br> Packages of hardware，grocer－ |
| China ．．．．． | ＂ | 10 |  | \％ | 2 | \％ | ＂ | 4 | 萵 | ies，etc．are subject to full |
| Costa Rica ．－ | ＂ | 10 |  | ＂ | 2 | $\stackrel{\square}{8}$ | ＂ | 4 | $\stackrel{+}{*}$ | letter rate of postage under |
| Cuba－．． | ＂ | 10 |  | ＂ | 2 | a | ＂ | 4 | \％ | existing laws of the United |
| Guatemala ．． | ＂ | 10 |  | ＂ | 2 | ． | ＂ | 4 | 8 | States，and hence cannot be forwarded through U．S．to |
| Japan ．${ }_{\text {Mexico }}$ by sea＊：－ | ＂ | 10 |  | 4 | 2 | 家 | ＂ | 4 | ＊ | countries beyond at less |
| Nicaragua，pea pacific | ${ }^{6}$ | 10 |  | 4 | 2 | 参 | ＂ | 4 | 害 | than letter rate of postage． |
| Coast，via Panama． | 16 | 10 |  | 4 |  | 足 | ${ }^{\prime}$ |  | \％ |  |
| Panama Sandwich Yslands． | ＂ | 10 |  | ＂ | 2 |  | 4 | 4 |  |  |
| Sandwich Islands ． <br> St．Thomas，via U．S． |  | 10 |  | 4 | 2 |  | ＂ | 4 |  |  |
| Brazilian Packets． | ＂ | 10 |  | ＂ | 2 |  | ＂ |  |  |  |
| Fenezuela | ＂ | 10 |  | ＂ | 2 |  | ＂ | 4 |  |  |
| West Indies，British ． | ＂ | 10 |  | ＊ | 2 |  | 4 | 4. |  |  |

Quarterly Account of the Mails sent by the Swiss Exchange Office of - to the United States Exchange Office of $\qquad$

1050 POSTAL CONVENTION WITH SWITZERLAND. Ост. 11, 1867.

RECAPITULATION OF THE WITHIN ACCOUNT.

G.
(See ${ }_{i} .1037$.)
QUarterly account
Of the Mails sent by the United States Exchange Office of__ 18_ via Swiss Exchange Office of ——, during the Quarter ending


1052 POSTAL CONYENTION WITH SWITZERLAND. Oct. 11, 1867.
SUMMARY OF THE WITHIN ACCOUNT.


Dated at ——, this _ day of ——_ 18-.
H.
$\left\{\begin{array}{c}\text { CORRESpondenge with } \\ \text { Switzerland. }\end{array}\right.$
(See p. 1037.)
RECAPITULATION.


United States Post-Office to the -_Post-Office.
bordereau of correspondence returned not deliverable-(DEAD.)


Convention for the further Amelioration of the Postal Intercourse between October 12,1867. the United States of America and the Swiss Confederation, by means of Ante, p. 1031. International Money-Orders issued by their respective Postal Adminis- Post, p. 1061. trations.

The post department of the United States of America, by its special commissioner, John A. Kasson, esquire, and the federal council of the parties. Swiss Confederation, by Dr. Jacques Dubs, vice-president of the federal council and chief of the federal post department, and Jacques-Jean Chal-let-Venel, member of the federal council and chief of the federal department of treasury, have agreed upon the following articles, subject to ratification by the respective authorities of the two countries:-

Article I. Any person resident in either country, and desiring to
International transmit small sums of money to any resident in the other country, may postal moneyeffect the same by means of international postal money-orders in the manner hereinafter set forth.

Article II. There shall be designated in each country at least one office as the international money-order office. This office shall be, (a) on the part of the United States, New York; (b) on the part of the Swiss Confederation, Bale. If it shall be found necessary, additional international offives may be established by common agreement for the same object.

Article III. Any person desiring to make such international remittance of money may purchase at any money-order office of the country of his residence a postal order for the requisite amount, not exceeding fifty dollars (gold value) in the United States, or its equivalent in Switzerland. This order shall be drawn on the international office of the same country. It shall contain the name and address of the beneficiary in the country of destination, and shall be in the form to be prescribed by the post department of the country of origin. The postmaster issuing the order shall immediately transmit the original to the postmaster of the international office on which it is drawn.

Article IV. At stated periods, and according to a form to be agreed upon between the two post departments in their common regulations for the execution of this convention, the postmaster of each international money-order offise shall transmit to the corresponding international office a duly certified list of such international orders received by him since the last previous transmission, to be paid in the other country.

Immediately upon the receipt thereof the postmaster of the international receiving office shall transmit, according to the usage of the receiving administration, a domestic money-order for the amount due to the beneficiary.

Article V. In order to simplify accounts and to conform the exchange of international money-orders to the usage of each administration, and to the convenience of the people of each country, it is further agreed that the charges for such exchange of orders shall be composed of: -

1. The domestic charge of the despatching office, which shall not exceed its usual charge upon domestic money-orders of the same amount.
2. The charge for international exchange, which shall be also fixed by the despatching administration, subject to a minimum of twenty cents in the United States and of one franc in Switzerland, and to a maximum of one per cent. where such rate exceeds the minimum.
3. The domestic charge of the receiving country, upon the order by means of which the sum is paid to the beneficiary, which shall not exceed its usual charge upon domestic money-orders of the same amount.

What charges to be prepaid.

The first two charges shall always be prepaid in the country of origin, either at the time of the purchase of the order or by deduction at the international despatching office, as the despatching administration may by regulation prescribe.
The third charge shall always be collected in the country of destination, by deduction at the international receiving office, or in such other mode as the receiving administration shall prescribe.
The despatching administration shall retain the first and second charges, and the receiving administration shall retain the third charge.

Each administration reserves the right to establish a rate for the international charge mentioned in the second clause of this article, in excess of the maximum there fixed, whenever the cost of international exchange shall temporarily render it necessary:

Each administration shall communicate to the other its tariff of charges which shall be established under this convention.

Balances to be paid semianaually.

Gold basis.

Article VI. The debtor administration shall also, at its own cost, immediately after the verification of the semiannual accounts, pay to the credit of the creditor administration, in London or in Paris, the balance found due on the exchanges of the last preceding half-year, without any deduction.

All correspondence exchanged between the respective administrations in the execution of this convention shall be at the charge of the despatching office.

If, pending the settlement of an account, it shall be ascertained that the balance due from one administration to the other shall exceed the sum of two thousand dollars, the debtor administration shall promptly place a proximate amount to the credit of the other.

Article VII. The provisions of this convention relating to money are established on the basis of gold. If, for the internal convenience of either country, any other currency shall be paid to the beneficiary of the moneyorder, it is, in all cases, to be made as nearly as practicable the equivalent of gold according to the relative values existing at the time. If the sender is allowed to pay for his order in any other currency than gold, the amount certified by the international office is, in all cases, to be the equivalent in gold. The equivalents are to be ascertained under regulations of the department employing such currency. The limitation of the charges in Article V. expressed is also based upon gold value, and if other currency is accepted, the limitation is extended to reach its equivalent in such other currency.
Sums not paid Article VIII. Any sums certified as in Article IV. provided, which,

Deduction.
Denominations of money.

Regulations.

When this convention takes effect. after a reasonable delay, cannot for any cause be paid to the beneficiary, shall be re-certified to the despatching administration, for the benefit of the sender, to be repaid in the manner conformable to the interior regulations of the country of origin. But the administration re-certifying the same reserves the right to first deduct its domestic charge of the same amount as if the remittance had been actually paid to the beneficiary.

Article IX. Each international office shall certify its orders to the other, in amounts designated in the denominations of the money of the despatching country. These denominations shall be converted at the international receiving office at the rate which shall be fixed by common accord of the two administrations.

Article X. The two post departments shall by common accord establish the detailed regulations for carrying this convention into execution, and may modify them from time to time as the exigencies of the service may require.

Article XI. This convention shall take effect at a time to be fixed by common accord of the two administrations. It shall then continue in force until terminated by mutual agreement, or otherwise, until one year
from notice given by one department to the other of its desire to terminate it.

Executed in duplicate at Berne, this 12th day of October, A. D. 1867.
[Seal.] DR. J. DUBS.
[Seal.] John A. Kasson, Special Commissioner, \&c.
[SEal.]

## J. CHALLET-VENEL.

## Post-Office Department, United States of America, Washington, D. C.

Having examined and considered the foregoing articles of a convention for the further amelioration of the postal intercourse between the PostmasterUnited States of America and the Swiss Confederation, by means of General; international money-orders issued by their respective postal administrations, which articles were agreed upon and executed in duplicate, at Berne, on the twelfth day of October, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, by the Honorable John A. Kasson, special commissioner, \&c., \&c., on behalf of this department, and by Dr. Jacques Dubs, vice-president of the federal council and chief of the federal post department, and Jaques-Jean Challet-Venel, member of the federal council and chief of the federal department of the treasury, on behalf of the federal council of the Swiss Confederation, the same are by me hereby ratified and approved, by and with the advice and consent of the President of the United States.

In testimony whereof, I have caused the seal of the Post-Office. Department to be hereto affixed with my signature, this second day of July, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine.
[sEal of post-office department]

JNO. A. J. CRESWELL, Postmaster-General.

I hereby approva the foregoing convention, and in testimony thereof by the PressI have caused the seal of the United States to be hereto affixed.
[seal of the united states.]

U. S. GRANT.

By the President:
J. C. Bancroft Davis, Acting Secretary of State.
Washington, July 2, 1869.
vol. xyi. Treat. - 67

## ADDITIONAL ARTICLE

To the Regulation of Detail and Order signed at Paris, November 28, March 6 \& 26, 1867, and concerning the Exchange of Correspondence betveen Switzer1869.
land and the United States of America.
In accordance with Article XVIII. of the postal convention concluded at Berne, between Switzerland and the United States, dated October 11, 1867, the two administrations have agreed to replace Article XVII. of the detailed regulations of November 28, 1867, relative to same convention by the following arrangements:-

Sole Article. It is agreed, that the accounts between the two offices shall be respectively established upon the letter bills in the money Ante, p. 1038. of the despatching office, excepting, however, the international rates on unpaid or insufficiently paid letters, which must be calculated in the money of the country where such letters are delivered.

As far as concerns the international rates, the reduction of the money shall take place, in the general accounts, on the basis of five francs fifteen centimes for one dollar of the United States.

In marking the foreign postages upon the letter bills in the money of the despatching office, the cent of the United States shall be considered as the equivalent of five centimes of Switzerland.

It is also understood that the quarterly accounts shall be liquidated respectively in gold, of the denomination of the creditor office.

Signed at Washington, the 26th of March, 1869.

> JNO. A. J. CRESWELL, Postmaster-General.
J. Dubs,

Chief of Department of Posts, etc., etc., etc.
Signed at Berne, 6th March, 1869.

Additional Convention to the Convention for the Amelioration of the Postal Intercourse between the United States of America and the Swiss Confederation, signed at Berne the eleventh day of October, A. D. eighteen hundred and sixty-seven.

February 7
and April 13, 1870. vention with Switzerland.
An additional Convention between the General Post-Office of the United States of America and the General Post-Office of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, having established a reduced charge of six cents per ounce or per thirty grammes for the sea conveyance across the Atlantic of letters sent in closed mails through the United Kingdom, the undersigned, duly authorized by their respective governments, have agreed upon the following Articles :-

Article I. The single rate of letter postage on the direct correspondence exchanged between the two administrations by closed mail, via England, subject to the reserve mentioned in article seven of the convention of eleventh day of October, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, shall be as follows :

1. On letters from the United States, 10 cents.
2. On letters from the Swiss Confederation, 50 centimes.

And for the sea conveyance of letters in closed mails across the waters of the Atlantic Ocean the United States office shall receive six cents per ounce or per thirty grammes.

Article II. The conditions of articles V. and XIII. of the convention between the United States of America and the Swiss Confederation, signed at Berne the eleventh day of October, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, so far as they are contrary to the preceding article, are repealed.
Article III. The present convention, which shall be considered as additional to the convention of the eleventh day of October, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, shall come into operation on the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and seventy.
Done in duplicate and signed in Berne the seventh day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seventy; and in Washington the thirteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy.
[seal.]
JNO. A. J. CRESWELL,

> Postmaster-General of the United States.
> The Department of Posts,
> F. CHALLET VENEL.

Repeal of conflicting provisions.

Ante, p. 1081.

When this convention to take effect. se effect.

Rates of letter postage.

Ante, p. 869.



[^0]:    

[^1]:    Accounts between the two offices.

[^2]:    * This line to be left blank in letter bills for Belcium and Holland; but are to be flled In letter bills for Germany, Switzerland, and Italy
    $t$ This column to be left blank in letter bills for Belglam and Folland; but are to bo flled in letter bills for Germany, Switzerland, and Italy.

