the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five:

For pay of officers, instructors, cadets, and musicians, eighty-eight thousand two hundred and sixty-six dollars;

For commutation of subsistence, two thousand one hundred and ninety dollars:

For forage for officers' horses, nine hundred and sixty dollars;

For general repairs and improvements of academic buildings, barracks, mess-rooms, officers' quarters, stables, roads, fences, parade and drill grounds, miscellaneous and incidental expenses, fuel, forage, and departments of instruction, twenty-nine thousand seven hundred and twenty-five dollars;

For gradual increase and expense of library, one thousand dollars; For expenses of the Board of Visitors, three thousand dollars:

For forage for artillery and cavalry horses, eight thousand six hundred

and forty dollars; For replacing dead and worn out cavalry and artillery horses, one

thousand dollars; For enlarging and improving hospital of cadets, six thousand five hun-

dred dollars:

For cavalry exercise hall, twenty thousand dollars;

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the compensation of Master Pay of Master of the Sword be twelve hundred dollars per annum. of Sword. APPROVED, May 10, 1854.

CHAP. LIX. - An Act to Organize the Territories of Nebraska and Kansas.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congrees assembled, That all that part of the terri- Temporary go-tory of the United States included within the following limits, except Territory of Nesuch portions thereof as are hereinafter expressly exempted from the braska esta-operations of this act, to wit: beginning at a point in the Missouri River where the fortieth parallel of north latitude crosses the same; thence west on said parallel to the east boundary of the Territory of Utah, on the summit of the Rocky Mountains; thence on said summit northward to the forty-ninth parallel of north latitude; thence east on said parallel to the western boundary of the territory of Minnesota; thence south- State or States ward on said boundary to the Missouri River; thence down the main with or without channel of said river to the place of beginning, be, and the same is here-to divide said by, created into a temporary government by the name of the Territory of Territory, or to Nebraska; and when admitted as a State or States, the said Territory, attach portion of or any portion of the same, shall be received into the Union with or Territory, rewithout slavery, as their constitution may prescribe at the time of their served. admission: Provided, That nothing in this act contained shall be construed to inhibit the government of the United States from dividing said Territory into two or more Territories, in such manner and at such times as Congress shall deem convenient and proper, or from attaching any portion of said Territory to any other State or Territory of the United States: Provided further, That nothing in this act contained shall be Rights of In construed to impair the rights of person or property now pertaining to Territory not the Indians in said Territory, so long as such rights shall remain unex- impaired. tinguished by treaty between the United States and such Indians, or to include any territory which, by treaty with any Indian tribe, is not, without the consent of said tribe, to be included within the territorial limits or jurisdiction of any State or Territory; but all such territory shall be excepted out of the boundaries, and constitute no part of the Territory retain their preof Nebraska, until said tribe shall signify their assent to the President over said Inof the United States to be included within the said Territory of Nebras- dians. ka, or to affect the authority of the government of the United States to

May 30, 1854.

Temporary go-

Boundaries.

Admitted as a

Proviso.

Rights of In-

United States

277

Officers' pay.

Repairs.

make any regulations respecting such Indians, their lands, property, or other rights, by treaty, law, or otherwise, which it would have been competent to the government to make if this act had never passed.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the executive power and authority in and over said Territory of Nebraska shall be vested in a Governor, who shall hold his office for four years, and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified, unless sooner removed by the President The Governor shall reside within said Territory, of the United States. and shall be commander-in-chief of the militia thereof. He may grant pardons and respites for offences against the laws of said Territory, and reprieves for offences against the laws of the United States, until the decision of the President can be made known thereon; he shall commission all officers who shall be appointed to office under the laws of the said Territory, and shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be a Secretary of said Territory, who shall reside therein, and hold his office for five years, unless sooner removed by the President of the United States; he shall record and preserve all the laws and proceedings of the Legislative Assembly hereinafter constituted, and all the acts and proceedings of the Governor in his executive department; he shall transmit one copy of the laws and journals of the Legislative Assembly within thirty days after the end of each session, and one copy of the executive proceedings and official correspondence semi-annually, on the first days of January and July in each year to the President of the United States, and two copies of the laws to the President of the Senate and to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, to be deposited in the libraries of Congress; and in case of the death, removal, resignation, or absence of the Governor from the Territory, the Secretary shall be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to execute and perform all the powers and duties of the Governor during such vacancy or absence, or until another Governor shall be duly appointed and qualified to fill such vacancy.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the legislative power and authority of said Territory shall be vested in the Governor and a Legislative Assembly. The Legislative Assembly shall consist of a Council and House of Representatives. The Council shall consist of thirteen members, having the qualifications of voters, as hereinafter prescribed, whose term of service shall continue two years. The House of Representatives shall, at its first session, consist of twenty-six members, possessing the same qualifications as prescribed for members of the Council, and whose term of service shall continue one year. The number of representatives may be increased by the Legislative Assembly, from time to time, in proportion to the increase of qualified voters: Provided, That the whole number shall never exceed thirty-nine. An apportionment shall be made, as nearly equal as practicable, among the several counties or districts, for the election Apportionment of the council and representatives, giving to each section of the Territory representation in the ratio of its qualified voters as nearly as may be. And the members of the Council and of the House of Representatives shall reside in, and be inhabitants of, the district or county, or counties for which they may be elected, respectively. Previous to the first election, the Governor shall cause a census, or enumeration of the inhabitants and qualified voters of the several counties and districts of the Territory, to be taken by such persons and in such mode as the Governor shall designate and appoint; and the persons so appointed shall receive a reasonable How the first compensation therefor. And the first election shall be held at such time election shall be and places, and be conducted in such manner, both as to the persons who shall superintend such election and the returns thereof, as the Governor shall appoint and direct; and he shall at the same time declare the number of members of the Council and House of Representatives to which each of the counties or districts shall be entitled under this act. The persons

The executive power vested in a governor, his term of office, powers, duties, and emoluments.

Secretary his powers and duties.

In case of death, resignation, removal or absence of governor, the se-cretary to act as governor.

Legislative power — how vested. Legisla-tive Assembly to consist of a Council and House of Representatives.

Number of councillors and representatives.

Number of councillors and representatives limited.

of representation.

Census to be taken: when and how.

conducted, and who declared elected.

having the highest number of legal votes in each of said council districts for members of the Council, shall be declared by the Governor to be duly elected to the Council; and the persons having the highest number of legal votes for the House of Representatives, shall be declared by the Governor to be duly elected members of said house : Provided, That in case two or more persons voted for shall have an equal number of votes, case of vacancy or no choice. and in case a vacancy shall otherwise occur in either branch of the Legislative Assembly, the Governor shall order a new election; and the persons Subsequent thus elected to the Legislative Assembly shall meet at such place and on elections to be determined by such day as the Governor shall appoint; but thereafter, the time, place, the Assembly. and manner of holding and conducting all elections by the people, and the apportioning the representation in the several counties or districts to the Council and House of Representatives, according to the number of qualified voters, shall be prescribed by law, as well as the day of the Proviso, as to commencement of the regular sessions of the Legislative Assembly: Pro- of Legislative vided, That no session in any one year shall exceed the term of forty Assembly. days, except the first session, which may continue sixty days.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That every free white male inhabitant above the age of twenty-one years who shall be an actual resident of voters. of said Territory, and shall possess the qualifications hereinafter prescribed, shall be entitled to vote at the first election, and shall be eligible to any office within the said Territory; but the qualifications of voters, and of holding office, at all subsequent elections, shall be such as shall be prescribed by the Legislative Assembly: Provided, That the right of suffrage and of holding office shall be exercised only by citizens of the right of suffrage United States and those who shall have declared on oath their intention and of holding to become such, and shall have taken an oath to support the Constitu- office. tion of the United States and the provisions of this act: And provided Further proviso. further, That no officer, soldier, seaman, or marine, or other person in the army or navy of the United States, or attached to troops in the service of the United States, shall be allowed to vote or hold office in said Territory, by reason of being on service therein.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the legislative power of the Territory shall extend to all rightful subjects of legislation consistent Territory de with the Constitution of the United States and the provisions of this act; fined. but no law shall be passed interfering with the primary disposal of the soil; no tax shall be imposed upon the property of the United States; nor shall the lands or other property of non-residents be taxed higher than the lands or other property of residents. Every bill which shall have passed the Council and House of Representatives of the said Territory shall, before it become a law, be presented to the Governor of the Territory; if he approve, he shall sign it; but if not, he shall return it with his objections to the house in which it originated, who shall enter veto. the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two thirds of that house shall agree to pass Bill may be the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, thirds of each by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two thirds house notwithof that house, it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of standing. both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, to be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by Bill to become the Governor within three days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have turned by gobeen presented to him, the same shall be a law in like manner as if he vernor within three days. had signed it, unless the Assembly, by adjournment, prevents its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That all township, district, and How township, district and county officers, not herein otherwise provided for, shall be appointed or district and county officers elected, as the case may be, in such manner as shall be provided by the are to be ap-Governor and Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Nebraska. The pointed. Governor shall nominate, and, by and with the advice and consent of the

Proviso: in

Qualifications

Proviso. Who have the

Legislative

Governor's

Bill to become

Legislative Council, appoint all officers not herein otherwise provided for : and in the first instance the Governor alone may appoint all said officers. who shall hold their offices until the end of the first session of the Legislative Assembly; and shall lay off the necessary districts for members of the Council and House of Representatives, and all other officers.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That no member of the Legislative Assembly shall hold, or be appointed to, any office which shall have been ces during term created, or the salary or emoluments of which shall have been increased. while he was a member, during the term for which he was elected, and for one year after the expiration of such term; but this restriction shall not be applicable to members of the first Legislative Assembly; and no person holding a commission or appointment under the United States, except Postmasters, shall be a member of the Legislative Assembly, or hold any office under the government of said Territory.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That the judicial power of said Territory shall be vested in a Supreme Court, District Courts, Probate Courts, and in Justices of the Peace. The Supreme Court shall consist of a chief justice and two associate justices, any two of whom shall constitute a quorum, and who shall hold a term at the seat of government of said Territory annually, and they shall hold their offices during the period of four years, and until their successor shall be appointed and qualified. Three judicial The said Territory shall be divided into three judicial districts, and a districts formed district court shall be held in each of said districts by one of the institute district court shall be held in each of said districts by one of the justices of the Supreme Court, at such times and places as may be prescribed by Jurisdiction of law; and the said judges shall, after their appointments, respectively, reside in the districts which shall be assigned them. The jurisdiction of the several courts herein provided for, both appellate and original, and that of the probate courts and of justices of the peace, shall be as limited by law: Provided, That justices of the peace shall not have jurisdiction of any matter in controversy when the title or boundaries of land may be in dispute, or where the debt or sum claimed shall exceed one hundred dollars; and the said supreme and districts courts, respectively, shall possess chancery as well as common law jurisdiction. Each District Court, court appoint its or the judge thereof, shall appoint its clerk, who shall also be the register in chancery, and shall keep his office at the place where the court may Writs of error, bills of exception, and appeals, shall be allowed in all cases from the final decisions of said district courts to the Supreme Court, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law; but in no case removed to the Supreme Court shall trial by jury be allowed in said court. The Supreme Court, or the justices thereof, shall appoint its own clerk, and every clerk shall hold his office at the pleasure of the court for Writs of error which he shall have been appointed. Writs of error, and appeals from the final decisions of said Supreme Court, shall be allowed, and may be taken to the Supreme Court of the United States, in the same manner and under the same regulations as from the circuit courts of the United States, where the value of the property, or the amount in controversy, to be ascertained by the oath or affirmation of either party, or other competent witness, shall exceed one thousand dollars; except only that in all cases involving title to slaves, the said writs of error, or appeals shall be allowed and decided by the said Supreme Court, without regard to the value of the matter, property, or title in controversy; and except also that a writ of error or appeal shall also be allowed to the Supreme Court of the United States, from the decision of the said Supreme Court created by this act, or of any judge thereof, or of the district courts created by this act, or of any judge thereof, upon any writ of habeas corpus, involving the question of personal freedom : Provided, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to apply to or affect the provisions to the "act respecting fugitives from justice, and persons escaping from the service of their masters," approved February twelfth, seventeen hundred and

No member of Legislature shall hold certain offiof his election or for one year after.

Officers of United States, except postmasters, not to be members of the Assembly.

The judicial power - in whom vested, and how to be exercised.

courts and of justices of the peace.

Proviso.

Each district clerk.

Writs of error, be held. &c., allowed.

Supreme court appoint its own clerk.

and appeals from Supreme Court when taken to Supreme Court of United States.

Exceptions.

Proviso as to fugitives from justice and from labor. 1793, ch. 7.

ninety-three, and the "act to amend and supplementary to the aforesaid act," approved September eighteen, eighteen hundred and fifty; and each of the said district courts shall have and exercise the same jurisdiction in all cases arising under the Constitution and Laws of the United States as is vested in the Circuit and District Courts of the United States; and the said Supreme and District Courts of the said Territory, and the respective judges thereof, shall and may grant writs of habeas corpus in all cases in Habeas corpus. which the same are granted by the judges of the United States in the District of Columbia; and the first six days of every term of said courts, or so much thereof as shall be necessary, shall be appropriated to the trial of causes arising under the said constitution and laws, and writs of error and appeal in all such cases shall be made to the Supreme Court of said Territory, the same as in other cases. The said clerk shall receive in all such cases the same fees which the clerks of the district courts of Utah Territory now receive for similar services.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of an act entitled The Acts 1798. SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, 1 has the provisions of an act channel. 7; 1850, ch. "An act respecting fugitives from justice, and persons escaping from the ^{ch. 7}; 1850, ch. ⁶⁰, extended service of their masters," approved February twelve, seventeen hundred over this Terriand ninety-three, and the provisions of the act entitled "An act to amend, tory. and supplementary to, the aforcsaid act," approved September eighteen, eighteen hundred and fifty, be, and the same are hereby, declared to extend to and be in full force within the limits of said Territory of Nebraska.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That there shall be appointed an Attorney for said Territory, who shall continue in office for four years, and marshal, and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified, unless sooner office and comremoved by the President, and who shall receive the same fees and salary pensation. as the Attorney of the United States for the present Territory of Utah. There shall also be a Marshal for the Territory appointed, who shall hold his office for four years, and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified, unless sooner removed by the President, and who shall execute all processes issuing from the said courts when exercising their jurisdiction as Circuit and District Courts of the United States; he shall perform the dutics, be subject to the same regulation and penalties, and be entitled to the same fees, as the Marshal of the District Court of the United States for the present Territory of Utah, and shall, in addition, be paid two hundred dollars annually as a compensation for extra services.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That the Governor, Secretary, Chief Justice, and Associate Justices, Attorney and Marshal, shall be secretary, chief Chief Justice, and Associate Justices, Attorney and Marshal, shall be secretary, duet nominated, and, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, ap-justice, and as-sociate justices, pointed by the President of the United States. The Governor and attorney, and Secretary to be appointed as aforesaid, shall, before they act as such, marshal – how respectively take an oath or affirmation before the District Judge or some Each to take Justice of the Peace in the limits of said Territory, duly authorized to official oaths, administer oaths and affirmations by the laws now in force therein, or &c. before the Chief Justice, or some Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, to support the Constitution of the United States, and faithfully to discharge the duties of their respective offices, which said oaths, when so taken, shall be certified by the person by whom the same shall have been taken; and such certificates shall be received and recorded by the said Secretary among the Executive proceedings; and the Chief Justice and Associate Justices, and all other civil officers in said Territory, before they act as such, shall take a like oath or affirmation before the said Governor or Secretary, or some Judge or Justice of the Peace of the Territory, who may be duly commissioned and qualified, which said oath or affirmation shall be certified and transmitted by the person taking the same to the Secretary, to be by him recorded as aforesaid; and, afterwards, the like oath or affirmation shall be taken, certified, and recorded, in such manner and form as may be VOL. X. Ров. — 36

1850, ch. 60.

Fees of clerk.

The attorney

The governor,

SESS. I. THIRTY-THIRD CONGRESS. Сн. 59. 1854.

vernor. justice and associate justices. Secretary's salary.

of members of the Legislative Assembly.

officers of each house.

number of sessions annually.

for.

Expenditures of Legislative Assembly limited.

its first session as directed by the governor.

ment.

United States.

Salary of go- prescribed by law. The Governor shall receive an annual salary of two Salary of chief thousand five hundred dollars. The Chief Justice and Associate Justices shall each receive an annual salary of two thousand dollars. The Secretary shall receive an annual salary of two thousand dollars. The sàid salaries shall be paid quarter-yearly, from the dates of the respective appointments, at the Treasury of the United States ; but no such payment shall be made until said officers shall have entered upon the duties of Compensation their respective appointments. The members of the Legislative Assembly shall be entitled to receive three dollars each per day during their attendance at the sessions thereof, and three dollars each for every twenty miles' travel in going to and returning from the said sessions, estimated according to the nearest usually travelled route; and an additional allowance of three dollars shall be paid to the presiding officer of each house for each day he shall so preside. And a chief clerk, one assistant clerk, a sergeant-at-arms, and doorkeeper, may be chosen for each house; and Pay of certain the chief clerk shall receive four dollars per day, and the said other officers three dollars per day, during the session of the Legislative As-Proviso as to sembly; but no other officers shall be paid by the United States: Provided, That there shall be but one session of the Legislature annually, unless, on an extraordinary occasion, the Governor shall think proper to call the legislature together. There shall be appropriated, annually, Contingent ex- the usual sum, to be expended by the Governor, to defray the contingent penses provided expenses of the Territory, including the salary of a clerk of the Executive Department; and there shall also be appropriated, annually, a sufficient sum, to be expended by the Secretary of the Territory, and upon an estimate to be made by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, to defray the expenses of the Legislative Assembly, the printing of the laws, and other incidental expenses; and the Governor and Secretary of the Territory shall, in the disbursement of all moneys intrusted to them, be governed solely by the instructions of the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, and shall, semi-annually, account to the said Secretary for the manner in which the aforesaid moneys shall have been expended; and no expenditure shall be made by said Legislative Assembly for objects not specially authorized by the acts of Congress, making the appropriations, nor beyond the sums thus appropriated for such objects.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted. That the Legislative Assembly Legislative As- SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, that the Legislative Assembly sembly to hold of the Territory of Nebraska shall hold its first session at such time and place in said Territory as the Governor thereof shall appoint and direct; and at said first session, or as soon thereafter as they shall deem expedient, the Governor and Legislative Assembly shall proceed to locate and Seat of govern- establish the seat of government for said Territory at such place as they may deem eligible; which place, however, shall thereafter be subject to be changed by the said Governor and Legislative Assembly.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That a delegate to the House of be elected to the Representaties of the United States, to serve for the term of two years, Congress of the who shell have at who shall be a citizen of the United States, may be elected by the voters qualified to elect members of the Legislative Assembly, who shall be entitled to the same rights and privileges as are exercised and enjoyed by the delegates from the several other Territories of the United States to the said House of Representatives, but the delegate first elected shall hold his seat only during the term of the Congress to which he shall be elected. The first election shall be held at such time and places, and be conducted in such manner, as the Governor shall appoint and direct; and at all subsequent elections the times, places, and manner of holding the elections, shall be prescribed by law. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be declared by the Governor to be duly elected; That the Constituand a certificate thereof shall be given accordingly. tion and applica- tion, and all Laws of the United States which are not locally inapplicable,

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The Constitu-

shall have the same force and effect within the said Territory of Ne- ble laws of the braska as elsewhere within the United States, except the eighth section United States of the act preparatory to the admission of Missouri into the Union, in the Territory approved March sixth, eighteen hundred and twenty, which, being incon-except the 8th sistent with the principle of non-intervention by Congress with slavery section of ch. 22, in the States and Territories, as recognized by the legislation of eighteen declared void. hundred and fifty, commonly called the Compromise Measures, is hereby declared inoperative and void; it being the true intent and meaning of The intent of this act not to legislate slavery into any Territory or State, nor to exclude this act concerning slavery. it therefrom, but to leave the people thereof perfectly free to form and regulate their domestic institutions in their own way, subject only to the Constitution of the United States: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to revive or put in force any law or regulation revival of laws concerning slawhich may have existed prior to the act of sixth March, eighteen hun-very. dred and twenty, either protecting, establishing, prohibiting, or abolishing slavery.

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That there shall hereafter be Appropriation appropriated, as has been customary for the Territorial governments, a for public build-ings. sufficient amount, to be expended under the direction of the said Governor of the Territory of Nebraska, not exceeding the sums heretofore appropriated for similar objects, for the erection of suitable public buildings at the seat of government, and for the purchase of a library, to be kept at the seat of government for the use of the Governor, Legislative Assembly, Judges of the Supreme Court, Secretary, Marshal, and Attorney of said Territory, and such other persons, and under such regulations, as shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 16. And be it further enacted, That when the lands in the said Territory shall be surveyed under the direction of the government of the United States, preparatory to bringing the same into market, sections numbered sixteen and thirty-six in each township in said Territory shall be, and the same are hereby, reserved for the purpose of being applied schools. to schools in said Territory, and in the States and Territories hereafter to be erected out of the same.

SEC. 17. And be it further enacted, That, until otherwise provided by law, the Governor of said Territory may define the Judicial Districts of tricts, how desaid Territory, and assign the judges who may be appointed for said Territory to the several districts; and also appoint the times and places for holding courts in the several counties or subdivisions in each of said Judicial Districts by proclamation, to be issued by him; but the Legislative Assembly, at their first or any subsequent session, may organize, alter, or modify such Judicial Districts, and assign the judges, and alter the times and places of holding the courts, as to them shall seem proper and convenient.

SEC. 18. And be it further enacted, That all officers to be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, for pointed by Presithe Territory of Nebraska, who, by virtue of the provisions of any law security for now existing, or which may be enacted during the present Congress, are moneys received required to give security for moneys that may be intrusted with them in certain cases. required to give security for moneys that may be intrusted with them for disbursement, shall give such security, at such time and place, and in such manner, as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe.

SEC. 19. And be it further enacted, That all that part of the Territory of the United States included within the following limits, except such government for Territory of portions thereof as are hereinafter expressly exempted from the opera- Kansas estabtions of this act, to wit, beginning at a point on the western boundary of lished. the State of Missouri, where the thirty-seventh parallel of north latitude crosses the same; thence west on said parallel to the eastern boundary of New Mexico; thence north on said boundary to latitude thirty-eight; thence following said boundary westward to the east boundary of the Territory of Utah, on the summit of the Rocky Mountains; thence

Proviso as to

1820, ch. 22.

Reservation for

Judicial dis-

Officers ap-

Temporary Boundaries.

THIRTY-THIRD CONGRESS. SESS. I. Сн. 59. 1854.

Admitted as State or States with or without slavery.

said Territory or to attach part of it to a State or Territory reserved.

Rights of Indians in said Territory not impaired.

United States retain all their

a governortenure of office, powers, duties and emoluments.

Secretary his powers and duties.

is to act as governoy.

Legislative pow-

northward on said summit to the fortieth parallel of latitude; thence east on said parallel to the western boundary of the State of Missouri : thence south with the western boundary of said State to the place of beginning, be, and the same is hereby, created into a temporary government by the name of the Territory of Kansas; and when admitted as a State or States, the said Territory, or any portion of the same, shall be received into the Union with or without slavery, as their Constitution may prescribe at the time of their admission: Provided, That nothing in this act contained shall be construed to inhibit the government of the United Powerto divide States from dividing said Territory into two or more Territories, in such manner and at such times as Congress shall deem convenient and proper. or from attaching any portion of said Territory to any other State or Territory of the United States: Provided further, That nothing in this act contained shall be construed to impair the rights of person or property now pertaining to the Indians in said Territory, so long as such rights shall remain unextinguished by treaty between the United States and such Indians, or to include any territory which, by treaty with any Indian tribe, is not, without the consent of said tribe, to be included within the territorial limits or jurisdiction of any State or Territory; but all such territory shall be excepted out of the boundaries, and constitute no part of the Territory of Kansas, until said tribe shall signify their assent to the President of the United States to be included within the said Territory of Kansas, or to affect the authority of the government of the United States to make any regulation respecting such Indians, their lands, proty over said In- perty, or other rights, by treaty, law, or otherwise, which it would have dians. been competent to the government to make if this act had never passed.

The executive SEC. 20. And be it further enacted, That the executive power and power vested in authority in and over said Territory of Kansas shall be vested in a Governor, who shall hold his office for four years, and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified, unless sooner removed by the President of the United States. The Governor shall reside within said Territory, and shall be commander-in-chief of the militia thereof. He may grant pardons and respites for offences against the laws of said Territory, and reprieves for offences against the laws of the United States, until the decision of the President can be made known thereon; he shall commission all officers who shall be appointed to office under the laws of the said Territory, and shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

SEC. 21. And be it further enacted, That there shall be a Secretary of said Territory, who shall reside therein, and hold his office for five years, unless sooner removed by the President of the United States; he shall record and preserve all the laws and proceedings of the Legislative Assembly hereinafter constituted, and all the acts and proceedings of the Governor in his Executive Department; he shall transmit one copy of the laws and journals of the Legislative Assembly within thirty days after the end of each session, and one copy of the executive proceedings and official correspondence semi-annually, on the first days of January and July in each year, to the President of the United States, and two copies of the laws to the President of the Senate and to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, to be deposited in the libraries of Congress; and, in case of the death, removal, resignation, or absence of the Go-Whon secretary vernor from the Territory, the Secretary shall be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to execute and perform all the powers and duties of the Governor during such vacancy or absence, or until another Go vernor shall be duly appointed and qualified to fill such vacancy.

SEC. 22. And be it further enacted, That the legislative power and er, how vested. authority of said Territory shall be vested in the Governor and a Legis-Legislative as-sembly to consist lative Assembly. The Legislative Assembly shall consist of a Council of a Council and and House of Representatives. The Council shall consist of thirteen House of Repre- members, having the qualifications of voters, as hereinafter prescribed,

whose term of service shall continue two years. The House of Representatives shall, at its first session, consist of twenty-six members, possessing the same qualifications as prescribed for members of the Council, councillors and and whose term of service shall continue one year. The number of Number of representatives may be increased by the Legislative Assembly, from time councillors and to time, in proportion to the increase of qualified voters: Provided, That representatives limited. the whole number shall never exceed thirty-nine. An apportionment Apportionment shall be made, as nearly equal as practicable, among the several counties of representa-tion. or districts, for the election of the Council and Representatives, giving to each section of the Territory representation in the ratio of its qualified voters as nearly as may be. And the members of the Council and of the House of Representatives shall reside in, and be inhabitants of, the district or county, or counties, for which they may be elected, respectively. Previous to the first election, the Governor shall cause a census, Census to be or enumeration of the inhabitants and qualified voters of the several taken, when and how. counties and districts of the Territory, to be taken by such persons and in such mode as the Governor shall designate and appoint; and the persons so appointed shall receive a reasonable compensation therefor. And the first election shall be held at such time and places, and be conducted How the first in such manner, both as to the persons who shall superintend such elec-election shall be conducted : who tion and the returns thereof, as the Governor shall appoint and direct; declared elected. and he shall at the same time declare the number of members of the Council and House of Representatives to which each of the counties or districts shall be entitled under this act. The persons having the highest number of legal votes in each of said Council Districts for members of the Council, shall be declared by the Governor to be duly elected to the Council; and the persons having the highest number of legal votes for the House of Representatives, shall be declared by the Governor to be duly elected members of said house : Provided, That in case two or Proviso in case more persons voted for shall have an equal number of votes, and in case of vacancy or no a vacancy shall otherwise occur in either branch of the Legislative Assembly, the Governor shall order a new election; and the persons thus elected to the Legislative Assembly shall meet at such place and on such day as the Governor shall appoint; but thereafter, the time, place, and manner of holding and conducting all elections by the people, and the apportioning the representation in the several counties or districts to the elections by Council and House of Representatives, according to the number of qualified the Assembly. voters, shall be prescribed by law, as well as the day of the commencement of the regular sessions of the Legislative Assembly: Provided, That ment of the regular sessions of the Legislative Assembly . A second grave, except terms of sessions no session in any one year shall exceed the term of forty days, except terms of sessions the first session, which may continue sixty days.

SEC. 23. And be it further enacted, That every free white male inhabitant above the age of twenty-one years, who shall be an actual resident of said Territory, and shall possess the qualifications hereinafter prescribed, shall be entitled to vote at the first election, and shall be eligi- of voters. ble to any office within the said Territory; but the qualifications of voters, and of holding office, at all subsequent elections, shall be such as shall be prescribed by the Legislative Assembly: Provided, That the right of suffrage and of holding office shall be exercised only by citizens of the United States, and those who shall have declared, on oath, their intention right of suffrage to become such, and shall have taken an oath to support the Constitution office. of the United States and the provisions of this act: And, provided further, That no officer, soldier, seaman, or marine, or other person in the viso. army or navy of the United States, or attached to troops in the service of the United States, shall be allowed to vote or hold office in said Territory by reason of being on service therein.

SEC. 24. And be it further enacted, That the legislative power of the Territory shall extend to all rightful subjects of legislation consistent with power of the Ter-the Constitution of the United States and the precisions of this part. But have been supported to the state of the s the Constitution of the United States and the provisions of this act; but

Number of

choice.

Subsequent

Proviso as to Assembly.

Qualifications

Proviso.

Who have the and of holding Further pro-

Legislative

THIRTY-THIRD CONGRESS. SESS. I. Сн. 59. 1854.

no law shall be passed interfering with the primary disposal of the soil; no tax shall be imposed upon the property of the United States; nor shall the lands or other property of non-residents be taxed higher than the lands or other property of residents. Every bill which shall have passed the Council and House of Representatives of the said Territory shall, before it become a law, be presented to the Governor of the Terri-Governor's veto. tory; if he approve, he shall sign it; but if not, he shall return it with his objections to the house in which it originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If. after such reconsideration, two thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and, if approved by two thirds of that But in all such cases the votes of both house, it shall become a law. houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, to be entered on the journal If any bill shall not be returned by the Goof each house, respectively. vernor within three days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the Assembly, by adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

> SEC. 25. And be it further enacted, That all township, district, and county officers, not herein otherwise provided for, shall be appointed or elected as the case may be, in such manner as shall be provided by the Governor and Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Kansas. The Governor shall nominate, and, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council, appoint all officers not herein otherwise provided for; and, in the first instance, the Governor alone may appoint all said officers, who shall hold their offices until the end of the first session of the Legistive Assembly; and shall lay off the necessary districts for members of the Council and House of Representatives, and all other officers.

SEC. 26. And be it further enacted, That no member of the Legisla-Legislature shall tive Assembly shall hold, or be appointed to, any office which shall have been created, or the salary or emoluments of which shall have been increased, while he was a member, during the term for which he was elected, and for one year after the expiration of such term; but this restriction shall not be applicable to members of the first Legislative Assembly; and no person holding a commission or appointment under the United States, except postmasters, shall be a member of the Legislative Assembly, or shall hold any office under the government of said Territory. SEC. 27. And be it further enacted, That the judicial power of said Territory shall be vested in a supreme court, district courts, probate courts, and in justices of the peace. The Supreme Court shall consist of chief justice and two associate justices, any two of whom shall constitute a quorum, and who shall hold a term at the seat of government of said Territory annually; and they shall hold their offices during the period of four years, and until their successors shall be appointed and Three judicial qualified. The said Territory shall be divided into three judicial districts, districts formed, and a district acurt shall be hald in each of said districts by one of the and a district court shall be held in each of said districts by one of the justices of the Supreme Court, at such times and places as may be prescribed by law; and the said judges shall, after their appointments, respectively, reside in the districts which shall be assigned them. The Jurisdiction of jurisdiction of the several courts herein provided for, both appellate and original, and that of the probate courts and of justices of the peace, shall be as limited by law: Provided, That justices of the peace shall not have jurisdiction of any matter in controversy when the title or boundaries of land may be in dispute, or where the debt or sum claimed shall exceed one hundred dollars; and the said supreme and district courts, respect-Each ively, shall possess chancery as well as common law jurisdiction. Clerk of Dis- District Court, or the judge thereof, shall appoint its clerk, who shall also trict Court, how be the register in chancery, and shall keep his office at the place where

Bill may be passed by two thirds of each house notwithstanding.

Bill to become a law unless returned by go-vernor within three days.

How townships, districts, and county officers are to be appointed.

No member of hold certain offices during the term of his election and for one year after.

Officers of United States, except postmas-ters, not to be members of the Assembly.

The judicial power in whom vested, and how to be exercised.

courts, and of justices of the peace. Proviso.

appointed.

the court may be held. Writs of error, bills of exception, and appeals, shall be allowed in all cases from the final decisions of said district &c., allowed. courts to the Supreme Court, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law; but in no case removed to the Supreme Court shall trial by jury be allowed in said court. The Supreme Court, or the justices thereof, shall appoint its own clerk, and every clerk shall hold his office at the Supreme Court, pleasure of the court for which he shall have been appointed. Writs how appointed. of error, and appeals from the final decisions of said supreme court, and appeal from shall be allowed, and may be taken to the Supreme Court of the United Supreme Court, when taken to States, in the same manner and under the same regulations as from the Supreme Court Circuit Courts of the United States, where the value of the property, or of United States. the amount in controversy, to be ascertained by the oath or affirmation of either party, or other competent witness, shall exceed one thousand dollars; except only that in all cases involving title to slaves, the said writs of error or appeals shall be allowed and decided by said supreme court, without regard to the value of the matter, property, or title in controversy; and except also that a writ of error or appeal shall also be allowed to the Supreme Court of the United States, from the decision of the said supreme court created by this act, or of any judge thereof, or of the district courts created by this act, or of any judge thereof, upon any writ of habeas corpus, involving the question of personal freedom: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to apply to or affect the to fugitives from provisions of the "act respecting fugitives from justice, and persons es- labor. caping from the service of their masters," approved February twelfth, seventeen hundred and ninety-three, and the "act to amend and supplementary to the aforesaid act," approved September eighteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty; and each of the said district courts shall have and exercise the same jurisdiction in all cases arising under the Constitution and laws of the United States as is vested in the Circuit and District Courts of the United States; and the said supreme and district courts of the said Territory, and the respective judges thereof, shall and may grant writs of habeas corpus in all cases in which the same are granted by the judges of the United States in the District of Columbia; and the first six days of every term of said courts, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to take preceshall be appropriated to the trial of causes arising under the said Constitution and laws, and writs of error and appeal in all such cases shall be made to the Supreme Court of said Territory, the same as in other cases. The said clerk shall receive the same fees in all such cases, which the Fees of Clerk. clerks of the district courts of Utah Territory now receive for similar services.

SEC. 28. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of the act en-SEC. 28. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of the act en-titled "An act respecting fugitives from justice, and persons escaping from ch. 7, and 1850, ch. 60, to be exthe service of their masters," approved February twelfth, seventeen tended over this hundred and ninety-three, and the provisions of the act entitled "An act Territory. to amend, and supplementary to, the aforesaid act," approved September eighteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty, be, and the same are hereby, declared to extend to and be in full force within the limits of the said Territory of Kansas.

SEC. 29. And be it further enacted, That there shall be appointed an SEC. 29. And be it further enactea, 1 nat there shall be appointed an ney and Marshal, attorney for said Territory, who shall continue in office for four years, tenure of their and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified, unless sooner re- office and commoved by the President, and who shall receive the same fees and salary pensation. as the Attorney of the United States for the present Territory of Utah. There shall also be a marshal for the Territory appointed, who shall hold his office for four years, and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified, unless sooner removed by the President, and who shall execute all processes issuing from the said courts when exercising their jurisdiction as Circuit and District Courts of the United States; he shall perform the duties, be subject to the same regulations and penalties, and be en-

Writs of error,

Clerk of

Exceptions.

Proviso as justice and from

1793 ch. 7. 1850 ch. 60.

Certain causes

The Acts 1793,

The Attor-

titled to the same fees, as the Marshal of the District Court of the United States for the present Territory of Utah, and shall, in addition. be paid two hundred dollars annually as a compensation for extra services.

SEC. 30. And be it further enacted, That the Governor, Secretary, Chief Justice, and Associate Justices, Attorney, and Marshal, shall be nominated, and, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, appointed by the President of the United States. The Governor and Secretary to be appointed as aforesaid shall, before they act as such, respectively take an oath or affirmation before the district judge or some justice of the peace in the limits of said Territory, duly authorized to administer oaths and affirmations by the laws now in force therein, or before the Chief Justice or some Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, to support the Constitution of the United States, and faithfully to discharge the duties of their respective offices, which said oaths, when so taken, shall be certified by the person by whom the same shall have been taken; and such certificates shall be received and recorded by the said secretary among the executive proceedings; and the Chief Justice and Associate Justices, and all other civil officers in said Territory, before they act as such, shall take a like oath or affirmation before the said Governor or Secretary, or some Judge or Justice of the Peace of the Territory who may be duly commissioned and qualified, which said oath or affirmation shall be certified and transmitted by the person taking the same to the Secretary, to be by him recorded as aforesaid; and, afterwards, the like oath or affirmation shall be taken, certified, and recorded, in such manner and form as may be prescribed by Salary of Go- law. The Governor shall receive an annual salary of two thousand five salary of Chief hundred dollars. The Chief Justice and Associate Justices shall receive Justice and As- an annual salary of two thousand dollars. The Secretary shall receive sociate Justices. an annual salary of two thousand dollars. The said salaries shall be paid Secretary's saquarter-yearly, from the dates of the respective appointments, at the Treasury of the United States; but no such payment shall be made until said officers shall have entered upon the duties of their respective ap-Compensation pointments. The members of the Legislative Assembly shall be entitled to receive three dollars each per day during their attendance at the sessions thereof, and three dollars each for every twenty miles' travel in going to and returning from the said sessions, estimated according to the Pay of certain nearest usually travelled route; and an additional allowance of three officers of each dollars shall be paid to the presiding officer of each house for each day he shall so preside. And a chief clerk, one assistant clerk, a sergeantat-arms, and door-keeper, may be chosen for each house; and the chief clerk shall receive four dollars per day, and the said other officers three dollars per day, during the session of the Legislative Assembly; but no Provise as to other officers shall be paid by the United States: Provided, That there shall be but one session of the Legislature annually, unless, on an extraordinary occasion, the Governor shall think proper to call the Legislature together. There shall be appropriated, annually, the usual sum, to Contingent ex- be expended by the Governor, to defray the contingent expenses of the Territory, including the salary of a clerk of the Executive Department and there shall also be appropriated, annually, a sufficient sum, to be expended by the Secretary of the Territory, and upon an estimate to be made by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, to defray the expenses of the Legislative Assembly, the printing of the laws, and other incidental expenses; and the Governor and Secretary of the Territory shall, in the disbursement of all moneys intrusted to them, be governed solely by the instructions of the secretary of the Treasury of the United States, and shall, semi-annually, account to the said secretary for of Legislative Onneu brates, and sharp some anony shall have been expended; Assembly limit the manner in which the aforesaid moneys shall have been expended; and no expenditure shall be made by said Legislative Assembly for ob-

The Governor, Chief Justice, and Associate Justices, Attorney and Marshal - how to be appointed.

Oaths.

vernor. lary.

of Members of the Legislative Assembly.

house.

number of sessions annually.

penses provided for.

Expenditures

jects not specially authorized by the acts of Congress making the appropriations, nor beyond the sums thus appropriated for such objects.

SEC. 31. And be it further enacted, That the seat of government of said Territory is hereby located temporarily at Fort Leavenworth; and ment at Fort that such portions of the public buildings as may not be actually used Leavenworth. and needed for military purposes, may be occupied and used, under the ings used as direction of the Governor and Legislative Assembly, for such public governor directs. purposes as may be required under the provisions of this act. SEC. 32. And be it further enacted, That a delegate to the House of

Representatives of the United States, to serve for the term of two years, be elected to the who shall be a citizen of the United States, may be elected by the voters United States. qualified to elect members of the Legislative Assembly, who shall be entitled to the same rights and privileges as are exercised and enjoyed by the delegates from the several other Territories of the United States to the said House of Representatives, but the delegate first elected shall hold his seat only during the term of the Congress to which he shall be The first election shall be held at such time and places, and be elected. conducted in such manner, as the Governor shall appoint and direct; and at all subsequent elections, the times, places, and manner of holding the elections shall be prescribed by law. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be declared by the Governor to be duly elected, and a certificate thereof shall be given accordingly. That the Constitu-tion, and all laws of the United States which are not locally inapplicable, ble laws of the shall have the same force and effect within the said Territory of Kansas United States to as elsewhere within the United States, except the eighth section of the be extended over act preparatory to the admission of Missouri into the Union, approved cept 8th section March sixth, eighteen hundred and twenty, which, being inconsistent with of ch. 22, 1820, the principle of non-intervention by Congress with slavery in the States which is de-clared void. fifty, commonly called the Compromise Measures, is hereby declared inoperative and void; it being the true intent and meaning of this act not to legislate slavery into any Territory or State, nor to exclude it there- this act concern from, but to leave the people thereof perfectly free to form and regulate ing slavery. their domestic institutions in their own way, subject only to the Constitution of the United States: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall tion of the United States: *Providea*, that noting never contained shall a voice of be construed to revive or put in force any law or regulation which may the revival of laws concerning have existed prior to the act of sixth of March, eighteen hundred and slavery, twenty, either protecting, establishing, prohibiting, or abolishing slavery. 1820, ch. 22.

SEC. 33. And be it further enacted, That there shall hereafter be appropriated, as has been customary for the territorial governments, a for public buildsufficient amount, to be expended under the direction of the said Governor ings and library. of the Territory of Kansas, not exceeding the sums heretofore appropriated for similar objects, for the erection of suitable public buildings at the seat of government, and for the purchase of a library, to be kept at the seat of government for the use of the Governor, Legislative Assembly, Judges of the Supreme Court, Secretary, Marshal, and Attorney of said Territory, and such other persons, and under such regulations, as shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 34. And be it further enacted, That when the lands in the said Territory shall be surveyed under the direction of the government of the surveyed - how United States, preparatory to bringing the same into market, sections to be disposed of. numbered sixteen and thirty-six in each township in said Territory shall be, and the same are hereby, reserved for the purpose of being applied to schools in said Territory, and in the States and Territories hereafter for schools. to be erected out of the same.

SEC. 35. And be it further enacted, That, until otherwise provided by law, the Governor of said Territory may define the Judicial Districts of tricts - how desaid Territory, and assign the judges who may be appointed for said Territory to the several districts; and also appoint the times and places for

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Seat of govern-Public build-

A delegate to Congress of the

The intent of

Proviso as to

Appropriations

Lands to be

Reservation

Judicial dis-

holding courts in the several counties or subdivisions in each of said judicial districts by proclamation, to be issued by him; but the Legislative Assembly, at their first or any subsequent session, may organize, alter. or modify such judicial districts, and assign the judges, and alter the times and places of holding the courts as to them shall seem proper and convenient.

SEC. 36. And be it further enacted, That all officers to be appointed Officers ap-pointed by the by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, for President to give the Territory of Kansas, who, by virtue of the provisions of any law now neys received in existing, or which may be enacted during the present Congress, are required to give security for moneys that may be intrusted with them for disbursement, shall give such security, at such time and place, and in such manner as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe.

SEC. 37. And be it further enacted, That all treaties, laws, and other with the treaties, engagements made by the government of the United States with the Inlaws, &c., made dian tribes inhabiting the territories embraced within this act, shall be with the Indians by the United faithfully and rigidly observed, notwithstanding any thing contained in States. this act; and that the existing agencies and superintendencies of said Indians be continued with the same powers and duties which are now prescribed by law, except that the President of the United States may, at his discretion, change the location of the office of superintendent.

Approved, May 30, 1854.

for other purposes.

May 31, 1854.

To supply defi-

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, cionces for 1854. and the same are hereby, appropriated to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the service of the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of

CHAP. LX. — An Act to supply Deficiencies in the Appropriations for the service of the

fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, and

June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, namely:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

For the increased compensation of the Secretary of State, from the fourth of March, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, to the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, two thousand four hundred and thirteen dollars and thirty seven cents;

For compensation of the Assistant Secretary of State, from the eighteenth of April, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, to the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, three thousand six hundred and nine dollars and ninety cents;

For publishing the laws, in pamphlet form and in the newspapers of the States and Territories, and in the city of Washington, two thousand three hundred and eighty dollars;

For extra clerk hire and copying, four thousand dollars;

Said clerks to be employed only during the session of Congress, or when indispensably necessary to enable the Department to answer some call made by either house of Congress at one session to be answered at another;

For payment of a clerk, necessarily employed in the recess of Conin recess of Con- gress to bring up the arrearages of the Disbursing Agent of the Department of State, four hundred and thirty-two dollars;

> For compiling and supervising the publication of the Biennial Register, five hundred dollars;

For outfit of a Charge d'Affaires to Denmark, four thousand five hundred dollars;

For the usual return allowance for Ministers of the United States to Great Britain, France, Russia, Prussia, Spain, Brazil, Mexico, and Chili, eighteen thousand dollars;

security for mocertain cases.

Not to interfere

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State Department. Secretary of State.

Assistant Secretary of State.

Publishing laws.

Extra clerk hire and copying.

Clerk employed gress.

Publication of **Biennial Regis**ter. Charge d'affaires to Denmark.

Allowance for ministers returning from certain countries.