so to be included, shall form a part of the district not exceeding ten miles square, for the permanent seat of the government of the United States, in like manner and to all intents and purposes, as if the same had been within the purview of the above recited act: Provided, That nothing herein contained, shall authorize the erection of the public buildings otherwise than on the Maryland side of the river Potomac, as required by the aforesaid act.

Approved, March 3, 1791.

STATUTE III.

CHAP. XVIII .- An Act supplemental to the act "establishing the Treasury Department," and for a farther compensation to certain officers.

March 3, 1791.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the eighth section of the act, intituled "An act to establish the treasury department," passed the second day of September, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine, shall be, and the same is hereby extended to all and every of the clerks employed in the treasury department, as fully and effectually as if they and every of them were specially named therein, except as to the penalty in such section mentioned, which in case of any such clerk offending against the provisions of the said section, shall be five hundred dollars, and removal from office.

8th section of act establishing treasury depart. ment extended to clerks under certain modifications. Sept. 2, 1789, ch. 12. 1789, ch. 13.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That each and every clerk and other officer already appointed in any of the departments of the United States, (and who have not, since their appointment, taken the oath or affirmation hereafter mentioned) shall within fifteen days after the passing of this act, and those who shall hereafter be appointed, shall before they enter upon the duties of such appointment, take an oath or affirmation before one of the justices of the supreme court, or one of the judges of a district court of the United States, to support the constitution of the United States, and also an oath or affirmation, well and faithfully to execute the trust committed to him, which oaths or affirma-

tions, subscribed by such clerk, and certified by the person administering the same, shall be filed in the office of the person employing such clerk.

1792, ch. 37, вес. 12.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the principal in any of the offices of the United States, who is authorized by law to appoint clerks under him, to allow to each clerk such compensation for his services, as he shall, in the opinion of such officer, deserve for the same: Provided, That the whole sum to be expended for clerks in any such office (except the chief clerk) shall not exceed a sum equal to five hundred dollars per annum for every clerk employed

Clerks and other officers to take an oath or affirmation;

therein. Sec. 4. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That there shall be allowed for one year, commencing with the passing of this act, to the register, two hundred and fifty dollars, and to the auditor, the comptroller of the treasury, and the attorney general, four hundred dollars each, in addition to their respective salaries, and to be paid in the same manner.

to be filed in the office where employed.

Principals may apportion the \$500 allowed to each, excepting chief, according to merit.

Additional allowance for one year to register, auditor, comptroller and attorney gen-

APPROVED, March 3, 1791.

STATUTE III.

CHAP. XIX .- An Act relative to the Rix-Dollar of Denmark,

March 3, 1791. Part of the act rating rix dollar of Den-

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of an act, intituled "An act to provide more effectually for the collection of the duties imposed by law on goods, wares and merchandise imported into the United States, and on the tonnage of ships or vessels," as hath rated the rix-dollar of Denmark at one hundred cents, be, and the same

mark at 100 cents repealed. 1799, ch. 22, sec. 61.

1790, ch. 35.

is hereby repealed; and that this repeal shall be deemed to operate in respect to all duties which have already arisen or accrued, as well as to such as shall hereafter arise or accrue.

APPROVED, March 3, 1791.

STATUTE III.

March 3, 1791.

CHAP. XX.—An Act in addition to an act intituled "An act for establishing the salaries of the Executive officers of Government, with their assistants and clerks,"

1789, ch. 13. Further annual allowance of \$200 to chief clerk to the auditor.

1799, ch. 40.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passing of this act, there shall be allowed to the chief clerk of the auditor, the annual sum of two hundred dollars, in addition to the salary allowed to him by the act, intituled "An act establishing the salaries of the executive officers of government, with their assistants and clerks," to be paid at the treasury of the United States, in quarterly payments, and from like appropriations as may be assigned for the payment of the other salaries mentioned in the above recited act.

Allowance of expenses in removing from New York to Philadelphia, to clerks employed in the several offices: and of \$400 for one year to assistant secretary of the treasury.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That there be allowed to the clerks employed in the several offices attached to the scat of government, in addition to their respective salaries, their reasonable and necessary expenses incurred by the removal of Congress from the city of New York, to the city of Philadelphia.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That there be allowed to the assistant secretary of the treasury, in addition to his salary for one year, commencing with the passing of this act, four hundred dollars, to be paid in the same manner as his salary.

APPROVED, March 3, 1791.

STATUTE III.

March 3, 1791.

Chap. XXI.—An Act for making compensations to the Commissioners of Loans, for extraordinary expenses.

Commission. ers of loans to be allowed in settlement of accounts for necessary stationary, Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the commissioners of loans in the several states shall be allowed in the settlement of their accounts, such sums as shall appear to have been necessarily expended by them in the purchase of stationery for the use of their several offices, from the commencement of the same to the first day of October next.

and for hire of clerks.
1799, ch. 40, sec. 5.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners of loans in the several states, shall be allowed in the settlement of their several accounts, such sums as they shall have necessarily expended for the hire of clerks to assist in executing the duties of their several offices, from the commencement of the same to the first day of October next.

APPROVED, March 3, 1791.

STATUTE III.

March 3, 1791.

Chap. XXII.—An Act providing compensations for the officers of the Judicial Courts of the United States, and for Jurors and Witnesses, and for other purposes.

Compensations to officers of the judicial court, Repealed 1792, ch. 36, sec. 8. Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be allowed to the several officers following in addition to the fees (except mileage to the marshals) to which they are otherwise by law intitled, and also to jurors and witnesses, in the courts of the United States, the following respective compensations, that is to say: To the attorney of the United States for the district, for his expenses and time in travelling from the place of his abode to any court of the United States, on which